

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

ABN 11 005 357 522

Full Year 30 September 2016

Consolidated Financial Report

Dividend Announcement

and Appendix 4E

The Consolidated Financial Report and Dividend Announcement contains information required by Appendix 4E of the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) Listing Rules. It should be read in conjunction with ANZ's 2016 Annual Report, and is lodged with the ASX under listing rule 4.3A.

Name of Company: Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

ABN 11 005 357 522

Report for the year ended 30 September 2016

	Operating Results ¹				AUD million
	Operating income	Û	-3%	to	20,529
	Net statutory profit attributable to shareholders	Û	-24%	to	5,709
	Cash profit ²	Û	-18%	to	5,889
-					
	Dividends ³		Cents		Franked
	Dividends ³		Cents per share		Franked amount ⁴ per share
	Dividends ³ Proposed final dividend		per		amount⁴
			per share		amount⁴ per share
	Proposed final dividend Interim dividend		per share 80		amount ⁴ per share 100%
	Proposed final dividend		per share 80	15 No	amount ⁴ per share 100%

Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bonus Option Plan

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ANZ) has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the 2016 final dividend. For the 2016 final dividend, ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The 'Acquisition Price' to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated by reference to the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average sale price of all fully paid ANZ ordinary shares sold in the ordinary course of trading on the ASX during the ten trading days commencing on 18 November 2016, and then rounded to the nearest whole cent. Shares provided under the DRP and BOP will rank equally in all respects with existing fully paid ANZ ordinary shares. Election notices from shareholders wanting to commence, cease or vary their participation in the DRP or BOP for the 2016 final dividend must be received by ANZ's Share Registrar by 5.00pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 16 November 2016. Subject to receiving effective contrary instructions from the shareholder, dividends payable to shareholders with a registered address in the United Kingdom (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) or New Zealand will be converted to Pounds Sterling or New Zealand Dollars respectively at an exchange rate calculated on 18 November 2016.

¹ Unless otherwise noted, all comparisons are to the year ended 30 September 2015.

² Cash profit excludes non-core items included in statutory profit and is provided to assist readers in understanding the result of the ongoing business activities of the Group. The non-core items are calculated consistently period on period so as not to discriminate between positive and negative adjustments and fall into one of the three categories: gains or losses included in earnings arising from changes in tax, legal or accounting legislation or other non-core items not associated with the ongoing operations of the Group; treasury shares, revaluation of policy liabilities, economic hedging and similar accounting items that represent timing differences that will reverse through earnings in the future; and accounting reclassifications between individual line items that do not impact reported results, such as policyholders tax gross up. Cash profit is not a measure of cash flow or profit determined on a cash basis. The net after tax adjustment was an addition to statutory profit of \$180 million made up of several items. Refer pages 83 to 88 for further details.

There is no foreign conduit income attributed to the dividends.

⁴ It is proposed that the final dividend will be fully franked for Australian tax purposes (30% tax rate) and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 9 cents per ordinary share.

KPMG has audited the financial statements contained within the Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited Annual Report and has issued an unmodified audit opinion. The Annual Report will be available on 7 November 2016, and will include a copy of the KPMG audit report. The financial information contained in the financial statements section of this preliminary final report includes financial information extracted from the audited financial statements together with financial information that has not been audited. The cash profit results disclosed as part of this full year results announcement have not been separately audited, however KPMG has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period.

David M Gonski, AC

Chairman

Shayne C Elliott Director

2 November 2016

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT, DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT AND APPENDIX 4E

Year ended 30 September 2016

	CONTENTS	PAGE
	News Release	7
	Summary	11
	Strategic Review	21
	Group Results	25
75	Divisional Results	53
	Profit Reconciliation	83
	Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	89
	Supplementary Information	109
	Definitions	123
	ASX Appendix 4E Cross Reference Index	126
	Alphabetical Index	127

This Consolidated Financial Report, Dividend Announcement and Appendix 4E has been prepared for Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (the "Company" or "Parent Entity") together with its subsidiaries which are variously described as "ANZ", "Group", "ANZ Group", "the consolidated entity", "the Bank", "us", "we" or "our".

All amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated. The Company has a formally constituted Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The signing of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements was approved by resolution of a Committee of the Board of Directors on 2 November 2016.

When used in this Results Announcement the words "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to ANZ and its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. ANZ does not undertake any obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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News Release



ANZ reports 2016 Full Year Result

ANZ today announced a Statutory Profit after tax for the Financial Year ended 30 September 2016 of \$5.7 billion down 24% and a Cash Profit¹ of \$5.9 billion down 18%.

The FY16 result reflects a good performance in ANZ's core domestic franchises and significant reshaping of the business driven by ANZ's strategic focus to create a simpler, better capitalised and more balanced bank that produces better outcomes for customers and shareholders.

The result reflects an emphasis on delivering strong capital and cost management outcomes together with \$1,077 million of charges (after tax) for Specified Items primarily related to reshaping the Group to position it for improved performance in future years.

Adjusted Pro-Forma Cash Profit² was \$7.0 billion down 3%, while Profit before Provisions increased 6% as the benefits of simplification and rebalancing initiatives began to emerge. Return on equity was stable in the second half of the financial year at 12.2% (adjusted Pro-forma Cash Profit basis).

The Final Dividend of 80 cents per share is consistent with guidance provided at the Interim Profit announcement. The Total Dividend for FY16 is 160 cents per share fully franked down 12%.

Selected Group Financial Information	Half Y	'ear	Full	⁄ear
Earnings (\$m)	2H16	1H16	FY16	FY15
Statutory Profit basis				
Profit before credit impairment and tax	5,321	4,786	10,107	11,712
Statutory Profit	2,971	2,738	5,709	7,493
Cash Profit basis ¹				
Profit before credit impairment and tax	5,318	4,837	10,155	11,159
Cash Profit	3,107	2,782	5,889	7,216
Earnings Per Share (cents)	106.7	95.9	202.6	260.3
Return on Equity (%)	10.9	9.7	10.3	14.0
Net Interest Margin (%)	2.00	2.01	2.00	2.04
Total Credit Impairment Charge as a % of avg GLAs (%)	0.36%	0.32%	0.34%	0.22%
Adjusted Pro-forma Cash Profit basis ²				
Profit before credit impairment and tax	5,815	5,737	11,552	10,927
Adjusted Pro-forma Cash Profit	3,467	3,499	6,966	7,145
Operating expenses to income (CTI, %)	44.6%	45.0%	44.8%	46.0%
Earnings Per Share (cents)	119.1	120.6	239.7	257.8
Return on Equity (%)	12.2%	12.2%	12.2%	13.8%
Selected Group Financial Information				
Credit Quality		Sep-16	Mar-16	Sep-15
Collective Provision as a % of Credit RWA (%)		0.82%	0.86%	0.85%
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLAs (%)		0.55%	0.51%	0.47%
Balance sheet (\$b)		Sep-16	Mar-16	Sep-15
Gross Loans and Advances (GLAs)		580.0	565.9	574.3
Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)		408.6	388.3	401.9
Customer Deposits		449.6	446.8	444.6
Leverage Ratio (%)		5.3%	5.1%	5.1%
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio (%)		9.6%	9.8%	9.6%
Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio Internationally Comparable Basel 3 (%)		14.5%	14.0%	13.2%
Other		Sep-16	Mar-16	Sep-15
Full time equivalent staff (FTE)		46,554	48,896	50,152

ANZ Chief Executive Officer Shayne Elliott said: "This year we delivered another good performance in Australia and New Zealand with our consumer and small business franchises producing strong results based on a disciplined approach to market share and tight cost management.

"We also took steps to create a better experience for our customers and to compete efficiently in the digital age. This included the successful launch of Apple Pay and Android Pay in Australia and Apple Pay in New Zealand. These are market-leading initiatives that have delivered good growth in new to bank customers.

In Institutional Banking there has also been significant progress in improving returns and building a simpler business focussed on regional trade and capital flows. This included a meaningful reduction in low yielding assets and improved productivity.

"We are also making changes to ensure we are fairer and more balanced in the way we deal with customers and to demonstrate our commitment to community responsibility. The current discussion about the banking sector in Australia however shows that we still have more to do to shift our culture and evolve the way we do business," he said.

Strategic Priorities

Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank.

Reduce operating costs and risks by removing product and management complexity, exiting low return and non-core businesses and reducing our reliance on low-returning aspects of Institutional banking in particular.

FY16 Progress Highlights

- Portfolio rebalancing underway, retail and commercial RWAs increased (6%)³, Institutional RWAs reduced (down 15%).
- The improved composition of CRWA, up \$2 billion (1%), was driven by \$8 billion of lending growth in retail and commercial in Australia and New Zealand, and a \$26 billion increase in Australian Mortgages from regulatory changes, largely offset by a \$21 billion decrease in Institutional lending and a \$5 billion decrease from the sale of the Esanda dealer finance portfolio.
- CET1 ratio 9.6% at 30 September; organic capital generation 106 bps in the second half.
- Further simplified and refocused the business, reducing duplication, delivered reduction in FTE (down 7% for the year).
- Sold the Esanda dealer finance portfolio, announced the sale of the Retail & Wealth businesses in five Asian countries.
- Pursuing a range of strategic and capital market options in relation to the Wealth businesses in Australia.
- Reset the 2016 dividend to provide the basis to return to a sustainable, fully franked payout ratio of 60-65% of Cash Profit⁴ over time.

Focus our efforts on attractive areas where we can carve out a winning position.

Make buying and owning a home or starting, running and growing a small business in Australia and New Zealand easy. Be the best bank in the world for customers driven by the movement of goods and capital in our region.

- Focus on growing RWA in higher returning segments improved Institutional (excluding Markets) margins by 13 bps.
- Grew the high return Institutional cash management business, increasing revenue by 6%; deposit balances by \$1 billion up 1%.
- Australia and New Zealand Retail and Commercial customer numbers increased by 262,000.
- Australia home loan lending up 7%, moved to #3 market share, maintained #1 market share position in New Zealand.
- Small business lending in Australia up 9%, New Zealand up 11%.

Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank.

Create a stronger sense of core purpose, ethics and fairness, investing in leaders who can help sense and navigate a rapidly changing environment.

- Revised ANZ's Corporate Sustainability Framework with focus on fair and responsible banking.
- Supported ABA conduct and remuneration reviews.
- Redesigned ANZ's performance management process to strengthen alignment to strategy and values.
- Reviewed approach to remuneration including new guidelines on equity clawback.
- Invested in MIT Digital Leadership Program and Leadership Pathway programs.
- Strengthened the Whistleblower Protection Policy.

Build a superior everyday experience for our people and Customers to compete in the digital age.

Build more convenient, engaging banking solutions to simplify the lives of customers and our people.

- Established new Digital Banking Division to support growth in priority areas.
- First major bank to launch Apple Pay and Android Pay in Australia and Apple Pay in New Zealand.
- Implemented multi-channel digital platform for Australian retail banking, more than 1 million customers using goMoney apps on the new platform.
- Launched Digital Customer Identity Verification.

Wealth and Asia Retail & Wealth

At the 2016 Interim Result, ANZ advised that it was conducting strategic reviews of the Group's Retail and Wealth business in Asia, and its Wealth businesses in Australia and New Zealand. The reviews considered each business within the context of the overall Group strategy including capital efficiency.

ANZ announced on 31 October 2016 that it had entered into an agreement with DBS to sell the Retail and Wealth businesses in Singapore, Hong Kong, China, Taiwan and Indonesia. ANZ intends to clarify plans for the remaining businesses in Retail and Wealth in Asia during FY17.

The strategic review of ANZ's Wealth businesses in Australia and New Zealand concluded that while the distribution of high quality Wealth products and services should remain a core component of the Group's overall customer proposition, ANZ does not need to be a manufacturer of Life and Investments products.

The initial focus will be on the Australian Wealth business where ANZ is exploring a range of possible strategic and capital market options that will maintain strong outcomes for customers. This includes the possible sale of the life insurance, advice and superannuation and investments businesses in Australia. ANZ will pursue a disciplined approach to this process and will update the market as appropriate.

The Wealth business in New Zealand will be considered separately during 2017.

Capital and Dividend

The APRA CET1 capital ratio at 30 September was 9.6% (14.5% on an Internationally Comparable basis). Organic capital generation of 106 basis points in the second half was 33 basis points higher than the second half average of the past 4 years, primarily driven by Credit RWA reduction (excluding foreign exchange impacts) of \$12 billion in the Institutional business.

The Final Dividend of 80 cents per share is the same as for the first half and is in line with guidance. The total dividend for FY16 of 160 cents per share represents a Dividend Payout Ratio of 81.9% on a Statutory Profit basis and 79.4% on a Cash Profit basis.

ANZ is gradually consolidating to its historical payout range of 60-65% of annual Cash Profit which ANZ believes provides a more sustainable base reflecting the greater demands for capital arising from increased regulatory requirements. On an Adjusted Pro-forma Cash Profit basis the Dividend Payout Ratio was 67.1%.

Specified Items

In FY16 ANZ recognised the impact of a number of items collectively referred to as Specified Items which form part of the Group's Cash Profit. The items are primarily related to initiatives undertaken to reposition the Group for stronger profit before provisions growth in the future. Adjusted ProForma Cash Profit information has also been provided to allow the market to better analyse the ongoing operations of the Group.

ANZ recorded \$1,077 million (after tax) of specified items charges in Cash Profit during the Financial Year, of which almost half (\$522 million) related to a change in the application of the software capitalisation policy. This change in policy effected a 24% reduction in the Capitalised Software balance year on year.

One third of the Specified Items charges occurred in the second half, including an additional restructuring charge of \$100 million (post tax) and a derivative credit valuation adjustment (CVA) of \$168 million (after tax).

The restructuring charge supports the evolution of the Group's strategy and will underpin further productivity through reshaping of the workforce to reduce complexity and duplication, and to align with the changing emphasis in Institutional. ANZ has refined the methodology for the calculation of CVA, a component of valuing derivative instruments in the Markets business. The updated methodology makes greater use of market credit information and more sophisticated exposure modelling and is in line with leading market practice.

A more detailed information pack on specified items is on www.anz.com within the FY16 results materials.

Credit Quality

The total provision charge of \$1.96 billion (\$1.94 billion individual provision charge and a \$17 million collective provision charge) equates to a loss rate of 34 basis point of which 3 bps is attributable to the recently announced settlement of the Oswal case. Gross impaired assets increased to \$3.17 billion with new impaired assets up 3% compared to the prior half.

While in aggregate the credit environment is broadly stable, pockets of weakness continue to work their way through the economy, largely reflecting stress moving through the resources and resources related sectors. The stress appears to have now largely passed through the Institutional market and is progressively moving through the Commercial and Retail sectors. ANZ therefore expects provision charges to remain broadly the same in the 2017 Financial Year as a percentage of gross lending assets.

Outlook

Commenting on the outlook Mr Elliott said: "We are pleased with the initial progress that has been made this year in reshaping our strategy and setting ANZ on a path towards a sustainable improvement in customer outcomes and shareholder returns.

We have a clear strategy and a consistent focus on the simplification of our business and actively rebalancing our portfolio. Importantly we have the organisation aligned and we have established momentum in relation to the work that still needs to be done. This sets us up well to increase the pace of execution in 2017 and to deliver a better bank for customers and for shareholders," he said.

Video interviews with Shayne Elliott and Chief Financial Officer Michelle Jablko discussing the 2016 Full Year result announcement are available at www.bluenotes.anz.com.

For media enquiries contact: Paul Edwards + 61-434-070101 Stephen Ries +61-409-655551 For investor and analyst enquiries contact: Jill Campbell, Tel: +61-412-047448 Cameron Davis, Tel: +61-421-613819

Footnotes:

- . Cash Profit excludes non-core items included in Statutory Profit and is provided to assist readers in understanding the results of the ongoing business activities of the Group. The net after tax adjustment was an addition to Statutory Profit of \$130 million comprised of several items. All comparisons are to the full year end September 2015 unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Adjusted Pro-forma Cash Profit refers to Cash Profit adjusted to remove the impacts of Specified Items including the impact of software capitalisation policy changes, Asia Partnership impairment charge (AMMB) and gain of cessation of equity accounting (Bank of Tianjin), restructuring expenses, sale of Esanda Dealer Finance business, and derivative credit valuation adjustment. Further detail provided in the ANZ Full Year 2016 consolidated Financial Report.
- 3. Excludes the impact of increased capital requirements for Australian residential mortgages from July 2016 and the divestment of Esanda Dealer Finance.
- Previously 65 to 70 per cent of Cash Profit.

CONTENTS

Summary

Statutory Profit Results

Cash Profit Results

Key Balance Sheet Metrics

Cash Profit Results - FX Adjusted

Cash Profit Results - Adjusted Pro-forma

Other Non-financial Information

Statutory Profit Results

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	-1%	15,095	14,616	3%	
Other operating income	2,737	2,697	1%	5,434	6,474	-16%	
Operating income	10,264	10,265	0%	20,529	21,090	-3%	
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	-10%	(10,422)	(9,378)	11%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,321	4,786	11%	10,107	11,712	-14%	
Credit impairment charge	(1,025)	(904)	13%	(1,929)	(1,179)	64%	
Profit before income tax	4,296	3,882	11%	8,178	10,533	-22%	
Income tax expense	(1,318)	(1,140)	16%	(2,458)	(3,026)	-19%	
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	75%	(11)	(14)	-21%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	

Earnings Per Ordinary Share (cents)			Half Year			Full Year	
5)	Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Movt
Basic	101	102.6	94.8	8%	197.4	271.5	-27%
Diluted	101	98.3	89.7	10%	189.3	257.2	-26%

	ating income	10,264	10,265	0%	20,529	21,090	-3%
Opera	ating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	-10%	(10,422)	(9,378)	11%
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Earni	ings Per Ordinary Share (cents)		Half Year			Full Year	
15)	Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Mov
Basic	101	102.6	94.8	8%	197.4	271.5	-27%
Dilute		98.3	89.7	10%	189.3	257.2	-26%
				Half Yea	r	Full Yea	ar
		R	eference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 16	Sep 15
Ordir	nary Share Dividends (cents)						
	Interim - 100% franked ¹		100	-	80	80	86
\bigcup	Final - 100% franked ¹		100	80	-	80	95
	Total - 100% franked ¹		100	80	80	160	181
	Ordinary share dividend payout ratio ²		100	78.8%	85.2%	81.9%	68.6%
Prefe	erence Share Dividend (\$M)						
7	Dividend paid ³		100	-		-	1
	(1995 B. C						
Profil	tability Ratios Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity ⁴			10.5%	9.5%	10.0%	14.5%
/))	Return on average assets			0.65%	0.61%	0.63%	0.88%
	Net interest margin		28	2.00%	2.01%	2.00%	2.04%
_	Net interest margin		20	2.00 /0	2.0170	2.00 /0	2.0470
Effici	ency Ratios						
\cup)	Operating expenses to operating income			48.2%	53.4%	50.8%	44.5%
\leq	Operating expenses to average assets			1.08%	1.22%	1.15%	1.10%
Credi	it Impairment Charge/(Release)						
J. J. Cul	Individual credit impairment charge (\$M)			1,034	878	1,912	1,084
	Collective credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M)			(9)	26	17	95
	Total credit impairment charge (\$M)		103	1,025	904	1,929	1,179
	Provide to the Gradie A	5		0.36%		0.33%	0.19%
	Individual credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and adv	/ances "		U.35%	0.31%	U.3.376	

Fully franked for Australian tax purposes and carry New Zealand imputation credits of NZD 9 cents per ordinary share for the proposed 2016 final dividend (2016 interim dividend: NZD 10 cents; 2015 final dividend: NZD 11 cents; 2015 interim dividend: NZD 10 cents).

Dividend payout ratio is calculated using the proposed 2016 final, 2016 interim, 2015 final and 2015 interim dividends.

Represents dividends paid on Euro Trust Securities (preference shares) issued on 13 December 2004. The Euro Trust Securities were bought back by ANZ for cash at face value and cancelled on 15 December 2014.

