

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

ABN 16 659 510 791

Full Year 30 September 2025

Consolidated Financial Report

Dividend Announcement

and Appendix 4E

The Consolidated Financial Report and Dividend Announcement contains information required by Appendix 4E of the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Listing Rules. It should be read in conjunction with the 2025 ANZ Group Holdings Limited Annual Report, and is lodged with the ASX under listing rule 4.3A.

Name of Company: ANZ Group Holdings Limited ABN 16 659 510 791

Report for the year ended 30 September 2025

Report for the year ended 30 Septe	ember 2025	1		
Operating Results ¹				AUD million
Statutory operating income	Û	8%	to	22,186
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	Û	-10%	to	5,891
Cash profit ²	Û	-14%	to	5,787
Dividends ³		Cents per share		Franked amount per share
Proposed final dividend ⁴		83		70%
Interim dividend		83		70%
Record date for determining entitlements to the proposed 2025 final dividend			14 N	ovember 2025
Payment date for the proposed 2025 final dividend			19 D	ecember 2025

Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bonus Option Plan

ANZ Group Holdings Limited has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the proposed 2025 final dividend. For the 2025 final dividend, ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The 'Acquisition Price' to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated by reference to the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average sale price of all fully paid ANZ ordinary shares sold in the ordinary course of trading on the ASX and Cboe Australia during a pricing period commencing on 19 November 2025, less a 1.5% discount, and then rounded to the nearest whole cent (with half a cent rounded down). The Pricing Period will be 10 trading days. Shares provided under the DRP and BOP will rank equally in all respects with existing fully paid ANZ ordinary shares. Election notices from shareholders wanting to commence, cease or vary their participation in the DRP or BOP for the 2025 final dividend must be received by ANZ's Share Registrar by 5.00pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 17 November 2025. Subject to receiving effective contrary instructions from the shareholder, dividends payable to shareholders with a registered address in the United Kingdom (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) or New Zealand will be converted to Pounds Sterling or New Zealand Dollars respectively at an exchange rate calculated on 19 November 2025.

^{1.} Unless otherwise noted, all comparisons are to the consolidated financial information for the year ended 30 September 2024.

^{2.} Cash profit excludes non-core items included in statutory profit and is provided to assist readers in understanding the result of the core business activities of the Group. The non-core items are calculated consistently period on period and comprise economic hedging and similar accounting items that represent timing differences that will reverse through earnings in the future, and amortisation of intangible assets recognised in a business combination. The net after tax gain adjusted from statutory profit to arrive at cash profit was \$104 million. Refer to pages 73 to 76 for further information.

^{3.} The unfranked portion of the proposed 2025 final dividend will be sourced from the Group's conduit foreign income account.

^{4.} It is proposed that the 2025 final dividend of 83 cents will be partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 13 cents per ordinary share.

KPMG has audited the financial statements contained within the 2025 ANZ Group Holdings Limited Annual Report (Annual Report) and has issued an unmodified audit report on 7 November 2025. The Annual Report will be available on 10 November 2025, and will include a copy of the KPMG audit report. The financial information contained in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements section of this report includes financial information extracted from the audited financial statements.

Cash profit is not subject to audit by the external auditor. A number of intangible assets were recognised as part of the Suncorp Bank acquisition accounting and the amortisation of these intangible assets is treated as a cash profit adjustment from the March 2025 half. Except for this new item, the external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that recurring adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

Paul D O'Sullivan Chairman

7 November 2025

Nuno A Matos Managing Director This page has been left blank intentionally

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT. DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT AND APPENDIX 4E

Year ended 30 September 2025

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This Consolidated Financial Report, Dividend Announcement and Appendix 4E (Results Announcement) has been prepared for ANZ Group Holdings Limited (ANZGHL, Company, parent entity) and its subsidiaries (ANZ, Group, the consolidated entity, us, we, or our).

All amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated. The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by resolution of the Board of Directors on 7 November 2025.

DISCLAIMER & IMPORTANT NOTICE:

The material in the Results Announcement contains general background information about the Group's activities current as at 7 November 2025. It is information given in summary form and does not purport to be complete. It is not intended to be and should not be relied upon as advice to investors or potential investors and does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular investor. These should be considered, with or without professional advice when deciding if an investment is appropriate.

The Results Announcement may contain forward-looking statements or opinions including statements regarding our intent, belief or current expectations with respect to the Group's business operations, market conditions, results of operations and financial condition, capital adequacy, specific provisions and risk management practices. These matters are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results and financial position of the Group to differ materially from the information presented herein. When used in the Results Announcement, the words 'forecast', 'estimate', 'goal', 'indicator', 'plan', 'ambition', 'modelling', 'project', 'intend', 'anticipate', 'believe', 'expect', 'may', 'probability', 'risk', 'will', 'seek', 'would', 'could', 'should' and similar expressions, as they relate to the Group and its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements or opinions. Those statements are usually predictive in character; and may be affected by inaccurate assumptions or unknown risks and uncertainties or may differ materially from results ultimately achieved. As such, these statements should not be relied upon when making investment decisions. There can be no assurance that actual outcomes will not differ materially from any forward-looking statements or opinions contained herein. Also refer to the Risk management section on pages 26-31 of our 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report in relation to risks that may affect forward-looking statements or opinions.

The forward-looking statements or opinions only speak as at 7 November 2025 and no representation is made as to their correctness on or after this date. No member of the Group undertakes any obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to these statements to reflect events or circumstances after this date to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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SUMMARY OF 2025 FULL YEAR RESULTS AND ASSOCIATED DISCLOSURE MATERIALS

The following disclosure items were lodged separately with the ASX and NZX and can be accessed via the ANZ Shareholder Centre on the Group website https://www.anz.com/shareholder/centre/reporting/ on 10 November 2025 unless otherwise noted.

ANZ Group Holdings Limited

- 2025 Full Year Results Announcement
 - News Release
 - Consolidated Financial Report, Dividend Announcement and Appendix 4E
 - Results Presentation and Investor Discussion Pack
 - Key Financial Data (available on website only)
- 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report
- 2025 Corporate Governance Statement
- 2025 Climate Report
- 2025 ESG Report
- 2025 ESG Data and Framework Pack (available on website only)

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

- 2025 ANZBGL Annual Report
- 2025 Basel III Pillar 3 Disclosure
- 2025 United Kingdom Disclosure and Transparency Rules Submission (incl. 2025 Principal Risks and Uncertainties Disclosure) (available at a later date)

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Guide to Results

NON-IFRS INFORMATION

Statutory profit is prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of *Australian Accounting Standards*, which comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards* (IFRS). The Group provides additional measures of performance in the Results Announcement which are prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. The guidance provided in *Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Regulatory Guide 230* has been followed when presenting this information.

Cash Profit

Cash profit, a non-IFRS measure, represents the Group's preferred measure of the result of its core business activities, enabling readers to assess Group and divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit (refer to pages 73 to 76 for analysis of the adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit and Definitions on pages 107 to 109 for further information). The adjustments made in arriving at cash profit are included in statutory profit which is subject to audit within the context of the external auditor's audit of the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report. Cash profit is not subject to audit by the external auditor. A number of intangible assets were recognised as part of the Suncorp Bank acquisition accounting and the amortisation of these intangible assets is treated as a cash profit adjustment from the March 2025 half. Except for this new item, the cash profit adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

SEPTEMBER 2025 HALF SIGNIFICANT ITEMS

During the September 2025 half, the Group recognised a number of significant items which impacted statutory and cash profit, refer to page 14 for further information.

SUNCORP BANK ACQUISITION

On 31 July 2024, the Group acquired 100% of the shares in SBGH Limited, the immediate holding company of Norfina Limited (formerly known as Suncorp-Metway Limited, and trading as Suncorp Bank).

The reported results for the September 2024 full year included the following acquisition related adjustments recognised by the Group post transaction completion, with an after tax charge of \$196 million:

- Collectively assessed credit impairment charge of \$244 million (\$171 million after tax) for Suncorp Bank's performing loans and advances. In
 accordance with Australian Accounting Standards requirements, the Group consolidated Suncorp Bank's loans and advances on 31 July 2024,
 however the Group was not permitted to recognise an allowance for ECL on the performing loans and advances, leading to a proportional reduction
 in acquisition-related goodwill that would otherwise have been recognised. Subsequently, the Group was required to recognise a collectively
 assessed allowance for ECL estimated using the Group's ECL methodologies, with a corresponding collectively assessed credit impairment charge
 recognised in the Group's Income Statement.
- Accelerated software amortisation expense of \$36 million (\$25 million after tax) on alignment to the Group's software capitalisation policy.

During the September 2025 half, the Group completed its purchase price allocation (PPA) to identify and measure the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at acquisition date. The adjustments recognised in the September 2025 half to provisionally determined balances arising from the completion of the PPA exercise include provisions for contingent liabilities and related indemnities and related deferred tax balances with a corresponding increase to goodwill of \$141 million, resulting in a total decrease of \$56 million to the 2024 provisional goodwill. The final goodwill balance was \$1,346 million. The impacts on the 2024 provisional balances are disclosed in Note 8 Suncorp Bank acquisition. Prior periods have not been restated.

The reported results for the September and March 2025 halves include 6 months results for Suncorp Bank, and the September 2025 and September 2024 full years include 12 months and 2 months results for Suncorp Bank respectively, presented as Suncorp Bank division throughout the Results Appropriate the suncorp Bank respectively.

Pro-forma results excluding Suncorp Bank have been included where relevant to provide transparency and aid comparison.

Statutory Profit Results

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%
Other operating income	1,915	2,310	-17%	4,225	4,478	-6%
Operating income	11,007	11,179	-2%	22,186	20,547	8%
Operating expenses	(7,199)	(5,824)	24%	(13,023)	(10,741)	21%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,808	5,355	-29%	9,163	9,806	-7%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(296)	(145)	large	(441)	(406)	9%
Profit before income tax	3,512	5,210	-33%	8,722	9,400	-7%
Income tax expense	(1,243)	(1,547)	-20%	(2,790)	(2,830)	-1%
Non-controlling interests	(20)	(21)	-5%	(41)	(35)	17%
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%

Earnings Per Ordinary Share (cents)		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
Basic	75.6	122.5	-38%	198.2	217.9	-9%	
Diluted	75.4	119.3	-37%	196.5	215.1	-9%	

	Half '	Year	Full Ye	ear
Reference Page	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 25	Sep 24
Ordinary Share Dividends (cents) ^{1,2}				
Interim - partially franked	-	83	83	83
Final - partially franked	83	-	83	83
Total	83	83	166	166
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio ^{3,4}	110.1%	67.7%	83.9%	76.0%
Profitability Ratios				
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity ⁵	6.2%	10.4%	8.2%	9.4%
Return on average tangible equity ⁶	6.7%	11.2%	8.9%	10.0%
Return on average assets	0.33%	0.55%	0.44%	0.56%
Return on average RWA	0.95%	1.58%	1.26%	1.50%
Revenue on average RWA	4.65%	4.85%	4.75%	4.72%
Net interest margin	1.54%	1.56%	1.55%	1.57%
Net interest margin (excl. Markets business unit)	2.26%	2.26%	2.26%	2.35%
Efficiency Ratios				
Operating expenses to operating income	65.4%	52.1%	58.7%	52.3%
Operating expenses to average assets	1.06%	0.89%	0.98%	0.92%
Credit Impairment Charge/(Release)				
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M)	168	159	327	144
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M) ⁷	128	(14)	114	262
Total credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M) 90	296	145	441	406
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁸	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.02%
Total credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁸	0.07%	0.04%	0.05%	0.06%

Partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) for the proposed 2025 final dividend (2025 interim dividend: partially franked at 70%; 2024 final dividend: partially franked at 65%).

² Carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 13 cents for the proposed 2025 final dividend (2025 interim dividend: NZD 12 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 13 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 14 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 15 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 16 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 17 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 18 cents; 2024 final dividend: NZD 19 cents; 2024 final dividend:

^{3.} Dividend payout ratio for the September 2025 half is calculated using the proposed 2025 final dividend of \$2,476 million, based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2025 half and September 2024 full year were calculated using actual dividends of \$2,466 million and \$4,968 million respectively.

⁴ Excluding the significant items, the dividend payout ratio for the September 2025 half and the September 2025 full year would have been 73.7% and 70.6% respectively.

^{5.} Profit attributable to the shareholders of the Company, divided by average ordinary shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests.

^{6.} Profit attributable to the shareholders of the Company, divided by average shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests, goodwill and other intangible assets.

⁷ September 2024 full year includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related collectively assessed credit impairment charge of \$244 million.

^{8.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities

Cash Profit Results¹

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%	
Other operating income	1,812	2,126	-15%	3,938	4,740	-17%	
Operating income	10,904	10,995	-1%	21,899	20,809	5%	
Operating expenses	(7,138)	(5,742)	24%	(12,880)	(10,741)	20%	
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,766	5,253	-28%	9,019	10,068	-10%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(296)	(145)	large	(441)	(406)	9%	
Cash profit before income tax	3,470	5,108	-32%	8,578	9,662	-11%	
Income tax expense	(1,231)	(1,519)	-19%	(2,750)	(2,902)	-5%	
Non-controlling interests	(20)	(21)	-5%	(41)	(35)	17%	
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%	

Earnings Per Ordinary Share (cents)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
Basic	74.6	120.1	-38%	194.7	224.3	-13%	
Diluted	74.4	117.0	-36%	193.2	220.9	-13%	

	Half	Year	Full Y	ear
Reference Page	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 25	Sep 24
Ordinary Share Dividends				
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio ^{2,3}	111.6%	69.1%	85.4%	73.9%
Profitability Ratios				
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity ⁴	6.1%	10.2%	8.1%	9.7%
Return on average tangible equity ⁵	6.6%	11.0%	8.8%	10.3%
Return on average assets	0.33%	0.54%	0.43%	0.57%
Return on average RWA	0.94%	1.55%	1.24%	1.55%
Revenue on average RWA	4.61%	4.77%	4.69%	4.80%
Net interest margin	1.54%	1.56%	1.55%	1.57%
Net interest margin (excl. Markets business unit)	2.26%	2.26%	2.26%	2.35%
Efficiency Ratios				
Operating expenses to operating income	65.5%	52.2%	58.8%	51.6%
Operating expenses to average assets	1.06%	0.87%	0.97%	0.92%
Credit Impairment Charge/(Release)				
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M)	168	159	327	144
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M) ⁶	128	(14)	114	262
Total credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M) 28	296	145	441	406
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁷	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.02%
Total credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁷	0.07%	0.04%	0.05%	0.06%

^{1.} Cash profit excludes non-core items included in statutory profit and is provided to assist readers in understanding the results of the core business activities of the Group. Refer to pages 73 to 76 for the reconciliation between statutory and cash profit.

Dividend payout ratio for the September 2025 half is calculated using the proposed 2025 final dividend of \$2,476 million, based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2025 half and September 2024 full year were calculated using actual dividends of \$2,466 million and \$4,968 million respectively.

³ Excluding the significant items, the dividend payout ratio for the September 2025 half and the September 2025 full year would have been 74.4% and 71.7% respectively.

^{4.} Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, divided by average ordinary shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests.

^{5.} Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, divided by average shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests, goodwill and other intangible assets.

^{6.} September 2024 full year includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related collective assessed credit impairment charge of \$244 million.

^{7.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities.

Key Balance Sheet Metrics

		As at			Movement	
	Reference Page	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Capital Management (Level 2)						
Common Equity Tier 1						
- APRA	42	12.0%	11.8%	12.2%		
- Basel Harmonised	42	17.6%	17.0%	17.6%		
Credit risk weighted assets (\$B)	44	369.6	378.1	361.2	-2%	2%
Total risk weighted assets (\$B)	44	458.5	469.0	446.6	-2%	3%
APRA Leverage Ratio	46	4.4%	4.4%	4.7%		
Balance Sheet: Key Items						
Gross loans and advances (\$B)		833.3	824.0	807.1	1%	3%
Net loans and advances (\$B)		829.5	820.2	803.4	1%	3%
Total assets (\$B)		1,297.1	1,302.6	1,229.1	0%	6%
Customer deposits (\$B)		748.1	756.6	715.2	-1%	5%
Total shareholders' equity (\$B)		71.9	72.3	70.6	-1%	2%

	Half Year					
Balance Sheet: Average Balances ¹	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Movt	Sep 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Movt
Average gross loans and advances	842.1	825.2	2%	833.6	733.8	14%
Average assets	1,349.2	1,318.0	2%	1,333.6	1,172.4	14%
Average customer deposits	772.3	749.2	3%	760.8	669.4	14%
Average ordinary shareholders' equity ²	72.6	70.5	3%	71.5	69.6	3%
Average tangible equity ³	66.7	65.0	3%	65.9	65.4	1%
Average interest earning assets	1,177.2	1,142.1	3%	1,159.7	1,023.6	13%
Average deposits and other borrowings	984.7	956.0	3%	970.4	858.8	13%
Average RWA	471.8	462.1	2%	467.0	435.1	7%
Average credit RWA	379.2	372.1	2%	375.7	348.3	8%

	_	As at			Movement		
Liquidity and Funding	Reference	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Liquidity and Funding	Page	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	v. War 25	v. Sep 24	
Liquidity Coverage Ratio ⁴	39	133%	132%	132%	1%	1%	
Net Stable Funding Ratio	40	115%	117%	116%	-2%	-1%	

	_	As at			Movement	
Credit Quality	Reference Page	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Gross impaired assets (\$M)	31	2,538	2,252	1,693	13%	50%
Gross impaired assets as a % of gross loans and advances		0.30%	0.27%	0.21%		
Net impaired assets (\$M)	31	2,139	1,888	1,385	13%	54%
Net impaired assets as a % of shareholders' equity		2.98%	2.61%	1.96%		
Individually assessed provision (\$M)	30	399	364	308	10%	30%
Individually assessed provision as a % of gross impaired assets		15.7%	16.2%	18.2%		
Collectively assessed provision (\$M)	30	4,379	4,280	4,247	2%	3%
Collectively assessed provision as a % of credit RWA		1.18%	1.13%	1.18%		
Net Tangible Assets						
Net tangible assets attributable to ordinary shareholders (\$B) ⁵		65.4	65.7	64.3	0%	2%
Net tangible assets per ordinary share (\$)		21.91	22.14	21.60	-1%	1%

^{1.} September 2024 full year includes 2 months of Suncorp Bank balances from the date of acquisition.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Average ordinary shareholders' equity excludes non-controlling interests.

³ Average tangible equity excludes non-controlling interest, goodwill and other intangible assets (Sep 25 half: \$66,688 million; Mar 25 half: \$65,009 million; Sep 24 full year: \$65,365 million).

^{4.} Liquidity Coverage Ratio is calculated on a half year average basis.

⁵ Equals total shareholders' equity less total non-controlling interests, goodwill and other intangible assets.

September 2025 Half Significant Items

During the September 2025 half, the Group recognised several significant items which impacted statutory and cash profit as summarised below:

PT Panin impairment

The Group recognised a pre-tax charge of \$285 million (after-tax: \$285 million) in respect of an impairment of the Group's equity accounted investments in PT Bank Pan Indonesia Tbk (PT Panin) to adjust its carrying value in line with its value-in-use (VIU) calculation. This was recognised in the Group Centre division. This had no impact to CET1 capital as it resulted in an equivalent reduction in capital deductions.

Staff redundancies

In September 2025, the Group announced changes to simplify the bank, strengthen focus on its priorities and deliver for its customers. As a result of the change the Group expects approximately 3,500 employees to depart by September 2026 and to reduce engagements with consultants and other third parties impacting approximately 1,000 managed services contractors.

The Group recognised a pre-tax charge of \$585 million (after-tax: \$414 million) across the Group.

ASIC settlement

In September 2025, the Group entered into an agreement with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) to resolve five matters within its Australia Markets and Australia Retail businesses that were the subject of separate regulatory investigations. Under the agreement, which requires Federal Court approval, the Group is subject to total penalties of \$240 million.

The Group recognised a pre-tax charge of \$271 million (after-tax: \$264 million) comprising \$240 million of ASIC penalties and \$31 million of various costs associated with the matters. This was recognised across the Australia Retail and Institutional divisions.

Suncorp Bank migration

The Group announced at the October 2025 Strategy Day its intention to bring forward the integration of Suncorp Bank by June 2027 to accelerate value creation for shareholders, to benefit its customers and to significantly reduce operational complexity.

The Group recognised a pre-tax charge of \$97 million (after-tax: \$68 million) relating to costs associated with existing contracts that extend beyond the revised migration date. This was recognised in the Suncorp Bank division.

Cashrewards closure

In September 2025, Cashrewards ceased making offers available on its Website, App and Notifier as part of the Group's strategy to exit non-bank activities that lack economic or strategic rationale.

The Group recognised a pre-tax charge of \$78 million (after-tax: \$78 million) relating to the impairment of the goodwill recognised on Cashrewards acquisition. This was recognised in the Group Centre division. This had no impact to CET1 capital as it resulted in an equivalent reduction in capital deductions.

The financial impacts from these significant items are summarised below:

September 2025 Half Year

	Australia	Australia		New	Suncorp		Group	
Cash Profit Impact	Retail \$M	Commercial \$M	Institutional \$M	Zealand \$M	Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Centre \$M	Total \$M
Operating income	-	-	-	-	-	-	(285)	(285)
Operating expenses	(410)	3	(165)	(11)	(169)	(3)	(276)	(1,031)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(410)	3	(165)	(11)	(169)	(3)	(561)	(1,316)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	88	(1)	10	3	50	1	56	207
Cash profit	(322)	2	(155)	(8)	(119)	(2)	(505)	(1,109)

Cash Profit Results (excl. Suncorp Bank)

The reported results for the September and March 2025 halves include 6 months results for Suncorp Bank, and September 2025 and September 2024 full years include 12 months and 2 months results for Suncorp Bank respectively. Pro-forma results excluding Suncorp Bank have been presented below to aid comparison.

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	8,275	8,046	3%	16,321	15,818	3%	
Other operating income	1,776	2,096	-15%	3,872	4,734	-18%	
Operating income	10,051	10,142	-1%	20,193	20,552	-2%	
Operating expenses	(6,498)	(5,309)	22%	(11,807)	(10,553)	12%	
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,553	4,833	-26%	8,386	9,999	-16%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(271)	(134)	large	(405)	(163)	large	
Cash profit before income tax	3,282	4,699	-30%	7,981	9,836	-19%	
Income tax expense	(1,175)	(1,396)	-16%	(2,571)	(2,954)	-13%	
Non-controlling interests	(20)	(21)	-5%	(41)	(35)	17%	
Cash profit (excl. Suncorp Bank)	2,087	3,282	-36%	5,369	6,847	-22%	

Full Time Equivalent Staff

As at 30 September 2025, the Group employed 42,698 staff (Mar 25: 43,094; Sep 24: 42,370) on a full time equivalent (FTE) basis.

Division	Half Year			Full Year		
Australia Retail	Sep 25 11,023	Mar 25 10,950	Movt 1%	Sep 25 11,023	Sep 24 10,832	Movt 2%
Australia Commercial	3,480	3,361	4%	3,480	3,294	6%
Institutional	6,368	6,460	-1%	6,368	6,272	2%
New Zealand	6,689	6,680	0%	6,689	6,756	-1%
Suncorp Bank	2,671	2,791	-4%	2,671	2,798	-5%
Pacific	986	1,014	-3%	986	985	0%
Group Centre	11,481	11,838	-3%	11,481	11,433	0%
Total FTE	42,698	43,094	-1%	42,698	42,370	1%
Average FTE	43,084	42,591	1%	42,838	40,624	5%
Average FTE (excl. Suncorp Bank)	40,455	39,953	1%	40,205	40,175	0%

eography Half Year				Full Year			
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
Australia	20,899	21,479	-3%	20,899	21,290	-2%	
New Zealand	6,758	6,903	-2%	6,758	7,003	-3%	
Rest of World	15,041	14,712	2%	15,041	14,077	7%	
Total FTE	42,698	43,094	-1%	42,698	42,370	1%	

Other Non-Financial Information

	Half Year			Full Year			
Shareholder value - ordinary shares Share price (\$)	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
- high	34.09	32.80	4%	34.09	31.94	7%	
- low	26.22	27.89	-6%	26.22	23.90	10%	
- closing	33.21	29.09	14%	33.21	30.48	9%	
Closing market capitalisation of ordinary shares (\$B)	99.1	86.4	15%	99.1	90.8	9%	
Total shareholder return	17.5%	-2.0%	large	15.1%	27.0%	large	

	As	at Sep 25	
ANZBGL credit ratings	Short- Term	Long- Term	Outlook
Moody's Investors Service	P-1	Aa2	Stable
S&P Global Ratings	A-1+	AA-	Stable
Fitch Ratings	F1+	AA-	Stable

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Non-IFRS Information

Statutory profit is prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, which comply with IFRS. The Group provides additional measures of performance in the Results Announcement which are prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. The guidance provided in *Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Regulatory Guide 230* has been followed when presenting this information.

Cash Profit

Cash profit, a non-IFRS measure, represents the Group's preferred measure of the result of the core business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit (refer to pages 73 to 76 for analysis of the adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit and Definitions on pages 107 to 109 for further information). The adjustments made in arriving at cash profit are included in statutory profit which is subject to audit within the context of the external auditor's audit of the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report. Cash profit is not subject to audit by the external auditor. A number of intangible assets were recognised as part of the Suncorp Bank acquisition accounting and the amortisation of these intangible assets is treated as a cash profit adjustment from the March 2025 half. Except for this new item, the cash profit adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

This Group Results section is reported on a cash profit basis unless otherwise stated.

		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%	
Adjustments between statutem westit and each westit							
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit							
Economic hedges	39	(167)	large	(128)	264	large	
Revenue and expense hedges	(112)	36	large	(76)	(74)	3%	
Amortisation of acquired intangible assets	43	57	-25%	100	-	n/a	
Total adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	(30)	(74)	-59%	(104)	190	large	
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%	

Group performance - cash profit		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%		
Other operating income	1,812	2,126	-15%	3,938	4,740	-17%		
Operating income	10,904	10,995	-1%	21,899	20,809	5%		
Operating expenses	(7,138)	(5,742)	24%	(12,880)	(10,741)	20%		
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,766	5,253	-28%	9,019	10,068	-10%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(296)	(145)	large	(441)	(406)	9%		
Cash profit before income tax	3,470	5,108	-32%	8,578	9,662	-11%		
Income tax expense	(1,231)	(1,519)	-19%	(2,750)	(2,902)	-5%		
Non-controlling interests	(20)	(21)	-5%	(41)	(35)	17%		
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%		
Cash profit (excl. Suncorp Bank)	2,087	3,282	-36%	5,369	6,847	-22%		

	Half Year			Full Year			
Cash profit/(loss) by division	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Australia Retail	343	705	-51%	1,048	1,607	-35%	
Australia Commercial	647	655	-1%	1,302	1,342	-3%	
Institutional	1,228	1,380	-11%	2,608	2,858	-9%	
New Zealand	817	792	3%	1,609	1,536	5%	
Suncorp Bank	132	286	-54%	418	(122)	large	
Pacific	23	20	15%	43	60	-28%	
Group Centre	(971)	(270)	large	(1,241)	(556)	large	
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%	

Cash Net Interest Income

		Half Year			Full Year	
Group	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Net interest income ¹	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%
Average interest earning assets	1,177,153	1,142,128	3%	1,159,688	1,023,616	13%
Average deposits and other borrowings	984,706	956,023	3%	970,403	858,841	13%
Net interest margin (%)	1.54	1.56	-2 bps	1.55	1.57	-2 bps
Group (excl. Markets business unit)						
Net interest income	8,896	8,787	1%	17,683	16,200	9%
Average interest earning assets	784,401	778,460	1%	781,439	688,011	14%
Average deposits and other borrowings	746,445	726,359	3%	736,429	658,551	12%
Net interest margin (%)	2.26	2.26	0 bps	2.26	2.35	-9 bps

		Half Year		Full Year			
Net interest margin by major division Australia Retail	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest margin (%)	1.83	1.84	-1 bps	1.83	1.91	-8 bps	
Average interest earning assets	289,766	282,858	2%	286,322	273,252	5%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	185,357	180,088	3%	182,730	171,580	6%	
Australia Commercial ²							
Net interest margin (%)	2.54	2.53	1 bp	2.53	2.59	-6 bps	
Average interest earning assets	67,276	65,943	2%	66,611	64,553	3%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	119,496	120,150	-1%	119,822	115,836	3%	
Institutional (excl. Markets business unit)							
Net interest margin (%) ³	2.16	2.24	-8 bps	2.20	2.38	-18 bps	
Average interest earning assets	177,471	174,548	2%	176,014	162,881	8%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	175,505	164,903	6%	170,218	161,207	6%	
New Zealand							
Net interest margin (%)	2.60	2.60	0 bp	2.60	2.57	3 bps	
Average interest earning assets	126,696	122,635	3%	124,671	122,448	2%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	109,335	105,628	4%	107,486	106,084	1%	
Suncorp Bank							
Net interest margin (%)	2.05	2.12	-7 bps	2.08	1.93	15 bps	
Average interest earning assets ⁴	79,591	77,792	2%	78,694	13,011	large	
Average deposits and other borrowings ⁴	63,533	62,837	1%	63,186	10,488	large	

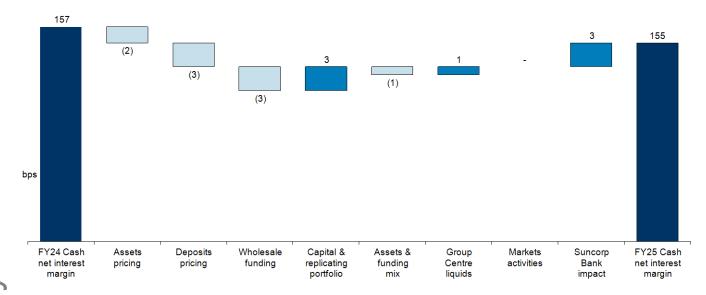
lncludes the major bank levy of -\$231 million for the September 2025 half and -\$451 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: -\$220 million; Sep 24 full year: -\$389 million).

