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MASTERTON DISTRICT HOME LOAN AFFORDABILITY REPORT

September 2017

Home loan affordability is a measure of the proportion of take-home pay that is needed to make the mortgage payment for a typical household. If that is less than 40%, then a mortgage is considered 'affordable'. The following are typical assessments for households at three stages of home ownership.



FIRST HOME BUYERS 25-29 First home buyers earn a median income for their age group, and buy a first quartile house in their area. Both parties work

Mortgage payment as a percentage of the take home pav



This report estimates how affordable it would be for a couple where both are aged 25-29 and are working full time, to buy a home at the lower quartile price in Masterton District.

It assumes they earn the median rate of pay for people of their age in their region, which would give them a take home pay of \$1.293.14 a week.

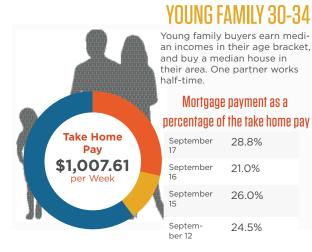
It is assumed they would have saved \$46,000 to use as a deposit, by putting aside 20% of their net pay each week for up to four years, earning interest on the savings at the 90 day bank deposit rate.

To buy a home at Masterton District's lower guartile price they would need a mortgage of \$184,000.

They would need to set aside \$222.08 a week to cover the mortgage payments, which would be 17.2% of their take home pay.

Mortgage payments are considered affordable when they take up no more than 40% of take home pay.

On that basis it would be affordable for a young couple earning the median pay rate to buy a lower guartile-priced home in Masterton District.



This report estimates how affordable it would be for a couple with a young family to move up the property ladder and buy their next home at the current median price.

28.8%

21.0%

26.0%

24.5%

It is assumed that one partner works full time and one works half time and both are paid at the median rate for people of their age in Masterton District, and that they receive the Working for Families allowance.

That would give them total after tax weekly income of \$1,007.61 a week.

It is also assumed they purchased their current home five years ago for \$187,000, which was the lower guartile selling price in Masterton District at the time.

If they sold that home for the current lower quartile price in Masterton District of \$230,000, they would have equity of \$84,767 to use as a deposit on a new home.

If they purchased a home at Masterton District's current median price of \$325,000 they would need a \$240,233 mortgage.

The repayments on this would be would be \$289.95 a week which would be 28.8% of their weekly income.

Mortgage payments are considered affordable when they take up no more than 40% of take home pay.

On that basis it would be affordable for the couple in this example. to move up to next rung of the property ladder and buy a home at Masterton District's median price.

OLDER FAMILY 35-39

Older family buyers earn median incomes in their age bracket, and buy a median house in their area. Both partners work full-time.



100 million (100 m		
	September 17	20.0%
	September 16	13.8%
η	September 15	12.4%

This report estimates how affordable it would be for a couple who are both aged 35-39 and working full time, to move up the property ladder and buy their next home at the current median price.

Take Home

Pav

\$1,400.95

per Week

It is assumed that both are paid at the median rate for people of their age in Masterton District, and that they no longer receive the Working for Families allowance.

That would give them total after tax weekly income of \$1,400.95 a week

It is also assumed they purchased their current home 10 years ago for \$200,000, which was the lower guartile selling price in Masterton District at the time.

If they sold that home for the current lower guartile price in Masterton District of \$230,000, they would have equity of \$93,390 to use as a deposit on a new home.

If they purchased a home at Masterton District's current median price of \$325,000 they would need a \$231,610 mortgage.

The repayments on this would be would be \$279.54 a week which would be 20.0% of their weekly income.

Mortgage payments are considered affordable when they take up no more than 40% of take home pay.

On that basis it would be affordable for the couple in this example to move up to next rung of the property ladder and buy a home at Masterton District's median price of \$325,000.

MASTERTON DISTRICT **KEY DRIVERS OF HOME LOAN AFFORDABILITY**

September 2017



2 Year Fixed rate

4.778%

4.822%

4.421%

Mortgage

Payment

(Weekly)

\$222.08

\$289.95

\$279.54

HOUSE PRICES

The median house price was \$325,000 in September, up from \$300,000 last month. The median house price was \$250,000 in September 2016 which puts annual growth at 30.0%. Five years ago the median was \$205,000.

Dwelling sales in September were 122, unchanged from August's 122 They are now lower than the 90 sales twelve months ago and lower than the 59 sales five years ago.

The lower-quartile house price was \$230,000 in September, down from \$247,000 last month. Annual growth was 15.0%, from the \$200,000 lower-guartile house price in September last year.

		First Quartile House Price	Median House Price
Masterton District			
	Septem- ber 17	\$230,000	\$325,000
	August 17	\$247,000	\$300,000
	Septem- ber 16	\$200,000	\$250,000
	Septem- ber 15	\$152,000	\$188,000
	Septem- ber 12	\$187,000	\$205,000
National			
	Septem- ber 17	\$350,000	\$525,000
	August 17	\$350,750	\$530,000
	Septem- ber 16	\$335,000	\$520,000
	Septem- ber 15	\$309,000	\$480,007
	Septem- ber 12	\$260,000	\$371,000

INTEREST RATES AND MORTGAGE PAYMENTS

The average bank interest rate two year fixed mortgage rate was 4.778% for September, 36 basis points less than the 4.421% twelve months earlier. The RBNZ had a rate cut program with the first reduction occurring in June 2015 and the latest one in November 2016. However, no more cuts are expected although turmoil in markets recently may change that expectation.