Average ordinary shareholders' equity excludes non-controlling interests and preference shares.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Cash Profit Results¹

	Half Year					
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	-1%	15,095	14,616	3%
Other operating income	2,734	2,748	-1%	5,482	5,921	-7%
Operating income	10,261	10,316	-1%	20,577	20,537	0%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	-10%	(10,422)	(9,378)	11%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	10%	10,155	11,159	-9%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	13%	(1,956)	(1,205)	62%
Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	9%	8,199	9,954	-18%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	3%	(2,299)	(2,724)	-16%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	75%	(11)	(14)	-21%
Cash profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%

Earnings Per Ordinary Share (cents)	_	Half Year				Full Year				
	Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Movt			
Basic	43	106.7	95.9	11%	202.6	260.3	-22%			
Diluted	43	102.0	90.7	12%	194.1	247.0	-21%			

Crigital impairment charge	Operating expenses	(4,943)	(3,473)	-10 /0	(10,422)	(3,376)	11/0
Profit before income tax	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	10%	10,155	11,159	-9%
Income tax expense	Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	13%	(1,956)	(1,205)	62%
Non-controlling interests	Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	9%	8,199	9,954	-18%
Cash profit 3,107 2,782 12% 5,889 7,216 -16	Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	3%	(2,299)	(2,724)	-16%
Famings Per Ordinary Share (cents) Reference Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Movt Sep 16 Sep 15 Mar 16 Sep 16 Mar 16 Sep 16 Sep 15 Mar 16 Sep 16 Sep 16 Sep 16 Sep 16 Mar 16 Sep	Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	75%	(11)	(14)	-21%
Reference Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Movt Sep 16 Sep 15 Mar 16 Movt Sep 16 Sep 16 Mar 16 Movt Sep 16 Sep 16 Mar 16 Movt Sep 16 Sep 16 Mar 16 Movt Sep	Cash profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%
Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Mar 16 Mar 16 Sep 16 Sep 15 Sep 16 Diluted 43 106.7 95.9 11% 202.8 260.3 22	Earnings Per Ordinary Share (cents)		Half Year			Full Year	
Diluted 43 102.0 90.7 12% 194.1 247.0 -22	Page	Sep 16			-		Mov 1
Reference Page	// \\						-21%
Profitability Ratios Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity Return on average assets 10.8% 0.62% 0.65% 0.85% 0.68% Net interest margin 28 2.00% 2.01% 2.00% 2.04% 2.00% 2.04% Profitability partices Return on average profitability partices Return on average assets 0.68% 0.62% 0.65% 0.85% 0.85% Net interest margin 28 2.00% 2.01% 2.00% 2.04% 2.00% 2.04% Profit per average FTE (\$) 65,426 55,889 121,091 141,621 Efficiency Ratios Operating expenses to operating income 48,2% 53,1% 50,6% 45,7% 0.70% 0.7	- Pinded	102.0	30.7	1270	104.1	247.0	2170
Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Sep 16 Sep 16 Sep 16 Ordinary Share Dividends Ordinary Share dividend payout ratio ³ 44 75.4% 83.9% 79.4% 71.2%			-	Half Yea	nr	Full Ye	ar
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio ²		R		Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 16	Sep 15
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity 3			44	75.4%	83.9%	79.4%	71.2%
Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity 3	Profitability Ratios						
Net interest margin 28	•			10.9%	9.7%	10.3%	14.0%
Profit per average FTE (\$) 65,426 55,889 121,091 141,621	Return on average assets			0.68%	0.62%	0.65%	0.85%
Efficiency Ratios	Net interest margin		28	2.00%	2.01%	2.00%	2.04%
Operating expenses to operating income	Profit per average FTE (\$)			65,426	55,889	121,091	141,621
Operating expenses to operating income	Efficiency Ratios						
Credit Impairment Charge/(Release) Individual credit impairment charge (\$M) 37 1,047 892 1,939 1,110 Collective credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M) 37 (9) 26 17 95 Total credit impairment charge (\$M) 37 1,038 918 1,956 1,205 Individual credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances 0.36% 0.31% 0.34% 0.20% Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances 0.36% 0.32% 0.34% 0.22% Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division Half Year Full Year Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division Full Year Full Year Sep 16				48.2%	53.1%	50.6%	45.7%
Individual credit impairment charge (\$M) 37 1,047 892 1,939 1,110	Operating expenses to average assets			1.08%	1.22%	1.15%	1.10%
Individual credit impairment charge (\$M) 37 1,047 892 1,939 1,110	Credit Impairment Charge/(Release)						
Total credit impairment charge (\$M) Individual credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross			37	1,047	892	1,939	1,110
Individual credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁴ 0.36% 0.31% 0.34% 0.20% Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁴ 0.36% 0.32% 0.34% 0.22% Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division Half Year Full Year Sep 16	Collective credit impairment charge/(release) (\$M)		37	(9)	26	17	95
Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and advances ⁴ 0.36% 0.32% 0.34% 0.22%	Total credit impairment charge (\$M)		37	1,038	918	1,956	1,205
Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division Half Year Full Year Sep 16 \$ Mar 16 \$ \$ M	Individual credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and a	advances ⁴		0.36%	0.31%	0.34%	0.20%
Sep 16 sM Mar 16 sM Sep 16 sM Sep 16 sM Sep 16 sM Sep 15 sM Move sM <td>Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and adva</td> <td>nces⁴</td> <td></td> <td>0.36%</td> <td>0.32%</td> <td>0.34%</td> <td>0.22%</td>	Total credit impairment charge as a % of average gross loans and adva	nces ⁴		0.36%	0.32%	0.34%	0.22%
Australia 1,794 1,779 1% 3,573 3,413 5° 1,057 1,967 -46° 1,254 1°	Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division		Half Year			Full Year	
Institutional 425 632 -33% 1,057 1,967 -466 New Zealand 626 641 -2% 1,267 1,254 19				Movt			Movt
New Zealand 626 641 -2% 1,267 1,254 19 Wealth Australia 159 168 -5% 327 428 -24 Asia Retail & Pacific 95 57 67% 152 139 99	Australia	1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%
Wealth Australia 159 168 -5% 327 428 -24° Asia Retail & Pacific 95 57 67% 152 139 9°	Institutional	425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%
Asia Retail & Pacific 95 57 67% 152 139 99	New Zealand	626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%
	Wealth Australia	159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%
TSO and Group Centre 8 (495) large (487) 15 large	Asia Retail & Pacific	95	57	67%	152		9%
	TSO and Group Centre	8	(495)	large	(487)	15	large

1)	Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division		Half Year		Full Year			
/2		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
	Australia	1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%	
	Institutional	425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%	
	New Zealand	626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%	
)	Wealth Australia	159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%	
	Asia Retail & Pacific	95	57	67%	152	139	9%	
	TSO and Group Centre	8	(495)	large	(487)	15	large	
_	Cash profit by division	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%	

Cash profit excludes non-core items included in statutory profit and is provided to assist readers in understanding the results of the ongoing business activities of the Group. Refer to pages 83 to 88 for the reconciliation between statutory and cash profit.

Dividend payout ratio is calculated using the proposed 2016 final, 2016 interim, 2015 final and 2015 interim dividends.

Average ordinary shareholders' equity excludes non-controlling interests and preference shares.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Key Balance Sheet Metrics

_	As at			Movement		
Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
48	9.6%	9.8%	9.6%			
48	14.5%	14.0%	13.2%			
112	352.0	334.3	349.8	5%	1%	
48	408.6	388.3	401.9	5%	2%	
51	5.3%	5.1%	5.1%			
	580.0	565.9	574.3	3%	1%	
	575.9	561.8	570.2	3%	1%	
	914.9	895.3	889.9	2%	3%	
	449.6	446.8	444.6	1%	1%	
	57.9	56.5	57.4	3%	1%	
	48 48 112 48	Page Sep 16 48 9.6% 48 14.5% 112 352.0 48 408.6 51 5.3% 580.0 575.9 914.9 449.6	Reference Page Sep 16 Mar 16 48 9.6% 9.8% 48 14.5% 14.0% 112 352.0 334.3 48 408.6 388.3 51 5.3% 5.1% 580.0 565.9 575.9 561.8 914.9 895.3 449.6 446.8	Reference Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Sep 15 48 9.6% 9.8% 9.6% 48 14.5% 14.0% 13.2% 112 352.0 334.3 349.8 48 408.6 388.3 401.9 51 5.3% 5.1% 5.1% 575.9 561.8 570.2 914.9 895.3 889.9 449.6 446.8 444.6	Reference Page Sep 16 Mar 16 Sep 15 Sep 16 v. Mar 16 48 9.6% 9.8% 9.6% 48 14.5% 14.0% 13.2% 112 352.0 334.3 349.8 5% 48 408.6 388.3 401.9 5% 51 5.3% 5.1% 5.1% 575.9 561.8 570.2 3% 914.9 895.3 889.9 2% 449.6 446.8 444.6 1%	

	_	Half	Year Average	Movement		
Liquidity Risk	Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	46	125%	126%	124%	-1%	1%

- Internationally Comparable Basel 3	48	14.5%	14.0%	13.2%		
Credit risk weighted assets (\$B) ²	112	352.0	334.3	349.8	5%	1%
Total risk weighted assets (\$B) ²	48	408.6	388.3	401.9	5%	2%
Leverage Ratio	51	5.3%	5.1%	5.1%		
Balance Sheet: Key Items						
Gross loans and advances (\$B) ³		580.0	565.9	574.3	3%	1%
Net loans and advances (\$B) ³		575.9	561.8	570.2	3%	1%
Total assets (\$B)		914.9	895.3	889.9	2%	3%
Customer deposits (\$B)		449.6	446.8	444.6	1%	1%
Total equity (\$B)		57.9	56.5	57.4	3%	1%
(05)		Half	Year Averag	je	Mover	nent
	Reference				Sep 16	Sep 16
Liquidity Risk Liquidity Coverage Ratio	Page 46	Sep 16 125%	Mar 16 126%	Sep 15 124%	v. Mar 16 -1%	v. Sep 15 1%
Zignary corologo ratio		12070	12070	12170	170	170
			As at		Moven	nent
	Reference Page	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Impaired Assets						
Gross impaired assets (\$M)	39	3,173	2,883	2,719	10%	17%
Gross impaired assets as a % of gross loans and advances ³		0.55%	0.51%	0.47%		
Net impaired assets (\$M)	39	1,866	1,645	1,658	13%	13%
Net impaired assets as a % of shareholders' equity		3.2%	2.9%	2.9%		
Individual provision (\$M)	38	1,307	1,238	1,061	6%	23%
Individual provision as a % of gross impaired assets		41.2%	42.9%	39.0%		
Collective provision (\$M)	38	2,876	2,862	2,956	0%	-3%
Collective provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets		0.82%	0.86%	0.85%		
Net Assets						
Net tangible assets attributable to ordinary shareholders (\$B)		50.1	48.8	48.9	3%	2%
Net tangible assets per ordinary share (\$)		17.13	16.72	16.86	2%	2%
			As at		Movem	ent
Net Loans And Advances By Division		Sep 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Sep 15 \$B	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia		327.1	321.4	315.1	2%	4%
Institutional		125.9	125.6	142.2	0%	-11%
New Zealand		107.9	99.2	97.0	9%	11%
Wealth Australia		2.0	1.9	1.9	5%	5%
Asia Retail & Pacific		13.4	13.9	14.5	-4%	-8%
TSO and Group Centre		(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.5)	100%	-20%
Net loans and advances by division ³		575.9	561.8	570.2	3%	1%
- 						

		As at		Mover	nent
Net Loans And Advances By Division	Sep 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Sep 15 \$B	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia	327.1	321.4	315.1	2%	4%
Institutional	125.9	125.6	142.2	0%	-11%
New Zealand	107.9	99.2	97.0	9%	11%
Wealth Australia	2.0	1.9	1.9	5%	5%
Asia Retail & Pacific	13.4	13.9	14.5	-4%	-8%
TSO and Group Centre	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.5)	100%	-20%
Net loans and advances by division ³	575.9	561.8	570.2	3%	1%

See page 50 for further details regarding the differences between APRA Basel 3 and Internationally Comparable Basel 3 standards.

Includes \$25.9 billion increase in credit risk weighted assets associated with increased capital requirements for Australian residential mortgages introduced in July 2016.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Cash Profit Results - FX Adjusted

The following tables present the Group's cash profit results neutralised for the impact of foreign currency translation. Comparative data has been adjusted to remove the translation impact of foreign exchange movements by retranslating prior period comparatives at current period foreign exchange rates. Refer to page 41 for further details on the impact of exchange rate movements.

Cash Profit - September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Full Year

		Full Yea	r			lovement	
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Net interest income	15,095	14,616	96	14,712	3%	0%	3%
Other operating income	5,482	5,921	225	6,146	-7%	4%	-11%
Operating income	20,577	20,537	321	20,858	0%	1%	-1%
Operating expenses	(10,422)	(9,378)	(114)	(9,492)	11%	1%	10%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	10,155	11,159	207	11,366	-9%	2%	-11%
Credit impairment charge	(1,956)	(1,205)	(9)	(1,214)	62%	1%	61%
Profit before income tax	8,199	9,954	198	10,152	-18%	1%	-19%
Income tax expense	(2,299)	(2,724)	(56)	(2,780)	-16%	1%	-17%
Non-controlling interests	(11)	(14)	(1)	(15)	-21%	6%	-27%
Cash profit	5,889	7,216	141	7,357	-18%	2%	-20%
99							
Cash Profit - September 2016 Half Year vs March 20	16 Half Year						
		Half Yea	r		M	lovement	
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted

		Half Yea	ar		N	lovement	
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	(7)	7,561	-1%	-1%	0%
Other operating income	2,734	2,748	(25)	2,723	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating income	10,261	10,316	(32)	10,284	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	35	(5,444)	-10%	-1%	-9%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	3	4,840	10%	0%	10%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	7	(911)	13%	-1%	14%
Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	10	3,929	9%	0%	9%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	(6)	(1,139)	3%	1%	2%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	-	(4)	75%	0%	75%
Cash profit	3,107	2,782	4	2,786	12%	0%	12%

Cash Profit Results - Adjusted Pro-forma

During the year, the Group recognised the impact of a number of items collectively referred to as 'specified items' which form part of the Group's cash profit. The tables on the following pages present the Group's cash profit adjusted for these items to assist readers to understand the estimated growth rates of the ongoing business performance of the Group. The "Cash Profit Results - Adjusted Pro-forma" is not subject to review or audit by the external

Software capitalisation changes

During the March 2016 half, the Board resolved to amend the application of the Group's software capitalisation policy by increasing the threshold for capitalisation of software development costs to \$20 million, reflecting the increasingly shorter useful life of smaller items of software, and directly expensing more project related costs.

For software assets at 1 October 2015 with an original cost below the revised threshold, the carrying values were expensed through an accelerated amortisation charge of \$556 million in the March half (recognised in TSO and Group Centre). Of this, \$183 million (September half: \$95 million; March half: \$88 million) would otherwise have been amortised in the September 2016 full year (i.e. the full year amortisation charge increased by \$373 million).

		September 2	2016 Full Year	
Operating expense increase/(decrease) by division	Accelerated amortisation \$M	Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	Total impact \$M
Australia	-	(42)	123	81
Institutional	-	(54)	78	24
New Zealand ¹	-	(17)	51	34
Wealth Australia ¹	-	(28)	37	9
Asia Retail & Pacific	-	(7)	3	(4)
TSO and Group Centre	556	(35)	78	599
Total	556	(183)	370	743

	amortisation charge of \$556 million in the March half (recognised in T March half: \$88 million) would otherwise have been amortised in the \$373 million).	•	•		
	In addition, application of the software capitalisation changes also inc (September half: \$209 million; March half: \$161 million) relating to so amortised in future periods.		•	•	
	Going forward, these changes will result in higher project expenditure	being expensed in the	he profit and loss	which will be offset by lo	ower amortisation
(\bigcirc)	charges.		September 2	2016 Full Year	
	perating expense increase/(decrease) by division	Accelerated amortisation \$M	Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	Total impact
	ustralia	-	(42)	123	81
In	stitutional	-	(54)	78	24
Ne	ew Zealand ¹	-	(17)	51	34
W	/ealth Australia ¹	-	(28)	37	9
As	sia Retail & Pacific	-	(7)	3	(4)
((\\\) rs	SO and Group Centre	556	(35)	78	599
Т	otal	556	(183)	370	743
			September 2	2016 Half Year	
	perating expense increase/(decrease) by division	Accelerated amortisation \$M	September 2 Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	Total impact \$M
1///11	perating expense increase/(decrease) by division ustralia	amortisation	Amortisation benefit	Application of policy to new project expenditure	
U JAI		amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	\$M
Ai	ustralia	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	\$M 45
In No	ustralia Istitutional	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48	\$M 45 20
In Ne	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31	\$M 45 20 21
In No	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21	\$M 45 20 21
In No.	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia sia Retail & Pacific	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14) (3)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21	\$M 45 20 21 7
In No.	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia sia Retail & Pacific SO and Group Centre	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14) (3) (11)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21 3	\$M 45 20 21 7 -
In No.	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia sia Retail & Pacific SO and Group Centre	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14) (3) (11) (95)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21 3	\$M 45 20 21 7 -
In In No.	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia sia Retail & Pacific SO and Group Centre	amortisation	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14) (3) (11) (95)	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21 3 32 209	\$M 45 20 21 7 -
In No.	ustralia Istitutional ew Zealand /ealth Australia sia Retail & Pacific SO and Group Centre otal	amortisation \$M	Amortisation benefit \$M (29) (28) (10) (14) (3) (11) (95) March 201 Amortisation benefit	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M 74 48 31 21 3 32 209 6 Half Year Application of policy to new project expenditure	\$M 45 20 21 7 - 21 114

		March 201	16 Half Year	
Operating expense increase/(decrease) by division	Accelerated amortisation \$M	Amortisation benefit \$M	Application of policy to new project expenditure \$M	
Australia	-	(13)	49	36
Institutional	-	(26)	30	4
New Zealand ¹	-	(7)	20	13
Wealth Australia ¹	-	(14)	16	2
Asia Retail & Pacific	-	(4)	-	(4)
TSO and Group Centre	556	(24)	46	578
Total	556	(88)	161	629

The impact of software capitalisation changes previously reported for the New Zealand and Global Wealth divisions in the March 2016 half have changed due to restatements resulting from the Global Wealth organisational change:

Asian minority investments adjustments

During the March 2016 half year, the Group recognised a \$260 million impairment to its equity accounted investment in AMMB Holdings Berhad (Ambank) bringing the carrying value in line with value-in-use calculation (refer Note 1 (iii) of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

On 30 March 2016, Bank of Tianjin (BoT), an equity accounted investment, completed a capital raising and listing on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange through an Initial Public Offering (IPO). As the Group did not participate in the capital raising, its ownership interest decreased from 14% to 12%. As a consequence, the Group ceased equity accounting for the investment in BoT and commenced accounting for it as an available-for-sale asset. A net gain of \$29 million was recognised in relation to the remeasurement of the investment to fair value and recycling the associated equity accounted reserves.

Restructuring

The Group is in the process of reshaping the workforce in response to its evolving strategy. This includes simplification of the Institutional and Wealth businesses, restructure of Asia Retail & Pacific, and simplification and digitisation in Australia, New Zealand and TSO and Group Centre. A restructuring expense of \$278 million was recognised in the September 2016 full year.

	Half	Year	Full	Year
Restructuring expense by division	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Australia	27	22	49	2
Institutional	39	51	90	8
New Zealand	16	2	18	3
Wealth Australia	7	13	20	1
Asia Retail & Pacific	-	12	12	-
TSO and Group Centre	51	38	89	17
Total	140	138	278	31

Esanda Dealer Finance divestment

On 1 November 2015, the Group sold the Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio with the majority of the business transferred by 31 December 2015. Proforma results have been prepared on the assumption that the sale which occurred during the March 2016 half took effect from 1 October 2014, effectively restating the Group's cash profit for the March 2016 half and the September 2015 full year.

Derivative CVA methodology change

In determining the fair value of a derivative, the Group recognises a derivative credit valuation adjustment (CVA) to reflect the probability that the counterparty may default and the Group may not receive the full market value of outstanding transactions. It represents an estimate of the credit adjustment a market participant would include when deriving a purchase price to acquire the exposure. During the September half, the Group revised its methodology for determining the derivative credit valuation adjustment to make greater use of market information and enhanced modelling, and to align with leading market practice. The impact to cash profit before income tax associated with this methodology change is an incremental derivative credit valuation adjustment charge of \$237 million.

d Pro-forma Cash Profit Results - Adjusted Pro-forma

			Sel	September 2016 Full Year	Full Year					Septemb	September 2015 Full Year	Year		Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 15
	Cash profit	Software capitalisation changes	Asian minority investment adjust	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment lo	CVA methodo- logy change	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Cash profit	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Adjusted pro-forma, FX unadj	Adjusted pro-forma, FX adj
Cash Profit															
Net interest income	15,095	•	1	1	(31)	1	(31)	15,064	14,616	•	(255)	(255)	14,361	%9	4%
Other operating income	5,482	•	231	•	(78)	237	390	5,872	5,921	ı	(21)	(51)	5,870	%0	4%
Operating income	20,577	1	231		(109)	237	359	20,936	20,537	1	(306)	(306)	20,231	3%	2%
Operating expenses	(10,422)	743	ı	278	17	'	1,038	(9,384)	(9,378)	31	43	74	(9,304)	1%	%0
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	10,155	743	231	278	(92)	237	1,397	11,552	11,159	31	(263)	(232)	10,927	%9	4%
Credit impairment charge	(1,956)	•	1	•	23	•	23	(1,933)	(1,205)	1	130	130	(1,075)	80%	78%
Profit before income tax	8,199	743	231	278	(69)	237	1,420	9,619	9,954	31	(133)	(102)	9,852	-5%	-4%
Income tax expense	(2,299)	(221)	1	(77)	24	(69)	(343)	(2,642)	(2,724)	(6)	40	31	(2,693)	-5%	-4%
Non-controlling interests	(11)	'	,	•	•	'	•	(11)	(14)	•	-	•	(14)	-21%	-27%
Cash profit	5,889	522	231	201	(45)	168	1,077	996'9	7,216	22	(63)	(71)	7,145	-3%	-4%

			Sel	September 2016 Full Year	Full Year					Septembo	September 2015 Full Year	Year		Sep 16 v. Sep 15	ep 15
	Cash profit	Software capitalisation changes	Asian minority investment adjust	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment lo	sanda lealer CVA lance methodo- ment logy change	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Cash profit	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Adjusted pro-forma, FX unadj	Adjusted pro-forma, FX adj
Profit before income tax by division															
Australia	5,099	81	•	49	(3)	•	127	5,226	4,867	2	(133)	(131)	4,736	10%	10%
Institutional	1,499	24	•	06	٠	237	351	1,850	2,758	∞	•	00	2,766	-33%	-34%
New Zealand	1,745	34	•	18	٠	•	52	1,797	1,733	လ	•	က	1,736	4%	3%
Wealth Australia	458	0	•	20	٠	•	29	487	522	~	•	7	523	%/-	%2-
Asia Retail & Pacific	188	(4)	•	12	٠	•	œ	196	191	٠	•	•	191	3%	%0
TSO and Group Centre ¹	(190)	299	231	88	(99)	'	853	63	(117)	17	'	17	(100)	large	32%
Profit before income tax	8,199	743	231	278	(69)	237	1,420	9,619	9,954	31	(133)	(102)	9,852	-5%	-4%
Income tax expense & non-controlling interests	(2,310)	(221)	1	(77)	24	(69)	(343)	(2,653)	(2,738)	(6)	40	31	(2,707)	-5%	-4%
Cash profit	5,889	522	231	201	(45)	168	1,077	996'9	7,216	22	(63)	(71)	7,145	-3%	-4%

Cash profit for TSO and Group Centre in the September 2016 full year includes the accelerated amortisation for all divisions resulting from the software capitalisation changes and the net gain on divestment of the Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio.