^{2.} Australia Commercial division generates positive net interest income from surplus deposits held. Accordingly, \$57.8 billion of average deposits for the September 2025 half and \$59.0 billion for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: \$60.1 billion; Sep 24 full year: \$57.6 billion) have been included within average net interest earning assets for the net interest margin calculation to align with the internal management reporting view.

^{3.} Net interest margin for the Institutional division including the Markets business unit was 0.74% for the September 2025 half and 0.75% for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: 0.76%; Sep 24 full year: 0.75%).

^{4.} September 2024 full year was based on 2 months of balances from the date of acquisition.

Net interest margin - September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year



September 2025 v September 2024

Net interest margin (-2 bps)

- Assets pricing (-2 bps): driven by pricing competition in the Australia Retail, Australia Commercial and Institutional (excluding Markets business
 unit) divisions, partially offset by favourable home loan lending margin in the New Zealand division.
- Deposits pricing (-3 bps): driven by pricing competition and impacts of lower cash rates across all divisions.
- Wholesale funding (-3 bps): driven by higher wholesale funding from both higher funding volume and average spread.
- Capital and replicating portfolio (+3 bps): driven by higher hedge rates, partially offset by a reduction in capital due to the completion of Suncorp Bank acquisition and share buy-back.
- Assets and funding mix (-1 bps): driven by higher lending growth in the Australia Retail and Institutional (excluding Markets business unit)
 divisions relative to other divisions.
- Group Centre liquids (+1 bps): driven by a reduction in the average liquid asset balance in the Group Centre division.
- Markets activities (0 bps): average interest earning assets growth was more significant relative to the Group overall, largely offset by higher interest income due to reduced funding costs.
- Suncorp Bank impact (+3 bps): positive contribution to the Group net interest margin from the acquisition of Suncorp Bank.

Average interest earning assets

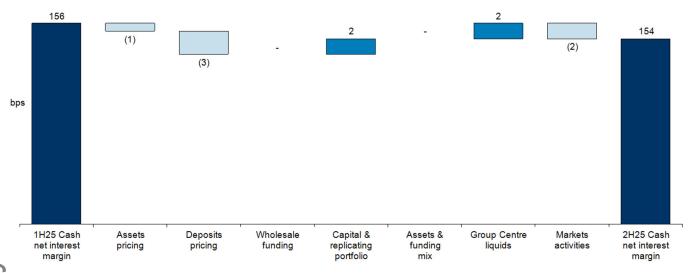
Average interest earning assets increased \$136.1 billion (13%) driven by:

- Average net loans and advances (+88.2 billion or +13%) from Suncorp Bank acquisition and lending growth across all divisions particularly in the Australia Retail and Institutional (excluding Markets business unit) divisions.
- Average trading assets and investment securities (+\$32.4 billion or +20%) from higher Markets activities and the acquisition of Suncorp Bank.
- Average cash and other liquid assets (+\$15.4 billion or +9%) from higher reverse repurchase agreements activity and placements with central banks.

Average deposits and other borrowings

 Average deposits and other borrowings increased \$111.6 billion (13%) from the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition, and growth across at-call deposits, term deposits, repurchase agreements and commercial paper.

Net interest margin - September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year



September 2025 v March 2025

Net interest margin (-2 bps)

- Assets pricing (-1 bps): driven by pricing competition in the Australia Retail, Australia Commercial and Institutional (excluding Markets business
 unit) divisions, partially offset by favourable home loan lending margin in the New Zealand division.
- Deposits pricing (-3 bps): driven by impacts of lower cash rates across all divisions and pricing competition.
- Wholesale funding (0 bps): largely flat with broadly stable funding volume and average spread.
- Capital and replicating portfolio (+2 bps): driven by higher volumes and average hedge rates.
- Assets and funding mix (0 bps): relatively stable with net neutral impact at Group level.
- Group Centre liquids (+2 bps): driven by a reduction in the average liquid asset balance in the Group Centre division.
- Markets activities (-2 bps): average interest earning assets growth was more significant relative to the Group. This was partially offset by higher interest income due to reduced funding costs.

Average interest earning assets

Average interest earning assets increased \$35.0 billion (3%) driven by:

- Average net loans and advances (+14.6 billion or +2%) from growth across all divisions, particularly in home lending.
- Average trading assets and investment securities (+\$15.9 billion or +8%) from higher Markets activities.
- Average cash and other liquid assets (+\$4.6 billion or +2%) from higher reverse repurchase agreements activity and placements with central banks.

Average deposits and other borrowings

Average deposits and other borrowings increased \$28.7 billion (3%) from growth across at-call deposits, term deposits, and repurchase
agreements, particularly in the Institutional division.

Cash Other Operating Income

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Net fee and commission income ¹	948	855	11%	1,803	1,875	-4%
Markets other operating income	870	991	-12%	1,861	2,315	-20%
PT Panin impairment	(285)	-	n/a	(285)	-	n/a
Other ¹	279	280	0%	559	550	2%
Total	1,812	2,126	-15%	3,938	4,740	-17%
Total (excl. Suncorp Bank)	1,776	2,096	-15%	3,872	4,734	-18%

		Half Year		Full Year		
Other operating income by division	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Australia Retail	357	269	33%	626	664	-6%
Australia Commercial	153	153	0%	306	342	-11%
Institutional	1,272	1,386	-8%	2,658	3,148	-16%
New Zealand	192	193	-1%	385	399	-4%
Suncorp Bank	36	30	20%	66	6	large
Pacific	45	44	2%	89	91	-2%
Group Centre	(243)	51	large	(192)	90	large
Total	1,812	2,126	-15%	3,938	4,740	-17%

The Markets business unit is managed on a total revenue basis, with the Net interest income and Other operating income individually not being a true reflection of overall return for the business. Markets Net interest income and Other operating income are summarised in the table below with corresponding commentaries provided on a total Markets income basis.

		Half Year		Full Year			
Markets income	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income ²	196	82	large	278	(131)	large	
Other operating income ²	870	991	-12%	1,861	2,315	-20%	
Total	1,066	1,073	-1%	2,139	2,184	-2%	

^{1.} Excluding the Markets business unit.

^{2.} Net interest income includes funding costs in the Franchise trading book, primarily on commodity assets, where the related revenue is recognised as Other operating income.

Other operating income - September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year



September 2025 v September 2024

Other operating income decreased \$802 million (17%). Excluding Suncorp Bank, Other operating income decreased \$862 million (18%).

Net fee and commission income

Net fee and commission income decreased \$72 million (4%) driven by:

- \$51 million decrease in the Institutional division (excluding Markets business unit) driven by lower non-lending fees in Corporate Finance.
- \$25 million decrease in the Australia Commercial division driven by higher customer remediation.
- \$18 million decrease in the Australia Retail division driven by lower insurance commission and higher customer remediation.
- \$16 million decrease in the New Zealand division driven by lower cards revenue.
- \$47 million increase from the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition.

Markets income

Markets income decreased \$45 million (2%) with a \$454 million decrease in Other operating income, partially offset by a \$409 million increase in Net interest income. The net \$45 million decrease was attributable to the following business activities:

- \$90 million decrease in Derivative valuation adjustments driven by lower gains (net of hedges) from credit and funding spread movements, primarily in the September 2025 half.
- \$41 million decrease in Franchise Revenue driven by Commodities and Credit & Capital Markets, partially offset by Rates. Commodities revenues decreased \$53 million due to a non-repeat of larger trading gains in the prior year, partially offset by gains from gold price movements arising from potential U.S. tariffs. Credit & Capital Markets revenues decreased \$29 million from reduced trading gains. Rates revenues increased \$41 million due to increased customer activity in both derivative hedging and repos, partially offset by more challenging trading conditions overseas
- \$86 million increase in Balance Sheet revenues from higher average levels of investment securities and increased yields.

PT Panin impairment

• \$285 million decrease due to the impairment of PT Panin to adjust its carrying value in line with its VIU calculation in the Group Centre division.

Othe

Other income increased \$9 million (+2%) driven by:

- \$14 million increase in the Institutional (excluding Markets business unit) division driven by higher foreign exchange-related income.
- \$13 million increase from the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition.
- \$9 million increase in the Group Centre division driven by:
 - \$61 million increase from higher realised gains on economic hedges against foreign currency denominated revenue streams offsetting net unfavourable foreign currency translations elsewhere in the Group,
 - \$21 million increase from a loss on disposal of investment in AMMB Holdings Berhad (AmBank) in the prior year,
 - \$29 million decrease in share of associates' profit/(loss) from lower equity accounted earnings following the disposal of AmBank in the prior year (\$65 million), partially offset by an increase in PT Panin (\$37 million),
 - \$27 million decrease from the release of excess provision in the prior year following legal settlements, and
 - \$7 million decrease from lower gain on recycling of foreign currency translation reserve from other comprehensive income to profit or loss on dissolution of international entities.
- \$20 million decrease in the Australia Retail division from lower insurance-related income.

September 2025 v March 2025

Other operating income decreased \$314 million (15%).

Net fee and commission income

Net fee and commission income increased \$93 million (11%) driven by:

- \$83 million increase in the Australia Retail division driven by timing of recognition of cards incentives, and lower customer remediation.
- \$11 million increase in the Institutional division (excluding Markets business unit) driven by higher syndication fees in Corporate Finance.

Markets income

Markets income decreased \$7 million (1%) with a \$121 million decrease in Other operating income, partially offset by a \$114 million increase in Net interest income. The net \$7 million decrease was attributable to the following business activities:

- \$11 million decrease in Derivative valuation adjustments driven by lower gains (net of hedges) from credit and funding spread movements.
- \$15 million increase in Balance Sheet revenues from higher average levels of investment securities and increased yields.
- \$9 million increase in Franchise Revenue driven by Rates and Foreign Exchange, partially offset by Credit and Capital Markets. Rates revenue increased \$15 million as a result of sustained client activity and more favourable trading conditions in the September 2025 half. Foreign Exchange revenue increased \$6 million due to increased customer activity overseas. Credit and Capital Markets revenue decreased \$12 million driven by lower customer activity and trading gains.

PT Panin impairment

• \$285 million decrease due to the impairment of PT Panin to adjust its carrying value in line with its VIU calculation in the Group Centre division.

Other

Other income decreased \$1 million driven by Group Centre division:

- \$15 million decrease from lower gain on recycling of foreign currency translation reserve from other comprehensive income to profit or loss on dissolution of international entities.
- \$21 million increase from a dividend from Bank of Tianjin in the September 2025 half.

Cash Operating Expenses¹

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Personnel	3,443	3,312	4%	6,755	6,178	9%
Premises	362	348	4%	710	659	8%
Technology	1,186	1,057	12%	2,243	1,915	17%
Restructuring ²	687	85	large	772	235	large
Other	1,460	940	55%	2,400	1,754	37%
Total	7,138	5,742	24%	12,880	10,741	20%
Total (excl. Suncorp Bank)	6,498	5,309	22%	11,807	10,553	12%

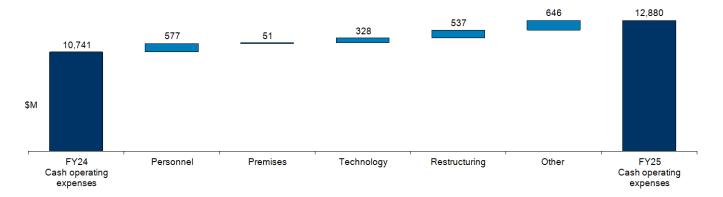
		Half Year		Full Year			
Operating expenses by division	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Australia Retail	2,234	1,781	25%	4,015	3,516	14%	
Australia Commercial	765	755	1%	1,520	1,507	1%	
Institutional	1,620	1,461	11%	3,081	2,875	7%	
New Zealand	722	685	5%	1,407	1,376	2%	
Suncorp Bank	640	433	48%	1,073	188	large	
Pacific	70	74	-5%	144	138	4%	
Group Centre	1,087	553	97%	1,640	1,141	44%	
Total	7,138	5,742	24%	12,880	10,741	20%	

	Half Year			Full Year			
FTE by division Australia Retail	Sep 25 11,023	Mar 25 10,950	Movt 1%	Sep 25 11,023	Sep 24 10,832	Movt 2%	
Australia Commercial	3,480	3,361	4%	3,480	3,294	6%	
Institutional	6,368	6,460	-1%	6,368	6,272	2%	
New Zealand	6,689	6,680	0%	6,689	6,756	-1%	
Suncorp Bank	2,671	2,791	-4%	2,671	2,798	-5%	
Pacific	986	1,014	-3%	986	985	0%	
Group Centre	11,481	11,838	-3%	11,481	11,433	0%	
Total FTE	42,698	43,094	-1%	42,698	42,370	1%	
Average FTE	43,084	42,591	1%	42,838	40,624	5%	
Average FTE (excl. Suncorp Bank)	40,455	39,953	1%	40,205	40,175	0%	

^{1.} September 2025 half includes a number of significant items. Refer to page 14 for further information.

² September 2025 half Includes \$585 million of staff redundancies, \$97 million of non-staff costs relating to Suncorp Bank migration, and \$5 million various other small items.

Operating expenses - September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year



September 2025 v September 2024

Operating expenses increased \$2,139 million (20%). Excluding Suncorp Bank, Operating expenses increased \$1,254 million (12%).

- Personnel expenses increased \$577 million (9%) driven by the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition (\$385 million) and inflationary impacts on wages, partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Premises expenses increased \$51 million (8%) driven by the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition (\$49 million).
- Technology expenses increased \$328 million (17%) driven by the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition (\$162 million), accelerated software amortisation and impairment on certain technology assets, higher software licence costs and inflationary impacts on vendor costs. This was partially offset by benefits from technology simplification.
- Restructuring expenses increased \$537 million driven by operating model changes to drive a cost reset across the Group, and Suncorp Bank migration (\$97 million).
- Other expenses increased \$646 million (37%) driven by the impact of Suncorp Bank acquisition (\$119 million), ASIC settlement (\$271 million),
 Cashrewards goodwill impairment (\$78 million), other legal matters and higher investment spend.

September 2025 v March 2025

Operating expenses increased \$1,396 million (24%).

- Personnel expenses increased \$131 million (4%) driven by higher resources associated with strategic initiatives and customer remediation.
- Technology expenses increased \$129 million (12%) driven by accelerated software amortisation and impairment on certain technology assets, higher software licence costs, and inflationary impacts on vendor costs.
- Restructuring expenses increased \$602 million driven by operating model changes to drive a cost reset across the Group, and Suncorp Bank migration (\$97 million).
- Other expenses increased \$520 million largely driven by ASIC settlement (\$271 million), Cashrewards goodwill impairment (\$78 million), and investment spend seasonality.

Investment Spend

		Half Year		Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Investment expensed	777	612	27%	1,389	1,257	11%
Investment capitalised	144	158	-9%	302	286	6%
Total investment spend	921	770	20%	1,691	1,543	10%
Total investment spend (excl. Suncorp Bank)	886	734	21%	1,620	1,529	6%

Investment spend by division		Half Year		Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Australia Retail	244	218	12%	462	433	7%
Australia Commercial	54	46	17%	100	120	-17%
Institutional	126	109	16%	235	225	4%
New Zealand	83	76	9%	159	164	-3%
Suncorp Bank	35	36	-3%	71	14	large
Pacific	1	1	0%	2	2	0%
Group Centre	378	284	33%	662	585	13%
Total investment spend	921	770	20%	1,691	1,543	10%

Software Capitalisation

Capitalised software comprises all costs incurred to develop and acquire software. These costs are capitalised as intangible assets and amortised over the expected useful lives. Details are presented in the table below:

		Half Year		Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Balance at start of period	1,001	1,020	-2%	1,020	919	11%
Software capitalised during the period ¹	238	159	50%	397	434	-9%
Amortisation during the period ²	(200)	(148)	35%	(348)	(324)	7%
Software impaired/written-off	(40)	(30)	33%	(70)	(9)	large
Foreign currency translation	(1)	-	n/a	(1)	-	n/a
Total capitalised software	998	1,001	0%	998	1,020	-2%

Capitalised software by division		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Australia Retail	131	128	2%	131	126	4%	
Australia Commercial	19	22	-14%	19	133	-86%	
Institutional	518	490	6%	518	475	9%	
New Zealand	24	21	14%	24	18	33%	
Suncorp Bank	35	53	-34%	35	64	-45%	
Group Centre	271	287	-6%	271	204	33%	
Total capitalised software	998	1,001	0%	998	1,020	-2%	

^{1.} Includes \$103 million from the acquisition of Suncorp Bank for the September 2024 half.

² Includes \$36 million accelerated amortisation expense from Suncorp Bank on alignment to the Group's software capitalisation policy for the September 2024 half.

Credit Risk

The Group's assessment of expected credit losses (ECL) from its credit portfolio is subject to judgements and estimates made by management based on a variety of internal and external information, as well as the Group's experience of the performance of the portfolio under a variety of conditions. Refer to Note 5 Allowance for expected credit losses for further information.

Credit impairment charge/(release)

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	128	(14)	large	114	262	-56%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	168	159	6%	327	144	large
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	295	301	-2%	596	465	28%
Write-backs	(71)	(69)	3%	(140)	(184)	-24%
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	(56)	(73)	-23%	(129)	(137)	-6%
Total credit impairment charge/(release)	296	145	large	441	406	9%
Total credit impairment charge/(release) (excl. Suncorp Bank)	271	134	large	405	163	large

Credit impairment charge/(release) by division

Credit impairment charge/(release) by division		Half Year		Full Year			
Collectively assessed	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Australia Retail	170	16	large	186	(29)	large	
Australia Commercial	(16)	(9)	78%	(25)	8	large	
Institutional	(23)	11	large	(12)	57	large	
New Zealand	(22)	(25)	-12%	(47)	(14)	large	
Suncorp Bank	16	(3)	large	13	244	-95%	
Pacific	1	(2)	large	(1)	(6)	-83%	
Group Centre	2	(2)	large	-	2	-100%	
Total collectively assessed	128	(14)	large	114	262	-56%	
In dividually, account							
Individually assessed Australia Retail	56	47	19%	103	100	3%	
Australia Commercial	68	59	15%	127	72	76%	
Institutional	26	17	53%	43	(67)	large	
New Zealand	7	21	-67%	28	42	-33%	
Suncorp Bank	9	14	-36%	23	(1)	large	
Pacific	(2)	(1)	100%	(3)	(2)	50%	
Group Centre	4	2	100%	6	-	n/a	
Total individually assessed	168	159	6%	327	144	large	
Total credit impairment charge/(release) Australia Retail	226	60	lanna.	200	74		
Australia Retail Australia Commercial		63 50	large 4%	289 102	71 80	large 28%	
	52	28	-89%				
Institutional New Zealand	3 (45)			31	(10) 28	large	
	(15) 25	(4) 11	large	(19) 36	28 243	large -85%	
Suncorp Bank Pacific			large -67%			-85% -50%	
Group Centre	(1) 6	(3)	-67% n/a	(4) 6	(8) 2		
<u>'</u>						large	
Total credit impairment charge/(release)	296	145	large	441	406	9%	

Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)

• September 2025 v September 2024

The collectively assessed impairment charge of \$114 million for the September 2025 full year was driven by methodology changes to uplift ECL modelled outcomes mainly in the Australian home loan portfolio, deterioration in credit risk profile, and portfolio growth. This was partially offset by a reduction in management temporary adjustments and an improvement in economic outlook.

The collectively assessed impairment charge of \$262 million for the September 2024 full year was driven by deterioration in credit risk profile across all divisions, the acquisition accounting adjustment in respect of acquired Suncorp Bank performing loans and advances, and portfolio growth. This was partially offset by a reduction in management temporary adjustments as anticipated risks are now represented in the portfolio credit profiles, and an improvement in economic outlook.

September 2025 v March 2025

The collectively assessed impairment charge of \$128 million for the September 2025 half was driven by methodology changes to uplift ECL modelled outcomes mainly in the Australian home loan portfolio, and deterioration in credit risk profile. This was largely offset by improvement in portfolio composition, reduction in management temporary adjustments and improvement in economic outlook.

The collectively assessed impairment release of \$14 million for the March 2025 half was driven by a revision to modelling assumptions for the severe scenario and a small improvement in base case economic assumptions. This was partially offset by deterioration in credit risk profile particularly in the Institutional and Australia Commercial divisions, portfolio growth, and a net increase in management temporary adjustments for increased uncertainty and economic volatility.

Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)

September 2025 v September 2024

The individually assessed credit impairment charge increased \$183 million driven by the Institutional division (\$110 million) due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs and recoveries, the Australia Commercial division (\$55 million) due to impairment flows in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios, and the Suncorp Bank division (\$24 million) due to new impairments in the commercial property portfolio.

• September 2025 v March 2025

The individually assessed credit impairment charge increased \$9 million driven by the Australia Retail division (\$9 million) due to lower recoveries in the unsecured portfolio, the Institutional division (\$9 million) due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs and recoveries, and the Australia Commercial division (\$8 million) due to impairment flows in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios. This was partially offset by a decrease in the New Zealand division (\$14 million) due to higher write-backs and recoveries.

Allowance for expected credit losses

	As at			Move	ment
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Collectively assessed allowance for ECL	4,379	4,280	4,247	2%	3%
Individually assessed allowance for ECL	399	364	308	10%	30%
Total allowance for ECL	4,778	4,644	4,555	3%	5%
Net loans and advances at amortised cost	3,874	3,761	3,675	3%	5%
Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent	870	852	846	2%	3%
Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost	34	31	34	10%	0%
Total allowance for ECL	4,778	4,644	4,555	3%	5%

Allowance for expected credit losses by division1

,		As at		Movement		
Collectively assessed	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Australia Retail	1,111	942	925	18%	20%	
Australia Commercial	1,024	1,040	1,049	-2%	-2%	
Institutional	1,447	1,491	1,438	-3%	1%	
New Zealand	470	507	539	-7%	-13%	
Suncorp Bank	280	254	248	10%	13%	
Pacific	45	45	45	0%	0%	
Group Centre	2	1	3	large	-33%	
Total collectively assessed	4,379	4,280	4,247	2%	3%	
Individually assessed						
Australia Retail	47	52	54	-10%	-13%	
Australia Commercial	151	139	133	9%	14%	
Institutional	128	96	58	33%	large	
New Zealand	45	52	51	-13%	-12%	
Suncorp Bank	19	14	-	36%	n/a	
Pacific	9	11	12	-18%	-25%	
Group Centre	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	
Total individually assessed	399	364	308	10%	30%	
Allowance for ECL						
Australia Retail	1,158	994	979	16%	18%	
Australia Commercial	1,175	1,179	1,182	0%	-1%	
Institutional	1,575	1,587	1,496	-1%	5%	
New Zealand	515	559	590	-8%	-13%	
Suncorp Bank	299	268	248	12%	21%	
Pacific	54	56	57	-4%	-5%	
Group Centre	2	1	3	large	-33%	
Total allowance for ECL	4,778	4,644	4,555	3%	5%	

^{1.} Includes allowance for ECL for Net loans and advances - at amortised cost, Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost and Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities. For Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI, the allowance for ECL is recognised in Other comprehensive income with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

Allowance for expected credit losses

September 2025 v September 2024

The allowance for ECL increased \$223 million (5%) driven by a \$132 million increase in collectively assessed allowance for ECL, and a \$91 million increase in the individually assessed allowance for ECL.

The increase in collectively assessed allowance for ECL was driven by methodology changes to uplift ECL modelled outcomes mainly in the Australian home loan portfolio (\$380 million), deterioration in credit risk profile (\$92 million), portfolio growth (\$4 million) and the impact of foreign currency translation (\$18 million). This was partially offset by reduction in management temporary adjustments (\$215 million) and improvement in economic outlook (\$147 million) from a revision to modelling assumptions for the downside and severe scenarios and improvement in base case economic assumptions.

The increase in individually assessed allowance for ECL was driven by increases across the Institutional division (\$70 million) due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs, the Suncorp Bank division (\$19 million) due to new impairment in the commercial property portfolio, and the Australia Commercial division (\$18 million) due to impairment flows in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios.

September 2025 v March 2025

The allowance for ECL increased \$134 million (3%) driven by a \$99 million increase in collectively assessed allowance for ECL and a \$35 million increase in individually assessed allowance for ECL.

The increase in collectively assessed allowance for ECL was driven by methodology changes to uplift ECL modelled outcomes mainly in the Australian home loan portfolio (\$380 million) and deterioration in credit risk profile (\$42 million). This was partially offset by reduction in management temporary adjustments (\$229 million), improvement in economic outlook (\$52 million) from a revision to modelling assumptions for the downside and severe scenarios and improvement in base case economic assumptions, improvement in portfolio composition (\$13 million), and reduction from foreign currency translation (\$29 million).

The increase in individually assessed allowance for ECL was driven by an increase in the Institutional division (\$32 million) due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs, and the Australia Commercial division (\$12 million) due to due to higher impairments in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios.

Non-Performing Credit Exposures

•		As at			Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24		
Impaired loans ¹	1,058	1,020	881	4%	20%		
Restructured items ²	1,393	1,152	786	21%	77%		
Non-performing commitments, contingencies and derivatives ¹	87	80	26	9%	large		
Gross impaired assets	2,538	2,252	1,693	13%	50%		
Non-performing credit exposures not impaired ¹	5,904	6,082	5,787	-3%	2%		
Total non-performing credit exposures ³	8,442	8,334	7,480	1%	13%		
Gross impaired assets by division							
Australia Retail	1,438	1,204	870	19%	65%		
Australia Commercial	385	386	291	0%	32%		
Institutional	380	319	284	19%	34%		
New Zealand	151	195	158	-23%	-4%		
Suncorp Bank	162	123	66	32%	large		
Pacific	22	25	24	-12%	-8%		
Gross impaired assets	2,538	2,252	1,693	13%	50%		
Gross impaired assets by size of exposure							
Less than \$10 million	2,011	1,763	1,422	14%	41%		
\$10 million to \$100 million	527	489	271	8%	94%		
Greater than \$100 million	-	-	-	n/a	n/a		
Gross impaired assets	2,538	2,252	1,693	13%	50%		
Individually assessed provisions							
Impaired loans	(362)	(346)	(303)	5%	19%		
Non-performing commitments, contingencies and derivatives	(37)	(18)	(5)	large	large		
Net impaired assets	2,139	1,888	1,385	13%	54%		

- Impaired loans and non-performing commitments, contingencies and derivatives do not include exposures that are collectively assessed for Stage 3 ECL, which comprise unsecured
 retail exposures of 90+ days past due and defaulted but well secured wholesale and retail exposures. These collectively assessed exposures are included in Non-performing credit
 exposures not impaired.
- Restructured items are facilities where the original contractual terms have been modified for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer and are collectively assessed for Stage 3 ECL. Restructuring may consist of reduction of interest, principal or other payments legally due, or an extension in maturity materially beyond those typically offered to new facilities with similar risk. Upon restructuring, an exposure's delinquency status may be re-aged where certain conditions are met.
- 3. Non-performing credit exposures are aligned with the definition in APS220 Credit Risk Management.

September 2025 v September 2024

Gross impaired assets increased \$845 million (50%) driven by increases in the Australia Retail division (\$568 million) due to restructured home loan facilities, the Institutional division (\$96 million) due to several single name customers, the Suncorp Bank division (\$96 million) due to new impairments in the commercial property and home loan portfolio, and the Australia Commercial division (\$94 million) mainly due to a new single name impairment in the Agri portfolio.

Non-performing credit exposures not impaired increased \$117 million (2%) driven by defaults on well-secured home loans in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions.

• September 2025 v March 2025

Gross impaired assets increased \$286 million (13%) driven by increases in the Australia Retail division (\$234 million) due to restructured home loan facilities, the Institutional division (\$61 million) due to the several single name customers, and the Suncorp Bank division (\$39 million) due to new impairments in the commercial property and home loan portfolios. This was partially offset by the New Zealand division (\$44 million) due to reductions in the business portfolio.

Non-performing credit exposures not impaired decreased \$178 million (3%) driven by repayment, curing and downgrade of single name customers in the Institutional division, and curing of well-secured home loans in the New Zealand division. This was partially offset by defaults on well-secured home loans in the Australia Retail division.

The Group's individually assessed provision coverage ratio on gross impaired assets was 15.7% at 30 September 2025 (Mar 25: 16.2%: Sep 24: 18.2%). The decrease in ratio was driven by increase in well-secured gross impaired assets relative to the increase in individually assessed allowance for ECL.

New Impaired Assets

	Half Year				Full Year	
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Impaired loans ¹	474	621	-24%	1,095	857	28%
Restructured items ²	623	554	12%	1,177	599	96%
Non-performing commitments and contingencies ¹	16	79	-80%	95	33	large
Total new impaired assets	1,113	1,254	-11%	2,367	1,489	59%
New impaired assets by division						
Australia Retail	724	654	11%	1,378	777	77%
Australia Commercial	133	223	-40%	356	254	40%
Institutional	80	154	-48%	234	239	-2%
New Zealand	117	140	-16%	257	203	27%
Suncorp Bank	56	78	-28%	134	2	large
Pacific	3	5	-40%	8	14	-43%
Total new impaired assets	1,113	1,254	-11%	2,367	1,489	59%

Impaired loans and non-performing commitments and contingencies do not include exposures that are collectively assessed for Stage 3 ECL, which comprise unsecured retail exposures of 90+ days past due and defaulted but well secured exposures.

September 2025 v September 2024

New impaired assets increased \$878 million (59%) driven by the Australia Retail division (\$601 million) due to higher new impairment flows from restructured home loan facilities, the Suncorp Bank division (\$132 million) due to new impairments in the commercial property and home loan portfolio, the Australia Commercial division (\$102 million) due to a new single name impairment in the Agri portfolio, and the New Zealand division (\$54 million) due to credit deterioration primarily across the home loan and commercial portfolios.

September 2025 v March 2025

New impaired assets decreased \$141 million (11%) driven by decreases across the Australia Commercial (\$90 million), Institutional (\$74 million), New Zealand (\$23 million), and Suncorp Bank (\$22 million) divisions due to significantly lower impairment flows compared to the March 2025 half. This was partially offset by an increase in the Australia Retail division (\$70 million) due to higher new impairment flows from restructured home loan facilities.