Wholesale rates have stopped rising steadily recently and that has now relieved upward pressure on both floating and fixed mortgage rates. Most banks have had a program of raising their rates by minor amounts on a regular basis however as rates for term deposits have firmed. Our model assumes borrowers are on a 2 year fixed rate.

INCOMES (WEEKLY TAKE HOME PAY)

First Home Buvers

tax

First home buyers are aged 25-29. A Young families are ages 30-34. A household is on male and on female household is one make, a female both earning median incomes. There and a child aged five. One partner is no child in this household. Take works part-time. Take home pay is home pay is gross pay less income

gross pay less income tax. The growth in these are as follows: The growth in these are as follows:

First Rung Buyers Young Families

This Month

A Year Ago

A Month Ago

First Home Buyers

First Rung Buyers

Young Families

First rung buyers are ages 35-39. A household is one male, one female, and school aged children. Both parents work full time. Take home pay is gross income less income tax.

The growth in these are as follows:

	Weekly	Change		Weekly	Change		Weekly	Change
Sep- tember 17	\$1,293.14	2.33%	Sep- tember 17	\$1,007.61	2.15%	Sep- tember 17	\$1,400.95	2.16%
Sep- tember 16	\$1,263.74	2.07%	Sep- tember 16	\$986.45	2.47%	Sep- tember 16	\$1,371.33	2.12%
Sep- tember 15	\$1,238.10	1.78%	August 15	\$962.66	2.57%	Sep- tember 15	\$1,342.82	2.01%
Sep- tember 14	\$1,216.49		Sep- tember 14	\$938.54		Sep- tember 14	\$1,316.35	

National			
	New Zealand		
Auckland Region			
	Auckland Central	North Shore	Auckland South
	Auckland West		
Wellington Region			
	Wellington City	Hutt Valley	Porirua
	Katpiti Coast	Wairarapa	
	·		
Northland			
	Whangarei		
Waikato and Bay of Plenty	Llovoiltov	Tauwanasa	Deterrue
	Hamilton	Tauranga	Rotorua
Hawkes Bay and Gisborne			
	Napier	Hastings	Gisborne
Taranaki, Manawhatu and Whanganui			
	New Plymouth	Palmerston North	Wanganui
Nalaan and Marilaansanda			
Nelson and Marlbourough	Nelson		
	Neison		
Cantebury			
	Christchurch	Timaru	
Otago, Central Otago Lakes and Southland			
	Queenstown	Dunedin	Invercargill

Notes

This work must be referred to as **The interest.co.nz Home Loan Affordability series**. There are two related components - the **Standard Home Loan Affordability series**, and **the First-Home-buyer Home Loan Affordability series**. They have both been produced by www.interest.co.nz. Please direct queries via email to info@interest.co.nz, or see our contact information below.

Sources / Definitions / Methodology

***a typical buyer:** An individual in the 30-34 year old age group who buys the median house price with 20% deposit. ***a first home buyer :** An individual in the 25-29

Interpreting the Index:

The home loan affordability index measures the proportion a weekly mortgage payment is of weekly take-home pay (for a median priced house). An index measure is generated for each region, and nationally. We calculate, but do not publish, this index using other various mortgage interest rate terms.

Interpreting the Household Income Models:

A mortgage is 'affordable' when the mortgage payment is no greater than 40% of household weekly take-home pay. The value of the mortgage is based on the rules below (see Home Loan).

Weekly Income:

From the July 2007 Report onward, the source on which we base our estimates of weekly income, is now the LEEDS (Linked employer- employee data survey) data from Statistics New Zealand.

The standard home loan affordability report is based on the LEEDS data for the 30-34 age group.

Income tax rates from IRD are used to calculate a take-home pay (which is the LEEDSbased data net of the specific income tax rate).

Home Loan: (Median house price less a 20% deposit) Mortgage repayments are based on the value of the home loan, paid weekly for 25 years, using the bank average interest rate. The home loan is assumed to be a standard table mortgage, where both interest and principal is repaid in a fixed weekly payment made in arrears. The repayment is calculated using the tools at http://www.interest.co.nz/calculators/mortgage-calculator

Mortgage Rates:

Average mortgage interest rates are sourced from www.interest.co.nz. These averages are for banks only as banks have 90%+ of the mortgage market. Affordability calculations are done for mortgages at the floating rate and one year through to the five fixed-rate terms. In this report, the two-year fixed mortgage interest rate is used. Until August 2010 this series used a 2 year fixed rate loan as the basis for interest rates. In September 2010 it was switched to the floating rate, reflecting actual market shifts by borrowers. In June 2014, it was switched back to the 2 year fixed rates, again reflecting market shifts.

House price data:

Median house prices are as reported by the Real Estate Institute of New Zealand. Although the REINZ series is more volatile than the QV equivalent, there is a highly positive correlation between the two series. The REINZ series is more current and offers an earlier indication of market trends.

Saving Rates:

Average savings interest rates are sourced from www.interest. co.nz. These averages are for banks only, and use the 90 day term deposit rate. Saving calculations take into account the individuals marginal tax rates as defined by IRD. Household affordability:

Household affordability is calculated in the same way as individual affordability except instead of individual income, a household income is used. The household income for a standard-buyer household is made from 1 full time male median income, 50% of a female median income (from LEEDS data) both in the 30-34 age range, plus the Working For Families income support they are entitled to receive under that program. **Disclaimer**

IMPORTANT - PLEASE READ

No reader should rely on the contents of this report for making a specific investment or purchase decision. The information in this report is supplied strictly on the basis that only overall market trends are being reported on, and that all data, conclusions and opinions expressed are provisional and subject to revision.

If you are making a specific investment or purchase decision, you are strongly advised to seek independent advice from a qualified professional you trust.

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