Cash Profit Results - Adjusted Pro-forma

•			Septemb	September 2016 Half Year	Year					March	March 2016 Half Year	ır			Sep 16 v. Mar 16	lar 16
	Cash profit	Software capital- isation changes	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment lo	anda lealer CVA inest- methodo- ment logy change	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Cash profit	Software Asian capital- minority isation investment changes adjust		Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Adjusted pro-forma p FX unadj	Adjusted pro-forma, FX adj
Cash Profit Net interest income	7,527	1	1	ı	,	,	7,527	7,568	,	1	ı	(31)	(31)	7,537	%0	%0
Other operating income	2,734	•	•	٠	237	237	2,971	2,748	•	231	•	(78)	153	2,901	2%	3%
Operating income	10,261				237	237	10,498	10,316		231		(109)	122	10,438	1%	1%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	114	140	9	•	260	(4,683)	(5,479)	629	٠	138	7	778	(4,701)	%0	%0
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	114	140	9	237	497	5,815	4,837	629	231	138	(86)	006	5,737	1%	1%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	•	•	10	•	10	(1,028)	(918)	•	٠	•	13	13	(306)	14%	14%
Profit before income tax	4,280	114	140	16	237	207	4,787	3,919	629	231	138	(82)	913	4,832	-1%	-1%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(33)	(40)	(2)	(69)	(147)	(1,313)	(1,133)	(188)	•	(37)	59	(196)	(1,329)	-1%	-2%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	•	•	•	-	•	(7)	(4)	-	-	•	-	-	(4)	75%	75%
Cash profit	3,107	81	100	11	168	360	3,467	2,782	441	231	101	(26)	717	3,499	-1%	-1%

			Septemb	September 2016 Half Year	Year					March	March 2016 Half Year	_			Sep 16 v. Mar 16	lar 16
	Cash profit	Software capital-isation changes	Restruct- urina	Esanda Dealer Finance divest-	anda healer CVA ivest- methodo- ment loay change	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Cash profit	Software Asian capital- minority isation investment channes adjust	Asian minority restment adiust	Restruct- uring	Esanda Dealer Finance divest- ment	Total specified items	Adjusted pro-forma	Adjusted pro-forma p FX unadi	Adjusted pro-forma, FX adi
Profit hefore income tay by division		0							b							
Australia	2,556	45	27	16	'	88	2,644	2,543	36	1	22	(19)	39	2,582	2%	2%
Institutional	618	20	39	•	237	296	914	881	4	,	51	'	22	936	-2%	-1%
New Zealand	863	21	16	•	1	37	006	882	13	,	2	'	15	897	%0	-1%
Wealth Australia	221	7	7	٠	1	14	235	237	2	•	13	•	15	252	%2-	%2-
Asia Retail & Pacific	117	•	٠	٠	1	•	117	71	(4)	٠	12	•	00	79	48%	20%
TSO and Group Centre ¹	(92)	21	51	٠	'	72	(23)	(96)	248	231	38	(99)	781	98	large	large
Profit before income tax	4,280	114	140	16	237	207	4,787	3,919	629	231	138	(82)	913	4,832	-1%	-1%
Income tax expense & non-controlling interests	(1,173)	(33)	(40)	(2)	(69)	(147)	(1,320)	(1,137)	(188)		(37)	59	(196)	(1,333)	-1%	-1%
Cash profit	3,107	81	100	11	168	360	3,467	2,782	441	231	101	(99)	717	3,499	-1%	-1%

^{1.} Cash profit for TSO and Group Centre in the March 2016 half includes the accelerated amortisation for all divisions resulting from the software capitalisation changes and the net gain on divestment of the Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio.

Other Non-financial Information

	As at			Movement		
Full time equivalent staff information	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Full time equivalent staff (FTE)	46,554	48,896	50,152	-5%	-7%	
Assets per FTE (\$M)	19.7	18.3	17.7	8%	11%	

	Half Year			Full Year			
Shareholder value - ordinary shares	Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Movt	
Share price (\$)							
) - high	27.85	29.17	-5%	29.17	37.25	-22%	
- low	22.06	21.86	1%	21.86	26.38	-17%	
- closing	27.63	23.46	18%	27.63	27.08	2%	
Closing market capitalisation of ordinary shares (\$B)	80.9	68.4	18%	80.9	78.6	3%	
Total shareholder returns (TSR)	21.6%	-10.2%	large	9.2%	-7.5%	large	

	As at	As at Sep 16						
Credit Ratings	Short-Term Lon	g-Term	Outlook					
Moody's Investor Services	P-1	Aa2	Negative					
Standard & Poor's	A-1+	AA-	Negative					
Fitch Ratings	F1+	ΔΔ_	Stable					

Our Purpose

ANZ's Purpose is: To shape a world where people and communities thrive. That's why we strive to create a balanced, sustainable economy in which everyone can take part and build a better life.

Our Vision

Our vision is to build the best connected and most respected bank in the region - loved by customers and famous for:

- · Delivering value from innovative and convenient banking services that help customers get ahead in life.
- Being Australia's only truly regional bank, delivering a seamless regional banking proposition to those who require one.
- Attracting the best and most diverse team of people, and creating astute, inspiring leaders, regardless of where they ultimately work; where having ANZ on your CV is recognised as a door-opener around the world.

Showing leadership on important issues, and doing the right thing, even when it comes at a cost.

Delivering consistently strong financial results for our investors, with an 'unquestionably strong', well-funded balance sheet, and a balance between growth and return, short and long-term results.

Strategy

Our strategy is to use our strong Australian and New Zealand foundations, distinctive geographic footprint, and market-leading service and insights to better meet the needs of customers and capture opportunities linked to regional trade and capital flows. In doing this, ANZ provides shareholders with access to a unique combination of high-returning franchises and direct exposure to long-term Asian growth.

Our strategy has three elements – creating the best bank in Australia and New Zealand for Home Owners and Small Business customers, building the best bank in the world for clients driven by regional trade and capital flows, and establishing common, digital-ready infrastructure to provide great customer experience, scale and control. The strategy is underpinned by strong expense, capital and risk management disciplines and the quality of our people.

Strategic Progress

The Financial Services industry is being reshaped by a set of forces that make it more difficult to achieve the performance levels of the past, with lower economic growth, heightened consumer expectations, increased competitive intensity and greater regulatory, legal and political scrutiny.

Left unchecked, these forces will lower sector growth, reduce profitability and increase commoditisation of the industry. In response, we are creating a simpler, better capitalised bank that is more focused, more innovative and more values-based.

Over the course of the year, we made significant progress in each of these areas, with highlights described in the table below:

Strategic Priorities 2016 Progress Highlights Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile Portfolio rebalancing underway, retail and commercial RWAs increased (+6%1), Institutional RWAs reduced (-15%). Reduce operating costs and risks by removing product and management The improved composition of CRWA, up \$2 billion (+1%), was driven complexity, exiting low return and non-core businesses and reducing our by \$8 billion of lending growth in retail and commercial in Australia reliance on low-returning aspects of Institutional banking in particular. and New Zealand, and a \$26 billion increase in Australian Mortgages from regulatory changes, largely offset by a \$21 billion decrease in Institutional lending and a \$5 billion decrease from the sale of the Esanda dealer finance portfolio. CET1 ratio 9.6% at 30 September; organic capital generation +106 bps in the second half. Further simplified and refocused the business, reducing duplication, delivered reduction in FTE (down 7% for the year). Sold the Esanda dealer finance portfolio, announced the sale of the Retail & Wealth businesses in five Asian countries. Pursuing a range of strategic and capital market options in relation to the Wealth businesses in Australia. Reset the 2016 dividend to provide the basis to return to a sustainable, fully franked payout ratio of 60-65% of Cash Profit over Focus our efforts on attractive areas where we can carve out a Focus on growing RWA in higher returning segments improved winning position. Institutional (excluding Markets) margins by 13 bps. Make buying and owning a home or starting, running and growing a small Grew the high return Institutional cash management business, business in Australia and New Zealand easy. Be the best bank in the world increasing revenue by +6%; deposit balances by \$1 billion (+1%). for customers driven by the movement of goods and capital in our region. Australia and New Zealand Retail and Commercial customer numbers increased by 262,000.

Australia home loan lending up +7%, moved to #3 market share,

Small business lending in Australia up +9%, New Zealand up +11%.

maintained #1 market share position in New Zealand.

Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank. Revised ANZ's Corporate Sustainability Framework with focus on fair Create a stronger sense of core purpose, ethics and fairness, investing in and responsible banking. leaders who can help sense and navigate a rapidly changing environment. Supported ABA conduct and remuneration reviews. Redesigned ANZ's performance management process to strengthen alignment to strategy and values. Reviewed approach to remuneration including new guidelines on equity clawback. Invested in MIT Digital Leadership Program and Leadership Pathway Strengthened the Whistleblower Protection Policy. Build a superior everyday experience for our people and Customers Established new Digital Banking Division to support growth in priority to compete in the digital age. Build more convenient, engaging banking solutions to simplify the lives of First major bank to launch Apple PayTM and Android PayTM in customers and our people. Australia and New Zealand. Implemented multi-channel digital platform for Australian retail banking, more than 1 million customers using goMoneyTM apps on

Financial Performance

This year, as we transitioned to our new strategy, we reported a reduction in cash profit of 18% to \$5,889 million, impacted by a \$1,077 million charge primarily relating to initiatives to reposition the Group for stronger future earnings. Adjusting for these specified items, profit before credit impairment and income tax increased by 6%, while higher credit impairment charges resulted in Adjusted Pro-forma² cash profit declining 3% and earnings per share declining 7% to 239.7 cents.

the new platform.

Launched Digital Customer Identity Verification.

Our clear strategy and consistent focus on the simplification of the business resulted in a particularly strong expense management outcome, with operating cost growth contained to 1% on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis and FTE reductions of 7% year on year. Active rebalancing of the portfolio contributed to a decline in Institutional risk weighted assets of 15%, and increase in retail and commercial risk weighted assets of 6%¹.

Focus on improving capital efficiency, including reallocating capital to higher returning areas of the Group contributed to a 12.2% return on equity on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis.

Inclusive of a final fully franked dividend of 80 cents per share, the total dividend of 160 cents per share and dividend payout ratio of 67.1% (on an Adjusted Pro-forma basis) reflects the revised dividend strategy targeting a conservative, sustainable fully franked payout ratio of 60-65%.

Our Common Equity Tier 1 ratio strengthened to 9.6% at the end of September.

Strategic Priorities & Outlook³

In 2017, we expect that lower regional growth and subdued credit growth in our home markets of Australia and New Zealand will result in modest growth in key business lines, with likely higher funding costs placing pressure on margins and higher provisions in the medium-term. In response to these conditions, we will continue our simplification and productivity agenda, and target further reductions in Institutional RWAs. Key risks to the downside include further regulatory changes and the impact of lower China growth on funding markets.

In response, we will prioritize our efforts in the following areas:

strategic Priorities	2017	7 Priorities	
Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank. Reduce operating costs and risks by removing product and management complexity, exiting low return and non-core businesses and reducing our reliance on low-returning aspects of Institutional banking in particular.	•	Progress the sale of non-core businesses and minority investments. Continue the repositioning of the Institutional business, targeting further reductions in RWAs in 2017. Drive out costs through a focused and coordinated program across the Bank.	
Focus our efforts on attractive areas where we can carve out a winning position. Make buying and owning a home or starting, running and growing a small business in Australia and New Zealand easy. Be the best bank in the world for customers driven by the movement of goods and capital in our region.	•	Maintain momentum in our home loan and small business franchises, to deliver consistent above system growth in housing. Invest in retail and commercial propositions in NSW, deliver sales growth in excess of group national average. Build out Institutional's regional trade, cash management and markets platforms. Focus on and serve key Institutional clients connected to the region via trade and capital flows.	

STRATEGIC REVIEW

Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank. Create a stronger sense of core purpose, ethics and fairness, investing in leaders who can help sense and navigate a rapidly changing environment.	 Embed our purpose throughout the organisation. Deliver evidence of further cultural and reputational improvement.
Build a superior everyday experience for our people and Customers to compete in the digital age.	Effectively integrate the Digital Division, with clear accountabilities and momentum aligned with business priorities.
Build more convenient, engaging banking solutions to simplify the lives of customers and our people.	and monomian angles man submices promises.

Excludes the impact of the Australian mortgage risk weight change and the divestment of Esanda Dealer Finance.

Adjusted Pro-forma refers to Cash Profit adjusted to remove the impact of 'Specified items' including the impact of software capitalisation policy changes, Asia Partnership impairment charge (AMMB) and gain of cessation of equity accounting (Bank of Tianjin), restructuring expenses, divestment of the Esanda Dealer Finance business, and the derivative credit valuation adjustment methodology change. Further details provided on page 16. TUO BSM | BUOSJEd JO-

The statements in this "Strategic Priorities and Outlook" section, including those related to our growth strategies and our expected or potential future cash flow from operations, capital investment, divestment proceeds and production, are based on management's current expectations and certain material assumptions and, accordingly, involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied herein.

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CONTENTS

Group Results

Group performance

Net interest income

Other operating income

Operating expenses

Technology infrastructure spend

Software capitalisation

Credit risk

Income tax expense

Impact of foreign currency translation

Earnings related hedges

Earnings per share

Dividends

Economic profit

Condensed balance sheet

Liquidity risk

Funding

Capital management

Leverage ratio

Other regulatory developments

Non-IFRS information

The Group provides additional measures of performance in the Consolidated Financial Report & Dividend Announcement which are prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. The guidance provided in Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Regulatory Guide 230 has been followed when presenting this information.

Cash profit

Cash profit represents ANZ's preferred measure of the result of the ongoing business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and Divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit (refer to Definitions for further details). The adjustments made in arriving at cash profit are included in statutory profit which is subject to audit within the context of the Group statutory audit opinion. Cash profit is not audited by the external auditor, however, the external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

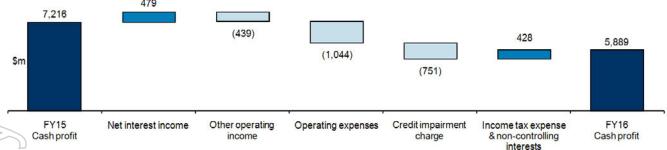
		Half Year			Full Year				
		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
)	statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%		
_	Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit ¹								
5	Treasury shares adjustment	73	(29)	large	44	(16)	large		
\mathcal{L}	Revaluation of policy liabilities	(40)	(14)	large	(54)	(73)	-26%		
	Economic hedges	(26)	128	large	102	(179)	large		
	Revenue hedges	131	(39)	large	92	(3)	large		
	Structured credit intermediation trades	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	(6)	-33%		
)	otal adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit ¹	136	44	large	180	(277)	large		
	Cash Profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%		

Refer to pages 83 to 88 for analysis of the adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

The Group Results section is reported on a cash profit basis.						
		Half Year		F	ull Year	
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
Statistans profit attributable to abarahaldara of the Company	\$M	\$M	Movt 9%	\$M	\$M 7.402	Movt -24%
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit						
Treasury shares adjustment	73	(29)	large	44	(16)	large
Revaluation of policy liabilities	(40)	(14)	large	(54)	(73)	-26%
Economic hedges	(26)	128	large	102	(179)	large
Revenue hedges	131	(39)	large	92	(3)	large
Structured credit intermediation trades	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	(6)	-33%
Total adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	136	44	large	180	(277)	large
Cash Profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%
 Refer to pages 83 to 88 for analysis of the adjustments between statutory profit and cash 	profit.					
Group Performance	I	Half Year		F	-ull Year	
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
	\$M	\$M	Movt	\$M	\$M	Movt
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	-1%	15,095	14,616	3%
Other operating income	2,734	2,748	-1%	5,482	5,921	-7%
Operating income	10,261	10,316	-1%	20,577	20,537	0%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	-10%	(10,422)	(9,378)	11%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	10%	10,155	11,159	-9%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	13%	(1,956)	(1,205)	62%
Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	9%	8,199	9,954	-18%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	3%	(2,299)	(2,724)	-16%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	75%	(11)	(14)	-21%
Çash profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%
		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
Cash Profit/(Loss) By Division	\$M	\$M	Movt	\$M	\$M	Movt
Australia	1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%
Institutional	425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%
New Zealand	626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%
Wealth Australia	159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%
Asia Retail & Pacific	95	57	67%	152	139	9%
TSO and Group Centre	8	(495)	large	(487)	15	large

	Half Year		Full Year			
Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%	
425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%	
626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%	
159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%	
95	57	67%	152	139	9%	
8	(495)	large	(487)	15	large	
3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%	
	Sep 16 \$M 1,794 425 626 159 95	\$M \$M 1,794 1,779 425 632 626 641 159 168 95 57 8 (495)	Sep 16 \$M Mar 16 \$M Movt 1,794 1,779 1% 425 632 -33% 626 641 -2% 159 168 -5% 95 57 67% 8 (495) large	Sep 16 \$M Mar 16 \$M Sep 16 \$M 1,794 1,779 1% 3,573 425 632 -33% 1,057 626 641 -2% 1,267 159 168 -5% 327 95 57 67% 152 8 (495) large (487)	Sep 16 \$M Mar 16 \$M Sep 16 \$M Sep 15 \$M 1,794 1,779 1% 3,573 3,413 425 632 -33% 1,057 1,967 626 641 -2% 1,267 1,254 159 168 -5% 327 428 95 57 67% 152 139 8 (495) large (487) 15	





September 2016 v September 2015

Cash profit decreased 18% compared to the September 2015 full year mainly due to a number of specified items: software capitalisation changes, Asian minority investments adjustments, restructuring expenses, the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment and the derivative CVA methodology change. Excluding these items, cash profit decreased 3% (adjusted for foreign currency translation -4%).

- Net interest income increased \$479 million (+3%) with 5% growth in average interest earning assets, partly offset by a 4 basis point decrease in net interest margin. Adjusting for the \$96 million favourable impact of foreign currency translation and the \$224 million impact of the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, net interest income increased by \$607 million (+4%) and net interest margin fell by 1 basis point. Average interest earning assets increased by \$37.1 billion (+5%) reflecting a \$10.2 billion increase due to foreign currency translation impact, lending growth of \$13.7 billion, an \$8.5 billion increase in trading securities and available-for-sale assets and a \$3.8 billion increase in collateral paid. Loan growth occurred primarily in Australia and New Zealand home loans, partially offset by a decrease in Institutional as the result of the strategic repositioning of that business to improve capital efficiency and returns. The net interest margin decline was primarily due to increased wholesale funding costs, growth in the lower margin liquidity portfolio and lower earnings from financial market activities, partially offset by improved Australian home loan margins.
- Other operating income decreased \$439 million (-7%) with foreign currency translation having a \$225 million favourable impact. Adjusting for this, other operating income decreased by \$664 million (-11%). This decrease was mainly due to the \$260 million impairment of the investment in Ambank, the \$237 million derivative CVA methodology change and a \$261 million decrease in Institutional as a result of the strategic repositioning of that business to improve capital efficiency and returns, along with lower sales revenue in Markets. This was partially offset by a \$157 million reduction in realised revenue hedge losses during the year.
- Operating expenses increased \$1,044 million (+11%) with foreign currency translation having a \$114 million unfavourable impact. Adjusting for this, operating expenses increased \$930 million (+10%) mainly due to a \$743 million increase related to software capitalisation changes, a \$247 million increase in restructuring charges and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment. Excluding specified items and foreign currency translation impacts, operating expenses were broadly flat with personnel expenses decreasing by \$211 million (-4%) due to a 7% FTE reduction (-5% average) and lower incentive expenses, offset by higher technology expenses which increased \$191 million (+13%) from higher depreciation and amortisation of digital-enabling and other core infrastructure, as well as higher licencing and outsourced services costs.
- Credit impairment charges increased \$751 million (+62%) with foreign currency translation having a \$9 million unfavourable impact. Adjusting for this, individual credit impairment charges increased by \$820 million (+74%) predominantly from a small number of Australian and multinational resource related exposures in Institutional; increased provisions in the Australia division due to growth in Small Business Banking and higher delinquencies in the retail and commercial portfolios in Queensland and Western Australia; as well as the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute in Institutional. This was partially offset by a \$78 million (-82%) decrease in the collective credit impairment charge.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit increased 12% compared to the March 2016 half mainly due to the specified items outlined above. Excluding these items, cash profit decreased 1% (adjusted for foreign currency translation -1%).

- Net interest income decreased \$41 million (-1%) with average interest earning assets broadly flat and a 1 basis point contraction in net interest margin. Adjusting for the \$7 million unfavourable impact of foreign currency translation and the \$31 million impact of the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, net interest income decreased by \$3 million (0%). Average interest earning assets decreased by \$0.5 billion (0%), with foreign currency translation having no significant impact. Loan growth was broadly flat with good growth within the Australia and New Zealand home loan portfolios offset by a decrease in Institutional as the result of the strategic repositioning of that business to improve capital efficiency and returns. The net interest margin decline was primarily due to increased wholesale funding costs, higher deposit competition in Australia and lower earnings from financial market activities, partially offset by improved Australian home loan margins.
- Other operating income decreased by \$14 million (-1%) with foreign currency translation having a \$25 million unfavourable impact. Adjusting for
 this, other operating income increased marginally. The \$260 million impairment of our investment in Ambank was recorded in the March half
 and the \$237 million derivative CVA methodology change was recorded in the September half.
- Operating expenses decreased \$536 million (-10%) with foreign currency translation having a \$35 million favourable impact. Adjusting for this, operating expenses decreased \$501 million (-9%) mainly due to a \$515 million decrease related to software capitalisation changes and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment. Excluding specified items and foreign currency translation impacts, operating expenses were broadly flat with personnel expenses decreasing by \$57 million (-2%) due to a 5% FTE reduction (-5% average), offset by higher technology expenses from higher depreciation and amortisation of digital-enabling and other core infrastructure, as well as higher licencing and outsourced services costs.
- Credit impairment charges increased \$120 million (+13%) with foreign currency translation having a \$7 million favourable impact. Adjusting for
 this, individual credit impairment charges increased by \$164 million (+18%) predominantly from a small number of Australian and multinational
 resource related exposures in Institutional, and the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute in Institutional. This was partially offset by a \$37 million
 (-142%) decrease in the collective credit impairment charge.