Ageing analysis of net loans and advances that are past due but not impaired

	As at		Mover	nent
Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
7,031	8,176	7,746	-14%	-9%
1,745	2,509	2,095	-30%	-17%
1,244	1,281	1,368	-3%	-9%
4,449	4,556	4,173	-2%	7%
14,469	16,522	15,382	-12%	-6%

September 2025 v September 2024

Net loans and advances past due but not impaired decreased \$913 million (6%) across the 1-29 days, 30-59 days, and 60-89 days ageing categories driven by decreases in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions due to improving delinquency rates in the home loan portfolio, and the Australia Commercial division driven by improving delinquency rates in the SME Banking portfolio.

• September 2025 v March 2025

Net loans and advances past due but not impaired decreased \$2,053 million (12%) across all ageing categories driven by decreases in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions due to improving delinquency rates in the home loan portfolio, and the Australia Commercial division driven by improving delinquency rates in the SME Banking portfolio.

Restructured items are facilities where the original contractual terms have been modified for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer and are collectively assessed for Stage 3 ECL. Restructuring may consist of reduction of interest, principal or other payments legally due, or an extension in maturity materially beyond those typically offered to new facilities with similar risk. Upon restructuring, an exposure's delinquency status may be re-aged where certain conditions are met.

Cash Income Tax Expense

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Cash profit before income tax	3,470	5,108	-32%	8,578	9,662	-11%	
Prima facie income tax expense at 30%	1,041	1,532	-32%	2,573	2,899	-11%	
Tax effect of permanent differences:							
Share of associates' (profit)/loss	(12)	(11)	9%	(23)	(32)	-28%	
Interest on convertible instruments	47	58	-19%	105	124	-15%	
Overseas tax rate differential	(76)	(80)	-5%	(156)	(162)	-4%	
Provision for foreign tax on dividend repatriation	22	11	100%	33	36	-8%	
Non-deductible ASIC penalties	72	-	n/a	72	-	n/a	
PT Panin impairment	86	-	n/a	86	-	n/a	
Cashrewards goodwill impairment	23	-	n/a	23	-	n/a	
Other	37	9	large	46	17	large	
Subtotal	1,240	1,519	-18%	2,759	2,882	-4%	
Income tax (over)/under provided in previous years	(9)	-	n/a	(9)	20	large	
Income tax expense from cash profit	1,231	1,519	-19%	2,750	2,902	-5%	
Australia	540	795	-32%	1,335	1,488	-10%	
Overseas	691	724	-5%	1,415	1,414	0%	
Income tax expense from cash profit	1,231	1,519	-19%	2,750	2,902	-5%	
Effective tax rate	35.5%	29.7%		32.1%	30.0%		

September 2025 v September 2024

The effective tax rate increased from 30.0% to 32.1%. The increase of 210 bps was driven by PT Panin impairment (100 bps), non-deductible ASIC penalties (84 bps), Cashrewards goodwill impairment (27 bps), lower equity accounted earnings (6 bps), and various other small items (44 bps). This was partially offset by impact from prior period adjustments (31 bps), higher offshore earnings that attract a lower average tax rate (14 bps) and lower non-deductible interest on convertible instruments (6 bps).

September 2025 v March 2025

The effective tax rate increased from 29.7% to 35.5%. The increase of 580 bps was driven by PT Panin impairment (248 bps), non-deductible ASIC penalties (207 bps), Cashrewards goodwill impairment (66 bps), higher withholding tax expense on foreign dividends (42 bps), lower non-deductible interest on convertible instruments (22 bps), and various other small items (96 bps). This was partially offset by higher offshore earnings that attract a lower average tax rate (62 bps), impact from prior period adjustments (26 bps) and higher contribution of equity accounted earnings (13 bps).

Impact of Foreign Currency Translation

The following tables present the Group's comparative cash profit results, net loans and advances and customer deposits neutralised for the impact of foreign currency translation. Comparative data has been adjusted to remove the translation impact of foreign currency movements by retranslating prior period comparatives at current period foreign exchange rates.

September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year

		Full Year				Movement			
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX adjusted			
	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	Sep 25 v. Sep 24			
Net interest income	17,961	16,069	(19)	16,050	12%	12%			
Other operating income	3,938	4,740	70	4,810	-17%	-18%			
Operating income	21,899	20,809	51	20,860	5%	5%			
Operating expenses	(12,880)	(10,741)	(1)	(10,742)	20%	20%			
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	9,019	10,068	50	10,118	-10%	-11%			
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(441)	(406)	1	(405)	9%	9%			
Cash profit before income tax	8,578	9,662	51	9,713	-11%	-12%			
Income tax expense	(2,750)	(2,902)	(12)	(2,914)	-5%	-6%			
Non-controlling interests	(41)	(35)	-	(35)	17%	17%			
Cash profit	5,787	6,725	39	6,764	-14%	-14%			
Cash profit/(loss) by division									
Australia Retail	1,048	1,607	-	1,607	-35%	-35%			
Australia Commercial	1,302	1,342	-	1,342	-3%	-3%			
Institutional	2,608	2,858	13	2,871	-9%	-9%			
New Zealand	1,609	1,536	(19)	1,517	5%	6%			
Suncorp Bank	418	(122)	-	(122)	large	large			
Pacific	43	60	1	61	-28%	-30%			
Group Centre	(1,241)	(556)	44	(512)	large	large			
Cash profit	5,787	6,725	39	6,764	-14%	-14%			
Net loans and advances by division									
Australia Retail	348,829	332,501		332,501	5%	5%			
Australia Commercial	67,174	65,025		65,025	3%	3%			
Institutional	216,145	210,464	2,737	213,201	3%	1%			
New Zealand	122,925	123,504	(5,431)	118,073	0%	4%			
Suncorp Bank	73,214	70,871	(0,401)	70,871	3%	3%			
Pacific Parity	1,698	1,665	29	1,694	2%	0%			
Group Centre	(529)	(648)	-	(648)	-18%	-18%			
Net loans and advances	829,456	803,382	(2,665)	800,717	3%	4%			
Customer deposits by division									
Australia Retail	186,546	176,813	-	176,813	6%	6%			
Australia Commercial	118,941	116,273	-	116,273	2%	2%			
Institutional	282,226	264,414	4,977	269,391	7%	5%			
New Zealand	101,568	100,907	(4,437)	96,470	1%	5%			
Suncorp Bank	56,242	54,715	-	54,715	3%	3%			
Pacific	3,733	3,565	70	3,635	5%	3%			
Group Centre	(1,199)	(1,476)	-	(1,476)	-19%	-19%			
Customer deposits	748,057	715,211	610	715,821	5%	5%			

September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year

·		Half Year				Movement			
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX adjusted			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Mar 25			
Net interest income	9,092	8,869	13	8,882	3%	2%			
Other operating income	1,812	2,126	(19)	2,107	-15%	-14%			
Operating income	10,904	10,995	(6)	10,989	-1%	-1%			
Operating expenses	(7,138)	(5,742)	2	(5,740)	24%	24%			
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,766	5,253	(4)	5,249	-28%	-28%			
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(296)	(145)	(2)	(147)	large	large			
Cash profit before income tax	3,470	5,108	(6)	5,102	-32%	-32%			
Income tax expense	(1,231)	(1,519)	4	(1,515)	-19%	-19%			
Non-controlling interests	(20)	(21)	-	(21)	-5%	-5%			
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	(2)	3,566	-38%	-38%			
Cash profit/(loss) by division									
Australia Retail	343	705	-	705	-51%	-51%			
Australia Commercial	647	655	_	655	-1%	-1%			
Institutional	1,228	1,380	(3)	1,377	-11%	-11%			
New Zealand	817	792	9	801	3%	2%			
Suncorp Bank	132	286	_	286	-54%	-54%			
Pacific	23	20	_	20	15%	15%			
Group Centre	(971)	(270)	(8)	(278)	large	large			
Cash profit	2,219	3,568	(2)	3,566	-38%	-38%			
Mat leave and advances by division									
Net loans and advances by division	240 020	240.052		240.052	2%	2%			
Australia Retail	348,829	340,953	-	340,953					
Australia Commercial	67,174	65,995	(2.702)	65,995	2%	2%			
Institutional New Zealand	216,145	216,581	(3,702)	212,879	0% -1%	2% 3%			
	122,925	124,052	(4,174)	119,878	-1% 2%				
Suncorp Bank	73,214	71,517	- (54)	71,517		2%			
Pacific	1,698	1,749	(54)	1,695	-3%	0%			
Group Centre Net loans and advances	(529) 829,456	(645) 820,202	(7,930)	(645) 812,272	-18% 1%	-18% 2%			
Net tours and advances	023,430	020,202	(1,950)	012,272	170	270			
Customer deposits by division									
Australia Retail	186,546	183,357	-	183,357	2%	2%			
Australia Commercial	118,941	119,388	-	119,388	0%	0%			
Institutional	282,226	292,530	(8,324)	284,206	-4%	-1%			
New Zealand	101,568	103,260	(3,474)	99,786	-2%	2%			
Suncorp Bank	56,242	55,586	-	55,586	1%	1%			
Pacific	3,733	3,718	(110)	3,608	0%	3%			
Group Centre	(1,199)	(1,275)	-	(1,275)	-6%	-6%			
Customer deposits	748,057	756,564	(11,908)	744,656	-1%	0%			

Earnings Related Hedges

Where it is considered appropriate, the Group takes out economic hedges against larger foreign exchange denominated revenue streams (primarily New Zealand Dollar and US Dollar). New Zealand Dollar exposure relates to the New Zealand geography and US Dollar exposures relate to Rest of World geography. Details of these hedges are set out below.

	Half \	Year	Full Year		
NZD Economic hedges	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	
Net open NZD position (notional principal) ^{1,2}	3,178	3,107	3,178	3,132	
Amount taken to income (pre-tax statutory basis) ³	98	33	131	(4)	
Amount taken to income (pre-tax cash basis) ⁴	(3)	17	14	(45)	
USD Economic hedges					
Net open USD position (notional principal) ^{1,2}	1,175	1,119	1,175	1,006	
Amount taken to income (pre-tax statutory basis) ³	54	(94)	(40)	57	
Amount taken to income (pre-tax cash basis) ⁴	(10)	(13)	(23)	(17)	

Value in AUD at contracted rate.

The following hedges were in place to partially hedge future earnings against adverse movements in exchange rates, at a NZD forward rate of NZD 1.09/AUD as at 30 September 2025 (Mar 25: NZD 1.09/AUD; Sep 24: NZD 1.09/AUD), and a USD forward rate of USD 0.65/AUD as at 30 September 2025 (Mar 25: USD 0.65/AUD; Sep 24: USD 0.66/AUD).

	Half Year		Full	Year
	Sep 25	Sep 25 Mar 25		Sep 24
NZD Economic Hedges				
At period end (NZD billion)	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4
Matured during the period (NZD billion)	1.3	1.5	2.8	2.9
USD Economic Hedges				
At period end (USD billion)	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7
Matured during the period (USD billion)	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4

^{3.} Unrealised valuation movement plus realised revenue from matured or closed out hedges.

An unrealised gain on the outstanding NZD and USD economic hedges of \$165 million for the September 2025 half and \$100 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: \$65 million loss; Sep 24 full year: \$115 million gain) was recorded in statutory profit. This unrealised gain is treated as an adjustment to statutory profit in determining cash profit (included within revenue and expense hedge adjustments) as these are hedges of future NZD and USD revenues.

Cash Earnings Per Share

3		Half Year			Full Year			
•	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt		
Cash earnings per share (cents)								
Basic	74.6	120.1	-38%	194.7	224.3	-13%		
Diluted	74.4	117.0	-36%	193.2	220.9	-13%		
Cash weighted average number of ordinary shares (M)								
Basic	2,973.3	2,971.9	0%	2,972.6	2,998.4	-1%		
Diluted	2,981.7	3,217.7	-7%	3,179.9	3,234.0	-2%		
Cash profit (\$M)	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%		
Cash profit used in calculating diluted cash earnings per share (\$M)	2,219	3,766	-41%	6,144	7,145	-14%		

Realised revenue from closed out hedges.

Dividends

	Half Year			Full Year			
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
Interim - partially franked ^{1,2} Final - partially franked ^{3,4}	83	83		83 83	83 83		
Total	83	83	0%	166	166	0%	
Ordinary share dividends used in payout ratio (\$M) ^{5,6}	2,476	2,466	0%	4,942	4,968	-1%	
Cash profit (\$M)	2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%	
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (cash profit basis) ^{6,7}	111.6%	69.1%		85.4%	73.9%		

- 1. 2024 interim dividend was partially franked at 65% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carried New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 12 cents.
- 2. 2025 interim dividend was partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carried New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 12 cents.
- 3. 2024 final dividend was partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carried New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 12 cents.
- 4 Proposed 2025 final dividend will be partially franked at 70% for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 13 cents.
- 5. Dividend paid to ordinary equity holders of the Company. Excludes dividends paid by subsidiaries to the Group's non-controlling equity holders of \$38 million for the September 2025 half and \$58 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25: \$20 million; Sep 24 full year: \$32 million).
- 6. Dividend payout ratio is calculated using the proposed 2025 final dividend of \$2,476 million, based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2025 half and the September 2024 full year were calculated using actual dividends.
- Excluding the significant items, the dividend payout ratio for the September 2025 half and the September 2025 full year would have been 74.4% and 71.7% respectively.

The Directors proposed a 2025 final dividend of 83 cents be paid on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share, partially franked at 70% for Australian taxation purposes. The 2025 final dividend is intended to be paid on 19 December 2025 to holders of ANZ ordinary shares on the share register at the close of business on 14 November 2025 (record date), and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 13 cents per ordinary share.

Eligible shareholders can elect to reinvest their dividend entitlement into ANZ ordinary shares under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan (DRP). Eligible shareholders can elect to forgo their dividend entitlement and instead receive ANZ ordinary shares under the Company's bonus option plan (BOP). For the proposed 2025 final dividend, ANZ intends that the DRP and BOP participation will be satisfied by an issue of new ANZ ordinary shares. A 1.5% discount will be applied to the DRP and BOP price.

Condensed Balance Sheet

		Move	ment		
Assets	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Cash / Settlement balances owed to ANZ / Collateral paid	188.4	212.5	166.6	-11%	13%
Trading assets and investment securities	213.9	201.1	186.3	6%	15%
Derivative financial instruments	47.5	49.6	54.4	-4%	-13%
Net loans and advances	829.5	820.2	803.4	1%	3%
Other	17.8	19.2	18.4	-7%	-3%
Total assets	1,297.1	1,302.6	1,229.1	0%	6%
Liabilities					
Settlement balances owed by ANZ / Collateral received	38.5	26.2	22.8	47%	69%
Deposits and other borrowings	955.1	972.2	903.6	-2%	6%
Derivative financial instruments	43.9	44.3	55.3	-1%	-21%
Debt issuances	169.3	169.6	156.4	0%	8%
Other	18.4	18.0	20.4	2%	-10%
Total liabilities	1,225.2	1,230.3	1,158.5	0%	6%
Total shareholders' equity ¹	71.9	72.3	70.6	-1%	2%

^{1.} Following the commencement of a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back on 3 July 2024, total shareholders' equity as at 30 September 2025 included reduction in ordinary share capital of \$6 million (Mar 25: \$285 million; Sep 24: \$883 million). The Group ceased the remaining \$826 million share buy-back on 13 October 2025.

September 2025 v September 2024

- Cash / Settlement balances owed to ANZ / Collateral paid increased \$21.8 billion (13%) driven by increases in settlement balances owed to ANZ (\$17.9 billion), short-dated reverse repurchase agreements (\$12.1 billion), and the impact of foreign currency translation, partially offset by lower balances with central banks (\$9.6 billion).
- Trading assets and investment securities increased \$27.6 billion (15%) driven by increases in government and semi-government bonds and treasury bills, increase in commodity assets, and the impact of foreign currency translation.
- Derivative financial assets and liabilities decreased \$6.9 billion (13%) and \$11.4 billion (21%) respectively driven by market movements, primarily
 the depreciation of the NZD and AUD against USD.
- Net loans and advances increased \$26.1 billion (3%) driven by increases across the Australia Retail (\$16.3 billion), New Zealand (\$4.9 billion) and Suncorp Bank (\$2.4 billion) divisions due to home loan growth, and the Institutional division (\$2.9 billion) due to higher core lending volumes, partially offset by the impact of foreign currency translation.
- Settlement balances owed by ANZ / Collateral received increased \$15.7 billion (69%) driven by increases in cash clearing accounts.
- Deposits and other borrowings increased \$51.5 billion (6%) driven by higher customer deposits across the Institutional (\$12.8 billion), Australia Retail (\$9.7 billion), New Zealand (\$5.1 billion) and Australia Commercial (\$2.7 billion) divisions, increases in deposits from banks and repurchase agreements (\$11.2 billion), certificates of deposit (\$3.2 billion), commercial paper (\$1.9 billion), and the impact of foreign currency translation.
- Debt issuances increased \$12.9 billion (8%) driven by the issue of new senior and subordinated debt, partially offset by the redemption of ANZ
 Capital Notes 5.

September 2025 v March 2025

- Cash / Settlement balances owed to ANZ / Collateral paid decreased \$24.1 billion (11%) driven by decreases in balances with central banks
 (\$30.8 billion), short-dated reverse repurchase agreements (\$8.0 billion) and the impact of foreign currency translation, partially offset by higher
 settlement balances owed to ANZ (\$17.2 billion) and higher overnight interbank deposits (\$3.0 billion).
- Trading assets and investment securities increased \$12.8 billion (6%) driven by increases in government and semi-government bonds and treasury bills, and an increase in commodity assets, partially offset by the impact of foreign currency translation.
- Net loans and advances increased \$9.3 billion (1%) driven by increases across the Australia Retail (\$7.9 billion), New Zealand (\$3.0 billion) and Suncorp Bank (\$1.7 billion) divisions due to home loan growth, and the Institutional division (\$3.3 billion) due to higher core lending volumes, partially offset by the impact of foreign currency translation.
- Settlement balances owed by ANZ / Collateral received increased \$12.3 billion (47%) driven by increases in cash clearing accounts.
- Deposits and other borrowings decreased \$17.1 billion (2%) driven by a decrease in commercial paper (\$12.4 billion), lower customer deposits in
 the Institutional division (\$2.0 billion) and the impact of foreign currency translation. This was partially offset by higher certificates of deposit (\$6.6
 billion), and increases in customer deposits across the Australia Retail (\$3.2 billion) and New Zealand (\$1.8 billion) divisions.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations as they fall due, including repaying depositors or maturing wholesale debt, or that the Group has insufficient capacity to fund increases in assets. The timing mismatch of cash flows and the related liquidity risk is inherent in all banking operations and is closely monitored by the Group and managed in accordance with the risk appetite set by the relevant Boards.

The Group operates under a non-operating holding company (NOHC) structure whereby:

- ANZBGL operates its own liquidity and funding program, governance frameworks and reporting regime reflecting its authorised deposit-taking institution (ADI) operations;
- · ANZGHL (parent entity) has no material liquidity risk given the structure and nature of the balance sheet; and
- ANZ Non-Bank Group is not expected to have separate funding arrangements and will rely on ANZGHL for funding.

Furthermore, a separate liquidity policy has been established for ANZGHL and ANZBGL to reflect the differing nature of liquidity risk inherent in each business model. The Group will ensure that ANZGHL and ANZ Non-Bank Group holds sufficient cash reserves to meet operating and financing requirements.

ANZBGL Group's approach to liquidity risk management incorporates two key components:

Scenario modelling of funding sources

ANZBGL Group's liquidity risk appetite is defined by the ability to meet a range of regulatory requirements and internal liquidity metrics mandated by the ANZBGL Board. The metrics cover a range of scenarios of varying duration and level of severity. The objective of this framework is to:

- Provide protection against shorter term extreme market dislocation and stress.
- Maintain structural strength in the balance sheet by ensuring that an appropriate amount of longer-term assets are funded with longer-term funding.
- · Ensure that no undue timing concentrations exist in the Group's funding profile.

Key components of this framework include the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which is a severe short term liquidity stress scenario, the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), a longer-term structural liquidity measure (both of which are mandated by banking regulators including APRA), and internally-developed liquidity scenarios for stress-testing purposes.

Liquid assets

ANZBGL Group holds a portfolio of high-quality unencumbered liquid assets in order to protect ANZBGL Group's liquidity position in a severely stressed environment, as well as to meet regulatory requirements. High Quality Liquid Assets comprise three categories, with the definitions consistent with Basel 3 LCR:

- Highest-quality liquid assets (HQLA1): Cash, highest credit quality government, central bank or public sector securities eligible for repurchase with central banks to provide same-day liquidity.
- High-quality liquid assets (HQLA2): High credit quality government, central bank or public sector securities, high quality corporate debt securities
 and high-quality covered bonds eligible for repurchase with central banks to provide same-day liquidity.
- Alternative liquid assets (ALA): Eligible securities listed by the RBNZ.

ANZBGL Group monitors and manages the size and composition of its liquid assets portfolio on an ongoing basis in line with regulatory requirements and the risk appetite set by the ANZBGL Board.

	Half Year Average ¹			Movement	
	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Market Values Post Discount					
HQLA1	298.3	287.0	250.6	4%	19%
HQLA2	16.5	15.4	12.9	7%	28%
Other ALA ²	4.7	3.6	2.7	31%	74%
Total liquid assets	319.5	306.0	266.2	4%	20%
Cash flows modelled under stress scenario					
Cash outflows	298.5	294.7	255.1	1%	17%
Cash inflows	57.9	63.1	53.4	-8%	8%
Net cash outflows	240.6	231.6	201.7	4%	19%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio ^{3,4}	133%	132%	132%	1%	1%

Half year average basis, calculated as prescribed per APRA Prudential Standard (APS 210 Liquidity) and consistent with APS 330 requirements.

² Comprised of any liquid assets as defined in the RBNZ's Liquidity Policy - Annex: Liquidity Assets - Prudential Supervision Department Document BS13A.

^{3.} All currency Level 2 LCR.

^{4.} LCR remained above the regulatory minimum thresholds throughout the periods.

Funding

The ANZBGL Group targets a diversified funding base, avoiding undue concentrations by investor type, maturity, market source and currency. During the September 2025 full year, the ANZBGL Group issued \$36.7 billion of term wholesale funding (excluding unsubordinated debt with shorter tenors of 12 to 18 months).

The following table shows the ANZBGL Group's total liabilities and shareholders' equity:

	As at			Movement	
ANZBGL Group	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Wholesale funding instruments					
Unsubordinated debt	125.2	126.7	116.7	-1%	7%
Subordinated debt ¹	44.1	42.9	39.7	3%	11%
Total term debt issuances	169.3	169.6	156.4	0%	8%
Central bank term funding ²	1.0	2.0	2.5	-50%	-60%
Commercial paper and other borrowings	49.6	62.1	47.8	-20%	4%
Certificates of deposit	45.8	39.6	42.2	16%	9%
Total wholesale funding instruments	265.7	273.3	248.9	-3%	7%
Customer deposits	749.2	757.8	716.6	-1%	5%
Other liabilities	212.3	201.2	195.4	6%	9%
Shareholders' equity	70.4	70.7	68.8	0%	2%
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1,297.6	1,303.0	1,229.7	0%	6%

Includes subordinated debt issued by ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited which constitutes tier 2 capital under RBNZ requirements but does not meet the APRA Tier 2 requirements, and \$0.8 billion of perpetual subordinated notes issued by ANZ Holdings (New Zealand) Limited in the September 2024 half.

Net Stable Funding Ratio

The following table shows the Level 2 NSFR composition:

	As at			Movement	
	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Required Stable Funding (RSF) ¹					
Retail & small and medium enterprises, corporate loans with 65% RSF factor ²	267.3	266.3	261.1	0%	2%
Retail & small and medium enterprises, corporate loans with 85% RSF factor ²	234.0	231.1	221.4	1%	6%
Other lending ³	63.1	58.7	58.4	7%	8%
Liquid assets	21.8	20.7	17.9	5%	22%
Other assets ⁴	51.1	53.7	48.4	-5%	6%
Total Required Stable Funding	637.3	630.5	607.2	1%	5%
Available Stable Funding ¹					
Retail & small and medium enterprise customer deposits	368.6	364.8	357.0	1%	3%
Corporate, public sector entities & operational deposits	143.8	143.4	133.9	0%	7%
Central bank & other financial institution deposits	7.4	6.7	6.9	10%	7%
Term funding ⁵	96.4	100.4	94.2	-4%	2%
Short-term funding & other liabilities	8.0	14.5	10.5	-45%	-24%
Capital	105.8	107.6	102.3	-2%	3%
Total Available Stable Funding	730.0	737.4	704.8	-1%	4%
Net Stable Funding Ratio ⁶	115%	117%	116%	-2%	-1%

^{1.} NSFR factored balance as per APRA Prudential Standard APS 210 Liquidity.

Includes RBNZ FLP of \$0.9 billion (Mar 25: \$1.8 billion, Sep 24: \$2.3 billion) and TLF of \$0.1 billion (Mar 25: \$0.2 billion, Sep 24: \$0.2 billion).

² Risk weighting as per APRA Prudential Standard APS 112 Capital Adequacy: Standardised Approach to Credit Risk.

^{3.} Includes loans to financial institutions and central banks, and non-performing loans.

Includes off-balance sheet items, net derivatives and other assets.

Includes balances from the drawdown of the RBA and RBNZ Funding Facilities (TFF, FLP and TLF).

^{5.} The regulatory minimum NSFR is 100%.

Capital Management

The Group's capital management framework includes managing capital at Level 1, Level 2 and ANZGHL Group.

The Group's framework includes managing to Board approved risk appetite settings and maintaining all regulatory requirements. APRA requirements at Level 1 and Level 2 include ANZ operating at or above APRA's expectation for Domestic Systemically Important Banks (D-SIBs).

APRA's authority for ANZGHL to be a NOHC of an ADI includes five conditions for ANZ's capital management framework. Two of these are quantitative requirements being:

- ANZGHL must always ensure that the quality and quantity of the total capital of the Level 3 group is equivalent to, or greater than, the quality and quantity of the sum of the total capital of the consolidated ANZ Bank Group and the consolidated ANZ Non-Bank Group.
- ANZGHL must calculate and manage capital for the ANZ Non-Bank Group in accordance with an Economic Capital Model (ECM), which requires the
 amount of capital held, in the form of Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1), to be equal to or greater than the capital requirement as calculated under the
 ECM.

The Group has an ECM to calculate the capital to support the ANZ Non-Bank Group operations. The material risks included in the ANZ Non-Bank Group currently are investment risk and fixed asset risk.

The Group's compliance with these two conditions is presented in the following tables:

Prudential adjustments to allocated equity (436) - - (436) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,009 405 1,017 71,431 Deductions (14,825) - - - (14,825) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,184 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 1 capital 62,541 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 TO,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - - (601 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,028 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 1,28		ANZ Bank Group³ \$M	ANZ Non-Bank Group \$M	ANZGHL \$M	ANZ Group \$M
Prudential adjustments to allocated equity (436) - - (436) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,009 405 1,017 71,431 Deductions (14,825) - - - (14,825) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,184 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 1 capital 62,541 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 TO,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - - (601 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,028 71,730 1,28 71,730 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 1,28 71,230 1,28 71,230 1,28 1,28	As at September 2025				
Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,009 405 1,017 71,431 Deductions (14,825) - - (14,825) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,184 405 1,017 55,606 Tier 1 capital 62,541 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - - (601) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 <t< td=""><td>Allocated equity^{1,2}</td><td>70,445</td><td>405</td><td>1,017</td><td>71,867</td></t<>	Allocated equity ^{1,2}	70,445	405	1,017	71,867
Deductions (14,825)	Prudential adjustments to allocated equity	(436)	-	-	(436)
Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,184 405 1,017 56,606 Tier 1 capital 62,541 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 As at March 2025 Allocated equity ^{1,2} 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - (601 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity ¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity<	Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital	70,009	405	1,017	71,431
Tier 1 capital 62,541 405 1,017 63,963 Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 Allocated equity ^{1,2} 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - (601 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 64,291 As at September 2024 Allocated equity ¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 <td>Deductions</td> <td>(14,825)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(14,825)</td>	Deductions	(14,825)	-	-	(14,825)
Tier 2 capital 33,810 - - 33,810 Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 77,77	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	55,184	405	1,017	56,606
Total qualifying capital 96,351 405 1,017 97,773 As at March 2025 Allocated equity¹²² 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - (601 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - -	Tier 1 capital	62,541	405	1,017	63,963
As at March 2025 Allocated equity ^{1,2} 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) (601) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity ¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) (721) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544	Tier 2 capital	33,810	-	-	33,810
Allocated equity ^{1,2} 70,712 591 1,028 72,331 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) (601) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) (721) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 99,189 29,189	Total qualifying capital	96,351	405	1,017	97,773
Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (601) - - (601) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64	As at March 2025				
Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 70,111 591 1,028 71,730 Deductions (14,882) - - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Allocated equity ^{1,2}	70,712	591	1,028	72,331
Deductions (14,882) - - (14,882) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - - 29,189	Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity	(601)	-	-	(601)
Common Equity Tier 1 capital 55,229 591 1,028 56,848 Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital	70,111	591	1,028	71,730
Tier 1 capital 62,672 591 1,028 64,291 Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Deductions	(14,882)	-	-	(14,882)
Tier 2 capital 32,831 - - 32,831 Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - - 29,189	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	55,229	591	1,028	56,848
Total qualifying capital 95,503 591 1,028 97,122 As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721 Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Tier 1 capital	62,672	591	1,028	64,291
As at September 2024 Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) (721) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 29,189	Tier 2 capital	32,831	-	-	32,831
Allocated equity¹ 68,760 567 1,301 70,628 Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) (721) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 29,189	Total qualifying capital	95,503	591	1,028	97,122
Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity (721) - - (721) Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - - 29,189	As at September 2024				
Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital 68,039 567 1,301 69,907 Deductions (13,570) - - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Allocated equity ¹	68,760	567	1,301	70,628
Deductions (13,570) - - (13,570) Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity	(721)	-	-	(721)
Common Equity Tier 1 capital 54,469 567 1,301 56,337 Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - - 29,189	Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital	68,039	567	1,301	69,907
Tier 1 capital 62,676 567 1,301 64,544 Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - - 29,189	Deductions	(13,570)	-	-	(13,570)
Tier 2 capital 29,189 - - 29,189	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	54,469	567	1,301	56,337
	Tier 1 capital	62,676	567	1,301	64,544
Total qualifying capital 91,865 567 1,301 93,733	Tier 2 capital	29,189	-	-	29,189
	Total qualifying capital	91,865	567	1,301	93,733

^{1.} Allocated in accordance with prudential capital management view.

