STATS INSIGHT

Tara-ā-Whare Household Expectations Survey November 2023



15 November 2023

Summary

- Household expectations for annual CPI inflation one year ahead decreased to 5.5% from 6.0% last guarter. The mean two-year-ahead CPI inflation expectations decreased to 3.2% from 3.3% last guarter.
- The mean five-year-ahead CPI inflation expectation increased to 2.1% from 1.8% last quarter.
- Household expectations of annual house price inflation one year ahead increased significantly to 4.1% from 1.6% last quarter.
- The five-year-ahead cumulative average house price inflation expectation increased to 9.1% this guarter from 8.1% last guarter.
- Households expect 6.3% average growth in their earnings in one year's time, a decrease from 6.4% last quarter.
- On average, households reported a 12.4% chance of missing a mortgage payment and a 16.2% chance of missing a rent payment in the next 3 months. Both expectations were down slightly from 13.4% and 16.3% last quarter, respectively.

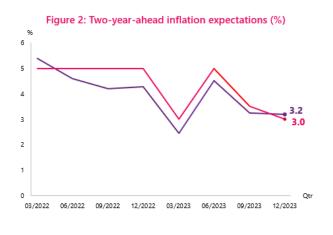
One- and two-year CPI inflation expectations decline

The field work for the Tara-ā-Whare Household Expectations Survey for this guarter started on the same day as Stats NZ's CPI release on 17th October 2023. The annual CPI inflation for the September 2023 guarter was measured at 5.6%, compared to 6.0% in the previous quarter.

Average household expectations for one-year-ahead CPI inflation decreased to 5.5% this guarter, compared to 6.0% last guarter. The median estimate for one-year-ahead inflation expectations remained at 5.0% (see Figure 1).

Household expectations for CPI inflation in two years' time declined slightly to 3.2% this quarter, compared with 3.3% last guarter. The median for the two-yearahead CPI inflation expectation also decreased to 3.0%, compared to 3.5% in the previous guarter (see Figure 2) The survey question about two-year-ahead CPI inflation expectations was asked for the first time in March 2022.





-Mean - Median

This quarter, the mean five-year-ahead CPI inflation expectation increased to 2.1% from 1.8% last quarter. The median inflation expectation remained at 2.0%.

Note: In March 2022, we changed the survey to specify that we are asking for an expected annual rate of inflation five years ahead. As a result of this improvement to the survey, there was a break in the time series for five-yearahead inflation expectations in March 2022. This is now shown as a new series; therefore, these results cannot be compared with earlier quarters.

House prices are expected to increase in the next 12 months

Figure 4 illustrates the one-year-ahead house price inflation expectation. The mean expectation rose to 4.1%, rising 2.5 percentage points from last quarter's 1.6%. The median expectation also increased to 2.0% after remaining at 0.0% for the last six quarters.

Figure 5 shows the five-year-ahead cumulative average house price inflation expectations (that is, how much prices are expected to have changed in five years' time). The mean expectation for this quarter increased 1 percentage point to 9.1% this quarter from 8.1% last quarter. The median expectation remained unchanged at 7.0% this quarter.



Figure 4: One-year-ahead house price inflation expectation (%)

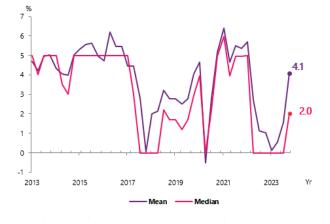


Figure 5: Five-year-ahead house price inflation expectation (%)



Households expecting 6.3% growth in their earnings next year

Respondents are asked about the expected percentage change in their earnings 12 months ahead, assuming they stay at the same job, with the same number of hours. They are asked to give an answer on a scale of -100 to +100. This question was first asked in 2022 Q1 and is asked only of those who are employers, self-employed, or employees earning a wage or salary.

This quarter, the mean estimate slightly decreased to 6.3% from last quarter's 6.4%. The median estimation remained consistent at 0%.



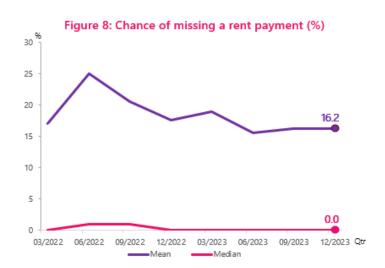
Chance of missing a mortgage payment in the next 3 months declines to 12.4%

Respondents are asked on a scale of 0 (i.e. not at all likely) to 100 (i.e. extremely likely) the chance they will miss a mortgage or rent payment in the next 3 months. This question was first asked in 2022 Q1 and is asked of a sub-set of the total sample.

This quarter, the average chance of not being able to make a mortgage payment in the next 3 months is 12.4%, a 1 percentage point decrease from 13.4% reported in the previous quarter. It is the lowest percentage since the series began in the March 2022 quarter (see Figure 7).

The average reported chance of missing a rent payment in the next 3 months was 16.2%, a decrease from last quarter's 16.3% (see Figure 8).

Figure 7: Chance of missing a mortgage payment (%)



About the Tara-ā-Whare – Household Expectations Survey:

The RBNZ Household Expectations Survey was re-developed in Q1 2022 and renamed to *Tara-ā-Whare - Household Expectations Survey*. The word "Tara" is derived from Pakitara, or the walls, and "Whare" means a house. Tara-ā-Whare is also used to describe going to door to door, to ask questions.

The data for this report was collected by Research NZ on behalf of RBNZ. Fieldwork for this survey was conducted from 17th – 27th October 2023. The sample size for this quarter's survey was n=1,000 and has a margin of error of +/-3% for a 95% confidence interval for a 50% figure. The survey is conducted online and is made up of a nationally representative sample of New Zealand residents aged 18 and over. Because the survey is a sample of New Zealand households and varies quarter to quarter, we advise caution in interpreting results across quarters as they may not be 'statistically significant' (i.e. the observed result may have occurred by chance or by sampling error). For more information, contact: statsunit@rbnz.govt.nz