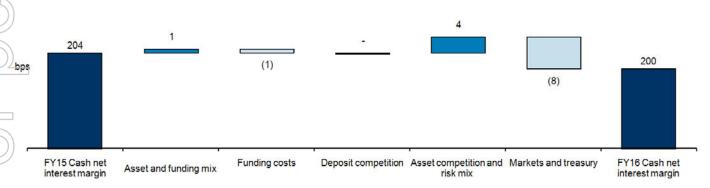
Net interest income

	Half Year			Full Year			
Group	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Cash net interest income ¹	7,527	7,568	-1%	15,095	14,616	3%	
Average interest earning assets	753,928	754,391	0%	754,160	717,012	5%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	585,672	587,235	0%	586,453	559,779	5%	
Net interest margin (%) - cash	2.00	2.01	-1 bps	2.00	2.04	-4 bps	
Group (excluding Markets)							
Cash net interest income ¹	7,054	7,006	1%	14,060	13,509	4%	
Average interest earning assets	557,435	556,107	0%	556,771	537,883	4%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	453,424	453,137	0%	453,280	428,813	6%	
Net interest margin (%) - cash	2.53	2.52	1 bps	2.53	2.51	2 bps	

Net interest margin (%) - cash		2.00	2.01	-1 bps	2.00	2.04	-4 bps
Group (excluding Markets)							
Cash net interest income ¹		7,054	7,006	1%	14,060	13,509	4%
Average interest earning assets		557,435	556,107	0%	556,771	537,883	4%
Average deposits and other borrowings		453,424	453,137	0%	453,280	428,813	6%
Net interest margin (%) - cash		2.53	2.52	1 bps	2.53	2.51	2 bps
		H	Half Year			Full Year	
Cash net interest margin by major divis	ion	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest margin (%)		2.54	2.56	-2 bps	2.55	2.55	0 bps
Average interest earning assets		325,065	318,959	2%	322,012	302,074	7%
Average deposits and other borrowings		185,159	181,050	2%	183,104	170,857	7%
Institutional							
Net interest margin (%)		1.11	1.15	-4 bps	1.13	1.20	-7 bps
Average interest earning assets		297,974	312,961	-5%	305,468	299,426	2%
Average deposits and other borrowings		232,109	233,729	-1%	232,919	229,563	1%
New Zealand							
Net interest margin (%)		2.35	2.40	-5 bps	2.38	2.50	-12 bps
Average interest earning assets		105,658	100,674	5%	103,166	95,207	8%
Average deposits and other borrowings		77,659	73,175	6%	75,417	68,079	11%

The September 2016 full year included \$31 million (September 2016 half: nil; March 2016 half: \$31 million; September 2015 full year: \$255 million) related to the Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie in the March 2016 half.

Group net interest margin – September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



September 2016 v September 2015

Net interest margin (-4 bps)

- Asset and funding mix (+1 bps): favourable mix impact from a higher proportion of capital and run-off of lower margin trade loans was partially offset by adverse asset mix impact from the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.
- Funding costs (-1 bps): impact from unfavourable wholesale funding costs.
- Deposit competition (0 bps): minimal pricing impacts across the portfolio.
- Asset competition and risk mix (+4 bps): improved Australian Home Loan margins following repricing was partially offset by lending margin compression in New Zealand and lower spreads within Institutional and Commercial Lending

 Markets and treasury (-8 bps): adverse impact of lower earnings on capital from lower interest rates, growth in liquidity portfolio and lower earnings from financial market activities.

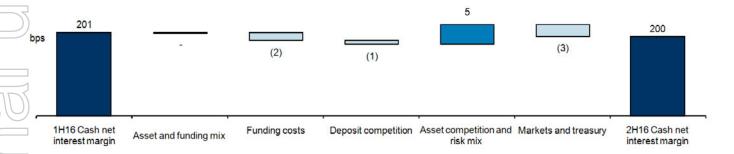
Average interest earning assets (+\$37.1 billion or +5%)

- Average gross loans and advances (+\$18.7 billion or +3%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$13.7 billion or +2% driven by growth in Australia and New Zealand Home Loans. This was partially offset by a decline in Institutional lending due to the strategic repositioning of that business, as well as the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.
- Average collateral paid (+\$4.1 billion or +49%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, increase was +\$3.8 billion or +44% due to
 mark-to-market declines on positions with collateralised derivative counterparties.
- Average trading and available-for-sale assets (+\$9.7 billion or +11%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$8.5 billion or +9% driven by growth in the liquidity portfolio.
- Average cash (+\$2.6 billion or +6%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$0.9 billion or +2% driven by
 management of liquidity requirements.

Average deposits and other borrowings (+\$26.7 billion or +5%)

• Average deposits and other borrowings (+\$26.7 billion or +5%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$16.7 billion or +3% driven by customer deposits growth across Australia and New Zealand businesses.

Group net interest margin – September 2016 Half Year v March 2016 Half Year



September 2016 v March 2016

Net interest margin (-1 bps)

- Asset and funding mix (0 bps): adverse asset mix impact resulting from the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment as part of de-risking the portfolio offset by favourable mix impact from a lower reliance of wholesale funding and the run-off of lower margin trade loans.
- Funding costs (-2 bps): impact of unfavourable wholesale funding costs.
- Deposit competition (-1 bps): lower margin from increased competition in Australia partly offset by benefit from deposit repricing in New Zealand and Asia.
- Asset competition and risk mix (+5 bps): improved lending margins, particularly in Australian Home Loans following repricing actions.
- Markets and treasury (-3 bps): adverse impact of lower earnings on capital from lower interest rates and lower earnings from financial market
 activities.

Average interest earning assets (-\$0.5 billion or 0%)

- Average gross loans and advances (+\$1.1 billion or 0%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$1.7 billion or 0% driven by growth in Australia and New Zealand Home Loans. This was largely offset by a decline in Institutional lending due to the strategic repositioning of that business.
- Average collateral paid (+\$3.3 billion or +31%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, increase was +\$3.5 billion or +34% due to
 mark-to-market declines on positions with collateralised derivative counterparties.
- Average trading and available-for-sale assets (+\$1.6 billion or +2%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$2.4 billion or +2% driven by growth in the liquidity portfolio.
- Average cash (-\$5.0 billion or -10%) excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, decline was -\$3.8 billion or -8% driven by
 management of liquidity requirements.

Average deposits and other borrowings (-\$1.6 billion or 0%)

Average deposits and other borrowings (-\$1.6 billion or 0%): excluding the impact of foreign currency translation, growth was +\$1.4 billion or
0% driven by customer deposits growth across both the Australia and New Zealand businesses, largely offset by a decline in Treasury
deposits.

Other operating income

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Net fee and commission income ¹	1,193	1,227	-3%	2,420	2,527	-4%	
Net funds management and insurance income ¹	747	771	-3%	1,518	1,504	1%	
Markets other operating income ²	365	400	-9%	765	1,062	-28%	
Share of associates' profit ¹	243	301	-19%	544	625	-13%	
Net foreign exchange earnings ¹	149	141	6%	290	123	large	
Other ^{1,3}	37	(92)	large	(55)	80	large	
Cash other operating income	2,734	2,748	-1%	5,482	5,921	-7%	

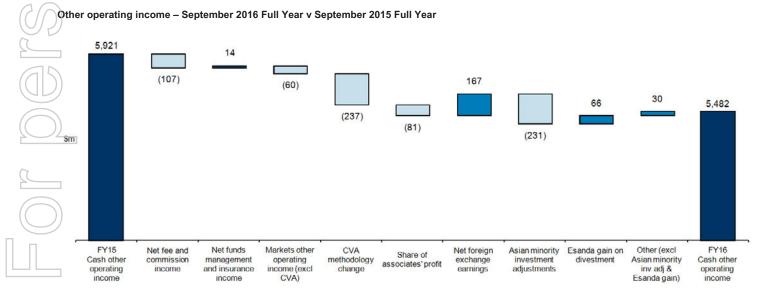
Share of associates' profit ¹	243	301	-19%	544	625	-13%
Net foreign exchange earnings ¹	149	141	6%	290	123	large
Other ^{1,3}	37	(92)	large	(55)	80	large
Cash other operating income	2,734	2,748	-1%	5,482	5,921	-7%
		Half Year			Full Year	
Markets income	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	473	562	-16%	1,035	1,107	-7%
Other operating income ²	365	400	-9%	765	1,062	-28%
Cash Markets income	838	962	-13%	1,800	2,169	-17%
		Half Year			Full Year	
Other operating income by division	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Australia	598	610	-2%	1,208	1,214	0%
Institutional ²	812	911	-11%	1,723	2,177	-21%
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	Half Year			Full Year			
Other operating income by division	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Australia	598	610	-2%	1,208	1,214	0%	
Institutional ²	812	911	-11%	1,723	2,177	-21%	
New Zealand	327	312	5%	639	604	6%	
Wealth Australia	605	639	-5%	1,244	1,265	-2%	
Asia Retail & Pacific	234	243	-4%	477	480	-1%	
TSO and Group Centre ³	158	33	large	191	181	6%	
Cash other operating income	2,734	2,748	-1%	5,482	5,921	-7%	

Excluding Markets.

Markets other operating income for the September 2016 half includes a charge of \$237 million related to the derivative CVA methodology change.

Other income for the March 2016 half includes the \$260 million impairment of investment in Ambank, \$29 million gain on cessation of equity accounting of BoT and \$66 million gain on Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.



September 2016 v September 2015

Other operating income decreased \$439 million (-7%). Excluding specified items (impairment of investment in Ambank, gain on cessation of equity accounting of BoT, gain on the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment and the derivative CVA methodology change) and the impact of foreign currency translation, Other operating income decreased by 4%.

Net fee and commission income

Decreased by \$107 million (-4%). Key factors include:

- \$24 million favourable impact due to foreign currency translation.
- \$16 million increase in New Zealand mainly due to volume driven growth.
- \$105 million decrease in Institutional as a result of exiting lower returning business and a slowdown in natural resource related projects.
- \$19 million decrease in Asia Retail & Pacific due to lower demand for investment and insurance products in Asia.
- \$17 million decrease in fees in Australia resulting from the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, partially offset by volume driven growth in home loans.

Net funds management and insurance income

Increased by \$14 million (+1%). Key factors include:

- \$7 million favourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$24 million increase driven by higher premiums in life insurance.
- \$14 million increase in management fees, mainly in KiwiSaver driven by an increase in volumes.
- \$23 million decrease in revenue due to the non-reoccurrence of a GST recovery on Adviser service fees in 2015.

Markets operating income

Decreased by \$369 million (-17%). Key factors include:

- \$47 million favourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$237 million charge due to the derivative CVA methodology change.
- \$130 million (-11%) decrease in Sales income driven by lower rates and foreign exchange income as a result of lower demand for hedging
 products, as well as decreased commodities income due to lower demand for gold financing from Asian customers.
- \$32 million (-8%) decrease in Balance sheet income primarily as a result of higher funding valuation adjustments, partly offset by the benefit of narrowing credit spreads in 2016.
- \$17 million (-3%) decrease in Trading income primarily as a result of higher funding valuation adjustments, partly offset by higher credit trading income.

Share of associates' profit

Decreased by \$81 million (-13%). Key factors include:

- \$6 million favourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$36 million increase in Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank primarily driven by higher investment and fee income.
- \$6 million increase in Metro Card Corporation Inc. driven by lending growth and expense management.
- \$76 million decrease in BoT mainly due to cessation of equity accounting in the March 2016 half.
- \$36 million decrease in Ambank due to margin contraction, lower fee income and subdued Malaysian economic conditions.
- \$17 million decrease in P.T. Bank Pan Indonesia mainly due to higher credit provisions.

Net foreign exchange earnings

Increased by \$167 million due to:

Lower losses in 2016 on realised USD and NZD revenue hedges (\$157 million) compared with 2015.

Other

Decreased by \$135 million. Key factors include:

- \$5 million favourable impact due to foreign currency translation.
- \$66 million increase due to a gain on the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.
- \$29 million increase due to a gain on cessation of equity accounting for BoT.
- \$26 million increase due to a cash dividend from BoT.
- \$260 million decrease due to the impairment of investment in Ambank.

September 2016 v March 2016

Other operating income decreased by \$14 million (-1%). Excluding specified items (impairment of investment in Ambank, gain on cessation of equity accounting of BoT, and gain on the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment and derivative CVA methodology change), and the impact of foreign currency translation, Other operating income increased by 3%.

Net fee and commission income

Decreased by \$34 million (-3%). Key factors include:

- \$5 million unfavourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$26 million decrease in fee income in Institutional due to subdued demand for loans and the exiting of lower returning business.

Net funds management and insurance income

Decreased by \$24 million (-3%). Key factors include:

- \$2 million favourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$8 million increase in management fees, mainly in KiwiSaver driven by an increase in volumes.
- \$38 million decrease in Wealth Australia mainly due to higher claims in the Insurance business, reduced fee income from ongoing rationalisation of legacy platforms and lower investment gains.

Markets operating income

Decreased by \$124 million (-13%). Key factors include:

- \$17 million unfavourable impact of foreign currency translation.
- \$237 million charge due to the derivative CVA methodology change.
- \$95 million (+69%) increase in Balance sheet income reflecting growth in the liquidity portfolio and tightening credit spreads.
- \$36 million (+7%) increase in Sales income driven by increased debt capital markets activity, partially offset by decreased foreign exchange income from lower demand for structured products.

Share of associates' profit

Decreased by \$58 million (-19%). Key factors include:

- \$30 million increase in P.T. Bank Pan Indonesia mainly due to higher credit provisions in the March 2016 half.
- \$8 million increase in Ambank due to improved net interest margin, higher insurance and fee income and expense initiatives.
- \$2 million increase in Metro Card Corporation Inc. due to improved revenue driven by lending growth.
- \$83 million decrease in BoT due to cessation of equity accounting in the March 2016 half.
- \$11 million decrease in Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank due to a decline in net interest margin and higher expenses, partly offset by an increase in fee income.

Net foreign exchange earnings

Increased by \$8 million (+6%) due to:

Lower losses on realised USD revenue hedges in the September 2016 half (\$6 million) as foreign currency rates stabilised.

Other

Increased by \$129 million (large %). Key factors include:

- \$2 million unfavourable impact due to foreign currency translation.
- \$260 million increase due to the impairment of investment in Ambank in the March 2016 half.
- \$26 million increase due to a cash dividend from BoT in the September 2016 half.
- \$66 million decrease due to a gain on the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment in the March 2016 half.
- \$29 million decrease due a gain on cessation of equity accounting for BoT in the March 2016 half.
- \$16 million decrease due to lower unrealised gains on foreign currency balances held in Institutional.
- \$17 million decrease due to the non-reoccurrence of gain on sales (property and operating lease asset sales) in the March 2016 half and losses on loan sell downs in Institutional in the September 2016 half.

Operating Expenses

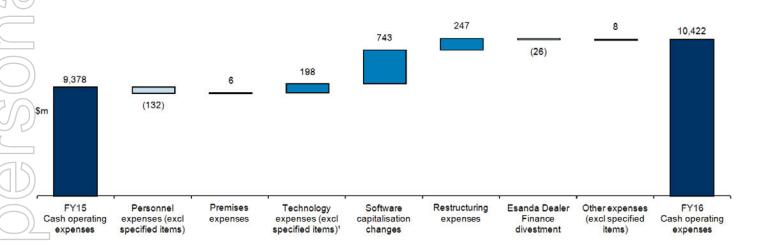
	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Personnel expenses ^{1,2}	2,740	2,801	-2%	5,541	5,479	1%	
Premises expenses	470	458	3%	928	922	1%	
Technology expenses ^{1,2}	826	1,324	-38%	2,150	1,462	47%	
Restructuring expenses	140	138	1%	278	31	large	
Other expenses ^{1,2}	767	758	1%	1,525	1,484	3%	
Total cash operating expenses	4,943	5,479	-10%	10,422	9,378	11%	
Full time equivalent staff (FTE)	46,554	48,896	-5%	46,554	50,152	-7%	
Average full time equivalent staff (FTE)	47,489	49,777	-5%	48,633	50,953	-5%	

The \$743 million charge associated with the software capitalisation changes (March 2016 half: \$629 million) included in the September 2016 full year comprises \$213 million of personnel expenses (March 2016 half: \$98 million), \$492 million of technology expenses (March 2016 half: \$513 million), and \$38 million of other expenses (March 2016 half: \$18 million). Refer to page 36 for further details.

The \$26 million benefit associated with the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment included in the September 2016 full year comprises \$19 million of personnel expenses (March 2016 half: \$3 million), \$2 million of technology expenses (March 2016 half: \$8 million). Refer to page 17 for further details.

	Half Year			Full Year		
Expenses by division	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Australia	1,708	1,681	2%	3,389	3,193	6%
Institutional	1,426	1,509	-6%	2,935	2,806	5%
New Zealand	630	595	6%	1,225	1,197	2%
Wealth Australia	388	408	-5%	796	751	6%
Asia Retail & Pacific	381	432	-12%	813	834	-3%
TSO and Group Centre	410	854	-52%	1,264	597	large
Total cash operating expenses	4,943	5,479	-10%	10,422	9,378	11%

Operating expenses - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



Technology expenses presented in the chart above exclude the impact of software policy changes to facilitate comparison with the prior period.

September 2016 v September 2015

Operating expenses increased 11% compared to the September 2015 full year due to a number of specified items (software capitalisation, restructuring and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment). Excluding these, and the impact of foreign currency translation, operating expenses were slightly down.

- Personnel expenses increased \$62 million (+1%). Excluding an unfavourable foreign currency translation impact of \$79 million and \$213 million due to software capitalisation changes (personnel expenses that would have otherwise been capitalised), along with the \$19 million favourable impact of the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, personnel expenses decreased \$211 million (-4%) due to a 7% decrease in FTE (-5% on average), primarily managed through restructuring activities across the Group and natural attrition, and lower incentive expenses, partially offset by annual salary inflation.
- Premises expenses increased \$6 million (+1%). Excluding an unfavourable foreign currency translation impact of \$9 million, premises expenses decreased by \$3 million (0%) driven by lower repairs and maintenance costs, partially offset by annual inflationary rent increases.
- Technology expenses increased \$688 million (+47%). Excluding an unfavourable foreign currency translation impact of \$7 million, \$492 million due to software capitalisation changes (comprising \$373 million of accelerated amortisation for software assets and \$119 million of expenditure which would otherwise have been capitalised) and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, technology expenses increased \$191

- million (+13%) driven by higher depreciation and amortisation of digital-enabling and other core infrastructure, as well as higher licensing and outsourced services costs.
- Restructuring expenses increased \$247 million. The Group is in the process of reshaping the workforce in response to its evolving strategy.
 This includes simplification of the Institutional and Wealth businesses, restructure of Asia Retail & Pacific, and simplification and digitisation in Australia, New Zealand, and TSO and Group Centre.
- Other expenses increased \$41 million (+3%). Excluding an unfavourable foreign currency translation impact of \$16 million, \$38 million due to software capitalisation changes (other expenses that would otherwise have been capitalised) and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, other expenses decreased \$8 million (-1%) with lower discretionary expenses offsetting higher professional fees and non-lending losses.

September 2016 v March 2016

Operating expenses decreased 10% compared to the March 2016 half year due to a number of specified items (software capitalisation, restructuring and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment). Excluding these, and the impact of foreign currency translation, operating expenses were flat.

- Personnel expenses decreased \$61 million (-2%). Excluding a favourable foreign currency translation impact of \$24 million, \$17 million due to
 software capitalisation changes (personnel expenses that would otherwise have been capitalised) and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment,
 personnel expenses decreased \$57 million (-2%) driven by a 5% decrease in FTE (-5% on average), primarily managed through restructuring
 activities across the Group and natural attrition.
- Premises expenses increased \$12 million (+3%). Excluding the unfavourable foreign currency translation impact of \$3 million, premises
 expenses increased \$9 million (+2%) due to write-offs.
- Technology expenses decreased \$498 million (-38%). Excluding a favourable foreign currency translation impact of \$5 million and a decrease
 of \$534 million due to software capitalisation changes (comprising \$563 million of decreased amortisation for software assets and \$29 million
 increase in expenditure which would otherwise have been capitalised), technology expenses increased \$41 million (+5%) driven by higher
 depreciation and amortisation as well as higher licensing and outsourced services costs.
- Restructuring expenses remained broadly consistent with the first half, increasing \$2 million (+1%), reflecting the ongoing reshaping of the
 workforce in response to its evolving strategy. This includes simplification of the Institutional and Wealth businesses, and simplification and
 digitisation in Australia, New Zealand, and TSO and Group Centre.
- Other expenses increased \$9 million (+1%). Excluding a favourable foreign currency translation impact of \$1 million, \$2 million due to software
 capitalisation changes (other expenses that would have otherwise have been capitalised) and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, other
 expenses increased \$16 million (+2%) with increased professional fees offsetting lower discretionary expenses.

Technology infrastructure spend

Technology infrastructure spend includes expenditure that develops and enhances the Group's technology infrastructure to meet business and strategic objectives and to improve capability and efficiency.

	Half Year				Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Expensed investment spend	254	272	-7%	526	258	large		
Capitalised investment spend	203	197	3%	400	739	-46%		
Technology infrastructure spend	457	469	-3%	926	997	-7%		

Technology infrastructure spend	457	469	-3%	926	997	-7%		
Comprising	Half Year Full Year							
	Sep 16 \$M		Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Growth	147	186	-21%	333	438	-24%		
Productivity	84	87	-3%	171	164	4%		
Risk and compliance	114	115	-1%	229	223	3%		
Infrastructure and other	112	81	38%	193	172	12%		
Technology infrastructure spend	457	469	-3%	926	997	-7%		
Technology infrastructure spend by division		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M		Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Australia	131	143	-8%	274	294	-7%		
11								

Technology infrastructure spend by division	Half Year			Full Year			
9	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Australia	131	143	-8%	274	294	-7%	
Institutional	79	96	-18%	175	245	-29%	
New Zealand	38	37	3%	75	67	12%	
Asia Retail & Pacific	3	4	-25%	7	7	0%	
Wealth Australia	24	45	-47%	69	84	-18%	
TSO and Group Centre	182	144	26%	326	300	9%	
Technology infrastructure spend	457	469	-3%	926	997	-7%	

Digitisation is central to ANZ's business operations by reshaping how ANZ works and providing technology that enables better solutions for customers. The Group's aim is to create a digital bank; one that allows us to streamline operations such that we deliver fast, easy and innovative solutions for our customers while also reducing the operational complexity of the organisation and thereby improving productivity and reducing risk. ANZ has invested in digital across the Group, delivering multichannel platforms that have global capabilities covering aspects like employee mobility, products (goMoneyTM and MobilePay), security systems and more intuitive internet banking.