² ANZGHL allocated equity as at September 2025 includes \$0.8 billion (Mar 25: ~\$0.8 billion; Sep 24: ~\$1.1 billion) for the remaining share buy-back. The Group ceased the remaining share buy-back on 13 October 2025 and announced that it will return the funds to ANZBGL.

³ ANZ Bank Group allocated equity is adjusted for capital deductions, including deconsolidated entity adjustments, to calculate ANZ Level 2 CET1, Tier 1, Tier 2 and total qualifying capital.

ANZ Non-Bank Group

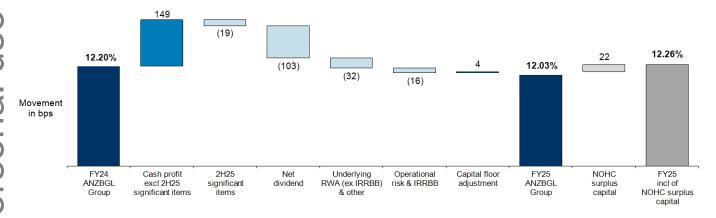
As at			
Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	
198	417	384	
371	576	543	
173	159	159	

ANZ Bank Group

	As at						
	APRA Capital Ratios			Bas			
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	
Capital Ratios (Level 2)							
Common Equity Tier 1	12.0%	11.8%	12.2%	17.6%	17.0%	17.6%	
Tier 1	13.6%	13.4%	14.0%	19.7%	19.0%	19.9%	
Total capital	21.0%	20.4%	20.6%	29.2%	27.9%	28.2%	
Risk weighted assets (\$B)	458.5	469.0	446.6	358.4	372.8	353.1	

Basel Harmonised ratios are the Group's interpretation of Basel Calculation of RWA for credit risk regulations documented in the Basel Framework and the 'Australian Banking Association Basel 3.1 Capital Comparison Study' (Mar 2023).

APRA CET1 - September 2025 v September 2024



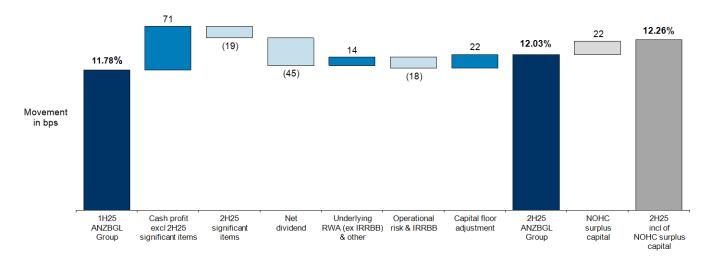
September 2025 v September 2024

ANZBGL Group CET1 ratio decreased -17 bps to 12.03% during the September 2025 full year. Key drivers of the movement in the CET1 ratio were:

- Cash profit (Level 2) excluding 2H25 significant items increased the CET1 ratio by +149 bps.
- 2H25 significant items decreased the CET1 ratio by -19 bps, relating to significant items impacting CET1 including an increase of \$141 million to Suncorp Bank goodwill post PPA completion during the September 2025 half.
- Payment of the 2024 final dividend and the 2025 interim dividend (net of DRP and BOP) decreased the CET1 ratio by -103 bps.
- Higher underlying RWA (excluding IRRBB) and other items decreased the CET1 ratio by -32 bps driven by lending growth in the Institutional,
 Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions, Suncorp Bank acquisition related PPA adjustment in the March 2025 half, and higher deferred tax
 assets. This was partially offset by a benefit from reduced loss in FVOCI reserves and lower deduction in APRA expected loss in excess of
 eligible provisions.
- Operational risk and IRRBB reduced the CET1 ratio by -16 bps, including incorporating IRRBB risk for Suncorp Bank and the additional \$250 million operational risk capital overlay applicable from April 2025.
- A decrease in the capital floor add-on increased the CET1 ratio by +4 bps, driven by an increase in IRRBB RWA.

Inclusive of the total NOHC surplus capital the CET1 capital ratio is 12.26%, which includes +4 bps for the NOHC surplus capital and +18 bps for the remaining \$0.8 billion of the share buy-back which the Group ceased on 13 October 2025 and announced that it will return the funds to ANZBGL.

APRA CET1 - September 2025 v March 2025



September 2025 v March 2025

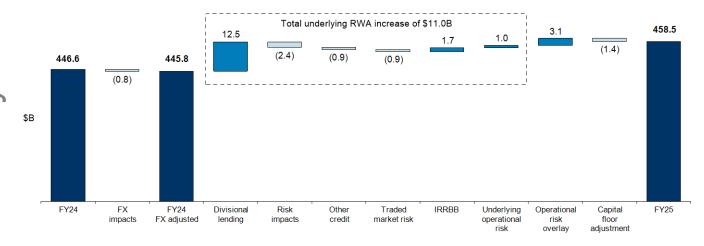
ANZBGL Group CET1 ratio increased +25 bps to 12.03% during the September 2025 half. Key drivers of the movement in the CET1 ratio were:

- Cash profit (Level 2) excluding 2H25 significant items increased the CET1 ratio by +71 bps.
- 2H25 significant items decreased the CET1 ratio by -19 bps, relating to significant items impacting CET1 including an increase of \$141 million to Suncorp Bank goodwill post PPA completion during the September 2025 half
- Payment of the 2025 interim dividend (net of DRP and BOP) reduced the CET1 ratio by -45 bps.
- Underlying RWA (excluding IRRBB) and other items increased the CET1 ratio by +14 bps, driven by volume reduction in the Institutional
 division, partially offset by lending growth in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions, a benefit from reduced loss in FVOCI reserves and a
 lower deduction in APRA expected loss in excess of eligible provisions. This was partially offset by higher deferred tax assets and capitalised
 expenses.
- Operational risk and IRRBB reduced CET1 ratio by -18 bps, including incorporating IRRBB risk for Suncorp Bank and the additional \$250 million operational risk capital overlay applicable from April 2025.
- A decrease in the capital floor increased the CET1 ratio by +22 bps, mainly due to the reduction in the Institutional division reducing the capital floor by more than the actual RWA decrease and the impact of an increase in IRRBB RWA.

Inclusive of the total NOHC surplus capital the CET1 capital ratio is 12.26%, which includes +4 bps for the NOHC surplus capital and +18 bps for the remaining \$0.8 billion of the share buy-back which the Group ceased on 13 October 2025 and announced that it will return the funds to ANZBGL.

Total Risk Weighted Assets	As at			Movement	
	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Credit RWA	369.6	378.1	361.2	-2%	2%
Market risk and IRRBB RWA	31.7	28.2	30.9	12%	3%
Operational risk RWA	53.7	50.6	49.6	6%	8%
Total	455.0	456.9	441.7	0%	3%
Capital floor adjustment	3.5	12.1	4.9	-71%	-29%
Total RWA	458.5	469.0	446.6	-2%	3%

Total Risk Weighted Assets - September 2025 v September 2024

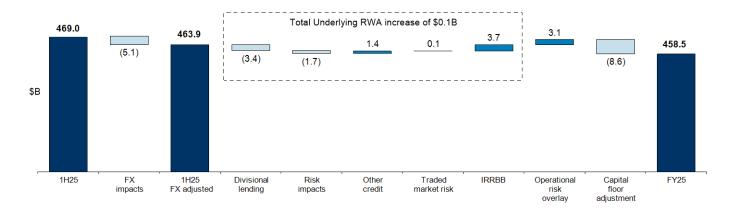


September 2025 v September 2024

Total RWA increased \$11.9 billion driven by:

- \$11.0 billion increase in underlying RWA excluding foreign currency translation impact:
 - \$12.5 billion increase from divisional lending due to lending growth in the Institutional, Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions,
 - \$2.4 billion decrease from risk impacts driven by improvement in the Australia Retail division home loan portfolio,
 - \$0.9 billion decrease from other credit impacts due to RWA initiatives,
 - \$0.9 billion decrease from traded market risk due to lower standard VaR, driven by smaller risk exposures across the trading desks,
 - \$1.0 billion increase from underlying operational risk driven by annual Standardised Measurement Approach model update, and
 - \$1.7 billion increase from IRRBB mainly due to incorporating IRRBB risk for Suncorp Bank.
- \$3.1 billion increase from additional operational risk overlay.
- \$1.4 billion decrease from capital floor adjustment.
- \$0.8 billion decrease from the impact of foreign currency translation.

Total Risk Weighted Assets - September 2025 v March 2025



September 2025 v March 2025

Total RWA decreased \$10.5 billion driven by:

- \$0.1 billion increase in underlying RWA excluding foreign currency translation impact:
 - \$3.4 billion decrease from reduction in lending volume from the Institutional division, partially offset by lending growth in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions,
 - \$1.7 billion decrease from risk impacts driven by improvement in the Australia Retail division home loan portfolio,
 - \$1.4 billion increase from other credit impacts due to RWA initiatives,
 - \$0.1 billion increase from traded market risk, and
 - \$3.7 billion increase from IRRBB due to higher repricing and yield curve risk combined with incorporating IRRBB risk for Suncorp Bank.
- \$3.1 billion increase from additional operational risk overlay.
- \$8.6 billion decrease from capital floor adjustment.
- \$5.1 billion decrease from the impact of foreign currency translation.

Leverage Ratio

At 30 September 2025, ANZ Bank Group's APRA Leverage Ratio was 4.4% which is above the 3.5% minimum for IRB ADIs, including ANZ. The following table summarises the ANZ Bank Group's APRA Leverage Ratio calculation:

	As at			Movement	
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Tier 1 capital (net of capital deductions)	62,541	62,672	62,676	0%	0%
On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transaction exposures)	1,151,312	1,154,165	1,096,917	0%	5%
Derivative exposures	59,203	60,663	52,478	-2%	13%
Securities financing transaction exposures	82,897	74,612	65,015	11%	28%
Other off-balance sheet exposures	131,430	138,394	129,727	-5%	1%
Total exposure measure	1,424,842	1,427,834	1,344,137	0%	6%
APRA Leverage Ratio	4.4%	4.4%	4.7%		
Basel Harmonised Leverage Ratio	4.9%	4.9%	5.2%		

Basel Harmonised methodology aligns with the Australia Banking Association Basel 3.1 Capital Comparison Study (March 2023).

September 2025 v September 2024

APRA leverage ratio decreased -27 bps during the September 2025 full year. Key drivers of the movement were:

- Net organic capital generation (largely from Level 2 cash profit and movements in capital deductions), less dividends paid (net of DRP and BOP), increased the leverage ratio by +10 bps.
- Net AT1 capital impact (ANZ Capital Notes 5 redemption) decreased the leverage ratio by -7 bps.
- Growth in exposures (excluding the impacts from foreign currency translation) reduced the leverage ratio by -24 bps driven by lending growth
 mainly in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions, along with growth in liquid assets.
- An increase in derivatives exposure decreased the leverage ratio by -2 bps.
- Net other impacts decreased the leverage ratio by -4 bps.

September 2025 v March 2025

APRA leverage ratio is flat during the September 2025 half. Key drivers of the movement were:

- Net organic capital generation (largely from Level 2 cash profit and movements in capital deductions), less dividends paid (net of DRP and BOP), increased the leverage ratio by +3 bps.
- Growth in exposures (excluding the impacts from foreign currency translation) decreased the leverage ratio by -4 bps driven by lending growth mainly in the Australia Retail and New Zealand divisions, together with growth in average reverse repurchase agreement exposures.
- Net other impacts increased the leverage ratio by +1 bps.

Capital Management - Other Developments

Capital Requirements

APRA implemented its updated requirements (capital reforms) in relation to capital adequacy and credit risk requirements for ADIs on 1 January 2023, with further amendments in June 2024.

In July 2024, APRA released final IRRBB standards for implementation from October 2025. ANZ received revised IRRBB standard models approval from APRA in September 2025 and has implemented revised models from October 2025. The impact of the revised IRRBB standard is expected to result in marginally lower IRRBB RWA.

In addition, APRA continues to consult and finalise revisions to a number of remaining prudential standards, being market risk and counterparty credit risk. Given the number of items that are yet to be finalised by APRA, the aggregate final outcome from all changes to APRA's prudential standards relating to their review of ADIs capital framework remains uncertain.

APRA Total Loss Absorbing Capacity (TLAC) Requirements

On 2 December 2021, APRA finalised its loss-absorbing capacity requirements for Australian D-SIBs, including ANZBGL, requiring an increase to their minimum total capital requirement by 4.5% of RWA by January 2026. Excluding the capital requirement changes from APRA's approach to AT1 capital (refer below), the total Tier 2 capital requirement will increase to 6.5%. APRA expects the requirement to be satisfied predominantly with additional Tier 2 capital with an equivalent decrease in senior funding. The amount of the additional total capital requirement will be based on the Group's actual RWA as at January 2026.

• APRA's Approach to Additional Tier 1 Capital in Australia

In December 2024, APRA confirmed that it will phase out the use of AT1 capital instruments to simplify and improve the effectiveness of bank capital in a crisis. In July 2025, APRA subsequently released a consultation paper on related technical amendments to its bank prudential framework to effect the removal of AT1 capital instruments and address impacts stemming from their removal. As set out in the consultation paper, large, internationally active banks such as the Group which have received APRA approval to use the Internal Ratings-based Approach to credit risk capital requirements ("Advanced" banks) will be able to:

- replace the current requirement for 1.5% of Additional Tier 1 capital with 0.25% of CET1 and 1.25% of Tier 2 capital;
- increase the minimum CET1 capital requirement from 4.5% to 6%, but remove the Advanced portion of the capital conservation buffer ("CCB") of 1.25%:
- keep the total capital minimum, inclusive of APRA buffers, unchanged at 18.25% (including total loss-absorbing capacity ("TLAC") requirements);
 and
- increase the Tier 2 requirement (inclusive of TLAC) from 6.5% to 7.75%.

In addition, APRA's consultation paper proposed replacing references to Tier 1 capital with CET1 capital in relation to exposure limits including: the leverage ratio, APS222 intragroup exposures, APS221 large exposures and Trans-Tasman funding arrangements. The proposed changes would reduce the Group's capacity to fund exposures under the above metrics, however, the impact to the Group will depend on existing capacity under these metrics. Also APRA's consultation noted that ADIs who are impacted by the changes to APS222 intragroup exposures, APS221 large exposures or Trans-Tasman funding arrangements can discuss potential adjustments with APRA.

Submissions in relation to APRA's consultation paper were due in September 2025, and APRA has indicated that it intends to finalise changes to prudential standards before the end of the 2025 calendar year, with the updated framework to come into effect from 1 January 2027. Given the standards remain subject to finalisation by APRA, the final impact on the Group is currently uncertain.

Reserve Bank of New Zealand (RBNZ) Capital Adequacy Requirements

In 2019, RBNZ decided to revise the capital adequacy requirements that apply to New Zealand locally incorporated registered banks. Implementation of the revised requirements has been underway since 2021 requiring a material increase in capital to be held by the ANZ New Zealand Group. Further required increases were expected to be implemented incrementally to July 2028 but may not proceed as RBNZ is conducting a review of their key capital requirements for banks. In its consultation paper published in August 2025, RBNZ proposed introducing lower and more granular standardised risk weights for certain types of lending and removing AT1 capital from the capital framework. RBNZ also outlined two potential options for the capital requirements for the New Zealand systemically important banks, including ANZ New Zealand:

- Option 1 proposes a minimum CET1 capital ratio requirement of 14% and a minimum total capital ratio requirement of 17%.
- Option 2 proposes a minimum CET1 capital ratio requirement of 12%, a minimum total capital ratio requirement of 15% and a Loss Absorbing
 Capacity (LAC) requirement, of which the form has not yet been considered, of 6%. Under Option 2 all tier 2 and LAC instruments would be
 required to be issued to ANZBGL.

RBNZ expects both options to result in lower average funding costs than the 2019 capital decisions once fully implemented. RBNZ has announced that it intends to make any final decisions by the end of 2025. The impact of the review on ANZ New Zealand Group and ANZBGL Group is uncertain.

Group regulation - Roadmap for Review

In October 2022, APRA released a roadmap for review of the prudential framework for 'groups' of entities. The review will focus on rationalising requirements, promoting consistency, and providing clarity across different standards that apply to groups. As part of the review, guidelines for licensing new NOHC authorities will be updated. For existing APRA authorised NOHCs, there will be no immediate changes, although APRA will seek to ensure new or adjusted NOHC license conditions are applied in a consistent manner. The review will be multi-year, and APRA has indicated that it will finalise the review in the 2025 calendar year.

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Suncorp Bank	70
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The Group operates on a divisional structure with seven divisions: Australia Retail, Australia Commercial, Institutional, New Zealand, Suncorp Bank, Pacific, and Group Centre.

The Group announced at the October 2025 Strategy Day that Australia Commercial will be renamed to Business & Private Bank. This will be reflected in the 2026 Half Year Results Announcement.

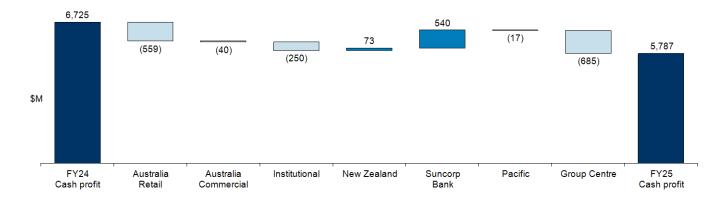
For further information on the composition of divisions, refer to the Definitions on page 109.

Where relevant, comparative information has been restated to align with current period presentation.

The divisions reported are consistent with internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, being the Chief Executive Officer.

The Divisional Results section is reported on a cash profit basis.

Cash profit by division - September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year



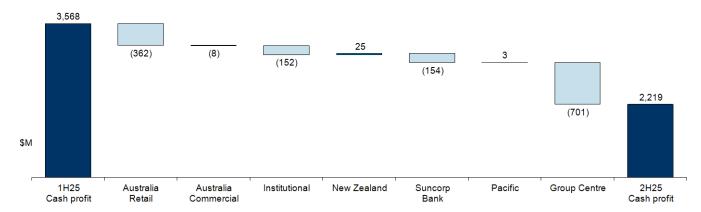
September 2025 Full Year	Australia Retail \$M	Australia Commercial \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group \$M
Net interest income	5,246	3,180	4,154	3,239	1,640	108	394	17,961
Other operating income	626	306	2,658	385	66	89	(192)	3,938
Operating income	5,872	3,486	6,812	3,624	1,706	197	202	21,899
Operating expenses	(4,015)	(1,520)	(3,081)	(1,407)	(1,073)	(144)	(1,640)	(12,880)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	1,857	1,966	3,731	2,217	633	53	(1,438)	9,019
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(289)	(102)	(31)	19	(36)	4	(6)	(441)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	1,568	1,864	3,700	2,236	597	57	(1,444)	8,578
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(520)	(562)	(1,092)	(627)	(179)	(12)	242	(2,750)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(39)	(41)
Cash profit/(loss)	1,048	1,302	2,608	1,609	418	43	(1,241)	5,787

September 2024 Full Year	Australia Retail \$M	Australia Commercial \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank ¹ \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group \$M
Net interest income	5,223	3,164	3,741	3,143	251	123	424	16,069
Other operating income	664	342	3,148	399	6	91	90	4,740
Operating income	5,887	3,506	6,889	3,542	257	214	514	20,809
Operating expenses	(3,516)	(1,507)	(2,875)	(1,376)	(188)	(138)	(1,141)	(10,741)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	2,371	1,999	4,014	2,166	69	76	(627)	10,068
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(71)	(80)	10	(28)	(243)	8	(2)	(406)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	2,300	1,919	4,024	2,138	(174)	84	(629)	9,662
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(693)	(577)	(1,166)	(602)	52	(22)	106	(2,902)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(33)	(35)
Cash profit/(loss)	1,607	1,342	2,858	1,536	(122)	60	(556)	6,725

September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year	Australia Retail	Australia Commercial	Institutional	New Zealand	Suncorp Bank	Pacific	Group Centre	Group
Net interest income	0%	1%	11%	3%	large	-12%	-7%	12%
Other operating income	-6%	-11%	-16%	-4%	large	-2%	large	-17%
Operating income	0%	-1%	-1%	2%	large	-8%	-61%	5%
Operating expenses	14%	1%	7%	2%	large	4%	44%	20%
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	-22%	-2%	-7%	2%	large	-30%	large	-10%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	28%	large	large	-85%	-50%	large	9%
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	-32%	-3%	-8%	5%	large	-32%	large	-11%
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-25%	-3%	-6%	4%	large	-45%	large	-5%
Non-controlling interests	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0%	18%	17%
Cash profit/(loss)	-35%	-3%	-9%	5%	large	-28%	large	-14%

^{1.} September 2024 full year includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related adjustment charge after tax of \$196 million.

Cash profit by division - September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year



September 2025 Half Year	Australia Retail \$M	Australia Commercial \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group \$M
Net interest income	2,654	1,591	2,121	1,650	817	53	206	9,092
Other operating income	357	153	1,272	192	36	45	(243)	1,812
Operating income	3,011	1,744	3,393	1,842	853	98	(37)	10,904
Operating expenses	(2,234)	(765)	(1,620)	(722)	(640)	(70)	(1,087)	(7,138)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	777	979	1,773	1,120	213	28	(1,124)	3,766
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(226)	(52)	(3)	15	(25)	1	(6)	(296)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	551	927	1,770	1,135	188	29	(1,130)	3,470
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(208)	(280)	(542)	(318)	(56)	(5)	178	(1,231)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(19)	(20)
Cash profit/(loss)	343	647	1,228	817	132	23	(971)	2,219

March 2025 Half Year	Australia Retail \$M	Australia Commercial \$M	Institutional \$M	New Zealand \$M	Suncorp Bank \$M	Pacific \$M	Group Centre \$M	Group \$M
Net interest income	2,592	1,589	2,033	1,589	823	55	188	8,869
Other operating income	269	153	1,386	193	30	44	51	2,126
Operating income	2,861	1,742	3,419	1,782	853	99	239	10,995
Operating expenses	(1,781)	(755)	(1,461)	(685)	(433)	(74)	(553)	(5,742)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	1,080	987	1,958	1,097	420	25	(314)	5,253
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(63)	(50)	(28)	4	(11)	3	-	(145)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	1,017	937	1,930	1,101	409	28	(314)	5,108
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(312)	(282)	(550)	(309)	(123)	(7)	64	(1,519)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(20)	(21)
Cash profit/(loss)	705	655	1,380	792	286	20	(270)	3,568

September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year	Australia Retail	Australia Commercial	Institutional	New Zealand	Suncorp Bank	Pacific	Group Centre	Group
Net interest income	2%	0%	4%	4%	-1%	-4%	10%	3%
Other operating income	33%	0%	-8%	-1%	20%	2%	large	-15%
Operating income	5%	0%	-1%	3%	0%	-1%	large	-1%
Operating expenses	25%	1%	11%	5%	48%	-5%	97%	24%
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	-28%	-1%	-9%	2%	-49%	12%	large	-28%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	4%	-89%	large	large	-67%	n/a	large
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	-46%	-1%	-8%	3%	-54%	4%	large	-32%
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-33%	-1%	-1%	3%	-54%	-29%	large	-19%
Non-controlling interests	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0%	-5%	-5%
Cash profit/(loss)	-51%	-1%	-11%	3%	-54%	15%	large	-38%

Key Balance Sheet Metrics by division

		As at		Movement		
Net Loans and Advances	Sep 25 \$B	Mar 25 \$B	Sep 24 \$B	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Australia Retail	348.8	341.0	332.5	2%	5%	
Australia Commercial	67.2	66.0	65.0	2%	3%	
Institutional ¹	216.1	216.6	210.5	0%	3%	
New Zealand ¹	122.9	124.1	123.5	-1%	0%	
Suncorp Bank	73.2	71.5	70.9	2%	3%	
Pacific ¹	1.7	1.7	1.7	0%	0%	
Group Centre	(0.4)	(0.7)	(0.7)	-43%	-43%	
Total	829.5	820.2	803.4	1%	3%	
Customer Deposits						
Australia Retail	186.5	183.4	176.8	2%	5%	
Australia Commercial	118.9	119.4	116.3	0%	2%	
Institutional ¹	282.2	292.5	264.4	-4%	7%	
New Zealand ¹	101.6	103.3	100.9	-2%	1%	
Suncorp Bank	56.2	55.6	54.7	1%	3%	
Pacific ¹	3.7	3.7	3.6	0%	3%	
Group Centre	(1.0)	(1.3)	(1.5)	-23%	-33%	
Total	748.1	756.6	715.2	-1%	5%	
Risk Weighted Assets						
Australia Retail	121.1	121.1	116.9	0%	4%	
Australia Commercial	47.4	46.6	45.5	2%	4%	
Institutional	171.0	178.4	166.9	-4%	2%	
New Zealand	62.4	59.9	62.1	4%	0%	
Suncorp Bank	36.2	33.3	33.4	9%	8%	
Pacific	3.8	3.8	3.6	0%	6%	
Group Centre	16.6	25.9	18.2	-36%	-9%	
Total	458.5	469.0	446.6	-2%	3%	

-		ear	Full Year	
Return on Average Risk Weighted Assets Australia Retail	Sep 25 0.56%	Mar 25 1.19%	Sep 25 0.87%	Sep 24 1.26%
Australia Commercial	2.75%	2.86%	2.80%	2.88%
Institutional	1.35%	1.55%	1.45%	1.68%
New Zealand	2.66%	2.64%	2.65%	2.33%
Suncorp Bank ²	0.77%	1.72%	1.24%	(2.21%)
Pacific	1.21%	1.06%	1.14%	1.64%
Group Centre	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total	0.94%	1.55%	1.24%	1.55%

^{1.} Refer to pages 34 and 35 for Net loans and advances and Customer deposits movements excluding the impact of foreign currency translation.

² September 2024 full year includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related adjustment charge after tax of \$196 million.

Australia Retail

Bruce Rush (Acting)

		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	2,654	2,592	2%	5,246	5,223	0%	
Other operating income	357	269	33%	626	664	-6%	
Operating income	3,011	2,861	5%	5,872	5,887	0%	
Operating expenses	(2,234)	(1,781)	25%	(4,015)	(3,516)	14%	
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	777	1,080	-28%	1,857	2,371	-22%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(226)	(63)	large	(289)	(71)	large	
Cash profit before income tax	551	1,017	-46%	1,568	2,300	-32%	
Income tax expense	(208)	(312)	-33%	(520)	(693)	-25%	
Cash profit	343	705	-51%	1,048	1,607	-35%	
Balance Sheet							
Net loans and advances	348,829	340,953	2%	348,829	332,501	5%	
Other external assets	2,772	2,831	-2%	2,772	2,855	-3%	
External assets	351,601	343,784	2%	351,601	335,356	5%	
Customer deposits	186,546	183,357	2%	186,546	176,813	6%	
Other external liabilities	3,976	3,985	0%	3,976	3,988	0%	
External liabilities	190,522	187,342	2%	190,522	180,801	5%	
Risk weighted assets	121,088	121,111	0%	121,088	116,931	4%	
Average gross loans and advances	346,450	337,660	3%	342,067	323,531	6%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	185,357	180,088	3%	182,730	171,580	6%	
Ratios							
Return on average RWA	0.56%	1.19%		0.87%	1.26%		
Net interest margin	1.83%	1.84%		1.83%	1.91%		
Operating expenses to operating income	74.2%	62.3%		68.4%	59.7%		
Operating expenses to average assets	1.28%	1.05%		1.17%	1.08%		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	56	47	19%	103	100	3%	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a $\%$ of average $\mbox{GLA}^{\mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$	0.03%	0.03%		0.03%	0.03%		
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	170	16	large	186	(29)	large	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA1	0.10%	0.01%		0.05%	(0.01%)		
Gross impaired assets	1,438	1,204	19%	1,438	870	65%	
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.41%	0.35%		0.41%	0.26%		
Total FTE	11,023	10,950	1%	11,023	10,832	2%	

Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities

Performance September 2025 v September 2024

Lending volumes increased driven by home loan growth.

- Net interest margin decreased driven by lower asset margin from home loan pricing competition, unfavourable deposit margin reflecting impact of lower cash rates and higher net funding costs. This was partially offset by higher deposit margins from pricing optimisation, and higher earnings on replicating portfolio.
- Other operating income decreased driven by lower insurance-related income and higher customer remediation.
- Operating expenses increased driven by higher restructuring expense, ASIC settlement, inflationary impacts, higher customer remediation, and higher investment spend. This was partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher collectively assessed credit impairment.

Performance September 2025 v March 2025

Lending volumes increased driven by home loan growth.

- Net interest margin decreased driven by lower asset margin from home loan pricing competition, and unfavourable deposit margin reflecting impact of lower cash rates. This was partially offset by higher earnings on replicating portfolio, lower net funding costs and favourable deposit mix from deposit growth and a shift out of lower margin term deposits.
- Other operating income increased driven by timing of recognition of cards incentives, and lower customer remediation.
- Operating expenses increased driven by higher restructuring expense, ASIC settlement, higher investment spend, and higher customer remediation. This was partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher collectively assessed credit impairment.

Australia Retail Bruce Rush (Acting)

Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Home Loans	8	7	14%	15	9	67%	
Cards and Personal Loans	47	40	18%	87	89	-2%	
Deposits and Payments ¹	1	-	n/a	1	2	-50%	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	56	47	19%	103	100	3%	

Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Home Loans	193	27	large	220	(21)	large	
Cards and Personal Loans	(24)	(9)	large	(33)	(12)	large	
Deposits and Payments ¹	1	(2)	large	(1)	4	large	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	170	16	large	186	(29)	large	

Net loans and advances		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Home Loans	343,535	335,531	326,770	2%	5%	
Cards and Personal Loans	5,271	5,395	5,698	-2%	-7%	
Deposits and Payments ¹	23	27	33	-15%	-30%	
Net loans and advances	348,829	340,953	332,501	2%	5%	

Customer deposits		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Home Loans ²	55,065	52,712	50,211	4%	10%	
Cards and Personal Loans	184	176	175	5%	5%	
Deposits and Payments	131,297	130,469	126,427	1%	4%	
Customer deposits	186,546	183,357	176,813	2%	6%	

Net loans and advances for the deposits and payments business represent amounts in overdraft.

Customer deposits amount for the home loans business represent balances in offset accounts.

Australia Commercial

Clare Morgan

The Group announced at the October 2025 Strategy Day that Australia Commercial will be renamed to Business & Private Bank. This will be reflected in the 2026 Half Year Results Announcement.

	Half Year				Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income	1,591	1,589	0%	3,180	3,164	1%		
Other operating income	153	153	0%	306	342	-11%		
Operating income	1,744	1,742	0%	3,486	3,506	-1%		
Operating expenses	(765)	(755)	1%	(1,520)	(1,507)	1%		
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	979	987	-1%	1,966	1,999	-2%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(52)	(50)	4%	(102)	(80)	28%		
Cash profit before income tax	927	937	-1%	1,864	1,919	-3%		
Income tax expense	(280)	(282)	-1%	(562)	(577)	-3%		
Cash profit	647	655	-1%	1,302	1,342	-3%		
Balance Sheet								
Net loans and advances	67,174	65,995	2%	67,174	65,025	3%		
Other external assets	350	332	5%	350	431	-19%		
External assets	67,524	66,327	2%	67,524	65,456	3%		
Customer deposits	118,941	119,388	0%	118,941	116,273	2%		
Other external liabilities	4,995	5,423	-8%	4,995	5,756	-13%		
External liabilities	123,936	124,811	-1%	123,936	122,029	2%		
Risk weighted assets	47,449	46,637	2%	47,449	45,460	4%		
Average gross loans and advances	67,574	66,219	2%	66,899	64,816	3%		
Average deposits and other borrowings	119,496	120,150	-1%	119,822	115,836	3%		
Ratios								
Return on average RWA	2.75%	2.86%		2.80%	2.88%			
Net interest margin ¹	2.54%	2.53%		2.53%	2.59%			
Operating expenses to operating income	43.9%	43.3%		43.6%	43.0%			
Operating expenses to average assets	1.22%	1.20%		1.21%	1.23%			
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	68	59	15%	127	72	76%		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA ²	0.20%	0.18%		0.19%	0.11%			
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(16)	(9)	78%	(25)	8	large		
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA ²	(0.05%)	(0.03%)		(0.04%)	0.01%			
Gross impaired assets	385	386	0%	385	291	32%		
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.56%	0.58%		0.56%	0.44%			
Total FTE	3,480	3,361	4%	3,480	3,294	6%		

^{1.} Australia Commercial division generates positive net interest income from surplus deposits held. Accordingly, \$57.8 billion of average deposits for the September 2025 half and \$59.0 billion for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: \$60.1 billion; Sep 24 full year: \$57.6 billion) have been included within average net interest earning assets for the net interest margin calculation to align with the internal management reporting view.

Performance September 2025 v September 2024

Lending volumes increased driven by Diversified & Specialist Businesses.

- Net interest margin decreased driven by lower asset margin from pricing competition, unfavourable deposit margin, and unfavourable deposit mix with a shift towards lower margin savings and term deposits. This was partially offset by higher earnings on replicating portfolio, and lower net funding costs.
- Other operating income decreased driven by higher customer remediation.
- Operating expenses increased driven by inflationary impacts, partially
 offset by lower restructuring expense, lower investment spend and
 benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher individually assessed credit impairment charge due to impairment flows in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios, partially offset by lower collectively assessed credit impairment.

Performance September 2025 v March 2025

Lending volumes increased driven by Diversified & Specialist Businesses and SME Banking.

- Net interest margin increased driven by higher earnings on replicating
 portfolio, and favourable deposit mix with a shift out of lower margin
 savings and term deposits. This was partially offset by lower asset
 margin from pricing competition, and unfavourable deposit margin.
- Operating expenses increased driven by higher investment spend.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher individually assessed credit impairment charge due to impairment flows in the SME Banking and Agri portfolios, partially offset by lower collectively assessed credit impairment.

² Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities

Australia Commercial Clare Morgan

Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
SME Banking	48	47	2%	95	72	32%		
Diversified & Specialist Businesses	20	11	82%	31	(1)	large		
Central Functions	-	1	-100%	1	1	0%		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	68	59	15%	127	72	76%		

Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
SME Banking	(12)	8	large	(4)	(3)	33%	
Diversified & Specialist Businesses	(4)	(22)	-82%	(26)	11	large	
Central Functions	-	5	-100%	5	-	n/a	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(16)	(9)	78%	(25)	8	large	

Net loans and advances		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 Mar 25 Sep 24 \$M \$M \$M			Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
SME Banking ¹	25,116	24,667	24,763	2%	1%	
Diversified & Specialist Businesses ¹	41,955	41,186	40,027	2%	5%	
Central Functions	103	142	235	-27%	-56%	
Net loans and advances	67,174	65,995	65,025	2%	3%	

Customer deposits		As at	Moven	Movement		
	Sep 25 Mar 25 Sep 24 \$M \$M \$M			Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
SME Banking ¹	74,466	74,674	73,655	0%	1%	
Diversified & Specialist Businesses ¹	44,475	44,714	42,618	-1%	4%	
Customer deposits	118,941	119,388	116,273	0%	2%	

Comparative information has been restated to align with current period presentation.

		Half Year				Full Year			
		Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income		2,121	2,033	4%	4,154	3,741	11%		
Other operating income		1,272	1,386	-8%	2,658	3,148	-16%		
Operating income		3,393	3,419	-1%	6,812	6,889	-1%		
Operating expenses		(1,620)	(1,461)	11%	(3,081)	(2,875)	7%		
Cash profit before credit in	npairment and income tax	1,773	1,958	-9%	3,731	4,014	-7%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(3)	(28)	-89%	(31)	10	large		
Cash profit before income	tax	1,770	1,930	-8%	3,700	4,024	-8%		
Income tax expense		(542)	(550)	-1%	(1,092)	(1,166)	-6%		
Cash profit		1,228	1,380	-11%	2,608	2,858	-9%		
Balance Sheet									
Net loans and advances		216,145	216,581	0%	216,145	210,464	3%		
Other external assets		416,134	402,377	3%	416,134	364,534	14%		
External assets		632,279	618,958	2%	632,279	574,998	10%		
Customer deposits		282,226	292,530	-4%	282,226	264,414	7%		
Other deposits and borrow	ings	103,250	106,205	-3%	103,250	91,207	13%		
Deposits and other borrow	ings	385,476	398,735	-3%	385,476	355,621	8%		
Other external liabilities		117,226	94,607	24%	117,226	104,432	12%		
External liabilities		502,702	493,342	2%	502,702	460,053	9%		
Risk weighted assets		170,996	178,384	-4%	170,996	166,906	2%		
Average gross loans and a	advances	226,633	225,664	0%	226,149	209,522	8%		
Average deposits and other	er borrowings	413,766	394,567	5%	404,192	361,497	12%		
Ratios									
Return on average RWA		1.35%	1.55%		1.45%	1.68%			
Net interest margin		0.74%	0.76%		0.75%	0.75%			
Net interest margin (excl. I	Markets business unit)	2.16%	2.24%		2.20%	2.38%			
Operating expenses to ope	erating income	47.7%	42.7%		45.2%	41.7%			
Operating expenses to ave	erage assets	0.48%	0.45%		0.47%	0.49%			
Individually assessed cred	it impairment charge/(release)	26	17	53%	43	(67)	large		
Individually assessed cred	it impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA¹	0.02%	0.02%		0.02%	(0.03%)			
Collectively assessed cred	it impairment charge/(release)	(23)	11	large	(12)	57	large		
Collectively assessed cred	it impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA ¹	(0.02%)	0.01%		(0.01%)	0.03%			
Gross impaired assets		380	319	19%	380	284	34%		
Gross impaired assets as	a % of GLA	0.18%	0.15%		0.18%	0.13%			
Total FTE		6,368	6,460	-1%	6,368	6,272	2%		

^{1.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities.

Performance September 2025 v September 2024

Lending volumes increased driven by Corporate Finance, partially offset by Transaction Banking.

- Net interest margin (excl. Markets business unit) decreased driven by lower cash rates, lower asset margin due to lending competition, and unfavourable deposit mix and margins.
- Other operating income decreased driven by Markets from lower trading gains across Rates, Credit and Commodities.
- Operating expenses increased driven by ASIC settlement and inflationary impacts. This was partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives and lower restructuring expense.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher individually assessed credit impairment due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs and recoveries, partially offset by lower collectively assessed credit impairment.

Performance September 2025 v March 2025

Lending volumes increased driven by Markets, partially offset by Transaction Banking.

- Net interest margin (excl. Markets business unit) decreased driven by lower cash rates, unfavourable deposit mix and margin, and lower asset margin due to lending competition.
- Other operating income decreased driven by Markets mainly from less favourable derivative valuation adjustments.
- Operating expenses increased driven by ASIC settlement, higher investment spend, and higher restructuring expense. This was partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment decreased driven by lower collectively assessed credit impairment, partially offset by higher individually assessed credit impairment charge due to higher impairments on several single name customers and lower write-backs and recoveries.

Institutional by Geography

Institutional by Geography	Half Year				Full Year	
Australia	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	1,025	918	12%	الانت 1,943	1,590	22%
Other operating income	528	644	-18%	1,172	1,530	-23%
Operating income	1,553	1,562	-1%	3,115	3,120	0%
Operating expenses	(868)	(723)	20%	(1,591)	(1,361)	17%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	685	839	-18%	1,524	1,759	-13%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(2)	(67)	-97%	(69)	8	large
Cash profit before income tax	683	772	-12%	1,455	1,767	-18%
Income tax expense	(245)	(234)	5%	(479)	(529)	-9%
Cash profit	438	538	-19%	976	1,238	-21%
·	12	33	-64%	45	(69)	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)		34		24	61	large -61%
Net loans and advances	(10)		large 8%			9%
	131,864	122,516		131,864	121,203	
Customer deposits	115,511	105,876	9%	115,511	104,184	11%
Risk weighted assets	82,218	84,877	-3%	82,218	82,719	-1%
International and PNG						
Net interest income	738	778	-5%	1,516	1,456	4%
Other operating income	626	618	1%	1,244	1,337	-7%
Operating income	1,364	1,396	-2%	2,760	2,793	-1%
Operating expenses	(635)	(623)	2%	(1,258)	(1,285)	-2%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	729	773	-6%	1,502	1,508	0%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(5)	39	large	34	15	large
Cash profit before income tax	724	812	-11%	1,536	1,523	1%
Income tax expense	(195)	(219)	-11%	(414)	(431)	-4%
Cash profit	529	593	-11%	1,122	1,092	3%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	2	(8)	large	(6)	5	large
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	3	(31)	large	(28)	(20)	40%
Net loans and advances	67,552	78,194	-14%	67,552	73,121	-8%
Customer deposits	142,177	161,824	-12%	142,177	136,013	5%
Risk weighted assets	67,096	72,954	-8%	67,096	63,477	6%
No. 7 de de						
New Zealand Net interest income	358	337	6%	695	695	0%
Other operating income	118	124	-5%	242	281	-14%
Operating income	476	461	3%	937	976	-4%
Operating expenses	(117)	(115)	2%	(232)	(229)	1%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	359	346	4%	705	747	-6%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	4	540	n/a	4	(13)	large
Cash profit before income tax	363	346	5%	709	734	-3%
Income tax expense	(102)	(97)	5%	(199)	(206)	-3%
Cash profit	261	249	5%	510	528	-3%
·						
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	12 (16)	(8) 8	large	4	(3) 16	large
Net loans and advances	16,729	o 15,871	large 5%	(8)		large 4%
				16,729	16,140	
Customer deposits	24,538	24,830	-1% 5%	24,538	24,217	1%
Risk weighted assets	21,682	20,553	5%	21,682	20,710	5%

Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Transaction Banking	19	14	36%	33	(13)	large	
Corporate Finance	7	3	large	10	(54)	large	
Markets	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	26	17	53%	43	(67)	large	

Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Transaction Banking	(33)	22	large	(11)	8	large	
Corporate Finance	8	-	n/a	8	39	-79%	
Markets	2	(11)	large	(9)	10	large	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(23)	11	large	(12)	57	large	

Net loans and advances		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24		
Transaction Banking	14,343	21,141	17,637	-32%	-19%	
Corporate Finance	154,104	154,485	145,232	0%	6%	
Markets	47,675	40,942	47,563	16%	0%	
Central Functions	23	13	32	77%	-28%	
Net loans and advances	216,145	216,581	210,464	0%	3%	

Customer deposits		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Transaction Banking	164,763	156,308	153,576	5%	7%	
Corporate Finance	2,106	1,538	1,082	37%	95%	
Markets	115,298	134,620	109,666	-14%	5%	
Central Functions	59	64	90	-8%	-34%	
Customer deposits	282,226	292,530	264,414	-4%	7%	

September 2025 Full Year	Transaction Banking ¹ \$M	Corporate Finance \$M	Markets \$M	Central Functions ¹ \$M	Total \$M
Net interest income	1,522	2,339	278	15	4,154
Other operating income	726	72	1,861	(1)	2,658
Operating income	2,248	2,411	2,139	14	6,812
Operating expenses	(874)	(808)	(1,358)	(41)	(3,081)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	1,374	1,603	781	(27)	3,731
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(22)	(18)	9	-	(31)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	1,352	1,585	790	(27)	3,700
Income tax expense	(372)	(434)	(256)	(30)	(1,092)
Cash profit/(loss)	980	1,151	534	(57)	2,608
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	33	10	_	_	43
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(11)	8	(9)	_	(12)
Net loans and advances	14,343	154,104	47,675	23	216,145
Customer deposits	164,763	2,106	115,298	59	282,226
Risk weighted assets	23,570	93,437	52,811	1,178	170,996
Nisk weighted assets	23,370	90,401	32,011	1,170	170,550
Santambar 2024 Full Vacu					
September 2024 Full Year Net interest income	1,573	2,273	(131)	26	3,741
Other operating income	727	112	2,315	(6)	3,148
Operating income	2,300	2,385	2,184	20	6,889
Operating expenses	(817)	(760)	(1,174)	(124)	(2,875)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	1,483	1,625	1,010	(104)	4,014
Credit impairment (charge)/release	5	15	(10)	-	10
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	1,488	1,640	1,000	(104)	4,024
Income tax expense	(405)	(446)	(283)	(32)	(1,166)
Cash profit/(loss)	1,083	1,194	717	(136)	2,858
	, (10)			,	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(13)	(54)	-	-	(67)
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	8	39	10	-	57
Net loans and advances	17,637	145,232	47,563	32	210,464
Customer deposits	153,576	1,082	109,666	90	264,414
Risk weighted assets	23,674	91,190	50,824	1,218	166,906
September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year Net interest income	-3%	3%	large	-42%	11%
Other operating income	0%	-36%	large -20%	-83%	-16%
Operating income	-2%	1%	-2%	-30%	-1%
Operating income Operating expenses	7%	6%	16%	-67%	7%
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	-7%	-1%	-23%	-74%	-7%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	large	large	-7470 n/a	large
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	-9%	-3%	-21%	-74%	-8%
Income tax expense	-8%	-3%	-10%	-6%	-6%
Cash profit/(loss)	-10%	-4%	-26%	-58%	-9%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	large	large	n/a	n/a	large
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	large	-79% 6%	large	n/a 28%	large 3%
Net loans and advances	-19% 7%	6% 05%	0% 5%	-28% 34%	3% 7%
Customer deposits	7%	95%	5%	-34%	
Risk weighted assets	0%	2%	4%	-3%	2%

^{1.} Comparative information has been restated to align with current period presentation.

September 2025 Half Year	Transaction Banking ¹ \$M	Corporate Finance \$M	Markets \$M	Central Functions ¹ \$M	Total \$M
Net interest income	746	1,175	196	4	2,121
Other operating income	360	44	870	(2)	1,272
Operating income	1,106	1,219	1,066	2	3,393
Operating expenses	(436)	(405)	(753)	(26)	(1,620)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	670	814	313	(24)	1,773
Credit impairment (charge)/release	14	(15)	(2)	-	(3)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	684	799	311	(24)	1,770
Income tax expense	(186)	(221)	(119)	(16)	(542)
Cash profit/(loss)	498	578	192	(40)	1,228
	40	7			00
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	19	7	-	-	26
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(33)	8	2	-	(23)
Net loans and advances	14,343	154,104	47,675	23	216,145
Customer deposits	164,763	2,106	115,298	59	282,226
Risk weighted assets	23,570	93,437	52,811	1,178	170,996
March 2025 Half Year			20		0.000
Net interest income	776	1,164	82	11	2,033
Other operating income	366	28	991	1	1,386
Operating income	1,142	1,192	1,073	12	3,419
Operating expenses	(438)	(403)	(605)	(15)	(1,461)
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	704	789	468	(3)	1,958
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(36)	(3)	11	-	(28)
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	668	786	479	(3)	1,930
Income tax expense	(186)	(213)	(137)	(14)	(550)
Cash profit/(loss)	482	573	342	(17)	1,380
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	14	3	-	-	17
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	22	-	(11)	-	11
Net loans and advances	21,141	154,485	40,942	13	216,581
Customer deposits	156,308	1,538	134,620	64	292,530
Risk weighted assets	25,651	97,108	54,451	1,174	178,384
September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year					
Net interest income	-4%	1%	large	-64%	4%
Other operating income	-2%	57%	-12%	large	-8%
Operating income	-3%	2%	-1%	-83%	-1%
Operating expenses	0%	0%	24%	73%	11%
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	-5%	3%	-33%	large	-9%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	large	large	n/a	-89%
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	2%	2%	-35%	large	-8%
Income tax expense	0%	4%	-13%	14%	-1%
Cash profit/(loss)	3%	1%	-44%	large	-11%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	36%	large	n/a	n/a	53%
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	large	n/a	large	n/a	large
Net loans and advances	-32%	0%	16%	77%	0%
Customer deposits	5%	37%	-14%	-8%	-4%
Risk weighted assets	-8%	-4%	-3%	0%	-4%
	-0 /0		-0 /0	0 /0	

^{1.} Comparative information has been restated to align with current period presentation.

Institutional

Mark Whelan

Analysis of Markets operating income¹

	Half Year			Full Year			
Composition of Markets operating income by product	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Foreign Exchange	376	370	2%	746	746	0%	
Rates	226	211	7%	437	396	10%	
Credit and Capital Markets	102	114	-11%	216	245	-12%	
Commodities	55	55	0%	110	163	-33%	
Franchise Revenue	759	750	1%	1,509	1,550	-3%	
Balance Sheet ²	316	301	5%	617	531	16%	
Derivative valuation adjustments ³	(9)	22	large	13	103	-87%	
Markets operating income	1,066	1,073	-1%	2,139	2,184	-2%	

Markets operating income includes Net interest income and Other operating income.

^{3.} Includes funding and credit valuation adjustments net of associated hedges.

	Half Year			Full Year			
Composition of Markets operating income by geography	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Australia	304	329	-8%	633	698	-9%	
International and PNG ¹	624	627	0%	1,251	1,241	1%	
New Zealand	138	117	18%	255	245	4%	
Markets operating income	1,066	1,073	-1%	2,139	2,184	-2%	

Comprises the countries outside of Australia and New Zealand that form part of the Institutional division. This includes Asia, Europe & America and Papua New Guinea.

² Balance Sheet represents hedging of interest rate risk on the Group's loan and deposit books and the management of the Group's liquidity portfolio.

Institutional

Mark Whelan

Market risk

Market risk stems from the Group's trading and balance sheet management activities and the impact of changes and correlations between interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads, commodities, equities and the volatility within these asset classes.

The Group manages and controls market risk using Value at Risk (VaR), sensitivity analysis and stress testing. VaR measures the Group's possible daily loss based on historical market movements.

The Group's VaR approach for both traded and non-traded risk is historical simulation using changes in market rates, prices and volatilities over the previous 500 business days to calculate standard VaR and a 1-year stressed period to calculate stressed VaR.

VaR is measured at a 99% confidence interval, which means there is a 99% chance that a loss will not exceed the VaR for the relevant holding period.

Traded market risk (excl. Suncorp Bank)

Below are aggregate VaR exposures at a 99% confidence level covering both physical and derivative trading positions for the Group's (excluding Suncorp Bank) principal trading centres. Suncorp Bank traded market risk is not material and not disclosed separately, refer to 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report Note 18 Financial risk management for disclosure of total Group VaR.

99% confidence level (1 day holding period)

	High for	Low for	Avg for		High for	Low for	Avg for
As at	year	year	year	As at	year	year	year
Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M
1.9	8.9	1.7	3.4	3.2	11.5	2.2	5.0
3.8	8.5	3.8	5.5	6.4	19.2	4.8	8.7
2.9	8.2	1.8	4.1	5.7	8.1	4.2	6.7
8.9	11.3	2.3	6.3	3.3	5.0	1.8	2.9
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(8.8)	n/a	n/a	(9.6)	(9.9)	n/a	n/a	(10.2)
8.7	13.5	6.8	9.7	8.7	22.5	8.0	13.1
	Sep 25 \$M 1.9 3.8 2.9 8.9 - (8.8)	As at year Sep 25	As at year year Sep 25	As at year year year Sep 25	As at year year year year As at Sep 25 Sep 25 Sep 25 Sep 24 \$M 1.9 8.9 1.7 3.4 3.2 3.8 8.5 3.8 5.5 6.4 2.9 8.2 1.8 4.1 5.7 8.9 11.3 2.3 6.3 3.3 - - - - - (8.8) n/a n/a (9.6) (9.9)	As at year year year As at year Sep 25 Sep 25 Sep 25 Sep 24 Sep 24 Sep 24 \$M 1.9 8.9 1.7 3.4 3.2 11.5 3.8 8.5 3.8 5.5 6.4 19.2 2.9 8.2 1.8 4.1 5.7 8.1 8.9 11.3 2.3 6.3 3.3 5.0 - - - - - - (8.8) n/a n/a (9.6) (9.9) n/a	As at year year <t< td=""></t<>

Non-traded interest rate risk (excl. Suncorp Bank)

Non-traded interest rate risk is managed by Markets and relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on future net interest income for the Group and current valuation of the banking book. Interest rate risk is reported using various techniques including VaR and scenario analysis based on a 1% rate shock. Suncorp Bank non-traded interest rate risk is not material and not disclosed separately, refer to 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report Note 18 Financial risk management for disclosure of total Group VaR.

99% confidence level (1 day holding period)

		High for	Low for	Avg for		High for	Low for	Avg for
	As at	year	year	year	As at	year	year	year
	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 24 \$M
Value at Risk at 99% confidence								
Australia	99.3	99.3	84.4	91.8	97.7	97.7	70.8	78.9
New Zealand	23.6	25.5	20.6	23.1	27.4	28.2	24.3	25.9
Rest of World	29.7	37.7	22.3	31.5	32.9	39.5	29.0	34.8
Diversification benefit ¹	(51.0)	n/a	n/a	(48.8)	(63.0)	n/a	n/a	(46.9)
Total VaR	101.6	101.8	94.6	97.6	95.0	99.5	81.3	92.7

Impact of 1% rate shock on the next 12 months' net interest income²

	As a	at
	Sep 25	Sep 24
As at period end	1.52%	0.68%
Maximum exposure	1.58%	1.20%
Minimum exposure	1.09%	0.27%
Average exposure (in absolute terms)	1.33%	0.78%

^{1.} The diversification benefit reflects risks that offset across categories. The high and low VaR figures reported for each factor did not necessarily occur on the same day as the high and low VaR reported for the Group as a whole. Consequently, a diversification benefit for high and low would not be meaningful and is therefore omitted from the table.

² Modelled 1% overnight parallel positive shift in the yield curve to determine the potential impact on Net interest income over the next 12 months. This is a standard risk measure which assumes the parallel shift is reflected in all wholesale and customer rates.

New Zealand

Antonia Watson

Table reflects NZD for New Zealand (AUD results shown on page 69)

Table reflects N2D for New Zealand (AOD results shown on page 69)		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 25 NZD M	Mar 25 NZD M	Movt	Sep 25 NZD M	Sep 24 NZD M	Movt
Net interest income	1,802	1,755	3%	3,557	3,408	4%
Other operating income	209	214	-2%	423	433	-2%
Operating income	2,011	1,969	2%	3,980	3,841	4%
Operating expenses	(786)	(759)	4%	(1,545)	(1,492)	4%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,225	1,210	1%	2,435	2,349	4%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	15	5	large	20	(30)	large
Cash profit before income tax	1,240	1,215	2%	2,455	2,319	6%
Income tax expense	(347)	(341)	2%	(688)	(653)	5%
Cash profit	893	874	2%	1,767	1,666	6%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans and advances	139,922	136,454	3%	139,922	134,399	4%
Other external assets	3,619	3,756	-4%	3,619	3,840	-6%
External assets	143,541	140,210	2%	143,541	138,239	4%
Customer deposits	115,612	113,584	2%	115,612	109,810	5%
Other deposits and borrowings	5,329	4,318	23%	5,329	4,147	29%
Deposits and other borrowings	120,941	117,902	3%	120,941	113,957	6%
Other external liabilities	16,385	16,744	-2%	16,385	16,850	-3%
External liabilities	137,326	134,646	2%	137,326	130,807	5%
Risk weighted assets	71,034	65,874	8%	71,034	67,551	5%
Average gross loans and advances	138,997	136,023	2%	137,514	133,299	3%
Average deposits and other borrowings	119,392	116,653	2%	118,026	115,040	3%
Net funds management income	100	99	1%	199	200	-1%
Funds under management	41,853	38,861	8%	41,853	39,663	6%
Average funds under management	40,188	39,431	2%	39,882	39,255	2%
Ratios						
Return on average RWA	2.66%	2.64%		2.65%	2.33%	
Net interest margin	2.60%	2.60%		2.60%	2.57%	
Operating expenses to operating income	39.1%	38.5%		38.8%	38.8%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.10%	1.09%		1.10%	1.09%	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	8	23	-65%	31	45	-31%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA¹	0.01%	0.03%		0.02%	0.03%	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(23)	(28)	-18%	(51)	(15)	large
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a $\%$ of average $\mbox{GLA}^{\mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$	(0.03%)	(0.04%)		(0.04%)	(0.01%)	
Gross impaired assets	172	214	-20%	172	171	1%
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.12%	0.16%		0.12%	0.13%	
Total FTE	6,689	6,680	0%	6,689	6,756	-1%

^{1.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities.

Performance September 2025 v September 2024

Lending volumes increased driven by home loan growth.

- Net interest margin increased driven by favourable lending margin, partially offset by unfavourable deposit margin.
- Other operating income decreased driven by lower card revenue.
- Operating expenses increased driven by inflationary impacts, partially
 offset by lower restructuring expense, lower investment spend, and
 benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment decreased driven by lower collectively assessed credit impairment, and lower individually assessed credit impairment charge.

Performance September 2025 v March 2025

Lending volumes increased driven by home loan growth.

- Net interest margin was flat as favourable lending margin was offset by unfavourable deposit margin.
- Other operating income decreased driven by lower card revenue.
- Operating expenses increased driven by inflationary impacts, higher investment spend, and higher restructuring expense, partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment decreased driven by lower individually assessed credit impairment charge and lower collectively assessed credit impairment.