Australia division delivered its key digital foundations with the go-live of multi-channel platforms during 2016, enabling a consistent digital experience and is now focussing on continuous delivery of digital channels to improve both customer and banker experience. Investment is also continuing in simplification initiatives such as Banker Desktop which is simplifying branch processes through digitisation to enhance banker productivity.

Institutional investment focused on the multi-year development of Asia payments & collections functionality and Markets capabilities, scaling and optimising infrastructure to connect with more customers and provide seamless value. Significant investment continued in risk and compliance projects to meet increasing regulatory requirements across the region.

New Zealand has introduced new digital services for customers including Apple Pay™, goMoney™ Wallet for Android users and self-service funds transfers for KiwiSaver on internet banking.

Wealth Australia investment has focused on strategic growth initiatives to help customers better connect with, protect and grow their financial well-being. These initiatives include digital platforms, such as Grow by ANZ™, that better connect customers to their wealth.

TSO and Group Centre is investing in common platforms to drive transformation of key business activities, improve customer experience and drive down cost to serve. Investment continues in Payments Transformation to provide competitive payment services for our customers and Global Loan Management System to further transform wholesale lending capabilities.

September 2016 v September 2015

During the September 2016 financial year, the Group continued to invest strongly with spend of \$926 million. The \$71 million (-7%) decrease compared to September 2015 reflects lower spend in Institutional and Wealth Australia based on revised strategies for these businesses and project delivery optimisation initiatives aimed at speeding up the delivery of projects.

September 2016 v March 2016

The September 2016 half reflects a \$12 million decrease (-3%) as project delivery optimisation initiatives flow through to the project portfolio. A number of programs also completed in March 2016 half, including MCP Mobile, Next Best Conversation, Banker Desktop (Credit Cards and Deposits) and anz.com Redesign in Australia, Asia Payments and Collections Functionality, Foundation Core-India Implementation and Liquidity Management in Institutional.

Software capitalisation

As at 30 September 2016, the Group's intangible assets included \$2,202 million in relation to costs incurred in acquiring and developing software. Details are set out in the table below:

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Balance at start of period	2,249	2,893	-22%	2,893	2,533	14%	
Software capitalised during the period	222	209	6%	431	807	-47%	
Amortisation during the period							
- Current period amortisation	(255)	(245)	4%	(500)	(542)	-8%	
- Accelerated amortisation	-	(556)	-100%	(556)	-	n/a	
Software impaired/written-off	(25)	(2)	large	(27)	(17)	59%	
Foreign exchange differences	11	(50)	large	(39)	112	large	
Total capitalised software	2,202	2,249	-2%	2,202	2,893	-24%	

1 9 1								
Amortisation during the period								
- Current period amortisation	(255)	(245)	4%	(500)	(542)	-8%		
- Accelerated amortisation		(556)	-100%	(556)	-	n/a		
Software impaired/written-off	(25)	(2)	large	(27)	(17)	59%		
Foreign exchange differences	11	(50)	large	(39)	112	large		
Total capitalised software	2,202	2,249	-2%	2,202	2,893	-24%		
Capitalised cost analysis by Division		Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Australia	46	56	-18%	102	214	-52%		
Institutional	28	40	-30%	68	177	-62%		
New Zealand	5	1	large	6	46	-87%		
Wealth Australia	,	-	n/a	-	47	-100%		
Asia Retail & Pacific	4	9	-56%	13	18	-28%		
TSO and Group Centre	139	103	35%	242	305	-21%		
Total	222	209	6%	431	807	-47%		
Net book value by Division		Half Year			Full Year	ıll Year		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Australia	488	514	-5%	488	628	-22%		
Institutional	780	847	-8%	780	1,059	-26%		
New Zealand	23	19	21%	23	73	-68%		
Wealth Australia	20	23	-13%	20	111	-82%		
Asia Retail & Pacific	63	66	-5%	63	79	-20%		
TSO and Group Centre	828	780	6%	828	943	-12%		
Total	2,202	2,249	-2%	2,202	2,893	-24%		

Net book value by Division	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Australia	488	514	-5%	488	628	-22%	
Institutional	780	847	-8%	780	1,059	-26%	
New Zealand	23	19	21%	23	73	-68%	
Wealth Australia	20	23	-13%	20	111	-82%	
Asia Retail & Pacific	63	66	-5%	63	79	-20%	
TSO and Group Centre	828	780	6%	828	943	-12%	
Total	2,202	2,249	-2%	2,202	2,893	-24%	

The Group changed the application of its accounting policy for the capitalisation of expenditure on internally generated software assets effective from 1 October 2015. The change aligns the accounting policy for software assets with the rapidly changing technology landscape and the Group's evolving digital strategy by increasing the threshold for capitalisation of software development costs, reflecting the increasingly shorter useful life of smaller items of software, and directly expensing more project related costs.

The change does not affect the total investment in technology but does affect the timing of recognition of costs in the income statement. The impact of the change on the September 2016 full year was:

Accelerated amortisation of \$556 million (September half: nil; March half: \$556 million) relating to software assets where the original cost was below the revised threshold at 1 October 2015. This brings forward amortisation which otherwise would have been recognised in future periods, of which \$183 million (September half: \$95 million; March half: \$88 million) would have been recognised in the September 2016 full year (i.e. the full year amortisation charge increased by \$373 million).

Higher operating expenses of \$370 million (September half: \$209 million; March half: \$161 million) relating to software development costs which otherwise would have been capitalised and amortised in future periods.

The change in capitalised software treatment has no impact on regulatory capital ratios.

Credit risk

		Full Year			Full Year		Movement				
		Sep 16			Sep 15			Sep 16 v. Sep 15			
Division	Individual charge \$M	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	Individual charge \$M	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	Individual charge %	Collective charge %	Total charge %		
Australia	898	22	920	761	91	852	18%	-76%	8%		
Institutional	774	(33)	741	206	(8)	198	large	large	large		
New Zealand	104	16	120	54	1	55	93%	large	large		
Asia Retail & Pacific	163	11	174	86	12	98	90%	-8%	78%		
TSO and Group Centre	-	1	1	3	(1)	2	-100%	large	-50%		
Total	1,939	17	1,956	1,110	95	1,205	75%	-82%	62%		

		Half Year			Half Year			Movement		
	Sep				Mar 16		Sep 16 v. Mar 16			
))	Individual charge	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	Individual charge	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	Individual charge	Collective charge	Total charge %	
Division	\$M	ΦIAI	Φ141	\$M	ΨIVI	ФІМІ	%	/0	/0	
Australia	469	(11)	458	429	33	462	9%	large	-1%	
nstitutional	435	(17)	418	339	(16)	323	28%	6%	29%	
New Zealand	61	17	78	43	(1)	42	42%	large	86%	
Asia Retail & Pacific	82	1	83	81	10	91	1%	-90%	-9%	
TSO and Group Centre	-	1	1	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Total	1,047	(9)	1,038	892	26	918	17%	large	13%	

Individual credit impairment charge

New Zealand	104	16	120	54	1	55	93%	large	larg
Asia Retail & Pacific	163	11	174	86	12	98	90%	-8%	78
TSO and Group Centre	-	1	1	3	(1)	2	-100%	large	-50
Total	1,939	17	1,956	1,110	95	1,205	75%	-82%	62
		Half Year		H	alf Year			Movement	
		Sep 16		-	Mar 16		Se	p 16 v. Mar 16	;
Division	Individual charge	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	charge	Collective charge \$M	Total charge \$M	Individual charge	Collective charge	Tot charg
Australia	\$M 469	(11)	458	\$M 429	33	462	% 9%	large	-1
Institutional	435	(17)	418	339	(16)	323	28%	6%	29
New Zealand	61	17	78	43	(1)	42	42%	large	86
Asia Retail & Pacific	82	1	83	81	10	91	1%	-90%	-9
TSO and Group Centre	-	1	1	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n,
Total	1,047	(9)	1,038	892	26	918	17%	large	13'
				Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Movt
Individual credit impai	minorit orial go	•			Half Year			Full Year	
				Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
New and increased indivi	idual credit imp	airments							
Australia				623	600	4%	1,223	1,103	11%
Institutional				490	354	38%	844	315	large
New Zealand				106	96	10%	202	190	6%
Asia Retail & Pacific				102	101	1%	203	175	16%
New and increased individu	ual credit impairm	nents		1,321	1,151	15%	2,472	1,783	39%
Recoveries and write-bac	ks								
Australia				(154)	(171)	-10%	(325)	(342)	-5%
Institutional				(55)	(15)	large	(70)	(109)	-36%
New Zealand				(45)	(53)	-15%	(98)	(136)	-28%
Asia Retail & Pacific				(20)	(20)	0%	(40)	(89)	-55%
TSO and Group Centre				-	-	n/a	-	3	-100%
Recoveries and write-back	S			(274)	(259)	6%	(533)	(673)	-21%
Total individual credit im	pairment charge	e		1,047	892	17%	1,939	1,110	75%
■ September 2016 v S	September 201	5							

September 2016 v September 2015

The individual credit impairment charge increased \$829 million (+75%), driven by increases in new and existing provisions of \$689 million (+39%), combined with a \$140 million (-21%) reduction in recoveries and write-backs. New and existing provisions increased in the Institutional division from a small number of Australian and multi-national resource related exposures, continued commodity and manufacturing sector weaknesses and the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute. In the Australia division, the increase was predominantly due to growth in Small Business Banking, higher delinquencies in the retail and commercial portfolios in Queensland and Western Australia, and higher write-backs in Corporate Banking in 2015 (not repeated in 2016). In the New Zealand division, the increase was driven by new provisions in the Agri and Commercial portfolios and lower levels of write-backs.

September 2016 v March 2016

The individual credit impairment charge increased \$155 million (+17%), driven by an increase in new and existing provisions of \$170 million (+15%), predominantly from the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute. In the Australia division, the increase was in the Retail portfolio, and in the New Zealand division the increase was in the Agri portfolio.

Collective credit impairment charge

	Half Year			Full Year			
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) by source	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Lending growth	(59)	56	large	(3)	104	large	
Risk profile	50	(30)	large	20	70	-71%	
Economic cycle and concentration risk adjustment	-	-	n/a	-	(79)	-100%	
Total collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(9)	26	large	17	95	-82%	

September 2016 v September 2015

The collective credit impairment charge decreased \$78 million (-82%) due to portfolio contraction in Institutional, lower portfolio growth in Australia division and customer migration from collective to individual provisioning in Institutional, partially offset by release of economic cycle overlay in 2015 not repeated in 2016.

September 2016 v March 2016

The collective credit impairment charge decreased \$35 million from a charge of \$26 million to a release of \$9 million. The decrease was driven by portfolio contraction in Institutional and lower portfolio growth in Australia division. These decreases were partially offset by a second half charge due to business downgrades in Institutional compared to first half release following customer migration from collective to individual provisioning.

Provision for credit impairment

1	Z Z		Full Year			Full Year			Movement		
9)		Sep 16				Sep 15		Sep 16 v. Sep 15			
	Division	Individual provision \$M	Collective provision \$M1	Total provision \$M	Individual provision \$M	Collective provision \$M1	Total provision \$M	Individual provision %	Collective provision %	Total provision %	
_	Australia	606	1,188	1,794	590	1,244	1,834	3%	-5%	-2%	
	Institutional	566	1,114	1,680	300	1,179	1,479	89%	-6%	14%	
_	New Zealand	117	374	491	139	340	479	-16%	10%	3%	
	Asia Retail & Pacific	18	196	214	32	190	222	-44%	3%	-4%	
	TSO and Group Centre	-	4	4	-	3	3	n/a	33%	33%	
	Total	1,307	2,876	4,183	1,061	2,956	4,017	23%	-3%	4%	

Division	provision \$M	provision \$M ¹	provision \$M	provision \$M	provision \$M¹	provision \$M	provision %	provision %	provision %
Australia	606	1,188	1,794	590	1,244	1,834	3%	-5%	-2%
Institutional	566	1,114	1,680	300	1,179	1,479	89%	-6%	14%
New Zealand	117	374	491	139	340	479	-16%	10%	3%
Asia Retail & Pacific	18	196	214	32	190	222	-44%	3%	-4%
SO and Group Centre	-	4	4	-	3	3	n/a	33%	33%
Total	1,307	2,876	4,183	1,061	2,956	4,017	23%	-3%	4%
		Half Year Sep 16			Half Year Mar 16			Movement o 16 v. Mar 16	
	Individual provision \$M	Collective provision \$M1	Total provision \$M	Individual provision \$M	Collective provision \$M1	Total provision \$M	Individual provision	Collective provision	Total provision
Division	·	·		э ій 547	•	·	11%	,,	
Australia	606 566	1,188 1,114	1,794 1,680	54 <i>1</i> 555	1,204 1,126	1,751 1,681	2%	-1% -1%	2% 0%
New Zealand	117	374	491	114	337	451	3%	11%	9%
Asia Retail & Pacific	18	196	214	22	192	214	-18%	2%	0%
TSO and Group Centre	-	4	4	-	3	3	n/a	33%	33%
Total	1,307	2,876	4,183	1,238	2,862	4,100	6%	0%	2%

The collective provision includes amounts for off-balance sheet credit exposures of \$631 million at 30 September 2016 (Mar 2016: \$663 million; Sep 2015: \$677 million). The impact on the income statement for the full year ended 30 September 2016 was a \$32 million release (Mar 2016 half: \$3 million charge; Sep 2015 full year: \$27 million charge).

Gross Impaired Assets

Gross Impaired Assets			As at		Movem	nent
		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Impaired loans		2,646	2,564	2,441	3%	8%
Restructured items ¹		403	226	184	78%	large
Non-performing commitments and contingencies		124	93	94	33%	32%
Gross impaired assets		3,173	2,883	2,719	10%	17%
Individual provisions						
Impaired loans		(1,278)	(1,209)	(1,038)	6%	23%
Non-performing commitments and contingencies		(29)	(29)	(23)	0%	26%
Net impaired assets		1,866	1,645	1,658	13%	13%
Gross impaired assets by division Australia		1,170	1,093	1,194	7%	-2%
Institutional		1,403	1,281	960	10%	46%
New Zealand		346	273	338	27%	2%
Asia Retail & Pacific		254	236	227	8%	12%
Gross impaired assets		3,173	2,883	2,719	10%	17%
) (1.000 mmpanou acosto		0,110	2,000	2,110	1070	1770
Gross impaired assets by size of exposure						
Less than \$10 million		1,784	1,597	1,748	12%	2%
\$10 million to \$100 million		899	970	708	-7%	27%
Greater than \$100 million		490	316	263	55%	86%
Gross impaired assets		3,173	2,883	2,719	10%	17%
September 2016 v September 2015 Gross impaired assets increased \$454 million (+17%) primarily driven by multi-national resource and manufacturing related exposures, along with impaired assets was 41.2% at 30 September 2016 (39.0% at 30 September 2016 v March 2016 Gross impaired assets increased \$290 million (+10%) driven by Institution (\$73 million). The increase in Institutional relates to impairments on a single related exposures, along with the Oswal legal dispute. The Australia divident commercial portfolios in Queensland and Western Australia. In the New portfolio. The Group's individual provision coverage ratio on impaired as New Impaired Assets	n the Oswal nber 2015). onal (\$122 n nall number ision increas Zealand div	nillion), Austra of Australian se was driven rision, the incr .2% at 30 Sep	The Group's lia division (\$ and multi-nat by higher del ease is due a	individual provinces in increase in increa	vision covera d New Zeala and manufa the retail and impairments March 2016	nd division cturing I in the Agri
	Sam 16	Half Year		San 46	Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Impaired loans	1,610	1,657	-3%	3,267	2,848	15%
Restructured items	193	81	large	274	30	large
Non-performing commitments and contingencies	41	46	-11%	87	102	-15%
Total new impaired assets	1,844	1,784	3%	3,628	2,980	22%
New impaired assets by division						
Australia	927	777	19%	1,704	1,618	5%

Restructured items are facilities in which the original contractual terms have been modified for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer. Restructuring may consist of reduction of interest, principal or other payments legally due, or an extension in maturity materially beyond those typically offered to new facilities with similar risk.

September 2016 v September 2015

September 2016 v March 2016

Sep 16 Sep 16 Sep 15 Sep 15 Sep 16 Sep 15 Sep 15 Sep 16 Sep 15 S
Restructured items 193 81 large 274 30 large Non-performing commitments and contingencies 41 46 -11% 87 102 -15% Total new impaired assets 1,844 1,784 3% 3,628 2,980 22% New impaired assets by division 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
Non-performing commitments and contingencies 41 46 -11% 87 102 -15% Total new impaired assets 1,844 1,784 3% 3,628 2,980 22% New impaired assets by division Australia 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
Total new impaired assets 1,844 1,784 3% 3,628 2,980 22% New impaired assets by division 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
New impaired assets by division 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
Australia 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
Australia 927 777 19% 1,704 1,618 5%
Institutional 498 652 -24% 1.150 760 51%
1,100 100 5170
New Zealand 290 194 49% 484 368 32%
Asia Retail & Pacific 129 161 -20% 290 234 24%
Total new impaired assets 1,844 1,784 3% 3,628 2,980 22%

September 2016 v September 2015

New impaired assets increased \$648 million (+22%) with increases in Institutional (\$390 million) related to a small number of Australian and multinational resource related exposures and continued commodity and manufacturing sector weaknesses. The New Zealand division increase (\$116 million) is driven by the deterioration in the Agri portfolio. The increase in Australia division (\$86 million) was predominantly driven by delinquencies in Queensland and Western Australia.

September 2016 v March 2016

 September 2016 v March 2016 					
New impaired assets increased \$60 million (+3%) with increase offset by a decrease in Institutional (\$154 million). The increase Banking and Asset Finance portfolios. The increase in New Zea	in Australia division is due to the	e deterioration	n the Retail, F	,	
		As at		Movem	nent
Ageing analysis of net loans and advances that are past due but not impaired 1	Sep 3		Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
1-5 days	3,36		2,785	10%	21%
6-29 days	4,60	5,820	5,071	-21%	-9%
30-59 days	1,91	2,292	1,732	-17%	10%
60-89 days	1,07	1,193	992	-10%	8%
>90 days	2,70	2,573	2,378	5%	14%
Total	13,64	9 14,926	12,958	-9%	5%
The 90 days past due but not impaired increased \$325 million (portfolio deterioration in Queensland and Western Australia. September 2016 v March 2016 The 90 days past due but not impaired increased \$130 million (portfolio deterioration in Queensland and Western Australia.					
income tax expense					
95	n wa			Full Value	
(15)	Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 Mar 7 \$M \$	6 M Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Income tax expense on cash profit	Sep 16 Mar	6 M Movt 3 3%		Sep 15	Movt -16%

Greater granularity in past due loans has resulted in comparative information being restated accordingly.

September 2016 v September 2015

September 2016 v March 2016

	F	lalf Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Income tax expense on cash profit	1,166	1,133	3%	2,299	2,724	-16%
Effective tax rate (cash profit)	27.2%	28.9%		28.0%	27.4%	

September 2016 v September 2015

The effective tax rate increased from 27.4% to 28.0%. The increase of 60 bps is primarily due to the impairment of our investment in Ambank and a lower average tax rate on decreased offshore earnings, partially offset by an increased release of tax provisions. In addition, 2015 included a one off ravourable Wealth Australia tax consolidation benefit.

September 2016 v March 2016

The effective tax rate decreased from 28.9% to 27.2%. The decrease of 170 bps is primarily due to the impairment of our investment in Ambank in the March half. The September half included increased release of tax provisions offset by lower earnings from equity accounted associates.

Impact of foreign currency translation

The following tables present the Group's cash profit results and net loans and advances neutralised for the impact of foreign currency translation. Comparative data has been adjusted to remove the translation impact of foreign currency movements by retranslating prior period comparatives at current period foreign exchange rates.