New Zealand Antonia Watson

Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 NZD M	Mar 25 NZD M	Movt	Sep 25 NZD M	Sep 24 NZD M	Movt	
Personal	15	14	7%	29	23	26%	
Home Loans	3	3	0%	6	4	50%	
Other	12	11	9%	23	19	21%	
Business & Agri	(7)	9	large	2	22	-91%	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	8	23	-65%	31	45	-31%	

Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 NZD M	Mar 25 NZD M	Movt	Sep 25 NZD M	Sep 24 NZD M	Movt	
Personal	(25)	6	large	(19)	(40)	-53%	
Home Loans	14	(14)	large	-	5	-100%	
Other	(39)	20	large	(19)	(45)	-58%	
Business & Agri	2	(34)	large	(32)	25	large	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(23)	(28)	-18%	(51)	(15)	large	

Net loans and advances		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 NZD M				Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Personal	115,598	112,818	110,447	2%	5%	
Home Loans	113,940	111,200	108,806	2%	5%	
Other	1,658	1,618	1,641	2%	1%	
Business & Agri	24,324	23,636	23,952	3%	2%	
Net loans and advances	139,922	136,454	134,399	3%	4%	

Customer deposits	As at			Movement		
	Sep 25 NZD M	Mar 25 NZD M	Sep 24 NZD M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Personal	96,544	94,401	91,814	2%	5%	
Business & Agri	19,068	19,183	17,996	-1%	6%	
Customer deposits	115,612	113,584	109,810	2%	5%	

New Zealand Antonia Watson

September 2025 Full Year	Personal NZD M	Business & Agri NZD M	Central Functions NZD M	Total NZD M
Net interest income	2,590	959	8	3,557
Other operating income	381	43	(1)	423
Operating income	2,971	1,002	7	3,980
Operating expenses	(1,237)	(299)	(9)	(1,545)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,734	703	(2)	2,435
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(10)	30	-	20
Cash profit before income tax	1,724	733	(2)	2,455
Income tax expense	(483)	(205)	-	(688)
Cash profit	1,241	528	(2)	1,767
				-
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	29	2	-	31
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(19)	(32)	-	(51)
Net loans and advances	115,598	24,324	-	139,922
Customer deposits	96,544	19,068	-	115,612
Risk weighted assets	46,034	21,812	3,188	71,034
September 2024 Full Year				
Net interest income	2,383	1,013	12	3,408
Other operating income	386	47	-	433
Operating income	2,769	1,060	12	3,841
Operating expenses	(1,212)	(276)	(4)	(1,492)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,557	784	8	2,349
Credit impairment (charge)/release	17	(47)	-	(30)
Cash profit before income tax	1,574	737	8	2,319
Income tax expense	(444)	(207)	(2)	(653)
Cash profit	1,130	530	6	1,666
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	23	22	-	45
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(40)	25	-	(15)
Net loans and advances	110,447	23,952	-	134,399
Customer deposits	91,814	17,996	_	109,810
Risk weighted assets	42,861	21,776	2,914	67,551
	7	, -	,-	, ,
September 2025 Full Year v September 2024 Full Year				
Net interest income	9%	-5%	-33%	4%
Other operating income	-1%	-9%	n/a	-2%
Operating income	7%	-5%	-42%	4%
Operating expenses	2%	8%	large	4%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	11%	-10%	large	4%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	large	n/a	large
Cash profit before income tax	10%	-1%	large	6%
Income tax expense	9%	-1%	large	5%
Cash profit	10%	0%	large	6%
	000/	040/		0.407
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	26%	-91%	n/a /-	-31%
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	-53%	large	n/a	large
Net loans and advances	5%	2%	n/a	4%
Customer deposits	5%	6%	n/a	5%
Risk weighted assets	7%	0%	9%	5%

New Zealand Antonia Watson

September 2025 Half Year	Personal NZD M	Business & Agri NZD M	Central Functions NZD M	Total NZD M
Net interest income	1,317	481	4	1,802
Other operating income	188	21	-	209
Operating income	1,505	502	4	2,011
Operating expenses	(629)	(153)	(4)	(786)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	876	349	-	1,225
Credit impairment (charge)/release	10	5	-	15
Cash profit before income tax	886	354	-	1,240
Income tax expense	(248)	(99)	-	(347)
Cash profit	638	255	-	893
	45	(7)		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	15	(7)	-	8
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(25)	2	-	(23)
Net loans and advances	115,598	24,324	-	139,922
Customer deposits	96,544	19,068	-	115,612
Risk weighted assets	46,034	21,812	3,188	71,034
March 2025 Half Year Net interest income	1,273	478	4	1,755
	1,273	476 22		214
Other operating income			(1)	
Operating income	1,466	500		1,969
Operating expenses	(608)	(146)	(5)	(759)
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	858	354	(2)	1,210
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(20)	25	- (2)	5
Cash profit before income tax	838	379	(2)	1,215
Income tax expense	(235)	(106)	- (2)	(341)
Cash profit	603	273	(2)	874
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	14	9	-	23
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	6	(34)	-	(28)
Net loans and advances	112,818	23,636	-	136,454
Customer deposits	94,401	19,183	-	113,584
Risk weighted assets	42,158	20,581	3,135	65,874
September 2025 Half Year v March 2025 Half Year				
Net interest income	3%	1%	0%	3%
Other operating income	-3%	-5%	large	-2%
Operating income	3%	0%	33%	2%
Operating expenses	3%	5%	-20%	4%
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	2%	-1%	large	1%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	-80%	n/a	large
Cash profit before income tax	6%	-7%	large	2%
Income tax expense	6%	-7%	n/a	2%
Cash profit	6%	-7%	large	2%
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	7%	large	n/a	-65%
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	large	large	n/a	-18%
Net loans and advances	2%	3%	n/a	3%
Customer deposits	2%	-1%	n/a	2%
Risk weighted assets	9%	6%	2%	8%
Then meighted decore	370	070	∠ /∪	0 70

New Zealand

Antonia Watson

Table reflects AUD for New Zealand (NZD results shown on page 65)

Table reflects AUD for New Zealand (NZD results shown on page 65)		Half Vana			Full Vasa			
		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income	1,650	1,589	4%	3,239	3,143	3%		
Other operating income	192	193	-1%	385	399	-4%		
Operating income	1,842	1,782	3%	3,624	3,542	2%		
Operating expenses	(722)	(685)	5%	(1,407)	(1,376)	2%		
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,120	1,097	2%	2,217	2,166	2%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	15	4	large	19	(28)	large		
Cash profit before income tax	1,135	1,101	3%	2,236	2,138	5%		
Income tax expense	(318)	(309)	3%	(627)	(602)	4%		
Cash profit	817	792	3%	1,609	1,536	5%		
Consisting of:								
Personal	583	547	7%	1,130	1,042	8%		
Business & Agri	234	247	-5%	481	489	-2%		
Central Functions	-	(2)	-100%	(2)	5	large		
Cash profit	817	792	3%	1,609	1,536	5%		
Balance Sheet								
Net loans and advances	122,925	124,052	-1%	122,925	123,504	0%		
Other external assets	3,179	3,415	-7%	3,179	3,528	-10%		
External assets	126,104	127,467	-1%	126,104	127,032	-1%		
Customer deposits	101,568	103,260	-2%	101,568	100,907	1%		
Other deposits and borrowings	4,682	3,926	19%	4,682	3,811	23%		
Deposits and other borrowings	106,250	107,186	-1%	106,250	104,718	1%		
Other external liabilities	14,394	15,222	-5%	14,394	15,485	-7%		
External liabilities	120,644	122,408	-1%	120,644	120,203	0%		
Risk weighted assets	62,405	59,887	4%	62,405	62,075	1%		
Average gross loans and advances	127,290	123,167	3%	125,234	122,922	2%		
Average deposits and other borrowings	109,335	105,628	4%	107,486	106,084	1%		
Net funds management income	91	90	1%	181	185	-2%		
Funds under management	36,768	35,328	4%	36,768	36,448	1%		
Average funds under management	36,802	35,704	3%	36,319	36,200	0%		
Ratios								
Return on average RWA	2.66%	2.64%		2.65%	2.33%			
Net interest margin	2.60%	2.60%		2.60%	2.57%			
Operating expenses to operating income	39.1%	38.5%		38.8%	38.8%			
Operating expenses to average assets	1.10%	1.09%		1.10%	1.09%			
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	7	21	-67%	28	42	-33%		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA ¹	0.01%	0.03%		0.02%	0.03%			
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(22)	(25)	-12%	(47)	(14)	large		
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a $\%$ of average $\mbox{GLA}^{\mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$	(0.03%)	(0.04%)		(0.04%)	(0.01%)			
Gross impaired assets	151	195	-23%	151	158	-4%		
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.12%	0.16%		0.12%	0.13%			
Total FTE	6,689	6,680	0%	6,689	6,756	-1%		

^{1.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities.

Suncorp Bank

Bruce Rush

The reported results for the September 2024 full year includes 2 months results for Suncorp Bank.

		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income ¹	817	823	-1%	1,640	251	large		
Other operating income	36	30	20%	66	6	large		
Operating income	853	853	0%	1,706	257	large		
Operating expenses	(640)	(433)	48%	(1,073)	(188)	large		
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	213	420	-49%	633	69	large		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(25)	(11)	large	(36)	(243)	-85%		
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	188	409	-54%	597	(174)	large		
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(56)	(123)	-54%	(179)	52	large		
Cash profit/(loss)	132	286	-54%	418	(122)	large		
Balance Sheet								
Net loans and advances	73,214	71,517	2%	73,214	70,871	3%		
Other external assets ²	16,155	17,268	-6%	16,155	16,314	-1%		
External assets	89,369	88,785	1%	89,369	87,185	3%		
Customer deposits	56,242	55,586	1%	56,242	54,715	3%		
Other external liabilities	26,549	26,897	-1%	26,549	26,895	-1%		
External liabilities	82,791	82,483	0%	82,791	81,610	1%		
Risk weighted assets	36,178	33,280	9%	36,178	33,422	8%		
Average gross loans and advances ³	72,957	71,327	2%	72,144	11,916	large		
Average deposits and other borrowings ³	63,533	62,837	1%	63,186	10,488	large		
Ratios								
Return on average RWA	0.77%	1.72%		1.24%	-2.21%			
Net interest margin	2.05%	2.12%		2.08%	1.93%			
Operating expenses to operating income	75.0%	50.8%		62.9%	73.2%			
Operating expenses to average assets	1.42%	1.00%		1.21%	1.30%			
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	9	14	-36%	23	(1)	large		
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a $\%$ of average $\mbox{GLA}^{3,4}$	0.02%	0.04%		0.03%	(0.01%)			
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	16	(3)	large	13	244	-95%		
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA ^{3,4}	0.04%	(0.01%)		0.02%	2.05%			
Gross impaired assets	162	123	32%	162	66	large		
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.22%	0.17%		0.22%	0.09%			
Total FTE	2,671	2,791	-4%	2,671	2,798	-5%		

September 2025 half includes \$36 million from unwinding of acquisition related fair value adjustments recognised against loans and advances, deposits and debt issuance over the residual maturities of the underlying financial assets and liabilities (Mar 25 half: \$50 million; Sep 24 full year: nil).

Performance September 2025 v September 2024

As Suncorp Bank was acquired by the Group on 31 July 2024, the reported results for the September 2025 and 2024 full years include 12 months and 2 months results respectively.

September 2024 full year included Suncorp Bank acquisition related adjustments. The after-tax charge of \$196 million comprised collectively assessed credit impairment charge of \$244 million from acquisition accounting adjustment in respect of the acquired Suncorp Bank performing loans and advances, accelerated software amortisation expense of \$36 million, and income tax expense of \$84 million.

Performance September 2025 v March 2025

Lending volumes increased driven by home loan growth.

- Net interest margin decreased driven by lower unwind of PPA fair value adjustment, lower asset margin from pricing competition, and unfavourable deposit margin, partially offset by higher earnings on replicating portfolio.
- Operating expenses increased driven by restructuring expenses relating to migration associated expenses, partially offset by benefits from productivity initiatives.
- Credit impairment increased driven by higher collectively assessed credit impairment, partially offset by lower individually assessed credit impairment.

^{2 30} September 2025 includes final goodwill of \$1,346 million (provisional balance prior to PPA completion as at Mar 25: \$1,205 million; Sep 24: \$1,402 million). Refer to Note 8 Suncorp Bank acquisition for further information.

³ September 2024 full year based on 2 months of balances from the date of acquisition.

^{4.} Credit impairment charge/(release) used in the ratio relates to gross loans and advances and off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent liabilities.

Pacific Antonia Watson

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	53	55	-4%	108	123	-12%	
Other operating income	45	44	2%	89	91	-2%	
Operating income	98	99	-1%	197	214	-8%	
Operating expenses	(70)	(74)	-5%	(144)	(138)	4%	
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	28	25	12%	53	76	-30%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	1	3	-67%	4	8	-50%	
Cash profit before income tax	29	28	4%	57	84	-32%	
Income tax expense	(5)	(7)	-29%	(12)	(22)	-45%	
Non-controlling interests	(1)	(1)	0%	(2)	(2)	0%	
Cash profit	23	20	15%	43	60	-28%	
Balance Sheet							
Net loans and advances	1,698	1,749	-3%	1,698	1,665	2%	
Customer deposits	3,733	3,718	0%	3,733	3,565	5%	
Risk weighted assets	3,767	3,762	0%	3,767	3,588	5%	
Total FTE	986	1,014	-3%	986	985	0%	

Group Centre

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Share of associates' profit/(loss)	38	38	0%	76	105	-28%	
PT Panin impairment	(285)	-	n/a	(285)	-	n/a	
Operating income (other)	210	201	4%	411	409	0%	
Operating income	(37)	239	large	202	514	-61%	
Operating expenses ¹	(1,087)	(553)	97%	(1,640)	(1,141)	44%	
Cash profit/(loss) before credit impairment and income tax	(1,124)	(314)	large	(1,438)	(627)	large	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(6)	-	n/a	(6)	(2)	large	
Cash profit/(loss) before income tax	(1,130)	(314)	large	(1,444)	(629)	large	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	178	64	large	242	106	large	
Non-controlling interests	(19)	(20)	-5%	(39)	(33)	18%	
Cash profit/(loss)	(971)	(270)	large	(1,241)	(556)	large	
Risk weighted assets	16,664	25,938	-36%	16,664	18,200	-8%	
Total FTE	11,481	11,838	-3%	11,481	11,433	0%	

^{1.} September 2025 half includes staff redundancies of \$198 million and Cashrewards goodwill impairment of \$78 million.

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Non-IFRS information

Statutory profit is prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, which comply with IFRS. The Group provides additional measures of performance in the Results Announcement which are prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. The guidance provided in ASIC Regulatory Guide 230 has been followed when presenting this information.

Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Cash profit represents the Group's preferred measure of the result of the core business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit (refer to Definitions on pages 107 to 109 for further information). The adjustments made in arriving at cash profit are included in statutory profit which is subject to audit within the context of the external auditor's audit of the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report. Cash profit is not subject to audit by the external auditor. A number of intangible assets were recognised as part of the Suncorp Bank acquisition accounting and the amortisation of these intangible assets is treated as a cash profit adjustment from the March 2025 half. Except for this new item, the cash profit adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

Half Year			Full Year			
Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%	
39	(167)	large	(128)	264	large	
(112)	36	large	(76)	(74)	3%	
43	57	-25%	100	-	n/a	
(30)	(74)	-59%	(104)	190	large	
2,219	3,568	-38%	5,787	6,725	-14%	
	39 (112) 43 (30)	Sep 25 Mar 25 \$M 3,642 39 (167) (112) 36 43 57 (30) (74)	Sep 25 Mar 25 \$M Movt 2,249 3,642 -38% 39 (167) large (112) 36 large 43 57 -25% (30) (74) -59%	Sep 25 Mar 25 \$M Movt \$M 2,249 3,642 -38% 5,891 39 (167) large (128) (112) 36 large (76) 43 57 -25% 100 (30) (74) -59% (104)	Sep 25 \$M Mar 25 \$M Sep 25 \$M Sep 25 \$M Sep 24 \$M 2,249 3,642 -38% 5,891 6,535 39 (167) large (128) 264 (112) 36 large (76) (74) 43 57 -25% 100 - (30) (74) -59% (104) 190	

Explanation of adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Economic hedges

The Group enters into economic hedges to manage its interest rate and foreign exchange risk which, in accordance with accounting standards, result in fair value gains and losses being recognised in the Income Statement. This includes gains and losses arising from approved classes of derivatives not designated in accounting hedge relationships, but which are considered to be economic hedges, as well as ineffectiveness from designated accounting hedges.

Economic hedges comprise:

- Derivatives (primarily cross currency interest rate swaps) used to convert the proceeds of foreign currency debt issuances into floating rate
 Australian dollar and New Zealand dollar debt that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The main drivers of these fair value movements are
 currency basis spreads and Australian dollar and New Zealand dollar fluctuations against other major funding currencies.
- Economic hedges of select structured finance and specialised leasing transactions that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The main drivers of these fair value adjustments are movements in the Australian and New Zealand term structure of interest rates.
- Ineffectiveness arising from differences in certain factors between the hedged items and the hedging instruments.

The Group removes the fair value adjustments from cash profit since the profit or loss will reverse over time to match with the profit or loss from the underlying hedged item.

In the September 2025 full year, the gains on economic hedges related to funding-related swaps mainly from the strengthening of the USD against the AUD and NZD.

· Revenue and expense hedges

The Group enters into economic hedges to manage exposures from larger foreign exchange denominated revenue and expense streams, primarily NZD and USD (and USD correlated). In the September 2025 full year, the gain on revenue and expense hedges was driven by the appreciation of AUD against the NZD.

· Amortisation of acquired intangible assets

The acquisition of Suncorp Bank resulted in the recognition of intangible assets of \$685 million comprising core deposit and brand intangibles, which are being amortised over their useful lives ranging between 3 to 6 years. The amortisation is removed from cash profit as the assets and associated amortisation only arise through acquisition accounting and would not occur in the ordinary course of business.

Reconciliation of statutory profit to cash profit

		Adjustments to statutory profit					
	Statutory profit	Economic hedges \$M	Revenue and expense hedges \$M	Amortisation of acquired intangible assets \$M	Total adjustments to statutory profit \$M	Cash profit	
September 2025 Full Year	\$M	\$IVI	\$IVI	\$IVI	\$IVI	\$M	
Net interest income	17,961	-	_	-	_	17,961	
Other operating income	4,225	(178)	(109)	-	(287)	3,938	
Operating income	22,186	(178)	(109)	-	(287)	21,899	
Operating expenses	(13,023)		-	143	143	(12,880)	
Profit/(Loss) before credit impairment and tax	9,163	(178)	(109)	143	(144)	9,019	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(441)	-	-	-	-	(441)	
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	8,722	(178)	(109)	143	(144)	8,578	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(2,790)	50	33	(43)	40	(2,750)	
Non-controlling interests	(41)	-	-	-	-	(41)	
Profit/(Loss)	5,891	(128)	(76)	100	(104)	5,787	
September 2024 Full Year							
Net interest income	16,069	-	-	-	-	16,069	
Other operating income	4,478	368	(106)	-	262	4,740	
Operating income	20,547	368	(106)	-	262	20,809	
Operating expenses	(10,741)	-	-	-	-	(10,741)	
Profit/(Loss) before credit impairment and tax	9,806	368	(106)	-	262	10,068	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(406)	-	-	-	-	(406)	
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	9,400	368	(106)	-	262	9,662	
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(2,830)	(104)	32	-	(72)	(2,902)	
Non-controlling interests	(35)	-	-	-	-	(35)	
Profit/(Loss)	6,535	264	(74)	-	190	6,725	

	_	Adjustments to statutory profit							
	Statutory profit	Economic hedges	Revenue and expense hedges	Amortisation of acquired intangible assets	Total adjustments to statutory profit	Cash profit			
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M			
September 2025 Half Year									
Net interest income	9,092	-	-	-	-	9,092			
Other operating income	1,915	58	(161)	-	(103)	1,812			
Operating income	11,007	58	(161)	-	(103)	10,904			
Operating expenses	(7,199)	-	-	61	61	(7,138)			
Profit/(Loss) before credit impairment and tax	3,808	58	(161)	61	(42)	3,766			
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(296)	-	-	-	-	(296)			
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	3,512	58	(161)	61	(42)	3,470			
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(1,243)	(19)	49	(18)	12	(1,231)			
Non-controlling interests	(20)	-	-	-	-	(20)			
Profit/(Loss)	2,249	39	(112)	43	(30)	2,219			
March 2025 Half Year									
Net interest income	8,869	-	-	_	_	8,869			
Other operating income	2,310	(236)	52	-	(184)	2,126			
Operating income	11,179	(236)	52	-	(184)	10,995			
Operating expenses	(5,824)	-	-	82	82	(5,742)			
Profit/(Loss) before credit impairment and tax	5,355	(236)	52	82	(102)	5,253			
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(145)	-	-	-	-	(145)			
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	5,210	(236)	52	82	(102)	5,108			
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(1,547)	69	(16)	(25)	28	(1,519)			
Non-controlling interests	(21)	-	-	-	-	(21)			
Profit/(Loss)	3,642	(167)	36	57	(74)	3,568			

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		Half Year			Full Year		
	Note	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
Interest income ¹		31,189	32,734	-5%	63,923	60,639	5%
Interest expense		(22,097)	(23,865)	-7%	(45,962)	(44,570)	3%
Net interest income	1	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%
Other operating income	1	1,915	2,310	-17%	4,225	4,478	-6%
Operating income		11,007	11,179	-2%	22,186	20,547	8%
Operating expenses	2	(7,199)	(5,824)	24%	(13,023)	(10,741)	21%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax		3,808	5,355	-29%	9,163	9,806	-7%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	5	(296)	(145)	large	(441)	(406)	9%
Profit before income tax		3,512	5,210	-33%	8,722	9,400	-7%
Income tax expense		(1,243)	(1,547)	-20%	(2,790)	(2,830)	-1%
Profit for the period		2,269	3,663	-38%	5,932	6,570	-10%
Comprising:							
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	7	20	21	-5%	41	35	17%
Earnings per ordinary share (cents)							
Basic	3	75.6	122.5	-38%	198.2	217.9	-9%
Diluted	3	75.4	119.3	-37%	196.5	215.1	-9%
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)		83	83	0%	166	166	0%

Includes interest income calculated using effective interest method on financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income of \$28,756 million for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$30,274 million, Sep 24 full year: \$55,678 million).

		Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
Profit for the period	5,932	6,570	-10%		
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Investment securities - equity securities at FVOCI	(207)	(25)	large		
Other reserve movements ¹	(59)	(17)	large		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Foreign currency translation reserve	(602)	(930)	-35%		
Cash flow hedge reserve	843	2,069	-59%		
Other reserve movements	508	(774)	large		
Income tax attributable to the above items	(316)	(388)	-19%		
Share of associates' other comprehensive income ²	12	(23)	large		
Total comprehensive income for the period	6,111	6,482	-6%		
Comprising total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Company	6,105	6,457	-5%		
Non-controlling interests ¹	6	25	-76%		

^{1.} Includes foreign currency translation differences attributable to non-controlling interests of -\$35 million (Sep 24 full year: \$10 million).

Share of associates' other comprehensive income, that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, includes:

	Sep 25 full year \$M	Sep 24 full year \$M
FVOCI reserve gain/(loss)	18	(10)
Defined benefits gain/(loss)	(6)	(13)
Total	12	(23)

		As at			Movement		
Assets	Note	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Cash and cash equivalents		155,211	195,791	150,967	-21%	3%	
Settlement balances owed to ANZ		23,394	6,225	5,484	large	large	
Collateral paid		9,831	10,464	10,090	-6%	-3%	
Trading assets		48,248	45,745	45,755	5%	5%	
Derivative financial instruments		47,480	49,552	54,370	-4%	-13%	
Investment securities		165,693	155,377	140,549	7%	18%	
Net loans and advances	4	829,456	820,202	803,382	1%	3%	
Regulatory deposits		541	644	665	-16%	-19%	
Investments in associates		1,142	1,496	1,444	-24%	-21%	
Current tax assets		33	256	46	-87%	-28%	
Deferred tax assets		3,287	3,128	3,254	5%	1%	
Goodwill and other intangible assets		5,765	5,865	5,511	-2%	5%	
Premises and equipment		2,144	2,172	2,222	-1%	-4%	
Other assets		4,883	5,692	5,376	-14%	-9%	
Total assets		1,297,108	1,302,609	1,229,115	0%	6%	
Liabilities							
Settlement balances owed by ANZ		31,144	16,085	16,188	94%	92%	
Collateral received		7,428	10,129	6,583	-27%	13%	
Deposits and other borrowings	6	955,064	972,219	903,554	-2%	6%	
Derivative financial instruments		43,902	44,279	55,254	-1%	-21%	
Current tax liabilities		537	394	360	36%	49%	
Deferred tax liabilities		228	205	78	11%	large	
Payables and other liabilities		14,493	15,047	17,851	-4%	-19%	
Employee entitlements		690	656	646	5%	7%	
Other provisions		2,481	1,709	1,585	45%	57%	
Debt issuances		169,274	169,555	156,388	0%	8%	
Total liabilities		1,225,241	1,230,278	1,158,487	0%	6%	
Net assets		71,867	72,331	70,628	-1%	2%	
Shareholders' equity							
Ordinary share capital	7	28,191	27,860	28,182	1%	0%	
Reserves	7	(1,555)	(990)	(1,774)	57%	-12%	
Retained earnings	7	44,492	44,697	43,449	0%	2%	
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company		71,128	71,567	69,857	-1%	2%	
Non-controlling interests	7	739	764	771	-3%	-4%	
Total shareholders' equity		71,867	72,331	70,628	-1%	2%	

	Full `	Year
	Sep 25	Sep 24
Profit for the period	\$M 5,932	\$M 6,570
Tront for the period	0,302	0,070
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:		
Allowance for expected credit losses	441	406
Impairment of investment in associates	285	-
Goodwill and other intangible assets impairments	149	9
Depreciation and amortisation	1,083	926
Net derivatives/foreign exchange adjustment	3,868	3,244
(Gain)/loss on sale from divestments	-	21
Other non-cash movements	47	12
Net (increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
Collateral paid	579	(1,968)
Trading assets	(20,740)	(3,204)
Net loans and advances	(29,358)	(33,546)
Other assets	13	(294)
Net increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Deposits and other borrowings	50,405	41,945
Settlement balances owed by ANZ	15,331	(2,905)
Collateral received	595	(3,368)
Other liabilities	(2,520)	2,104
Total adjustments	20,178	3,382
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities ¹	26,110	9,952
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of Suncorp Bank, net of cash acquired	-	(4,914)
Investment securities assets:		
Purchases	(83,296)	(84,777)
Proceeds from sale or maturity	59,813	47,542
Proceeds from divestments, net of cash disposed	-	668
Net investments in other assets	(453)	(640)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	(23,936)	(42,121)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Deposits and other borrowings (repaid) / drawn down	(1,429)	(1,014)
Debt issuances: ²		50.004
Issue proceeds	45,938	50,604
Redemptions	(38,584)	(25,367)
Dividends paid ³	(4,573)	(5,252)
On-market purchase of treasury shares	(126)	(126)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(323)	(309)
Share buy-back ANZ Pank New Zealand Paynetual Professora Shares	(291)	(883)
ANZ Bank New Zealand Perpetual Preference Shares	-	252
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	612	17,905
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,786	(14,264)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	150,967	168,154
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Cook and each equivalents at and of paried	1,458	(2,923)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	155,211	150,967

Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities includes interest received of \$63,968 million (Sep 24 full year: \$59,618 million), interest paid of \$48,869 million (Sep 24 full year: \$43,476 million) and income taxes paid of \$3,080 million (Sep 24 full year: \$2,925 million).

² Non-cash movements on debt issuances include a loss of \$5,542 million (Sep 24 full year: \$711 million gain) from unrealised movements primarily due to fair value hedge adjustments and foreign exchange differences.

^{3.} Cash outflow for shares purchased to satisfy the dividend reinvestment plan are classified in Dividends paid.

	Ordinary share capital	Reserves	Retained earnings	Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	Non- controlling interests	Total shareholders' equity
As at 1 October 2023	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
	29,082	(1,735)	42,148	69,495	522	70,017
Profit for the period	-	-	6,535	6,535	35	6,570
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	(58)	(20)	(78)	(10)	(88)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	(58)	6,515	6,457	25	6,482
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:						
Dividends paid	-	-	(5,220)	(5,220)	(32)	(5,252)
Share buy-back ²	(883)	-	-	(883)	-	(883)
Other equity movements:						
Employee share and option plans	(17)	25	4	12	-	12
ANZ Bank New Zealand Perpetual Preference Shares ³	-	-	(4)	(4)	256	252
Other items	-	(6)	6	-	-	-
As at 30 September 2024	28,182	(1,774)	43,449	69,857	771	70,628
Profit for the period	-	-	5,891	5,891	41	5,932
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	237	(23)	214	(35)	179
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	237	5,868	6,105	6	6,111
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:						
Dividends paid	-	-	(4,847)	(4,847)	(38)	(4,885)
Dividend reinvestment plan ¹	312	-	-	312	-	312
Share buy-back ²	(291)	-	-	(291)	-	(291)
Other equity movements:						
Employee share and option plans	(12)	-	2	(10)	-	(10)
Other items	-	(18)	20	2	-	2
As at 30 September 2025	28,191	(1,555)	44,492	71,128	739	71,867

^{10.8} million shares were issued under the dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) for the 2025 interim dividend (2024 final dividend: nil, 2024 interim dividend: nil, 2023 final dividend: nil). On-market share purchases for the DRP were \$192 million (2024: \$535 million).

The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back on 3 July 2024. This resulted in 9.7 million shares (\$291 million) being cancelled during the September 2025 full year (Sep 24 full year: 29.8 million shares (\$883 million)). The Group ceased the remaining \$826 million share buy-back on 13 October 2025.

Perpetual preference shares issued by ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited, a member of the Group, are considered non-controlling interests to the Group. Refer to Note 7 Shareholders' equity for further information.

Basis of preparation

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report (when released) and any public announcements made by ANZGHL and its controlled entities (the Group) for the year ended 30 September 2025 in accordance with the continuous disclosure obligations under the *Corporations Act 2001* and the *ASX Listing Rules*.

1. Income

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income							
Interest income	31,189	32,734	-5%	63,923	60,639	5%	
Interest expense	(21,866)	(23,645)	-8%	(45,511)	(44,181)	3%	
Major bank levy	(231)	(220)	5%	(451)	(389)	16%	
Net interest income	9,092	8,869	3%	17,961	16,069	12%	
Other operating income							
Lending fees ¹	221	215	3%	436	420	4%	
Non-lending fees	1,191	1,156	3%	2,347	2,334	1%	
Commissions	34	29	17%	63	75	-16%	
Funds management income	127	124	2%	251	241	4%	
Fee and commission income	1,573	1,524	3%	3,097	3,070	1%	
Fee and commission expense	(576)	(620)	-7%	(1,196)	(1,085)	10%	
Net fee and commission income	997	904	10%	1,901	1,985	-4%	
Net foreign exchange earnings and other financial instruments income ²	1,070	1,276	-16%	2,346	2,166	8%	
Net income from insurance business	49	46	7%	95	122	-22%	
Share of associates' profit/(loss)	38	38	0%	76	105	-28%	
Release of foreign currency translation reserve on dissolution of entities	-	15	-100%	15	22	-32%	
Loss on disposal of investment in AmBank	-	-	n/a	-	(21)	-100%	
PT Panin impairment	(285)	-	n/a	(285)	-	n/a	
Other	46	31	48%	77	99	-22%	
Other income	918	1,406	-35%	2,324	2,493	-7%	
Other operating income	1,915	2,310	-17%	4,225	4,478	-6%	
Operating income	11,007	11,179	-2%	22,186	20,547	8%	

Lending fees exclude fees treated as part of the effective yield calculation in interest income.

¹ Includes fair value movements (excluding realised and accrued interest) on derivatives not designated as accounting hedges entered into to manage interest rate and foreign exchange risk, ineffective portions of cash flow hedges, and fair value movements in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

2. Operating expenses

		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt		
i) Personnel								
Salaries and related costs	3,045	2,946	3%	5,991	5,506	9%		
Superannuation costs	259	249	4%	508	446	14%		
Equity-settled share-based payments	61	61	0%	122	141	-13%		
Other	78	56	39%	134	85	58%		
Personnel	3,443	3,312	4%	6,755	6,178	9%		
ii) Premises								
Rent	39	48	-19%	87	74	18%		
Depreciation	216	215	0%	431	407	6%		
Other	107	85	26%	192	178	8%		
Premises	362	348	4%	710	659	8%		
iii) Technology								
Depreciation and amortisation	265	235	13%	500	505	-1%		
Subscription licences and outsourced services	698	633	10%	1,331	1,155	15%		
Other	223	189	18%	412	255	62%		
Technology	1,186	1,057	12%	2,243	1,915	17%		
iv) Restructuring ¹	687	85	large	772	235	large		
v) Other								
Advertising and public relations	113	107	6%	220	210	5%		
Professional fees	559	397	41%	956	770	24%		
Freight, stationery, postage and communication	96	83	16%	179	170	5%		
Card processing fees	43	45	-4%	88	108	-19%		
Amortisation and impairment of other intangible assets ²	65	85	-24%	150	13	large		
Non-lending losses, frauds and forgeries ³	322	61	large	383	83	large		
Cashrewards goodwill impairment	78	-	n/a	78	-	n/a		
Other	245	244	0%	489	400	22%		
Other	1,521	1,022	49%	2,543	1,754	45%		
Operating expenses	7,199	5,824	24%	13,023	10,741	21%		

^{1.} September 2025 half includes \$585 million of staff redundancies, \$97 million of non-staff costs relating to Suncorp Bank migration, and \$5 million various other small items.

² September 2025 half includes \$61 million amortisation of acquired intangible assets recognised as part of the acquisition accounting relating to the Suncorp Bank acquisition (Mar 25 half: \$82 million; Sep 24 full year: nil).

³ September 2025 half includes \$240 million of ASIC penalties.

3. Earnings per share

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Movt	Sep 25	Sep 24	Movt	
Earnings per share							
Basic earnings per share (cents)	75.6	122.5	-38%	198.2	217.9	-9%	
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	75.4	119.3	-37%	196.5	215.1	-9%	
Reconciliation of earnings used in earnings per share calculations							
Basic:							
Profit for the period (\$M)	2,269	3,663	-38%	5,932	6,570	-10%	
Less: Profit attributable to non-controlling interests (\$M)	20	21	-5%	41	35	17%	
Earnings used in calculating basic earnings per share (\$M)	2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%	
Diluted:							
Earnings used in calculating basic earnings per share (\$M)	2,249	3,642	-38%	5,891	6,535	-10%	
Add: Interest on convertible subordinated debt (\$M)	-	198	-100%	357	420	-15%	
Earnings used in calculating diluted earnings per share (\$M)	2,249	3,840	-41%	6,248	6,955	-10%	
Reconciliation of weighted average number of ordinary shares (WANOS) used in earnings per share calculations ¹							
WANOS used in calculating basic earnings per share (M)	2,973.3	2,971.9	0%	2,972.6	2,998.4	-1%	
Add: Weighted average dilutive potential ordinary shares (M) ²	8.4	245.8	-97%	207.3	235.6	-12%	
WANOS used in calculating diluted earnings per share (M)	2,981.7	3,217.7	-7%	3,179.9	3,234.0	-2%	

WANOS excludes the weighted average number of treasury shares held in ANZEST Pty Ltd of 4.2 million for the September 2025 half and 4.3 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: 4.5 million; Sep 24 full year: 5.3 million).

² For the September 2025 half, dilutive potential ordinary shares include share-based payments (options, rights, and deferred shares). For the March 2025 half, September 25 and September 24 full years, dilutive potential ordinary shares includes convertible subordinated debt and share-based payments (options, rights, and deferred shares).

4. Net loans and advances

		As at			ment
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Australia					•
Overdrafts	4,615	4,479	4,685	3%	-1%
Credit cards outstanding	5,119	5,211	5,565	-2%	-8%
Commercial bills outstanding	3,739	4,072	4,401	-8%	-15%
Term loans - housing	401,534	391,719	382,030	3%	5%
Term loans - non-housing	204,024	193,271	190,616	6%	7%
Other	955	916	919	4%	4%
Total Australia	619,986	599,668	588,216	3%	5%
New Zealand					
Overdrafts	1,010	1,011	1,003	0%	1%
Credit cards outstanding	1,080	1,126	1,142	-4%	-5%
Term loans - housing	102,011	103,090	102,099	-1%	0%
Term loans - non-housing	35,601	34,852	35,613	2%	0%
Total New Zealand	139,702	140,079	139,857	0%	0%
Rest of World					
Overdrafts	394	585	421	-33%	-6%
Credit cards outstanding	6	6	6	0%	0%
Term loans - housing	452	454	425	0%	6%
Term loans - non-housing	68,931	79,420	74,405	-13%	-7%
Other	-	_	5	n/a	-100%
Total Rest of World	69,783	80,465	75,262	-13%	-7%
Subtotal	829,471	820,212	803,335	1%	3%
Unearned income ¹	(641)	(584)	(515)	10%	24%
Capitalised brokerage and other origination costs ¹	4,500	4,335	4,237	4%	6%
Gross loans and advances	833,330	823,963	807,057	1%	3%
	/ a ==	(0.704)	(0.075)	22.	
Allowance for ECL (refer to Note 5)	(3,874)	(3,761)	(3,675)	3%	5%
Net loans and advances	829,456	820,202	803,382	1%	3%

Amortised over the expected life of the loan.

5. Allowance for expected credit losses

The Group's assessment of expected credit losses (ECL) from its credit portfolio is subject to judgements and estimates made by management based on a variety of internal and external information, as well as the Group's experience of the performance of the portfolio under a variety of conditions with further information provided on page 91.

					As at					
		Sep 25			Mar 25			Sep 24		
	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M	
Net loans and advances at amortised cost	3,512	362	3,874	3,415	346	3,761	3,372	303	3,675	
Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities	833	37	870	834	18	852	841	5	846	
Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost	34	-	34	31	-	31	34	-	34	
Total	4,379	399	4,778	4,280	364	4,644	4,247	308	4,555	
Other Comprehensive Income										
Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI ¹	13	-	13	21	-	21	20	-	20	

For FVOCI assets, the allowance for ECL does not alter the carrying amount which remains at fair value. Instead, the allowance for ECL is recognised in Other comprehensive income with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

The following tables present the movement in the allowance for ECL.

Net loans and advances at amortised cost

Allowance for ECL is included in Net loans and advances. Stage 3 Collectively Individually Total Stage 1 Stage 2 assessed assessed \$M \$M \$M \$M \$M As at 1 October 2023 1,227 1,624 329 366 3,546 Transfer between stages 269 (300)(103)134 New and increased provisions (net of releases)¹ (203) 337 214 676 328 (177)(177)Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries) (316)(316)Foreign currency translation and other movements² (17)(8) 3 (32)(54)As at 30 September 2024 1,276 1,653 443 303 3,675 Transfer between stages 147 (160)(61)74 New and increased provisions (net of releases) (214)198 109 210 303 Write-backs (67)(67)Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries) (172)(172)Foreign currency translation and other movements² 17 (1) 8 (2) 22 As at 31 March 2025 1,226 1,690 499 346 3,761 Transfer between stages 204 (174)(117)87 233 389 New and increased provisions (net of releases) (83)54 185 Write-backs (70)(70)Bad debts written-off (excluding recoveries) (174)(174)6 Foreign currency translation and other movements² (14)(12)(12)(32)As at 30 September 2025 1,333 1,558 621 362 3,874

Includes Suncorp Bank acquisition related collectively assessed allowance for ECL. Under accounting standards, these were initially recognised as Stage 1, and where relevant moving to Stage 2 after the date of acquisition, all presented within New and increased provisions (net of releases).

² Other movements include the impact of discounting on expected cash flows for individually assessed allowances for ECL.

5. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

Off-balance sheet commitments - undrawn and contingent facilities

Allowance for ECL is included in Other provisions.

	Stage 1 \$M			Stag	
		Stage 2 \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M
As at 1 October 2023	630	162	25	10	827
Transfer between stages	34	(31)	(3)	-	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	10	27	3	3	43
Write-backs	-	-	-	(7)	(7)
Foreign currency translation	(16)	(2)	2	(1)	(17)
As at 30 September 2024	658	156	27	5	846
Transfer between stages	19	(18)	(2)	1	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(60)	26	6	14	(14)
Write-backs	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
Foreign currency translation	23	-	(1)	-	22
As at 31 March 2025	640	164	30	18	852
Transfer between stages	22	(21)	(4)	3	-
New and increased provisions (net of releases)	(6)	20	3	16	33
Write-backs	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Foreign currency translation	(13)	(3)	1	1	(14)
As at 30 September 2025	643	160	30	37	870

Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost

Allowance for ECL is included in Investment securities.			Stag		
	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M
As at 30 September 2024	34	-	-	-	34
As at 31 March 2025	31	-	-	-	31
As at 30 September 2025	34	-	-	-	34

Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI

For FVOCI assets, the allowance for ECL does not alter the carrying amount which remains at fair value. Instead, the allowance for ECL is recognised in Other comprehensive income with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

			Stag	je 3	
	Stage 1 \$M	Stage 2 \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Total \$M
As at 30 September 2024	20	-	-	-	20
As at 31 March 2025	21	-	-	-	21
As at 30 September 2025	13	-	-	-	13

5. Allowance for expected credit losses, cont'd

Credit impairment charge/(release) analysis

	Half Year				Full Year	
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Movt	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Movt
New and increased provisions (net of releases) ^{1,2}						
- Collectively assessed	128	(14)	large	114	262	-56%
- Individually assessed	295	301	-2%	596	465	28%
Write-backs ³	(71)	(69)	3%	(140)	(184)	-24%
Recoveries of amounts previously written off	(56)	(73)	-23%	(129)	(137)	-6%
Total credit impairment charge/(release)	296	145	large	441	406	9%

^{1.} Includes the impact of transfers between collectively assessed and individually assessed.

^{2.} New and increased provisions (net of releases) includes:

	Sep 2	Sep 25 half Mar 25 half		Sep 25 full year		Sep 24 full year		
	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M	Collectively assessed \$M	Individually assessed \$M
Net loans and advances at amortised cost	117	272	19	284	136	556	214	462
Off-balance sheet commitments	14	19	(29)	15	(15)	34	40	3
Investment securities - debt securities at amortised cost	5	-	(5)	-	-	-	3	-
Investment securities - debt securities at FVOCI	(8)	-	1	-	(7)	-	5	-
Other financial assets	-	4	-	2	-	6	-	-
Total	128	295	(14)	301	114	596	262	465

³ Consists of write-backs in Net loans and advances at amortised cost of \$70 million for the September 2025 half and \$137 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: \$67 million; Sep 24 full year: \$177 million), and Off-balance sheet commitment of \$1 million for the September 2025 half and \$3 million for the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: \$2 million; Sep 24 full year: \$7 million).

Key judgements and estimates

The key judgements and assumptions in estimating collectively assessed ECL are presented below. Refer to 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report Note 14 Allowance for expected credit losses for further information.

Base case economic forecast assumptions

The economic drivers of the base case economic forecasts, reflective of ANZ Economics' view of future macro-economic conditions, used at 30 September 2025 are set out below. For years beyond the near-term forecasts below, the ECL models apply simplified assumptions for the economic conditions to calculate lifetime loss. There is a high level of estimation uncertainty when forming these forecasts.

	Forecast calendar year			
	2025	2026	2027	
Australia				
GDP (annual % change)	1.8	2.4	2.4	
Unemployment rate (annual average)	4.2	4.3	4.0	
Residential property prices (annual % change)	5.0	5.8	4.8	
Consumer price index (annual % change)	2.5	2.6	2.4	
New Zealand				
GDP (annual % change)	0.9	2.4	2.7	
Unemployment rate (annual average)	5.2	4.8	4.3	
Residential property prices (annual % change)	2.5	5.0	4.5	
Consumer price index (annual % change)	2.7	1.9	2.0	
Rest of World				
GDP (annual % change)	1.5	1.9	2.0	
Consumer price index (annual % change)	3.0	2.4	2.0	

The base case economic forecasts have been updated to reflect a stabilisation in inflation in both Australia and New Zealand. Near-term growth forecasts have been reduced, reflecting the impacts of global uncertainty. A return to average GDP growth rates is forecast in Australia for 2026. In New Zealand, weaker GDP growth momentum pushes the return to average out to 2027. Further interest rate cuts in both economies are expected to contribute to a recovery in consumer spending. The level of unemployment is elevated in New Zealand but projected to fall, whereas it remains relatively low in Australia.

Probability weightings

Probability weightings for each scenario are determined by management considering the risks and uncertainties surrounding the base case economic scenario including the uncertainties described above.

The assigned probability weightings in Australia, New Zealand and Rest of World are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Group considers these weightings in each geography to provide estimates of the possible loss outcomes and taking into account short- and long-term interrelationships within the Group's credit portfolios.

The average weightings applied across the Group are set out below:

	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24
Group			
Base	46%	46%	46%
Upside	1%	1%	1%
Downside	40%	40%	40%
Severe downside	13%	13%	13%

ECL - Sensitivity analysis

Given inherent economic uncertainties and the judgement applied to factors used in determining the expected default of borrowers in future periods, ECL reported by the Group should be considered as a best estimate within a range of possible estimates.

The table below illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's allowance for collectively assessed ECL to key factors used in determining it at 30 September 2025:

	Balance Sheet \$M	Impact \$M
If 1% of stage 1 facilities were included in stage 2	4,428	49
If 1% of stage 2 facilities were included in stage 1	4,373	(6)
100% upside scenario	1,550	(2,829)
100% base scenario	1,997	(2,382)
100% downside scenario	4,458	79
100% severe downside scenario	9,913	5,534

6. Deposits and other borrowings

		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Australia					•	
Certificates of deposit	38,184	30,215	34,011	26%	12%	
Term deposits	97,468	102,183	102,413	-5%	-5%	
On demand and short-term deposits	337,908	320,976	308,130	5%	10%	
Deposits not bearing interest	40,664	39,770	39,964	2%	2%	
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	55,657	55,917	44,953	0%	24%	
Commercial paper and other borrowings	45,785	60,025	46,283	-24%	-1%	
Total Australia	615,666	609,086	575,754	1%	7%	
New Zealand						
Certificates of deposit	774	1,213	1,079	-36%	-28%	
Term deposits	53,421	54,438	54,500	-2%	-2%	
On demand and short-term deposits	57,459	58,246	56,038	-1%	3%	
Deposits not bearing interest	15,224	15,405	14,586	-1%	4%	
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	3,924	3,182	3,207	23%	22%	
Commercial paper and other borrowings	3,659	1,931	1,304	89%	large	
Total New Zealand	134,461	134,415	130,714	0%	3%	
Rest of World						
Certificates of deposit	6,803	8,153	7,116	-17%	-4%	
Term deposits	117,929	141,641	116,603	-17%	1%	
On demand and short-term deposits	22,536	18,136	17,423	24%	29%	
Deposits not bearing interest	5,448	5,770	5,554	-6%	-2%	
Deposits from banks and securities sold under repurchase agreements	52,221	55,018	50,390	-5%	4%	
Total Rest of World	204,937	228,718	197,086	-10%	4%	
Deposits and other borrowings ¹	955.064	972,219	903,554	-2%	6%	

^{1.} Customer deposits balance of \$748,057 million at 30 September 2025 (Mar 25: \$756,565 million; Sep 24: \$715,211 million) includes Term deposits, On demand and short-term deposits and Deposits not bearing interest.

Shareholders' equity 7.

Shareholders' Equity

		As at	Movement		
Shareholders' equity	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Ordinary share capital Reserves	28,191	27,860	28,182	1%	0%
Foreign currency translation reserve	(941)	253	(360)	large	large
Share option reserve	108	81	108	33%	0%
FVOCI reserve	(870)	(1,083)	(1,078)	-20%	-19%
Cash flow hedge reserve	170	(219)	(422)	large	large
Transactions with non-controlling interests reserve	(22)	(22)	(22)	0%	0%
Total reserves	(1,555)	(990)	(1,774)	57%	-12%
Retained earnings	44,492	44,697	43,449	0%	2%
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	71,128	71,567	69,857	-1%	2%
Non-controlling interests	739	764	771	-3%	-4%
Total shareholders' equity	71,867	72,331	70,628	-1%	2%

		Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 25	Sep 24	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 25	Sep
		Half \	Year	Full Y	'ear		As at		Half Y	ear	Full	Year
		n	Profit attril on-controlli	butable to ng interests		Equity non-cont	attributal rolling in		no	Dividend on-controllir		;
_	Non-Controlling Interests											
	and 9.7 million (\$291 million) being cand The Group ceased the remaining \$826				Mar 25 half: 9.	5 million shares	(\$285 milli	on); Sep 24 full	year: 29.8 millio	on shares (\$88	33 million)).	
	1. The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion or				is resulted in 0		s (\$6 millior		led during the S			4,248
	Less: Treasury shares					(4,166,060)	,	3,994,601)	•	4,166,060)	• •	2,012)
	Closing balance				2,	983,520,180		1,365,622		3,520,180	2,979,41	
	Dividend reinvestment plan issuance	es .				10,806,066		-		0,806,066		-
	Bonus option plan					1,580,136	•	1,433,636		3,013,772	3,87	8,840
	Share buy-back ¹					(231,644)	(9	9,484,274)	(9	9,715,918)	(29,74	9,466)
	Opening balance				2,	971,365,622	2,979	9,416,260	2,97	9,416,260	3,005,28	6,886
	Ordinary shares					Sep 25 No.		Mar 25 No.		Sep 25 No.	S	Sep 24 No.
						Half `	Year			Full Ye	ear	
	Ordinary Share Capital											
	Total shareholders' equity						71,867	72,331	70,628	-	1%	2%
	Non-controlling interests						739	764	771		3%	-4%

The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back on 3 July 2024. This resulted in 0.2 million shares (\$6 million) being cancelled during the September 2025 half and 9.7 million (\$291 million) being cancelled during the September 2025 full year (Mar 25 half: 9.5 million shares (\$285 million); Sep 24 full year: 29.8 million shares (\$883 million)). The Group ceased the remaining \$826 million share buy-back on 13 October 2025.

Non-Controlling Interests

	Profit attributable to non-controlling interests			;	Equity attributable to non-controlling interests			Dividend paid to non-controlling interests					
	Half Year		Full Year		As at			As at		Half \	/ear	Full	r ear
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M		
ANZ Bank New Zealand PPS	20	19	39	32	725	750	758	18	20	38	32		
Other non-controlling interests	-	2	2	3	14	14	13	-	-	-	-		
Total	20	21	41	35	739	764	771	18	20	38	32		

8. Suncorp Bank acquisition

On 31 July 2024, the Group acquired 100% of the shares in SBGH Limited, the immediate holding company of Norfina Limited (formerly known as Suncorp-Metway Limited, and trading as Suncorp Bank).

The Group completed its purchase price allocation (PPA), to identify and measure the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at acquisition date. The significant adjustments to provisionally determined balances arising from the PPA exercise included the recognition of core deposit and brand intangible assets, fair value adjustments to gross loans and advances to reflect changes in interest rates and credit since loan origination, provisions for contingent liabilities and related indemnities and related deferred tax balances with a corresponding decrease to goodwill of \$56 million. The final goodwill balance of \$1,346 million is attributable to the assembled workforce and expected synergies arising from the economies of scale from the integration and consolidation of platforms and funding benefits. It will not be deductible for tax purposes.

The core deposit intangible was valued at \$633 million under a discounted cash flow approach using a multi-period excess earnings model to calculate the present value of the funding costs savings obtained, comparing the difference between the cost of existing core deposits and the cost of alternative sources of funding over the expected life of the core deposit base. The discount rates used were calculated using the cost of capital plus a risk premium. The value of the core deposit intangible asset is influenced by its estimated lifespan and by fluctuations in the estimated costs of alternative funding options. The asset will be amortised over its expected life of 6 years.

The table below sets out the PPA adjustments recognised in respect of the 31 July 2024 acquisition balance sheet. Prior periods have not been restated.

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed as at 31 July 2024	Provisional \$M	1H25 Adjustments \$M	2H25 Adjustments \$M	Final \$M
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,333	-	-	1,333
Collateral paid	80	-	-	80
Trading assets	2,307	-	-	2,307
Derivative financial instruments	310	-	-	310
Investment securities	9,920	-	-	9,920
Gross loans and advances	69,745	(198)	-	69,547
Deferred tax assets	48	(48)	-	-
Intangible assets	103	685	-	788
Other assets	431	83	(72)	442
Total assets	84,277	522	(72)	84,727
Liabilities				
Collateral received	48	-	-	48
Deposits and other borrowings	62,438	(2)	1	62,437
Derivative financial instruments	279	-	-	279
Deferred tax liabilities	-	216	53	269
Payables and other liabilities	731	(6)		725
Provisions	89	127	15	231
Debt issuances	15,847	(10)	-	15,837
Total liabilities	79,432	325	69	79,826
Net assets acquired	4,845	197	(141)	4,901
Cash consideration paid ¹	6,247	-	-	6,247
Goodwill	1,402	(197)	141	1,346

^{1.} The cash consideration of \$6,247 million includes payment for Suncorp Bank's Tier 2 notes (\$606 million) and Capital Notes (\$564 million).

9. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There are outstanding court proceedings, claims and possible claims for and against the Group. Where relevant, expert legal advice has been obtained and, in the light of such advice, provisions and/or disclosures as deemed appropriate have been made.

Refer to 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report Note 33 Commitments, contingent liabilities and contingent assets for further information.

10. Significant events since balance date

On 13 October 2025, the Group ceased its on-market share buy-back. The Group commenced a \$2.0 billion on-market share buy-back of its fully paid ordinary shares on 3 July 2024, resulting in 39.5 million shares being cancelled for a total consideration of \$1.2 billion.

Other than the matter above, there have been no significant events from 30 September 2025 to the date of signing this report.

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Capital management

The disclosures below represent the position for ANZ BH Pty Ltd as the head of ANZ's Level 2 banking group. The capital position for ANZGHL, the head of the Level 3 conglomerate group, is outlined on page 41.

			As at	Movement		
Qualifying Capital Tier 1		Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Shareholders' equity and non-controlling interests		70,445	70,712	68,760	0%	2%
Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity	Table 1	(436)	(601)	(721)	-27%	-40%
Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital		70,009	70,111	68,039	0%	3%
Deductions	Table 2	(14,825)	(14,882)	(13,570)	0%	9%
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		55,184	55,229	54,469	0%	1%
Additional Tier 1 capital	Table 3	7,357	7,443	8,207	-1%	-10%
Tier 1 capital		62,541	62,672	62,676	0%	0%
Tier 2 capital	Table 4	33,810	32,831	29,189	3%	16%
Total qualifying capital		96,351	95,503	91,865	1%	5%
Capital adequacy ratios (Level 2)						
Common Equity Tier 1		12.0%	11.8%	12.2%		
Tier 1		13.6%	13.4%	14.0%		
Tier 2		7.4%	7.0%	6.5%		
Total capital ratio		21.0%	20.4%	20.6%		
Risk weighted assets	Table 5	458,547	468,999	446,582	-2%	3%

Total

Capital management, cont'd

		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Table 1: Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity						
Shareholders' equity attributable to deconsolidated entities	(226)	(266)	(278)	-15%	-19%	
Deferred fee revenue including fees deferred as part of loan yields	546	496	426	10%	28%	
Non-controlling interests and other deductions	(756)	(831)	(869)	-9%	-13%	
Total	(436)	(601)	(721)	-27%	-40%	
Table 2: Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 capital						
Unamortised goodwill & other intangibles (excluding ANZ New Zealand Investments Holdings Ltd)	(4,165)	(4,117)	(4,273)	1%	-3%	
Intangible component of investments in ANZ New Zealand Investments Holdings Ltd	(59)	(62)	(63)	-5%	-6%	
Intangible component of investments in Suncorp Banking Group Holdings Ltd	(379)	(422)	-	-10%	n/a	
Capitalised software	(996)	(997)	(1,015)	0%	-2%	
Capitalised expenses (including loan and lease origination fees)	(2,550)	(2,430)	(2,337)	5%	9%	
Applicable deferred net tax assets	(3,720)	(3,412)	(3,112)	9%	20%	
Expected losses in excess of eligible provisions Table 8	(25)	(304)	(210)	-92%	-88%	
Investment in other insurance subsidiaries	(225)	(225)	(225)	0%	0%	
Investment in ANZ New Zealand Investments Holdings Ltd	(51)	(52)	(52)	-2%	-2%	
Investment in associates	(1,140)	(1,479)	(1,415)	-23%	-19%	
Other equity investments	(923)	(1,175)	(1,032)	-21%	-11%	
Cash flow hedge reserve and other deductions	(592)	(207)	164	large	large	
Total	(14,825)	(14,882)	(13,570)	0%	9%	
Table 3: Additional Tier 1 capital						
ANZ Capital Notes 5	_	_	931	n/a	large	
ANZ Capital Notes 6	1,492	1,491	1,490	0%	0%	
ANZ Capital Notes 7	1,301	1,300	1,300	0%	0%	
ANZ Capital Notes 8	1,487	1,486	1,485	0%	0%	
ANZ Capital Notes 9	1,683	1,682	1,680	0%	0%	
ANZ Capital Securities	1,489	1,544	1,391	-4%	7%	
Regulatory adjustments and deductions	(95)	(60)	(70)	58%	36%	
Total	7,357	7,443	8,207	-1%	-10%	
Table 4: Tier 2 capital			`			
Table 4: Tier 2 capital Conoral recent for importment of financial access	1,710	1,639	1,712	4%	0%	
General reserve for impairment of financial assets	•	,	,		18%	
Term subordinated debt notes	33,811	32,444	28,584	4% 27%		
Regulatory adjustments and deductions	(1,711)	(1,252)	(1,107)	37%	55%	

33,810

32,831

29,189

3%

16%

Capital management, cont'd

	As at			Movement	
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24
Table 5: Risk weighted assets					
On balance sheet	297,931	302,663	293,523	-2%	2%
Commitments	44,534	46,573	41,125	-4%	8%
Contingents	11,274	11,514	11,199	-2%	1%
Derivatives	15,844	17,331	15,338	-9%	3%
Total credit risk weighted assets	369,583	378,081	361,185	-2%	2%
Market risk - Traded	6,895	6,854	7,823	1%	-12%
Market risk - IRRBB	24,797	21,357	23,052	16%	8%
Operational risk	53,773	50,648	49,650	6%	8%
Total risk weighted assets	455,048	456,940	441,710	0%	3%
RWA adjustment for the IRB capital floor	3,499	12,059	4,872	-71%	-28%
Total risk weighted assets including floor adjustment	458,547	468,999	446,582	-2%	3%

		As at		Movement		
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
Table 6: Credit risk weighted assets by Basel asset class ¹						
Subject to Advanced IRB approach						
Corporate	63,726	66,579	62,853	-4%	1%	
Residential mortgage	94,135	94,747	90,924	-1%	4%	
Retail SME	9,419	9,558	9,724	-1%	-3%	
Qualifying revolving retail	3,032	3,155	3,235	-4%	-6%	
Other retail	1,642	1,636	1,624	0%	1%	
New Zealand banking subsidiaries	56,254	54,142	-	4%	n/a	
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Advanced IRB approach	228,208	229,817	168,360	-1%	36%	
Credit risk weighted assets subject to supervisory slotting approach	13,787	15,360	4,242	-10%	large	
Subject to Foundation IRB approach						
Corporate	34,388	34,587	33,275	-1%	3%	
Sovereign	10,107	10,983	11,119	-8%	-9%	
Financial institution	23,207	23,781	29,821	-2%	-22%	
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Foundational IRB approach	67,702	69,351	74,215	-2%	-9%	
Subject to Standardised approach						
Corporate	12,237	13,828	14,699	-12%	-17%	
Sovereign	10	-	81	n/a	-88%	
Bank	170	170	80	0%	large	
Residential mortgage	22,407	21,970	21,987	2%	2%	
Other retail	88	167	219	-47%	-60%	
Other assets	3,440	4,329	4,046	-21%	-15%	
Specialised lending	219	143	-	53%	n/a	
New Zealand banking subsidiaries	1,830	2,005	-	-9%	n/a	
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Standardised approach	40,401	42,612	41,112	-5%	-2%	
Counterparty Credit Risk (inclusive of QCCP)	13,226	13,809	-	-4%	n/a	
Credit Valuation Adjustment	3,768	4,736	-	-20%	n/a	
Credit Valuation Adjustment and Qualifying Central Counterparties	-	-	3,847	n/a	large	
Credit risk weighted assets relating to securitisation exposures	2,491	2,396	2,452	4%	2%	
Exposures of New Zealand banking subsidiaries	-	-	66,957	n/a	large	

¹⁶ Basel Asset Class categories have been updated to align to the new requirements under APS 330 Public Disclosure effective from 1 January 2025.

Capital management, cont'd

Table 7: Total provision for credit impairment and Basel expected loss by division		ely and Indivi	Basel Expected Loss ¹			
	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M
Australia Retail	1,158	994	979	1,004	906	861
Australia Commercial	1,175	1,179	1,182	673	698	655
Institutional	1,575	1,587	1,496	846	982	851
New Zealand	515	559	590	622	813	787
Suncorp Bank	299	268	248	-	-	-
Pacific	54	56	57	17	15	14
Group Centre	2	1	3	-	1	-
Total provision for credit impairment and expected loss	4,778	4,644	4,555	3,162	3,415	3,168

^{1.} Only applicable to IRB portfolios.