Cash Profit - September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Full Year

		Full Yea	r		Movement			
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Net interest income	15,095	14,616	96	14,712	3%	0%	3%	
Other operating income	5,482	5,921	225	6,146	-7%	4%	-11%	
Operating income	20,577	20,537	321	20,858	0%	1%	-1%	
Operating expenses	(10,422)	(9,378)	(114)	(9,492)	11%	1%	10%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	10,155	11,159	207	11,366	-9%	2%	-11%	
Credit impairment charge	(1,956)	(1,205)	(9)	(1,214)	62%	1%	61%	
Profit before income tax	8,199	9,954	198	10,152	-18%	1%	-19%	
Income tax expense	(2,299)	(2,724)	(56)	(2,780)	-16%	1%	-17%	
Non-controlling interests	(11)	(14)	(1)	(15)	-21%	6%	-27%	
Cash profit	5,889	7,216	141	7,357	-18%	2%	-20%	

Cash Profit by Division - September 2016 Full Year vs	September 20	15 Full Year					
		Full Yea	ar	Movement			
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia	3,573	3,413	-	3,413	5%	0%	5%
Institutional	1,057	1,967	26	1,993	-46%	1%	-47%
New Zealand	1,267	1,254	6	1,260	1%	0%	1%
Wealth Australia	327	428	-	428	-24%	0%	-24%
Asia Retail & Pacific	152	139	4	143	9%	3%	6%
TSO and Group Centre	(487)	15	105	120	large	large	large
Cash profit by division	5,889	7,216	141	7,357	-18%	2%	-20%

))	Actual	unadjusted	impact	adjusted	unadjusted	impact	adjusted
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia	3,573	3,413	-	3,413	5%	0%	5%
Institutional	1,057	1,967	26	1,993	-46%	1%	-47%
New Zealand	1,267	1,254	6	1,260	1%	0%	1%
Wealth Australia	327	428	-	428	-24%	0%	-24%
Asia Retail & Pacific	152	139	4	143	9%	3%	6%
TSO and Group Centre	(487)	15	105	120	large	large	large
Cash profit by division	5,889	7,216	141	7,357	-18%	2%	-20%
Net loans and advances by Division - September	er 2016 Full Year vs S	As at				Movement	
Net loans and advances by Division - September	er 2016 Full Year vs S	•					
Net loans and advances by Division - September		As at	FX	FX	FX	FX	FX
Net loans and advances by Division - September	Actual	As at FX unadjusted	FX impact	adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	adjusted
Net loans and advances by Division - September		As at	FX		FX unadjusted Sep 16	FX impact Sep 16	adjusted Sep 16
Net loans and advances by Division - September	Actual Sep 16	As at FX unadjusted Sep 15	FX impact Sep 15	adjusted Sep 15	FX unadjusted	FX impact	adjusted
	Actual Sep 16 \$B	As at FX unadjusted Sep 15 \$B	FX impact Sep 15	adjusted Sep 15 \$B	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15	FX impact Sep 16 v. Sep 15	adjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia	Actual Sep 16 \$B 327.1	FX unadjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1	FX impact Sep 15 \$B	adjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Sep 15 0%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australia Institutional	Actual Sep 16 \$B 327.1 125.9	FX unadjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 142.2	FX impact Sep 15 \$B - (4.4)	adjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 137.8	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -11%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Sep 15 0% -2%	adjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -9%
Australia Institutional New Zealand	Actual Sep 16 \$B 327.1 125.9 107.9	FX unadjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 142.2 97.0	FX impact Sep 15 \$B - (4.4) 4.8	adjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 137.8 101.8	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -11%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Sep 15 0% -2% 5%	adjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -9% 6%
Australia Institutional New Zealand Wealth Australia	Actual Sep 16 \$B 327.1 125.9 107.9 2.0	As at FX unadjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 142.2 97.0 1.9	FX impact Sep 15 \$B - (4.4) 4.8	adjusted Sep 15 \$B 315.1 137.8 101.8 1.9	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -11% 11% 5%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Sep 15 0% -2% 5% 0%	adjusted Sep 16 v. Sep 15 4% -9% 6% 5%

Cash Profit - September 2016 Half Year vs March 2016 Half Year

		Half Yea	ır	Movement			
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	(7)	7,561	-1%	-1%	0%
Other operating income	2,734	2,748	(25)	2,723	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating income	10,261	10,316	(32)	10,284	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	35	(5,444)	-10%	-1%	-9%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	3	4,840	10%	0%	10%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	7	(911)	13%	-1%	14%
Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	10	3,929	9%	0%	9%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	(6)	(1,139)	3%	1%	2%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	-	(4)	75%	0%	75%
Cash profit	3,107	2,782	4	2,786	12%	0%	12%

Other operating income	2,734	2,748	(25)	2,723	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating income	10,261	10,316	(32)	10,284	-1%	-1%	0%
Operating expenses	(4,943)	(5,479)	35	(5,444)	-10%	-1%	-9%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,318	4,837	3	4,840	10%	0%	10%
Credit impairment charge	(1,038)	(918)	7	(911)	13%	-1%	14%
Profit before income tax	4,280	3,919	10	3,929	9%	0%	9%
Income tax expense	(1,166)	(1,133)	(6)	(1,139)	3%	1%	2%
Non-controlling interests	(7)	(4)	-	(4)	75%	0%	75%
Cash profit	3,107	2,782	4	2,786	12%	0%	12%
Cash Profit by Division - September 2016 Half Year vs	March 2016 Ha	alf Year Half Yea	r			Movement	
Cash Profit by Division - September 2016 Half Year vs		Half Yea	FX	FX adjusted	FX	FX	FX adjusted
Cash Profit by Division - September 2016 Half Year vs	Actual Sep 16	Half Yea FX unadjusted Mar 16	FX impact Mar 16	adjusted Mar 16	FX unadjusted Sep 16	FX impact Sep 16	adjusted Sep 16
Cash Profit by Division - September 2016 Half Year vs	Actual	Half Yea FX unadjusted	FX impact	adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	adjusted
	Actual Sep 16 \$M	FX unadjusted Mar 16 \$M	FX impact Mar 16 \$M	adjusted Mar 16 \$M	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16	FX impact Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16
Australia	Actual Sep 16 \$M 1,794	FX unadjusted Mar 16 \$M 1,779	FX impact Mar 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M 1,779	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16	FX impact Sep 16 v. Mar 16 0%	Sep 16 v. Mar 16
Australia	Actual Sep 16 \$M 1,794 425	FX unadjusted Mar 16 \$M 1,779 632	FX impact Mar 16 \$M - (7)	mar 16 \$M 1,779 625	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -33%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Mar 16 0% -1%	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -32%
Australia Institutional New Zealand	Actual Sep 16 \$M 1,794 425 626	FX unadjusted Mar 16 \$M 1,779 632 641	FX impact Mar 16 \$M - (7) 12	adjusted Mar 16 \$M 1,779 625 653	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -33% -2%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Mar 16 0% -1% 2%	adjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -32% -4%
Australia Institutional New Zealand Wealth Australia	Actual Sep 16 \$M 1,794 425 626 159	### Half Yea FX unadjusted Mar 16	FX impact Mar 16 \$M - (7) 12 -	adjusted Mar 16 \$M 1,779 625 653 168	FX unadjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -33% -2% -5%	FX impact Sep 16 v. Mar 16 0% -1% 2% 0%	adjusted Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1% -32% -4% -5%

New Zealand Wealth Australia	626		(1)	023	-33 /6		
Wealth Australia	020	641	12	653	-2%	2%	-4%
	159	168	-	168	-5%	0%	-5%
Asia Retail & Pacific	95	57	(1)	56	67%	-3%	70%
TSO and Group Centre	8	(495)	-	(495)	large	0%	large
Cash profit by division	3,107	2,782	4	2,786	12%	0%	12%
Net loans and advances by Division - September 201	16 Half Year vs N	larch 2016 Half \	'ear				
		As at				Movement	
	Actual	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted	FX unadjusted	FX impact	FX adjusted
	Sep 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Mar 16
Australia	327.1	321.4	-	321.4	2%	0%	2%
Institutional	125.9	125.6	0.9	126.5	0%	0%	0%
New Zealand	107.9	99.2	5.7	104.9	9%	6%	3%
Wealth Australia	2.0	1.9	-	1.9	5%	0%	5%
Asia Retail & Pacific	13.4	13.9	0.2	14.1	-4%	1%	-5%
TSO and Group Centre	(0.4)	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	100%	0%	100%
Net loans and advances by division ¹	575.9	561.8	6.8	568.6	3%	2%	1%

Earnings related hedges

The Group has taken out economic hedges against larger foreign exchange denominated revenue streams (primarily New Zealand Dollar, US Dollar and US Dollar correlated). New Zealand Dollar exposure relates to the New Zealand geography and USD exposure relates to APEA. Details of these hedges are set out below.

	Half Ye	ear	Full Ye	ar
NZD Economic hedges	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Net open NZD position (notional principal) ¹	3,161	3,119	3,161	3,567
Amount taken to income (pre-tax statutory basis) ²	(172)	(2)	(174)	(52)
Amount taken to income (pre-tax cash basis) ³	(6)	(2)	(8)	(85)
USD Economic hedges				
Net open USD position (notional principal) ¹	-	85	-	352
Amount taken to income (pre-tax statutory basis) ²	(3)	24	21	(170)
Amount taken to income (pre-tax cash basis) ³	(24)	(34)	(58)	(138)

Value in AUD at contracted rate

As at 30 September 2016, the following hedges are in place to partially hedge future earnings against adverse movements in exchange rates:

NZD 3.5 billion at a forward rate of approximately NZD 1.10 / AUD.

During the September 2016 full year:

- NZD 1.8 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$8 million (pre-tax) was recorded in cash profit.
- USD 0.3 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$58 million (pre-tax) was recorded in cash profit.
- An unrealised loss of \$87 million (pre-tax) on the outstanding NZD and USD economic hedges was recorded in the statutory income statement during the year. This unrealised loss has been treated as an adjustment to statutory profit in calculating cash profit as these are hedges of future NZD and USD revenues.

During the September 2016 half year:

- NZD 0.8 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$6 million (pre-tax) was recorded in cash profit.
- USD 0.2 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$24 million (pre-tax) was recorded in cash profit.
- An unrealised loss of \$145 million (pre-tax) on the outstanding NZD and USD economic hedges was recorded in the statutory income statement during the second half. This unrealised loss has been treated as an adjustment to statutory profit in calculating cash profit as these are hedges of future NZD and USD revenues.

NZD 0.8 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$6	6 million (pre-ta:	x) was recorde	ed in cash pr	ofit.		
USD 0.2 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised loss of \$3.	24 million (pre-t	ax) was recor	ded in cash p	orofit.		
An unrealised loss of \$145 million (pre-tax) on the outstanding NZD a during the second half. This unrealised loss has been treated as an a future NZD and USD revenues.		•		-		
Earnings per share		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Cash earnings per share (cents)						
Basic	106.7	95.9	11%	202.6	260.3	-22%
Diluted	102.0	90.7	12%	194.1	247.0	-21%
Cash weighted average number of ordinary shares (M) ¹						
Basic	2,911.6	2,901.4	0%	2,906.2	2,771.4	5%
Diluted	3,192.6	3,229.5	-1%	3,187.0	3,032.2	5%
Cash profit (\$M)	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%
Preference share dividends (\$M)	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%
Cash profit less preference share dividends (\$M)	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,215	-18%

Includes Treasury shares held in Wealth Australia as the associated gains and losses are included in cash profit.

Unrealised valuation movement plus realised revenue from matured or closed out hedges

Realised revenue from closed hedges.

Dividends

	H	lalf Year		Full Year		
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Interim (fully franked)	-	80	n/a	80	86	-7%
Final (fully franked) ¹	80	-	n/a	80	95	-16%
Total (fully franked)	80	80	0%	160	181	-12%
Ordinary share dividends used in payout ratio (\$M) ²	2,342	2,334	0%	4,676	5,137	-9%
Cash profit (\$M)	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%
Less: Preference share dividends paid ³	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (cash basis) ²	75.4%	83.9%		79.4%	71.2%	

2016 final dividend is proposed

The September 2016 half year dividend payout ratio is calculated using the proposed 2016 final dividend of \$2,342 million, which is based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2016 half and the September 2015 full year are calculated using actual dividend paid of \$2,334 million and \$5,137 million respectively. Dividend payout ratio is calculated by adjusting profit attributable to shareholders of the company by the amount of preference share dividends paid. Represents dividends paid on Euro Trust Securities (preference shares) issued on 13 December 2004. The Euro Trust Securities were bought back by ANZ for cash at face value and cancelled on 15 December 2014.

The Directors propose that a final dividend of 80 cents be paid on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share on 16 December 2016. The proposed 2016 final dividend will be fully franked for Australian tax purposes, and New Zealand imputation credits of NZ 9 cents per ordinary share will also be attached.

Economic profit

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	136	44	large	180	(277)	large	
Cash Profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%	
Economic credit cost adjustment	23	(71)	large	(48)	(493)	-90%	
Imputation credits	592	568	4%	1,160	1,320	-12%	
Economic return	3,722	3,279	14%	7,001	8,043	-13%	
Cost of capital	(2,847)	(2,876)	-1%	(5,723)	(5,168)	11%	
Economic profit	875	403	large	1,278	2,875	-56%	

Economic profit is a risk adjusted profit measure used to evaluate business unit performance and is considered in determining the variable component of remuneration packages. This is used for internal management purposes and is not subject to review or audit by the external auditor.

Economic profit is calculated via a series of adjustments to cash profit. The economic credit cost adjustment replaces the actual credit loss charge with internal expected loss based on the average loss per annum on the portfolio over an economic cycle. The benefit of imputation credits to our shareholders is recognised, measured at 70% of Australian tax. The cost of capital is a major component of economic profit. At an ANZ Group level, this is calculated using average ordinary shareholders' equity (excluding non-controlling interests), multiplied by a cost of capital rate (10%) plus the dividend on preference shares. At a business unit level, capital is allocated based on economic capital, whereby higher risk businesses attract higher levels of capital. This method is designed to help drive appropriate risk management and ensure business returns align with the relevant risk. Key risks covered include credit risk, operating risk, market risk and other risks.

Economic profit decreased \$1,597 million (-56%) on the September 2015 full year due to a 18% decrease in cash profit and a 11% increase in cost of capital from higher capital levels partially offset by a lower economic credit cost adjustment reflecting higher credit impairment charges.

Economic profit increased \$472 million on the March 2016 half due to a 12% increase in cash profit and lower economic credit cost adjustment reflecting higher credit impairment charges.

Condensed balance sheet

		As at		Movem	ent
Assets	Sep 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Sep 15 \$B	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Cash / Settlement balances owed to ANZ / Collateral paid	83.3	88.0	82.5	-5%	1%
Trading and available-for-sale assets	110.3	100.5	92.7	10%	19%
Derivative financial instruments	87.5	88.7	85.6	-1%	2%
Net loans and advances ¹	575.9	561.8	570.2	3%	1%
Investment backing policy liabilities	35.7	34.5	34.8	3%	3%
Other	22.2	21.8	24.1	2%	-8%
Total assets	914.9	895.3	889.9	2%	3%
Liabilities					
Settlement balances owed by ANZ / Collateral received	17.0	20.2	19.1	-16%	-11%
Deposits and other borrowings	588.2	578.1	570.8	2%	3%
Derivative financial instruments	88.7	91.7	81.3	-3%	9%
Debt issuances	91.1	81.9	93.7	11%	-3%
Policy liabilities and external unit holder liabilities	39.5	38.4	38.7	3%	2%
Other	32.5	28.5	28.9	14%	12%
Total liabilities	857.0	838.8	832.5	2%	3%
Total equity	57.9	56.5	57.4	2%	1%
 \$19.1 billion increase was driven by increased liquidity portfolio holdings due to investment as an available-for-sale asset upon cessation of equity accounting. Derivative financial assets increased \$1.9 billion (+2%) and derivative financial exchange rate and interest rate movements resulted in higher derivative fair valence with the loans and advances increased \$5.7 billion (+1%). Adjusting for a \$0.5 billion increase is primarily driven by \$12.0 billion increase in Australia division due to increase in Institutional division reflecting growth across both the housing and decrease in Institutional division as a result of the strategic repositioning of that Deposits and other borrowings increased \$17.4 billion (+3%). Adjusting for a \$5 billion increase is primarily driven by \$10.7 billion growth in Institutional deposits. Australia division due to growth in term deposits and home loan offset balances by customer deposits. Total equity increased \$0.5 billion (+1%) primarily due to \$5.7 billion profits gen 	liabilities increalues. In decrease due growth in Hom I non-housing pubusiness to im 5.9 billion decreas from banks as and \$5.1 billion	ased \$7.4 billies to foreign cue Loans and cortfolios, par prove capital case due to fond certificates in increase in	ion (+9%) resurrency transless Lereigly offset by efficiency and preign currences of deposits, New Zealand	spectively as for lation, the \$6.2 nding, \$6.1 billions at \$11.8 billions at returns. by translation, the \$10.3 billion in the division prime	oreign 2 billion ion n the \$23.3 ncrease in arily driven
dividend reinvestment) of the 2015 final and 2016 interim dividends of \$5.0 billion September 2016 v March 2016 Trading and available-for-sale assets increased \$9.8 billion (+10%). Adjusting for \$8.9 billion increase was driven by increased liquidity portfolio holdings due to be the loans and advances increased \$14.1 billion (+3%). Adjusting for a \$6.8 billion increase is primarily driven by \$5.6 billion increase in Australia division due to get the loans and advances increased \$14.1 billion (+3%).	or a \$0.9 billior palance sheet ç on increase du	growth. e to foreign c	urrency trans	lation, the \$7.3	3 billion
in New Zealand division reflecting growth across both the housing and non-hou Institutional division as a result of the strategic repositioning of that business to	sing portfolios,	partially offse	et by a \$0.6 b	_	

September 2016 v September 2015

- Trading and available-for-sale assets increased \$17.6 billion (+19%). Adjusting for a \$1.5 billion decrease due to foreign currency translation, the \$19.1 billion increase was driven by increased liquidity portfolio holdings due to balance sheet growth, and the reclassification of the BoT investment as an available-for-sale asset upon cessation of equity accounting.
- Derivative financial assets increased \$1.9 billion (+2%) and derivative financial liabilities increased \$7.4 billion (+9%) respectively as foreign exchange rate and interest rate movements resulted in higher derivative fair values.
- Net loans and advances increased \$5.7 billion (+1%). Adjusting for a \$0.5 billion decrease due to foreign currency translation, the \$6.2 billion increase is primarily driven by \$12.0 billion increase in Australia division due to growth in Home Loans and Business Lending, \$6.1 billion increase in New Zealand division reflecting growth across both the housing and non-housing portfolios, partially offset by a \$11.8 billion decrease in Institutional division as a result of the strategic repositioning of that business to improve capital efficiency and returns.
- Deposits and other borrowings increased \$17.4 billion (+3%). Adjusting for a \$5.9 billion decrease due to foreign currency translation, the \$23.3 billion increase is primarily driven by \$10.7 billion growth in Institutional deposits from banks and certificates of deposits, \$10.3 billion increase in Australia division due to growth in term deposits and home loan offset balances and \$5.1 billion increase in New Zealand division primarily driven by customer deposits.
- Total equity increased \$0.5 billion (+1%) primarily due to \$5.7 billion profits generated over the year, partially offset by the payment (net of dividend reinvestment) of the 2015 final and 2016 interim dividends of \$5.0 billion.

September 2016 v March 2016

- Trading and available-for-sale assets increased \$9.8 billion (+10%). Adjusting for a \$0.9 billion increase due to foreign currency translation, the \$8.9 billion increase was driven by increased liquidity portfolio holdings due to balance sheet growth.
- Net loans and advances increased \$14.1 billion (+3%). Adjusting for a \$6.8 billion increase due to foreign currency translation, the \$7.3 billion increase is primarily driven by \$5.6 billion increase in Australia division due to growth in Home Loans and Business Lending, \$3.0 billion increase in New Zealand division reflecting growth across both the housing and non-housing portfolios, partially offset by a \$0.6 billion decrease in Institutional division as a result of the strategic repositioning of that business to improve capital efficiency and returns.
- Deposits and other borrowings increased \$10.1 billion (+2%). Adjusting for a \$7.1 billion increase due to foreign currency translation, the \$3.0 billion increase is driven by an increase in Australia division term deposits.
- Debt issuances increased \$9.2 billion (+11%). Adjusting for a \$1.0 billion increase due to foreign currency translation, the \$8.2 billion increase is driven by new debt issuance in Australia, US and New Zealand.
- Total equity increased \$1.4 billion (+2%) primarily due to \$3.0 billion profits generated over the year and an increase in the foreign currency translation reserve of \$0.6 billion, partially offset by the payment (net of dividend reinvestment) of the 2016 interim dividend of \$2.3 billion.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations as they fall due, including repaying depositors or maturing wholesale debt, or that the Group has insufficient capacity to fund increases in assets. The timing mismatch of cash flows and the related liquidity risk is inherent in all banking operations and is closely monitored by the Group and managed in accordance with the risk appetite set by the Board.

The Group's approach to liquidity risk management incorporates two key components:

Scenario modelling of funding sources

ANZ's liquidity risk appetite is defined by the ability to meet a range of regulatory requirements and internal liquidity metrics mandated by the Board. The metrics cover a range of scenarios of varying duration and level of severity. This framework:

- Provides protection against shorter-term extreme market dislocations and stresses.
- Maintains structural strength in the balance sheet by ensuring an appropriate amount of longer-term assets are funded with longer-term funding.
- Ensures no undue timing concentrations exist in the Group's funding profile.

A key component of this framework is the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), which is a severe short term liquidity stress scenario mandated under APRA regulatory requirements. As part of meeting the LCR requirements, ANZ has a Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF) with the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA). The CLF has been established as a solution to a High Quality Liquid Asset (HQLA) shortfall in the Australian marketplace and provides an alternative form of RBA-qualifying liquid assets. The total amount of the CLF available to a qualifying ADI is set annually by APRA.

Liquid assets

The Group holds a portfolio of high quality unencumbered liquid assets in order to protect the Group's liquidity position in a severely stressed environment, as well as to meet regulatory requirements. High quality liquid assets comprise three categories, with the definitions consistent with Basel 3 LCR:

- Highest-quality liquid assets (HQLA1): Cash, highest credit quality government, central bank or public sector securities eligible for repurchase with central banks to provide same-day liquidity.
- High-quality liquid assets (HQLA2): High credit quality government, central bank or public sector securities, high quality corporate debt securities and high quality covered bonds eligible for repurchase with central banks to provide same-day liquidity.
- Alternative liquid assets (ALA): Assets qualifying as collateral for the CLF and eligible securities listed by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand

The Group monitors and manages the composition of liquid assets to ensure div Minimum levels of liquid assets held are set annually based on a range of ANZ potential cash flow obligations can be met over the short to medium term, and he regulatory requirements and in line with the approved risk appetite.	specific and genera	al market liqu	idity stress so	cenarios such	that
	Half	Year Average	•	Movem	nent
	Sep 16 \$B	Mar 16 \$B	Sep 15 \$B	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Market Values Post Discount ¹	440.7	447.0	00.0		
HQLA1 ²	119.7	117.2	98.2	2%	22%
HiQLA2	4.1	3.3	3.1	24%	32%
Internal Residential Mortgage Backed Securities (Australia) ²	35.3	35.1	37.9	1%	-7%
Internal Residential Mortgage Backed Securities (New Zealand) ³	1.2	1.5	1.3	-20%	-8%
Other ALA ⁴	17.7	18.6	17.4	-5%	2%
Total Liquid Assets	178.0	175.7	157.9	1%	13%
Cash flows modelled under stress scenario					
	182.9	181.0	170.2	1%	7%
Cash inflows	40.2	42.1	42.6	-5%	-6%
Net cash outflows	142.7	138.9	127.6	3%	12%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio ⁵	125%	126%	124%	-1%	1%

Half year average basis, calculated as prescribed per APRA Prudential Regulatory Standard (APS 210 Liquidity) and consistent with APS 330 requirements.

RBA open repo arrangement netted down from CLF, with a corresponding increase in HQLA.

New Zealand LCR surplus is excluded from NZ internal RMBS, consistent with APS 330 treatment.