		As at		Movement		
Table 8: APRA Expected loss in excess of eligible provisions	Sep 25 \$M	Mar 25 \$M	Sep 24 \$M	Sep 25 v. Mar 25	Sep 25 v. Sep 24	
APRA Basel 3 expected loss: non-defaulted	2,018	2,112	2,065	-4%	-2%	
Less: Qualifying collectively assessed provision						
Collectively assessed provision	(4,379)	(4,280)	(4,247)	2%	3%	
Non-qualifying collectively assessed provision	651	529	470	23%	39%	
Standardised collectively assessed provision	351	352	377	0%	-7%	
Non-defaulted excess included in deduction	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	
APRA Basel 3 expected loss: defaulted	1,144	1,303	1,103	-12%	4%	
Less: Qualifying individually assessed provision						
Individually assessed provision	(399)	(364)	(308)	10%	30%	
Additional individually assessed provision for partial write offs	(163)	(163)	(162)	0%	1%	
Standardised individually assessed provision	37	32	34	16%	9%	
Collectively assessed provision on IRB defaulted	(594)	(504)	(457)	18%	30%	
	25	304	210	-92%	-88%	
Shortfall in expected loss not included in deduction	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	
Defaulted excess included in deduction	25	304	210	-92%	-88%	
Gross deduction	25	304	210	-92%	-88%	

Average balance sheet and related interest¹

Average balance sheet and related interest	0	Con 25 Full Voor			Sep 24 Full Year			
	•	Sep 25 Full Year						
	Avg bal \$M	Int \$M	Rate %	Avg bal ⁸ \$M	Int \$M	Rate %		
Loans and advances	φivi	φIVI	/0	φινι	φινι	/6		
Home loans ²	436,721	28,999	6.6%	376,975	25,551	6.8%		
Consumer finance ³	12,960	1,113	8.6%	12,745	1,084	8.5%		
Business lending ⁴	320,545	18,778	5.9%	292,290	18,847	6.4%		
Individual provisions for credit impairment	(331)		n/a	(330)	· -	n/a		
Total	769,895	48,890	6.4%	681,680	45,482	6.7%		
Non-lending interest earning assets								
Cash and other liquid assets	193,154	6,368	3.3%	177,734	7,124	4.0%		
Trading and investment securities	196,080	8,659	4.4%	163,647	8,021	4.9%		
Other assets	559	6	n/a	555	12	n/a		
Total	389,793	15,033	3.9%	341,936	15,157	4.4%		
Total interest earning assets ⁵	1,159,688	63,923	5.5%	1,023,616	60,639	5.9%		
Non-interest earning assets ²	173,927			148,743				
Total average assets	1,333,615			1,172,359				
Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings								
Certificates of deposit	42,216	1,884	4.5%	43,775	2,083	4.8%		
Term deposits	296,934	13,003	4.4%	260,740	13,031	5.0%		
On demand and short term deposits ⁶	343,066	14,040	4.1%	313,743	13,463	4.3%		
Deposits from banks and securities sold under agreement to repurchase	113,427	4,708	4.2%	98,684	4,639	4.7%		
Commercial paper and other borrowings	53,993	2,464	4.6%	47,005	2,550	5.4%		
Total	849,636	36,099	4.2%	763,947	35,766	4.7%		
Non-deposit interest bearing liabilities								
Collateral received and settlement balances owed by ANZ	27,753	619	2.2%	23,294	639	2.7%		
Debt issuances & subordinated debt	161,030	8,391	5.2%	126,205	7,081	5.6%		
Other liabilities	9,984	853	n/a	13,471	1,084	n/a		
Total	198,767	9,863	5.0%	162,970	8,804	5.4%		
Total interest bearing liabilities ⁵	1,048,403	45,962	4.4%	926,917	44,570	4.8%		
Non-interest bearing liabilities ⁶	212,914			175,148		_		
Total average liabilities	1,261,317			1,102,065				
Total average shareholders' equity ⁷	72,298			70,294				

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

Home loans are reported net of average mortgage offset balances of \$59,575 million for the September 2025 full year (Sep 24 full year: \$48,605 million), which are included in non-interest earning assets. While these balances are required to be grossed up under accounting standards, they are netted down for the calculation of customer interest payments and the calculation of the Group's net interest margin.

^{3.} Consumer finance includes retail products such as credit cards and personal loans, mainly held in the Australia Retail division.

^{4.} Business lending includes commercial loans to small and mid-sized enterprises, in the Australia Commercial and New Zealand divisions, as well as larger corporate customers in the Institutional division.

⁵ Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

⁶ On demand and short-term deposits exclude average mortgage offset balances of \$59,575 million for the September 2025 full year (Sep 24 full year: \$48,605 million), which are included in non-interest bearing liabilities.

Includes non-controlling interests.

^{8.} September 2024 full year includes 2 months impact from Suncorp Bank.

Average balance sheet and related interest¹, cont'd

	Sep 2	Sep 25 Full Year			Sep 24 Full Year			
	Avg bal	Int	Rate	Avg bal⁵	Int	Rate		
Loans and advances ²	\$M	\$М	%	\$M	\$М	%		
Australia	548,559	35,503	6.5%	468,256	31,025	6.6%		
New Zealand	140,896	8,358	5.9%	139,388	9,379	6.7%		
Rest of World	80,440	5,029	6.3%	74,036	5,078	6.9%		
Total	769,895	48,890	6.4%	681,680	45,482	6.7%		
	100,000	40,000	0.470	001,000	40,402	0.7 70		
Trading assets and investment securities								
Australia	101,972	4,757	4.7%	85,316	4,123	4.8%		
New Zealand	19,935	778	3.9%	17,416	906	5.2%		
Rest of World	74,173	3,124	4.2%	60,915	2,992	4.9%		
Total	196,080	8,659	4.4%	163,647	8,021	4.9%		
Total interest earning assets ³								
Australia	741,940	43,903	5.9%	636,908	39,067	6.1%		
New Zealand	172,534	9,595	5.6%	169,156	10,996	6.5%		
Rest of World	245,214	10,425	4.3%	217,552	10,576	4.9%		
Total	1,159,688	63,923	5.5%	1,023,616	60,639	5.9%		
Total average assets								
Australia	858,023			727,938				
New Zealand	187,832			182,035				
Rest of World	287,760			262,386				
Total average assets	1,333,615			1,172,359				
Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings ⁴								
Australia	504,680	22,770	4.5%	451,984	20,955	4.6%		
New Zealand	119,728	4,369	3.6%	117,374	5,635	4.8%		
Rest of World	225,228	8,960	4.0%	194,589	9,176	4.7%		
Total	849,636	36,099	4.2%	763,947	35,766	4.7%		
Total interest bearing liabilities ³	•	•		,				
Australia	653,413	30,731	4.7%	574,048	27,719	4.8%		
New Zealand	140,466	5,292	3.8%	136,716	6,805	5.0%		
Rest of World	254,524	9,939	3.9%	216,153	10,046	4.6%		
Total	1,048,403	45,962	4.4%	926,917	44,570	4.8%		
Total average liabilities								
Australia	793,152			675,546				
New Zealand	168,931			162,763				
Rest of World	299,234			263,756				
Total average liabilities	1,261,317			1,102,065				
Total average shareholders' equity								
Ordinary share capital, reserves, retained earnings and non-controlling interests	72,298			70,294				
Total average shareholders' equity	72,298			70,294				
Total average liabilities and shareholders' equity	1,333,615			1,172,359				
Total average liabilities and shareholders equity	1,333,013			1,172,309				

^{1.} Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

² Home loans are reported net of average mortgage offset balances of \$59,575 million for the September 2025 full year (Sep 24 full year: \$48,605 million), which are included in non-interest earning assets. While these balances are required to be grossed up under accounting standards, they are netted down for the calculation of customer interest payments and the calculation of the Group's net interest margin.

^{3.} Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

^{4.} On demand and short-term deposits exclude average mortgage offset balances of \$59,575 million for the September 2025 full year (Sep 24 full year: \$48,605 million), which are included in non-interest bearing liabilities.

^{5.} September 2024 full year includes 2 months impact from Suncorp Bank.

Average balance sheet and related interest¹, cont'd

Average balance sheet and related interest, cont d	Sep 25 Half Year			Mar 25 Half Year			
	Avg bal Int Rate			te Avg bal Int			
	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%	
Loans and advances							
Home loans ²	442,759	14,139	6.4%	430,650	14,860	6.9%	
Consumer finance ³	13,067	558	8.5%	12,852	555	8.7%	
Business lending ⁴	321,723	9,203	5.7%	319,361	9,575	6.0%	
Individual provisions for credit impairment	(356)	-	n/a	(306)	-	n/a	
Total	777,193	23,900	6.1%	762,557	24,990	6.6%	
Non-lending interest earning assets							
Cash and other liquid assets	195,423	3,039	3.1%	190,873	3,329	3.5%	
Trading assets and investment securities	204,015	4,246	4.2%	188,102	4,413	4.7%	
Other assets	522	4	n/a	596	2	n/a	
Total	399,960	7,289	3.6%	379,571	7,744	4.1%	
Total interest earning assets ⁵	1,177,153	31,189	5.3%	1,142,128	32,734	5.7%	
Non-interest earning assets ²	172,022			175,841			
Total average assets	1,349,175			1,317,969			
Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings							
Certificates of deposit	42,600	906	4.2%	41,830	978	4.7%	
Term deposits	299,714	6,242	4.2%	294,139	6,761	4.6%	
On demand and short term deposits ⁶	350,549	6,841	3.9%	335,541	7,199	4.3%	
Deposits from banks and securities sold under agreement to repurchase	115,777	2,237	3.9%	111,064	2,471	4.5%	
Commercial paper and other borrowings	54,044	1,190	4.4%	53,942	1,274	4.7%	
Total	862,684	17,416	4.0%	836,516	18,683	4.5%	
Non-deposit interest bearing liabilities							
Collateral received and settlement balances owed by ANZ	26,564	269	2.0%	28,948	350	2.4%	
Debt issuances & subordinated debt	162,873	4,044	5.0%	159,177	4,347	5.5%	
Other liabilities	9,239	368	n/a	10,735	485	n/a	
Total	198,676	4,681	4.7%	198,860	5,182	5.2%	
Total interest bearing liabilities ⁵	1,061,360	22,097	4.2%	1,035,376	23,865	4.6%	
Non-interest bearing liabilities ⁶	214,471			211,347			
Total average liabilities	1,275,831			1,246,723			

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

² Home loans are reported net of average mortgage offset balances of \$60,645 million for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$58,499 million), which are included in non-interest earning assets. While these balances are required to be grossed up under accounting standards, they are netted down for the calculation of customer interest payments and the calculation of the Group's net interest margin.

^{3.} Consumer finance includes retail products such as credit cards and personal loans, mainly held in the Australia Retail division.

^{4.} Business lending includes commercial loans to small and mid-sized enterprises, in the Australia Commercial and New Zealand divisions, as well as larger corporate customers in the Institutional division.

^{5.} Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

^{6.} On demand and short-term deposits exclude average mortgage offset balances of \$60,645 million for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$58,499 million), which are included in non-interest bearing liabilities.

^{7.} Includes non-controlling interests.

Average balance sheet and related interest¹, cont'd

Average balance sheet and related interest ¹ , cont'd	Sep 25 Half Year			Mar 25 Half Year			
	Avg bal Int Rate						
	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	Rate %	
Loans and advances ²							
Australia	555,447	17,463	6.3%	541,632	18,040	6.7%	
New Zealand	143,224	4,013	5.6%	138,556	4,345	6.3%	
Rest of World	78,522	2,424	6.2%	82,369	2,605	6.3%	
Total	777,193	23,900	6.1%	762,557	24,990	6.6%	
Trading assets and investment securities							
Australia	105,077	2,324	4.4%	98,852	2,433	4.9%	
New Zealand	20,843	368	3.5%	19,021	410	4.3%	
Rest of World	78,095	1,554	4.0%	70,229	1,570	4.5%	
Total	204,015	4,246	4.2%	188,102	4,413	4.7%	
Total interest earning assets ³							
Australia	750,434	21,429	5.7%	733,401	22,474	6.1%	
New Zealand	175,679	4,584	5.2%	169,371	5,011	5.9%	
Rest of World	251,040	5,176	4.1%	239,356	5,249	4.4%	
Total	1,177,153	31,189	5.3%	1,142,128	32,734	5.7%	
Total average assets							
Australia	865,609			850,393			
New Zealand	190,563			185,087			
Rest of World	293,003			282,489			
Total average assets	1,349,175			1,317,969			
Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings ⁴ Australia	E42 600	11 062	4 20/	406 626	11 707	4.7%	
New Zealand	512,690 121,862	11,063 1,959	4.3% 3.2%	496,626 117,582	11,707 2,410	4.1%	
Rest of World	228,132	4,394	3.8%	222,308	4,566	4.1%	
Total	862,684	17,416	4.0%	836,516	18,683	4.1%	
Total interest bearing liabilities ³	002,004	17,410	4.0 /0	030,310	10,003	4.570	
Australia	661,774	14,874	4.5%	645,006	15,857	4.9%	
New Zealand	142,500	2,377	3.3%	138,422	2,915	4.2%	
Rest of World	257,086	4,846	3.8%	251,948	5,093	4.1%	
Total	1,061,360	22,097	4.2%	1,035,376	23,865	4.6%	
Total gyaraga liabilities							
Total average liabilities Australia	803,808			782,439			
New Zealand	170,875			166,975			
Rest of World	301,148			297,309			
Nest of World				1,246,723			
Total average liabilities							
Total average liabilities	1,275,831			1,240,720			
Total average liabilities Total average shareholders' equity				1,240,720			
-				71,246			
Total average shareholders' equity	1,275,831						

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

² Home loans are reported net of average mortgage offset balances of \$60,645 million for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$58,499 million), which are included in non-interest earning assets. While these balances are required to be grossed up under accounting standards, they are netted down for the calculation of customer interest payments and the calculation of the Group's net interest margin.

^{3.} Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

⁴ On demand and short-term deposits exclude average mortgage offset balances of \$60,645 million for the September 2025 half (Mar 25 half: \$58,499 million), which are included in non-interest bearing liabilities.

Average balance sheet and related interest, cont'd

	Half Year		Full Year		
Gross earnings rate ¹	Sep 25 %	Mar 25 %	Sep 25 %	Sep 24 %	
Australia	5.88	6.38	6.13	6.23	
New Zealand	5.20	5.93	5.56	6.50	
Rest of World	4.14	4.51	4.32	5.14	
Group	5.28	5.75	5.51	5.92	

Net interest spread and net interest margin analysis as follows:

	Half Year		Full Year	
Australia ¹	Sep 25 %	Mar 25	Sep 25 %	Sep 24 %
Net interest spread	1.26	1.24	1.24	1.22
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.41	0.44	0.43	0.42
Net interest margin - Australia	1.67	1.68	1.67	1.64
New Zealand ¹				
Net interest spread	1.79	1.63	1.71	1.48
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.58	0.72	0.65	0.87
Net interest margin - New Zealand	2.37	2.35	2.36	2.35
Rest of World ¹				
Net interest spread	0.38	0.46	0.42	0.48
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.28	0.26	0.27	0.30
Net interest margin - Rest of World	0.66	0.72	0.69	0.78
Group				
Net interest spread	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.12
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.41	0.43	0.42	0.45
Net interest margin	1.54	1.56	1.55	1.57
Net interest margin (excl. Markets business unit)	2.26	2.26	2.26	2.35

Geographic gross earnings rate, net interest spread and net interest margin are calculated gross of intra-group items (Intra-group interest earning assets and associated interest income and intra-group interest bearing liabilities and associated interest expense).

Select geographical disclosures

The following divisions operate across the geographic locations illustrated below:

- Australia Retail division Australia
- Australia Commercial division Australia
- Institutional division Australia, New Zealand and Rest of World
- New Zealand division New Zealand
- Suncorp Bank division Australia
- Pacific division Rest of World
- Group Centre division Australia, New Zealand and Rest of World

The Rest of World geography includes all geographies in which the Group operates outside of Australia and New Zealand. This includes Asia, Pacific, Europe & America.

	Australia \$M	New Zealand \$M	Rest of World \$M	Total \$M
September 2025 Full Year				
Statutory profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,745	2,306	840	5,891
Cash profit/(loss)	2,789	2,158	840	5,787
Net loans and advances	620,549	139,654	69,253	829,456
Customer deposits	476,040	126,104	145,913	748,057
Risk weighted assets	303,387	84,034	71,126	458,547
September 2024 Full Year				
Statutory profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	3,553	1,928	1,054	6,535
Cash profit/(loss)	3,536	2,107	1,082	6,725
Net loans and advances	588,947	139,644	74,791	803,382
Customer deposits	450,507	125,124	139,580	715,211
Risk weighted assets	296,501	82,771	67,310	446,582
September 2025 Half Year				
Statutory profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	839	1,149	261	2,249
Cash profit/(loss)	854	1,106	259	2,219
Net loans and advances	620,549	139,654	69,253	829,456
Customer deposits	476,040	126,104	145,913	748,057
Risk weighted assets	303,387	84,034	71,126	458,547
March 2025 Half Year				
Statutory profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the Company	1,906	1,157	579	3,642
Cash profit/(loss)	1,935	1,052	581	3,568
Net loans and advances	600,332	139,923	79,947	820,202
Customer deposits	462,928	128,089	165,547	756,564
Risk weighted assets	311,613	80,382	77,004	468,999

New Zealand geography (in NZD)

New Zealand geography (iii NZD)							
		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 25 NZD M	Mar 25 NZD M	Movt	Sep 25 NZD M	Sep 24 NZD M	Movt	
Net interest income	2,277	2,196	4%	4,473	4,316	4%	
Other operating income	333	345	-3%	678	730	-7%	
Operating income	2,610	2,541	3%	5,151	5,046	2%	
Operating expenses	(917)	(895)	2%	(1,812)	(1,760)	3%	
Cash profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,693	1,646	3%	3,339	3,286	2%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	20	5	large	25	(44)	large	
Cash profit before income tax	1,713	1,651	4%	3,364	3,242	4%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(505)	(490)	3%	(995)	(956)	4%	
Cash profit	1,208	1,161	4%	2,369	2,286	4%	
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	47	116	-59%	163	(195)	large	
Statutory profit	1,255	1,277	-2%	2,532	2,091	21%	
Individually assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	21	14	50%	35	42	-17%	
Collectively assessed credit impairment charge/(release)	(41)	(19)	large	(60)	2	large	
Net loans and advances	158,964	153,912	3%	158,964	151,963	5%	
Customer deposits	143,541	140,895	2%	143,541	136,163	5%	
Risk weighted assets	95,654	88,418	8%	95,654	90,069	6%	
Total FTE	6,758	6,903	-2%	6,758	7,003	-3%	

Exchange rates

Major exchange rates used in the translation of foreign subsidiaries, branches, investments in associates and issued debt are as follows:

	Balance sheet						
		As at		Half Y	ear	Full Year	
	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 24	Sep 25	Mar 25	Sep 25	Sep 24
Chinese Renminbi	4.6992	4.5563	4.8622	4.6585	4.6270	4.6428	4.7512
Euro	0.5620	0.5796	0.6209	0.5624	0.6040	0.5824	0.6082
Pound Sterling	0.4907	0.4848	0.5178	0.4825	0.5037	0.4929	0.5202
Indian Rupee	58.578	53.803	58.086	55.952	54.706	55.324	54.963
Indonesian Rupiah	11,014	10,401	10,493	10,637	10,287	10,460	10,416
Japanese Yen	97.756	93.650	98.272	94.469	97.502	95.957	98.975
Malaysian Ringgit	2.7814	2.7853	2.8468	2.7624	2.8297	2.7956	3.0645
New Taiwan Dollar	20.115	20.870	21.938	19.661	20.863	20.243	21.084
New Zealand Dollar	1.1383	1.1000	1.0882	1.0918	1.1044	1.0981	1.0844
Papua New Guinean Kina	2.7630	2.5497	2.7165	2.6688	2.5530	2.6098	2.4977
United States Dollar	0.6598	0.6283	0.6933	0.6474	0.6396	0.6435	0.6593

AASB means Australian Accounting Standards Board. The term 'AASB' is commonly used when identifying Australian Accounting Standards issued by the AASB.

ADI means Authorised Deposit-taking Institution as defined by APRA.

ANZ Bank Group means ANZ BH Pty Ltd and each of its subsidiaries, including ANZBGL and ANZ Bank New Zealand.

ANZBGL means Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited.

ANZBGL Group means ANZBGL and each of its subsidiaries.

ANZ Bank New Zealand means ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited.

ANZ Economics means ANZ Research Economics, a business unit within ANZ which conducts analysis of key economic inputs and developments and assessment of the potential impacts on the local, regional and global economies.

ANZGHL means ANZ Group Holdings Limited.

ANZGHL Group means ANZGHL and each of its subsidiaries, including ANZ BH Pty Ltd, ANZ Group Services Pty Ltd and ANZ NBH Pty Ltd.

ANZ Non-Bank Group means ANZ NBH Pty Ltd and each of its subsidiaries, including ANZ's beneficial interests in the 1835i trusts and non-controlling interests in the ANZ Worldline Payment Solutions joint venture, and ANZ Group Services Pty Ltd.

APRA means Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

APS means ADI Prudential Standard.

ASX means Australian Securities Exchange.

AT1 means Additional Tier 1 capital.

Basel Harmonisation ratios are the Group's interpretation of Basel Calculation of RWA for credit risk regulations documented in the Basel Framework and the 'Australian Banking Association Basel 3.1 Capital Comparison Study' (Mar 2023).

Board means ANZGHL Board of Directors.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise coins, notes, money at call, reverse repurchase agreements of less than 3 months, balances held with central banks and other banks, and other cash equivalents that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash profit is an additional measure of profit which is prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. Cash profit represents the Group's preferred measure of the result of the core business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit as noted below. These items do not discriminate between positive and negative adjustments.

Gains and losses are adjusted where they are significant, or have the potential to be significant in any one period, and fall into one of three categories:

- 1. non-core gains or losses included in earnings arising from changes in tax, legal or accounting legislation or other non-core items not associated with the core operations of the Group such as amortisation of intangible assets recognised in a business combination;
- 2. economic hedging impacts and similar accounting items that represent timing differences that will reverse through earnings in the future; and
- accounting reclassifications between individual line items that do not impact reported results, such as individually assessed allowance for ECL on assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Cash profit is not a measure of cash flow or profit determined on a cash accounting basis.

Collectively assessed allowance for expected credit loss represents the expected credit loss, which incorporates forward-looking information and does not require an actual loss event to have occurred for a credit loss provision to be recognised.

Company means ANZGHL.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of the Group's customers and counterparties to honour or perform fully the terms of a loan or contract.

Credit risk weighted assets (credit RWA) represent assets which are weighted for credit risk according to a set formula as prescribed in APS 112/113.

Customer deposits represent term deposits, other deposits bearing interest, deposits not bearing interest and borrowing corporations' debt excluding securitisation deposits.

Derivative credit valuation adjustment (CVA) - Over the life of a derivative instrument, the Group uses a model to adjust fair value to take into account the impact of counterparty credit quality. The methodology calculates the present value of expected losses over the life of the financial instrument as a function of probability of default, loss given default, expected credit risk exposure and an asset correlation factor. Impaired derivatives are also subject to a CVA.

Dividend payout ratio is the total ordinary dividend payment divided by profit attributable to shareholders of the Company.

Embedded losses - In relation to interest rate risk in the banking book, APRA requires ADIs to give consideration to embedded gains or losses in banking book items that are not accounted for on a marked-to-market basis when determining regulatory capital. The embedded loss or gain measures the difference between the book value and the economic value of banking book activities at a point in time.

Expected credit losses (ECL) – The determination of the ECL is dependent on credit deterioration since origination, according to the following three-stage approach:

Stage 1: At the origination of a financial asset, and subsequently where there has not been a Significant Increase in Credit Risk (SICR) since origination, an allowance for ECL is recognised reflecting the expected credit losses resulting from default events that are possible within the next 12 months from the reporting date. For instruments with a remaining maturity of less than 12 months, expected credit losses are estimated based on default events that are possible over the remaining time to maturity.

- Stage 2: Where there has been a SICR since origination, an allowance for ECL is recognised reflecting expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. If credit risk were to improve in a subsequent period such that the increase in credit risk since origination is no longer considered significant, the exposure returns to a Stage 1 classification with ECL measured accordingly.
- Stage 3: Where there is objective evidence of impairment, an allowance equivalent to lifetime ECL is recognised.

Exposure at default (EAD) means the expected balance sheet exposure at default taking into account repayments of principal and interest, expected additional drawdowns and accrued interest.

Funding for Lending Programme (FLP) refers to three-year funding announced by the RBNZ in November 2020 and offered to New Zealand banks, which aimed to lower the cost of borrowing for New Zealand businesses and households.

GDP means gross domestic product.

Group means ANZGHL and each of its subsidiaries, including ANZ BH Pty Ltd, ANZ Group Services Pty Ltd and ANZ NBH Pty Ltd.

Gross loans and advances (GLA) comprise gross loans and advances, capitalised brokerage and other origination costs less unearned income.

Impaired assets are those financial assets where doubt exists as to whether the full contractual amount will be received in a timely manner, or where concessional items have been provided because of the financial difficulties of the customer.

Impaired loans comprise drawn facilities where the customer's status is defined as impaired.

Individually assessed allowance for expected credit losses is assessed on a case-by-case basis for all individually managed impaired assets taking into consideration factors such as the realisable value of security (or other credit mitigants), the likely return available upon liquidation or bankruptcy, legal uncertainties, estimated costs involved in recovery, the market price of the exposure in secondary markets and the amount and timing of expected receipts and recoveries.

Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB) relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on the Group's future net interest income. The risk generally arises from:

- Repricing and yield curve risk the risk to earnings or market value as a result of changes in the overall level of interest rates and/or the relativity of
 these rates across the yield curve;
- 2. Basis risk the risk to earnings or market value arising from volatility in the interest margin applicable to banking book items; and
- 3. Optionality risk the risk to earnings or market value arising from the existence of stand-alone or embedded options in banking book items.

IRB means internal ratings-based.

Probability of default (PD) means the estimate of the likelihood that a borrower will default over a given period.

Level 1 in the context of APRA supervision, means ANZBGL consolidated with certain approved subsidiaries.

Level 2 in the context of APRA supervision, means consolidated ANZ Bank Group, excluding insurance and funds management entities, commercial non-financial entities and certain securitisation vehicles.

Level 3 in the context of APRA supervision, means ANZGHL Group, the conglomerate group at the widest level.

Loss given default (LGD) means the expected loss in the event of the borrower defaulting, expressed as a percentage of the facility's EAD, taking into account direct and indirect recovery costs.

Net interest margin is net interest income as a percentage of average interest earning assets.

Net loans and advances represent gross loans and advances less allowance for expected credit losses.

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is the ratio of the amount of available stable funding (ASF) to the amount of required stable funding (RSF) defined by APRA. The amount of ASF is the portion of an ADI capital and liabilities expected to be a reliable source of funds over a one year time horizon. The amount of RSF is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of an ADI's assets and off-balance sheet activities. ADIs must maintain an NSFR of at least 100%.

Net tangible assets equal share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company less unamortised intangible assets (including goodwill and software).

NZX means New Zealand's Exchange.

RBA means Reserve Bank of Australia, Australia's central bank.

RBNZ means Reserve Bank of New Zealand, New Zealand's central bank.

Regulatory deposits are mandatory reserve deposits lodged with local central banks in accordance with statutory requirements.

Risk weighted assets (RWA) are risk weighted according to each asset's inherent potential for default and what the likely losses would be in the case of default. In the case of non-asset backed risks (i.e. market and operational risk), RWA is determined by multiplying the capital requirements for those risks by 12.5.

Settlement balances owed to/by ANZ represent financial assets and/or liabilities which are in the course of being settled. These may include trade dated assets and liabilities, vostro accounts and securities settlement accounts.

SME means small and medium enterprises.

Term Funding Facility (TFF) refers to three-year funding announced by the RBA on 19 March 2020 and offered to ADIs in order to support lending to Australian businesses at low cost. The TFF was closed to drawdowns on 30 June 2021.

Term Lending Facility (TLF) refers to three to five-year funding offered by the RBNZ between May 2020 and July 2021 to promote lending to New Zealand businesses.

Description of divisions

The Group operates on a divisional structure with seven divisions: Australia Retail, Australia Commercial, Institutional, New Zealand, Suncorp Bank, Pacific, and Group Centre.

Australia Retail

The Australia Retail division provides a full range of banking services to Australian consumers. This includes Home Loans, Deposits, Credit Cards and Personal Loans. Products and services are provided via the branch network, home loan specialists, contact centres, a variety of self-service channels (digital and internet banking, website, ATMs and phone banking) and third-party brokers.

Australia Commercial

The Australia Commercial division provides a full range of banking products and financial services across the following customer segments: SME Banking (small business owners and medium commercial customers), and Diversified & Specialist Businesses (large commercial customers, and high net worth individuals and family groups). It also includes run-off businesses (Central Functions).

The Group announced at the October 2025 Strategy Day that Australia Commercial will be renamed to Business & Private Bank. This will be reflected in the 2026 Half Year Results Announcement.

Institutional

The Institutional division services global institutional and corporate customers, and governments across Australia, New Zealand and International (including Papua New Guinea (PNG)) via the following business units:

- Transaction Banking provides customers with working capital and liquidity solutions including documentary trade, supply chain financing, commodity financing as well as cash management solutions, deposits, payments and clearing.
- Corporate Finance provides customers with loan products, loan syndication, specialised loan structuring and execution, project and export finance, debt structuring and acquisition finance, and sustainable finance solutions.
- Markets provides customers with risk management services in foreign exchange, interest rates, credit, commodities, and debt capital markets in
 addition to managing the Group's interest rate exposure and liquidity position.
- Central Functions consists of enablement functions that help deliver payments services and operational support across both the Institutional division and the wider enterprise.

New Zealand

The New Zealand division comprises the following business units:

- Personal provides a full range of banking and wealth management services to consumer and private banking customers. We deliver our services via
 our internet and app-based digital solutions and network of branches, mortgage specialists, private bankers and contact centres.
- Business & Agri provides a full range of banking services through our digital, branch and contact centre channels, and traditional relationship banking
 and sophisticated financial solutions through dedicated managers. These cover privately owned small and medium enterprises, and the agricultural
 business segment.
- Central Functions includes treasury and back-office support functions.

Suncorp Bank

The Suncorp Bank division provides banking and related services to retail, commercial, small and medium enterprises and agribusiness customers in Australia. It also includes treasury and back-office support functions.

Pacific

The Pacific division provides products and services to retail and commercial customers (including multi-nationals) and to governments located in the Pacific region excluding PNG which forms part of the Institutional division.

Group Centre

Group Centre division provides support to the operating divisions, including technology, property, risk management, financial management, treasury, strategy, marketing, human resources, corporate affairs, and shareholder functions. It also includes minority investments in Asia and interests in the ANZ Non-Bank Group.

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Additional information supporting the Appendix 4E disclosure requirements (Items 10, 12) can be found in the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report:

- For details of entities over which the control has been gained or lost during the year ended 30 September 2025 (4E Item 10), refer to Note 26 Controlled Entities in the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report.
- For details of associates and joint venture entities (4D Item 11), refer to Note 27 Investment in Associates in the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report.
- For other significant information (4E Item 12), refer to the 2025 ANZGHL Annual Report.