Comprised of assets qualifying as collateral for the CLF, excluding internal RMBS, up to approved facility limit; and any liquid assets contained in the RBNZ's Liquidity Policy - Annex: Liquidity Assets - Prudential Supervision Department Document BS13A12.

All currency Group LCR.

Funding

ANZ targets a diversified funding base, avoiding undue concentrations by investor type, maturity, market source and currency.

\$32.1 billion of term wholesale debt (excluding Additional Tier 1 Capital) with a remaining term greater than one year as at 30 September 2016 was issued during the year ended 30 September 2016 (2015: \$18.8 billion). The weighted average tenor of new term debt was 5.5 years (Sep 15: 4.9 years). In addition, \$2.9\$ billion of Additional Tier 1 Capital issuance took place during the financial year.

The following tables show the Group's total funding composition:		As at		Movem	ient	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Customer deposits and other liabilities ¹						
Australia	187,640	184,202	177,293	2%	6%	
Institutional	171,122	176,126	183,040	-3%	-7%	
New Zealand	72,818	67,951	64,890	7%	12%	
Wealth Australia	343	362	367	-5%	-7%	
Asia Retail & Pacific	22,814	23,534	24,355	-3%	-6%	
TSO and Group Centre ¹	(5,114)	(5,397)	(5,361)	-5%	-5%	
Customer deposits	449,623	446,778	444,584	1%	1%	
Other funding liabilities ²	14,531	16,127	14,346	-10%	1%	
Total customer liabilities (funding)	464,154	462,905	458,930	0%	1%	
Wholesale funding ³						
Debt issuances ⁴	91,080	81,947	93,347	11%	-2%	
Subordinated debt	21,964	17,557	17,009	25%	29%	
Certificates of deposit	61,429	65,077	63,446	-6%	-3%	
Commercial paper	19,349	21,065	22,987	-8%	-16%	
Other wholesale borrowings ^{5,6}	65,442	56,391	44,558	16%	47%	
Total wholesale funding	259,264	242,037	241,347	7%	7%	
Shareholders' Equity (excl. preference shares)	57,927	56,464	57,353	3%	1%	
Total Funding	781,345	761,406	757,630	3%	3%	

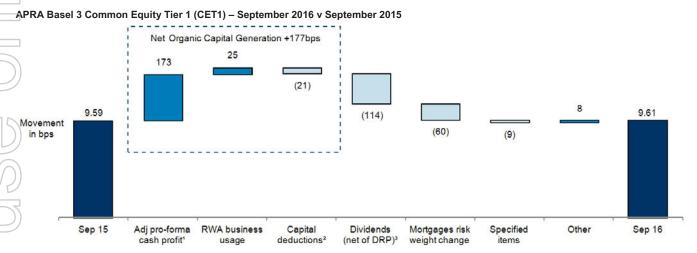
		\$M	\$M	\$M	v. Mar 16	v. Sep 15
	Customer deposits and other liabilities ¹					
	Australia	187,640	184,202	177,293	2%	6%
	Institutional	171,122	176,126	183,040	-3%	-7%
	New Zealand	72,818	67,951	64,890	7%	12%
7	Wealth Australia	343	362	367	-5%	-7%
	Asia Retail & Pacific	22,814	23,534	24,355	-3%	-6%
	TSO and Group Centre ¹	(5,114)	(5,397)	(5,361)	-5%	-5%
	Customer deposits	449,623	446,778	444,584	1%	1%
	Other funding liabilities ²	14,531	16,127	14,346	-10%	1%
	Total customer liabilities (funding)	464,154	462,905	458,930	0%	1%
	Wholesale funding ³					
10	Debt issuances ⁴	91,080	81,947	93,347	11%	-2%
(C)/C	Subordinated debt	21,964	17,557	17,009	25%	29%
	Certificates of deposit	61,429	65,077	63,446	-6%	-3%
	Commercial paper	19,349	21,065	22,987	-8%	-16%
	Other wholesale borrowings ^{5,6}	65,442	56,391	44,558	16%	47%
	Total wholesale funding	259,264	242,037	241,347	7%	7%
				<u> </u>		
	Shareholders' Equity (excl. preference shares)	57,927	56,464	57,353	3%	1%
(()\	Total Funding	781,345	761,406	757,630	3%	3%
90						
			As at		Movem	ent
		S 46	As at	0 45	Movem	
		Sep 16 \$M	As at Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movem Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
	Funded Assets		Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 16
	Funded Assets Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷		Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 16
		\$M	Mar 16 \$M	\$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷	\$M 65,800	Mar 16 \$M 68,015	\$M 78,879	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷	\$M 65,800 161,302	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419	78,879 135,496	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets	65,800 161,302 227,102	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434	78,879 135,496 214,375	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸	65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸	65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets	65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6}	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹ Term funding < 12 months ⁹ Other customer and central bank deposits ^{1,10} Total short term funding liabilities	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -6%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹ Term funding < 12 months ⁹ Other customer and central bank deposits ^{1,10}	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668 79,597	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224 87,632	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138 88,288	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6% -9%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -16% -10%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹ Term funding < 12 months ⁹ Other customer and central bank deposits ^{1,10} Total short term funding liabilities	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668 79,597 221,099	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224 87,632 223,775	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138 88,288 217,550	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6% -9% -1%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -16% -10% 2%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets ⁷ Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹ Term funding < 12 months ⁹ Other customer and central bank deposits ^{1,10} Total short term funding liabilities Stable customer deposits ^{1,11}	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668 79,597 221,099 402,146	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224 87,632 223,775 392,151	\$M 78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138 88,288 217,550 387,988	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6% -9% -1% 3%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -16% -10% 2% 4%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets Liquids Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities Short term liabilities Short term funding Term funding < 12 months Other customer and central bank deposits Total short term funding liabilities Stable customer deposits Stable customer deposits Term funding > 12 months	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668 79,597 221,099 402,146 90,708	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224 87,632 223,775 392,151 81,589	\$M 78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138 88,288 217,550 387,988 87,316	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6% -9% -1% 3% 11%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -16% -10% 2% 4% 4%
	Other short term assets & trade finance assets Liquids ⁶ Short term funded assets Lending & fixed assets ⁸ Total Funded Assets Funding Liabilities ^{3,4,6} Other short term liabilities Short term funding ⁹ Term funding < 12 months ⁹ Other customer and central bank deposits ^{1,10} Total short term funding liabilities Stable customer deposits ^{1,11} Term funding > 12 months Shareholders' equity and hybrid debt	\$M 65,800 161,302 227,102 554,243 781,345 48,806 69,028 23,668 79,597 221,099 402,146 90,708 67,392	Mar 16 \$M 68,015 147,419 215,434 545,972 761,406 40,360 73,559 22,224 87,632 223,775 392,151 81,589 63,891	78,879 135,496 214,375 543,255 757,630 27,863 73,261 28,138 88,288 217,550 387,988 87,316 64,776	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 -3% 9% 5% 2% 3% 21% -6% 6% -9% -1% 3% 11% 5%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -17% 19% 6% 2% 3% -6% -16% -10% 2% 4% 4% 4%

- Includes term deposits, other deposits and an adjustment recognised in Group Centre to eliminate Wealth Australia investments in ANZ deposit products.
- Includes interest accruals, payables and other liabilities, provisions and net tax provisions, excluding other liabilities in Wealth Australia
- Excludes liability for acceptances as they do not provide net funding
- Excludes term debt issued externally by Wealth Australia which matured during the September 2016 full year.
- Includes borrowings from banks, net derivative balances, special purpose vehicles and other borrowings.
- RBA open-repo arrangement netted down by the exchange settlement account cash balance
- Includes short-dated assets such as trading securities, available-for-sale securities, trade dated assets and trade finance loans.
- Excludes trade finance loans.
- Prior periods restated to reclassify items between Short term funding and Term funding <12 months.
- Total customer liabilities (funding) plus Central Bank deposits less Stable customer deposits.
- Stable customer deposits represent operational type deposits or those sourced from retail / business / corporate customers and the stable component of Other funding liabilities

Capital Management

			A5 6	11			
		APRA Basel 3		Internationally Comparable Basel 3 ¹			
	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	
Capital Ratios							
Common Equity Tier 1	9.6%	9.8%	9.6%	14.5%	14.0%	13.2%	
Tier 1	11.8%	11.6%	11.3%	17.4%	16.2%	15.3%	
Total capital	14.3%	13.7%	13.3%	20.7%	18.7%	17.8%	
Risk weighted assets (\$B)	408.6	388.3	401.9	316.4	317.8	332.1	

^{1. 💚} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled "International Capital Comparison Study" (13 July 2015).



Excludes specified items. Refer to page 16 for further details

Capital deductions represent the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software (excluding accounting changes relating to the capitalisation of internally generated software assets), EL versus EP shortfall and other intangibles in the period.

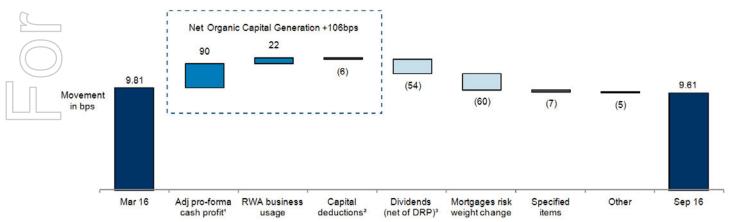
19.4 million ordinary shares were issued under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bonus Option Plan for the 2016 interim and 2015 final dividends.

September 2016 v September 2015

ANZ's CET1 ratio increased 2 bps to 9.6% during the year. Key drivers of the movement in the CET1 ratio were:

- Net organic capital generation was +177 bps or \$7.2 billion. This was primarily driven by cash profit (excluding specified items) and a net
 reduction in underlying RWA growth (excluding regulatory changes and other one-offs) which collectively provided +198 bps to the CET1 ratio,
 partially offset by other business capital deductions of -21 bps. Throughout the September 2016 full year, RWA reduction was primarily driven
 by a \$21.1 billion decrease in Institutional Credit RWAs from a reduction in lending, due to strategic repositioning of that business.
- Payment of the March 2016 Interim and September 2015 Final Dividends (net of shares issued under the DRP) reduced the CET1 ratio by -114 bps.
- The increased capital requirements for Australian residential mortgage exposures reduced the CET1 ratio by -60 bps and specified items reduced the ratio by a further -9 bps. Other items increased CET1 by +8 bps reflecting the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment (+16 bps), repayment of the remaining \$400 million tranche of ANZ Wealth Australia Limited debt in March 2016 (-10 bps) as well as other factors such as RWA measurement changes, movement in non-cash earnings and net foreign currency translation.

APRA Basel 3 Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) – September 2016 v March 2016



Excludes specified items. Refer to page 16 for further details.

^{2.} Capital deductions represent the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software (excluding accounting changes relating to the capitalisation of internally generated software assets), EL versus EP shortfall and other intangibles in the period.

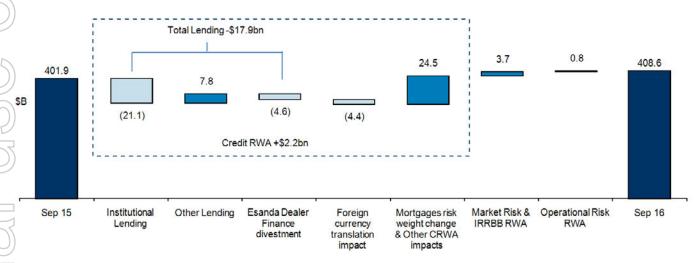
^{3. 9.7} million ordinary shares were issued under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bonus Option Plan for the 2016 interim dividend.

September 2016 v March 2016

ANZ's CET1 ratio decreased 20 bps to 9.6% during the September half. Key drivers of the movement in the CET1 ratio were:

- Net organic capital generation was +106 bps or \$4.1 billion. This was primarily driven by cash profit (excluding specified items) and a net
 reduction in underlying RWA growth (excluding regulatory changes and other one-offs) which collectively provided +112 bps to the CET1 ratio,
 partially offset by other business capital deductions of -6 bps. The RWA reduction was mainly driven by an \$11.9 billion decrease in
 Institutional Credit RWAs from a reduction in lending, due to strategic repositioning of that business.
- Payment of the March 2016 Interim Dividend (net of shares issued under the DRP) reduced the CET1 ratio by -54 bps.
- The increased capital requirements for Australian residential mortgage exposures reduced the CET1 ratio by -60 bps and specified items
 reduced the ratio by a further -7 bps. Other items decreased CET1 by -5 bps reflecting movement in non-cash earnings, other net impacts
 from RWA measurement changes and net foreign currency translation.

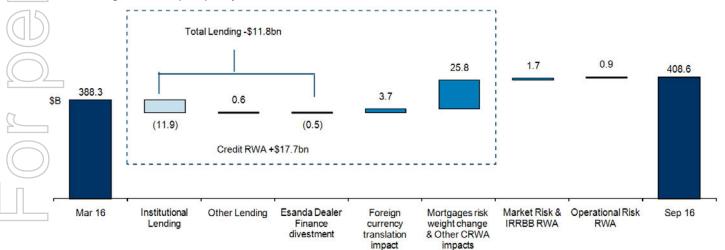
Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) – September 2016 v September 2015



September 2016 v September 2015

ANZ's total RWA increased by \$6.7 billion during the year driven by higher Traded Market and IRRBB RWAs of \$3.7 billion and Credit RWAs of \$2.2 billion. Excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange translation and the higher capital requirements for Australian mortgages of \$25.9 billion, Credit RWAs decreased by \$19.3 billion primarily driven by a decline in Institutional lending (\$21.1 billion), the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment (\$4.6 billion), partially offset by lending growth in retail and commercial and other residual impacts of \$6.4 billion.

Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) - September 2016 v March 2016



September 2016 v March 2016

ANZ's total RWA increased by \$20.3 billion. Excluding the impact of foreign currency translation and higher capital requirements for Australian mortgages of \$25.9 billion, Credit RWAs decreased by \$11.9 billion primarily driven by a decline in Institutional lending due to the strategic repositioning of that business.

APRA to Internationally Comparable Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) as at 30 September 2016



ANZ's interpretation of the regulations documented in the Basel Committee publications; "Basel 3: A global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems" (June 2011) and "International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards" (June 2006). Also includes differences identified in APRA's information paper entitled "International Capital Comparison Study" (13 July 2015).

The above provides a reconciliation of the CET1 ratio under APRA's Basel 3 prudential capital standards to Internationally Comparable Basel 3 standards. APRA views the Basel 3 reforms as a minimum requirement and hence has not incorporated some of the concessions proposed in the Basel 3 rules and has also set higher requirements in other areas. As a result, Australian banks' Basel 3 reported capital ratios will not be directly comparable with international peers. The International Comparable Basel 3 CET1 ratio incorporates differences between APRA and both the Basel Committee Basel 3 framework (including differences identified in the March 2014 Basel Committee's Regulatory Consistency Assessment Programme (RCAP) on Basel 3 implementation in Australia) and its application in major offshore jurisdictions.

The material differences between APRA's Basel 3 and Internationally Comparable Basel 3 ratios include:

Deductions

- Investment in insurance and banking associates APRA requires full deduction against CET1. On an Internationally Comparable basis, these investments are subject to a concessional threshold before a deduction is required.
- Deferred tax assets A full deduction is required from CET1 for deferred tax assets (DTA) relating to temporary differences. On an
 Internationally Comparable basis, this is first subject to a concessional threshold before the deduction is required.

Risk Weighted Assets (RWA)

- IRRBB RWA APRA requires inclusion of Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB) within the RWA base for the CET1 ratio
 calculation. This is not required on an Internationally Comparable basis.
- Mortgages RWA APRA imposes a floor of 20% on the downturn Loss Given Default (LGD) used in credit RWA calculations for
 residential mortgages. Additionally, from July 2016, APRA also requires a higher correlation factor above the Basel framework 15%
 requirement in order to raise the average risk weighting of Australian residential mortgages to at least 25%. The Internationally
 Comparable Basel 3 framework only requires a downturn LGD floor of 10% and a correlation factor of 15%.
- Specialised Lending APRA requires the supervisory slotting approach to be used in determining credit RWA for specialised lending exposures. The Internationally Comparable basis allows for the advanced internal ratings based approach to be used when calculating RWA for these exposures.
- Unsecured Corporate Lending LGD Adjustment to align ANZ's unsecured corporate lending LGD to 45% to be consistent with banks in other jurisdictions. The 45% LGD rate is also used in the Foundation Internal Ratings-Based approach (FIRB).
- Undrawn Corporate Lending Exposure at Default (EAD) To adjust ANZ's credit conversion factors (CCF) for undrawn corporate loan
 commitments to 75% (used in FIRB approach) to align with banks in other jurisdictions.

Leverage Ratio

At 30 September 2016, the Group's APRA Leverage Ratio was 5.3% which is above the 3% minimum currently proposed by the BCBS. APRA has not finalised a minimum leverage ratio requirement for Australian ADIs. The following table summarises the Group's Leverage Ratio calculation:

	As at			Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Tier 1 Capital (net of capital deductions)	48,285	45,062	45,484	7%	6%	
On-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and securities financing transaction exposures)	744,359	733,935	733,756	1%	1%	
Derivative exposures	30,600	30,542	38,115	0%	-20%	
Securities financing transaction (SFT) exposures	31,417	21,420	17,297	47%	82%	
Other off-balance sheet exposures	98,460	102,953	107,817	-4%	-9%	
Total exposure measure	904,836	888,850	896,985	2%	1%	
APRA Leverage Ratio ¹	5.3%	5.1%	5.1%	5%	5%	
Internationally Comparable Leverage Ratio ¹	6.0%	5.7%	5.7%	5%	5%	

Leverage ratio includes Additional Tier 1 securities subject to Basel 3 transitional relief, net of any transitional adjustments.

September 2016 v September 2015

ANZ's leverage ratio increased +27 bps during the year mainly driven by benefits from the net issuance of \$2.1 billion of Additional Tier 1 capital instruments and capital generation from cash earnings (net of dividend payments). This was partially offset by increased holdings of High Quality Liquid Assets and lending growth in Australian mortgages, which contributed to growth in the exposure measure.

September 2016 v March 2016

ANZ's leverage ratio increased +27 bps in the September half mainly driven by benefits from the net issuance of \$2.1 billion of Additional Tier 1 capital instruments and capital generation from cash earnings (net of dividend payments). This was partially offset by increased holdings of High Quality Liquid Assets which contributed to growth in the exposure measure.

Other regulatory developments

Financial System Inquiry (FSI)

The Australian Government completed a comprehensive inquiry into Australia's financial system and the FSI final report was released on 7 December 2014. The contents of the report are wide-ranging and key recommendations that may have an impact on regulatory capital levels include:

- · Setting capital standards such that Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institutions' (ADIs) capital ratios are unquestionably strong;
- Raising the average internal ratings-based (IRB) mortgage risk weight to narrow the difference between average mortgage risk-weight for ADIs
 using IRB models and those using standardised risk weights;
- Implementing a framework for minimum loss absorbing and recapitalisation capacity in line with emerging international practice;
- · Developing a common reporting template that improves the transparency and comparability of capital ratios of Australian ADIs; and
- Introducing a leverage ratio that acts as a backstop to ADIs risk-based capital requirements, in line with the Basel framework.

APRA responded to parts of the FSI inquiry with the following announcements made in connection to the key recommendations:

- In July 2015, APRA released an information paper entitled "International capital comparison study" (APRA Study) which supported the FSI's recommendation that the capital ratios of Australian ADIs should be unquestionably strong. In an update to the APRA study published in July 2016, APRA acknowledged that the relative capital positions of major Australian ADIs have improved since July 2015 and are now broadly consistent with the benchmark suggested by the FSI. The results of the APRA Study will inform but not determine APRA's approach for setting capital adequacy requirements.
- e Effective 1 July 2016, APRA has required increased capital holdings for Australian residential mortgage exposures by ADIs accredited to use the internal ratings-based (IRB) approach to credit risk. These new requirements increased the average risk weighting for mortgage portfolios to at least 25%. For ANZ, the impact is a -60 bps reduction to the 30 September 2016 CET1 ratio. Ahead of the increased capital requirements for Australian residential mortgages ANZ raised \$3.2 billion of ordinary share capital during the last quarter of 2015. Furthermore, APRA will also require refinements to residential mortgages risk models which will take effect in the financial year 2017. The exact impact of the model refinements has not been confirmed, pending review and approval from APRA. However, any change is expected to increase the average credit risk weighting of ANZ's residential mortgages exposures to be within the 25% to 30% range.
- Reporting of the Leverage Ratio commenced from 1 July 2015. However, APRA have yet to announce details of the minimum requirement which will apply to impacted Australian ADIs.

The Australian Government released its response to the FSI in October 2015 which agrees with all of the above capital related recommendations. The Australian Government supports and endorses APRA to implement the recommendations. However, apart from the above, APRA has not made any announcements on the other key recommendations. Therefore, the final outcomes from the FSI, including any impacts and the timing of these impacts on ANZ remain uncertain.

Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)

The Basel 3 NSFR standard was released in October 2014. APRA released their NSFR consultation packages and draft standards in March and September 2016 which confirmed that the NSFR will become a minimum requirement on 1 January 2018. In the draft standards, APRA also proposed that they may require an ADI to maintain a higher minimum than the stated 100% NSFR minimum where APRA considers it appropriate to do so. As part of managing future liquidity requirements, ANZ monitors the NSFR in its internal reporting and believe the Group is well placed to meet this requirement by the implementation date.

Level 3 Conglomerates (Level 3)

APRA is extending its prudential supervision framework to Conglomerate Groups via the Level 3 framework which will regulate a bancassurance group such as ANZ as a single economic entity with minimum capital requirements and additional monitoring of risk exposure levels.

In August 2016, APRA confirmed the deferral of capital requirements for Conglomerate Groups until 2019 at the earliest, to allow for the final capital requirements arising from FSI recommendations as well as from international initiatives that are in progress.

The non-capital components of the Level 3 framework relating to group governance, risk exposures, intragroup transactions and other risk management and compliance requirements will become effective on 1 July 2017. ANZ is not expecting any material impact on its operations based upon the current version of these standards.

Current Proposals from the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) on RWA

As part of the BCBS agenda to simplify RWA measurement and reduce their variability amongst banks, the BCBS has issued a number of consultation documents associated with:

- Standardised approach to RWA for credit risk;
- Revisions to Standardise Measurement Approach to Operational Risk;
- Fundamental Review of the Trading Book;
- · Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book;

- Framework on the imposition of capital floors based on standardised RWA approaches; and
- Additional constraints on the use of internal models for credit RWA.

Apart from the review of the Trading Book standard which has been finalised, BCBS is still currently consulting with the industry on the other proposals. The impacts of these changes on ANZ are subject to the final form of these BCBS proposals that APRA will implement for Australian ADIs.

CONTENTS

Divisional Results

Divisional performance

Australia

Institutional

New Zealand

Wealth Australia

Asia Retail & Pacific

Technology, Services and Operations (TSO) and Group Centre

Divisional Performance

The Group operates on a divisional structure with six divisions: Australia, Institutional, New Zealand, Wealth Australia, Asia Retail & Pacific and Technology Services & Operations ("TSO") and Group Centre. This divisional structure reflects the changes announced by the Group in March 2016 relating to the former Global Wealth division. These changes included repositioning the New Zealand funds management and insurance businesses to the New Zealand division, as well as reorganising the Private Bank business along geographic lines under the Australia, New Zealand and Asia Retail & Pacific divisions. The residual Global Wealth business has been renamed Wealth Australia. Comparative information has been restated.

In addition, certain structured finance businesses within Markets and Transaction Banking were transferred to Loans & Specialised Finance during the September 2016 half. Comparative information has been restated. The TSO organisational changes announced in September 2016 will not take effect until 1 October 2016. For further information on the composition of divisions refer to the Definitions on page 125.

Other than those described above, there have been no significant structural changes. However, certain prior period comparatives have been restated to align with current period presentation due to continued realignment of support functions.

The Divisional Results section is reported on a cash profit basis.

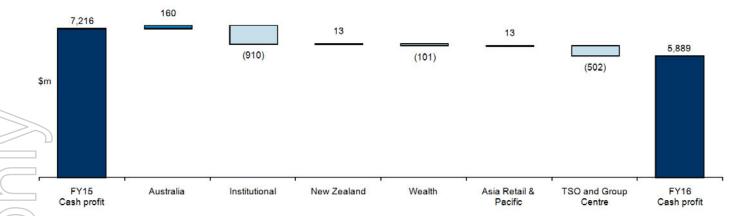
AUD M

)	September 2016 Full Year	Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
	Net interest income	8,200	3,452	2,451	10	698	284	15,095
	Other operating income	1,208	1,723	639	1,244	477	191	5,482
5	Operating income	9,408	5,175	3,090	1,254	1,175	475	20,577
	Operating expenses	(3,389)	(2,935)	(1,225)	(796)	(813)	(1,264)	(10,422)
\leq	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	6,019	2,240	1,865	458	362	(789)	10,155
	Credit impairment charge	(920)	(741)	(120)	-	(174)	(1)	(1,956)
	Profit before income tax	5,099	1,499	1,745	458	188	(790)	8,199
_ /	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(1,526)	(442)	(478)	(131)	(36)	303	(2,310)
	Cash profit/(loss)	3,573	1,057	1,267	327	152	(487)	5,889

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Cash profit/(loss)	3,573	1,057	1,267	327	152	(487)	5,889
				18/14/-	Asia Datail	T00 d 0	
September 2015 Full Year	Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
Net interest income	7,698	3,585	2,381	8	643	301	14,616
Other operating income	1,214	2,177	604	1,265	480	181	5,921
Operating income	8,912	5,762	2,985	1,273	1,123	482	20,537
Operating expenses	(3,193)	(2,806)	(1,197)	(751)	(834)	(597)	(9,378)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,719	2,956	1,788	522	289	(115)	11,159
Credit impairment charge	(852)	(198)	(55)	-	(98)	(2)	(1,205)
Profit before income tax	4,867	2,758	1,733	522	191	(117)	9,954
ncome tax expense and non-controlling	(1,454)	(791)	(479)	(94)	(52)	132	(2,738)
Cash profit/(loss)	3,413	1,967	1,254	428	139	15	7,216
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015	Full Year Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
	Full Year	,		Wealth	Asia Retail	TSO and Group	
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015	Full Year Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income	Full Year Australia 7%	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia 25%	Asia Retail & Pacific 9%	TSO and Group Centre -6%	Group 3%
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income Other operating income	Full Year Australia 7% 0%	Institutional -4% -21%	New Zealand 3% 6%	Wealth Australia 25% -2%	Asia Retail & Pacific 9% -1%	TSO and Group Centre -6% 6%	G roup 3% -7%
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income Other operating income Operating income	Full Year Australia 7% 0%	Institutional -4% -21%	New Zealand 3% 6% 4%	Wealth Australia 25% -2%	Asia Retail & Pacific 9% -1%	TSO and Group Centre -6% 6% -1%	Group 3% -7%
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income Operating income Operating expenses	Full Year Australia 7% 0% 6%	Institutional -4% -21% -10% 5%	New Zealand 3% 6% 4% 2%	Wealth Australia 25% -2% -1% 6%	Asia Retail & Pacific 9% -1% 5% -3%	TSO and Group Centre -6% 6% -1% large	Group 3% -7% 0% 11%
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income Other operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impairment and income tax Credit impairment charge Profit before income tax	Full Year Australia 7% 0% 6% 6% 5%	Institutional -4% -21% -10% 5% -24%	New Zealand	Wealth Australia 25% -2% -1% 6% -12%	Asia Retail & Pacific 9% -1% 5% -3% 25%	TSO and Group Centre -6% 6% -1% large	Group 3% -7% 0% 11%
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Net interest income Other operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impairment and income tax Credit impairment charge	Full Year Australia 7% 0% 6% 6% 5% 8%	Institutional -4% -21% -10% 5% -24% large	New Zealand 3% 6% 4% 2% 4% large	Wealth Australia 25% -2% -1% 6% -12% n/a	Asia Retail & Pacific 9% -1% 5% -3% 25% 78%	TSO and Group Centre -6% 6% -1% large large -50%	Group 3% -7% 0% 11% -9% 62%

))	Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
Net interest income	7%	-4%	3%	25%	9%	-6%	3%
Other operating income	0%	-21%	6%	-2%	-1%	6%	-7%
Operating income	6%	-10%	4%	-1%	5%	-1%	0%
Operating expenses	6%	5%	2%	6%	-3%	large	11%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5%	-24%	4%	-12%	25%	large	-9%
Credit impairment charge	8%	large	large	n/a	78%	-50%	62%
Profit before income tax	5%	-46%	1%	-12%	-2%	large	-18%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	5%	-44%	0%	39%	-31%	large	-16%
Cash profit/(loss)	5%	-46%	1%	-24%	9%	large	-18%

Cash profit by division - September 2016 full year v September 2015 full year



September 2016 Half Year	Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
Net interest income	4,124	1,650	1,244	4	347	158	7,527
Other operating income	598	812	327	605	234	158	2,734
Operating income	4,722	2,462	1,571	609	581	316	10,261
Operating expenses	(1,708)	(1,426)	(630)	(388)	(381)	(410)	(4,943)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,014	1,036	941	221	200	(94)	5,318
Credit impairment charge	(458)	(418)	(78)	-	(83)	(1)	(1,038)
Profit before income tax	2,556	618	863	221	117	(95)	4,280
income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(762)	(193)	(237)	(62)	(22)	103	(1,173)
Cash profit/(loss)	1,794	425	626	159	95	8	3,107

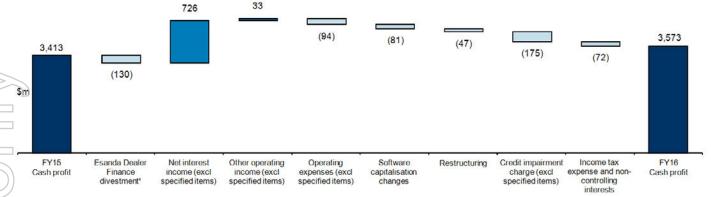
(910)		(101)			(502)	
			Į.		,	
Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth			O and Group Centre	FY16 Cash profit
Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia		TSO and Group Centre	Group
4,124	1,650	1,244	4	347	158	7,527
598	812	327	605	234	158	2,734
4,722	2,462	1,571	609	581	316	10,261
(1,708)	(1,426)	(630)	(388)	(381)	(410)	(4,943)
3,014	1,036	941	221	200	(94)	5,318
(458)	(418)	(78)	-	(83)	(1)	(1,038)
2,556	618	863	221	117	(95)	4,280
(762)	(193)	(237)	(62)	(22)	103	(1,173)
1,794	425	626	159	95	8	3,107
Australia			Wealth Australia	& Pacific	Centre	Group
						7,568
						2,748
	•					10,316
			. ,			(5,479)
			237		` ′	4,837
(462)	(323)		-			(918)
2,543	881	882	237	71	(695)	3,919
(764)	(249)	(241)	(69)	(14)	200	(1,137)
1,779	632	641	168	57	(495)	2,782
If Year						
Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia			Group
1%	-8%	3%	-33%			-1%
-2%	-11%	5%	-5%	-4%	large	-1%
	Australia 4,124 598 4,722 (1,708) 3,014 (458) 2,556 (762) 1,794 Australia 4,076 610 4,686 (1,681) 3,005 (462) 2,543 (764) 1,779 If Year Australia 1%	New Zealand	New Zealand New Zealand	New Zealand	Australia	Australia

		Australia	Institutional	New Zealand	Wealth Australia	Asia Retail & Pacific	TSO and Group Centre	Group
	Net interest income	1%	-8%	3%	-33%	-1%	25%	-1%
	Other operating income	-2%	-11%	5%	-5%	-4%	large	-1%
\mathcal{L}	Operating income	1%	-9%	3%	-6%	-2%	99%	-1%
	Operating expenses	2%	-6%	6%	-5%	-12%	-52%	-10%
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	0%	-14%	2%	-7%	23%	-86%	10%
	Credit impairment charge	-1%	29%	86%	n/a	-9%	n/a	13%
	Profit before income tax	1%	-30%	-2%	-7%	65%	-86%	9%
	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	0%	-22%	-2%	-10%	57%	-49%	3%
	Cash profit/(loss)	1%	-33%	-2%	-5%	67%	large	12%

Australia

Fred Ohlsson

Cash profit - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



The Esanda Dealer Finance divestment had a negative impact of \$130 million on Australia division's profit before income tax. This amount is comprised of \$224 million of net interest income, \$39 million of other operating income, \$26 million of operating expenses and \$107 million of credit impairment charges.

Strategic Priorities 2016 Progress Highlights Create a simpler, better capitalised and better balanced bank: Completed the sale of Esanda Dealer Finance. Reduce operating costs and risks by removing product and management Increased operational efficiencies (volume growth +3%, operations complexity, exiting lower returning and non-core businesses. costs down 5% year on year). Optimised branch network and head office functions. Excluding specified items, cost to income improved from 36.6% to 34.6% year on year. Focus our efforts on attractive areas: • No. 3 Market Share in Home Loans. • Provide the best home buying, owning and selling experience. Invested in streamlining Home Loan origination, decisioning and fulfilment. Make starting, running and growing a small business easier. Launched ANZ Business Ready for start-ups. Invested in NSW which is outperforming other states. First Australian bank to launch Apple PayTM and Android PayTM. Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers: Build more intuitive, engaging and secure channels, particularly mobile • Rolled out a further 36 digital branches across the network in the year. and digital Invested in Banker desktop tools to simplify and reduce processing Automating and digitising to make banking easier for customers and times for customer account applications. Implementation of multi-channel platform for Australian Retail banking to support improved customer experience.

September 2016 v September 2015

Cash profit increased 5%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit increased 10% driven by a 9% increase in operating income, partially offset by a 3% increase in operating expenses and a 24% increase in credit impairment charges.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income increased \$502 million (+7%). Excluding specified items¹, net interest income increased 10%, driven by growth in Home Loans, Business lending and Retail deposits. Net interest margin was stable.
- Other operating income decreased \$6 million (0%). Excluding specified items¹, other operating income increased 3% primarily due to fee income growth in Small Business Banking, Home Loans and Deposits and Payments.
 - Operating expenses increased \$196 million (+6%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses increased 3% driven by investments supporting our growth strategy (particularly in priority areas of Home Loans, Small Business and Digital) and wage inflation, partially offset by productivity initiatives that resulted in a 3% decrease in FTE during the year.
- Credit impairment charges increased \$68 million (+8%). Excluding specified items¹, credit impairment charges increased by 24%. Individual impairment charges increased \$233 million (+36%) predominantly due to growth in Small Business Banking, higher delinquencies in the retail and commercial portfolios in Queensland and Western Australia, and higher write-backs in Corporate Banking in 2015 (not repeated in 2016). The decrease in collective impairment charge of \$59 million (-72%) reflects lower growth in Home Loans, Consumer Cards and Commercial in comparison to 2015. The 2015 collective impairment charge also included methodology changes.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit increased 1%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit increased 2% driven by a 2% increase in operating income partially offset by a 1% increase in operating expenses and flat credit impairment charges.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income increased \$48 million (+1%). Excluding specified items¹, net interest income increased 2% driven by growth in Home Loans and Business lending. Net interest margin declined 2 bps reflecting the impact of competition on lending and deposit margins.
- Other operating income decreased \$12 million (-2%). Excluding specified items¹, other operating income was flat half on half with higher fee income growth in Small Business Banking and Cards, offset by customer remediation provisions raised in the September half
- Operating expenses increased \$27 million (+2%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses increased 1% driven by investments supporting our priority growth segments (Home Loans, Small business and Digital), partially offset by productivity initiatives that resulted in a 3% decrease in FTE during the half.
- Credit impairment charges decreased by \$4 million (-1%). Excluding specified items¹, credit impairment charges were flat half on half. The increase in individual impairment charges of \$44 million (+11%) was mainly due to seasonal factors in Retail. The decrease in the collective impairment charge of \$45 million (-132%) reflects slower growth in Home Loans, Personal Loans and Small Business, as well as a methodology change in Commercial.
- Specified items relevant to Australia division are the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment, software capitalisation changes and restructuring.

Australia Fred Ohlsson

		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	4,124	4,076	1%	8,200	7,698	7%
Other operating income	598	610	-2%	1,208	1,214	0%
Operating income	4,722	4,686	1%	9,408	8,912	6%
Operating expenses	(1,708)	(1,681)	2%	(3,389)	(3,193)	6%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,014	3,005	0%	6,019	5,719	5%
Credit impairment charge	(458)	(462)	-1%	(920)	(852)	8%
Profit before income tax	2,556	2,543	1%	5,099	4,867	5%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(762)	(764)	0%	(1,526)	(1,454)	5%
Cash profit	1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%
Consisting of:						
Retail	1,228	1,195	3%	2,423	2,118	14%
Corporate & Commercial Banking	566	584	-3%	1,150	1,295	-11%
Cash profit	1,794	1,779	1%	3,573	3,413	5%
					·	
Balance Sheet Net loans and advances ¹	327,108	321,436	2%	327,108	315,080	4%
Other external assets	2,932	3,064	-4%	2,932	2,916	1%
External assets	330,040	324,500	2%	330,040	317,996	4%
Customer deposits	187,640	184,202	2%	187,640	177,293	6%
Other external liabilities	11,674	12,335	-5%	11,674	12,394	-6%
External liabilities	199,314	196,537	1%	199,314	189,687	5%
Risk weighted assets ²	157,381	130,623	20%	157,381	129,899	21%
Average gross loans and advances	326,138	318,960	2%	322,549	302,069	7%
Average deposits and other borrowings	185,159	181,050	2%	183,104	170,857	7%
	100,100	101,000	270	100,104	170,007	7 70
Ratios	4.400/	4.440/		4.400/	4.400/	
Return on assets	1.10%	1.11%		1.10%	1.13%	
Net interest margin	2.54%	2.56%		2.55%	2.55%	
Operating expenses to operating income	36.2%	35.9%		36.0%	35.8%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.04%	1.05%		1.05%	1.05%	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	469	429	9%	898	761	18%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.29%	0.27%		0.28%	0.25%	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(11)	33	large	22	91	-76%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	(0.01%)	0.02%		0.01%	0.03%	
Gross impaired assets	1,170	1,093	7%	1,170	1,194	-2%
1 / /	0.36% 8,864	0.34%		0.36%	0.38%	
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)		9,198	-4%	8,864	9,161	-3%

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Risk weighted assets at 30 September 2016 includes APRA's revised average mortgage risk weight targets.

Australia

Fred Ohlsson

In	dividual credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Re	etail	235	200	18%	435	354	23%	
	Home Loans	36	17	large	53	16	large	
	Cards and Personal Loans	189	172	10%	361	318	14%	
	Deposits and Payments ¹	10	11	-9%	21	20	5%	
	Private Bank	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
Ç	orporate & Commercial Banking ³	234	229	2%	463	407	14%	
	Corporate Banking	14	19	-26%	33	(18)	large	
	Asset Finance ³	42	44	-5%	86	193	-55%	
	Regional Business Banking	51	53	-4%	104	55	89%	
	Business Banking	25	20	25%	45	46	-2%	
IJ	Small Business Banking	102	93	10%	195	131	49%	
ln	dividual credit impairment charge	469	429	9%	898	761	18%	

_	Cards and Personal Loans	189	172	10%	361	318	14%
	Deposits and Payments ¹	10	11	-9%	21	20	5%
	Private Bank	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Co	orporate & Commercial Banking ³	234	229	2%	463	407	14%
	Corporate Banking	14	19	-26%	33	(18)	large
	Asset Finance ³	42	44	-5%	86	193	-55%
	Regional Business Banking	51	53	-4%	104	55	89%
	Business Banking	25	20	25%	45	46	-2%
	Small Business Banking	102	93	10%	195	131	49%
In	dividual credit impairment charge	469	429	9%	898	761	18%
	ollective credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year			Full Year	
20		Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
		\$M	\$M	Movt	\$M	\$M	Movt
Re	etail	6	23	-74%	29	43	-33%
	Home Loans	6	15	-60%	21	26	-19%
	Cards and Personal Loans	3	5	-40%	8	13	-38%
	Deposits and Payments ²	(3)	3	large	-	5	-100%
	Private Bank	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%
CC	orporate & Commercial Banking ³	(17)	10	large	(7)	48	large
(G(U))	Corporate Banking	3	-	n/a	3	(12)	large
7	Asset Finance ³	3	2	50%	5	21	-76%
	Regional Business Banking	(7)	(3)	large	(10)	6	large
	Business Banking	(11)	3	large	(8)	8	large
	Small Business Banking	(5)	8	large	3	25	-88%
<u></u>	ollective credit impairment charge	(11)	33	large	22	91	-76%
COTO	otal credit impairment charge	458	462	-1%	920	852	8%
2	Represents individual credit impairment charge/(release) on overdraft balances. Represents collective credit impairment charge/(release) on overdraft balances.						
3.	The September 2016 full year includes the impact from Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio to	the date of dive	stment.				
Пп							

Represents individual credit impairment charge/(release) on overdraft balances.

Represents collective credit impairment charge/(release) on overdraft balances.

The September 2016 full year includes the impact from Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio to the date of divestment.

Australia Fred Ohlsson

Net loans and advances		As at		Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Retail	259,329	255,516	243,741	1%	6%	
Home Loans	246,743	242,861	231,206	2%	7%	
Cards and Personal Loans	11,020	11,151	11,049	-1%	0%	
Deposits and Payments ¹	95	91	78	4%	22%	
Private Bank	1,471	1,413	1,408	4%	4%	
©orporate & Commercial Banking⁴	67,779	65,920	71,339	3%	-5%	
Corporate Banking	14,004	12,800	12,996	9%	8%	
Asset Finance ⁴	8,384	8,802	15,917	-5%	-47%	
Regional Business Banking	14,284	13,879	13,827	3%	3%	
Business Banking	15,536	15,375	14,249	1%	9%	
Small Business Banking	15,571	15,064	14,350	3%	9%	
Net loans and advances	327,108	321,436	315,080	2%	4%	

Cards and Personal Loans	11,020	11,151	11,049	-1%	0%
Deposits and Payments ¹	95	91	78	4%	22%
Private Bank	1,471	1,413	1,408	4%	4%
Corporate & Commercial Banking ⁴	67,779	65,920	71,339	3%	-5%
Corporate Banking	14,004	12,800	12,996	9%	8%
Asset Finance ⁴	8,384	8,802	15,917	-5%	-47%
Regional Business Banking	14,284	13,879	13,827	3%	3%
Business Banking	15,536	15,375	14,249	1%	9%
Small Business Banking	15,571	15,064	14,350	3%	9%
Net loans and advances	327,108	321,436	315,080	2%	4%
a					
Customer deposits		As at		Moveme	ent
(\mathcal{O})	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Retail	135,135	131,515	126,446	3%	7%
Home Loans ²	24,131	23,619	21,861	2%	10%
Cards and Personal Loans	246	228	258	8%	-5%
Deposits and Payments	102,592	99,238	96,314	3%	7%
Private Bank	8,166	8,430	8,013	-3%	2%
Corporate & Commercial Banking	52,505	52,687	50,847	0%	3%
Corporate Banking ³	2,915	3,067	3,162	-5%	-8%
Regional Business Banking	5,836	6,209	5,739	-6%	2%
Business Banking	10,416	10,941	10,157	-5%	3%
Small Business Banking	33,338	32,470	31,789	3%	5%
Customer deposits	187,640	184,202	177,293	2%	6%
Net loans and advances for the Deposits and Payments business represent amounts in overce Customer deposit amounts for the Home Loans business represent balances in offset accounts Some Corporate Banking deposits are included in Institutional Division deposits. Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to the control of the control	nts.	up Limited in the I	March 2016 half.		

Australia

Fred Ohlsson

AUD M

September 2016 Full Year	Retail	C&CB ¹	Australia Total
Net interest income	5,474	2,726	8,200
Other operating income	787	421	1,208
Operating income	6,261	3,147	9,408
Operating expenses	(2,343)	(1,046)	(3,389)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,918	2,101	6,019
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(464)	(456)	(920)
Profit before income tax	3,454	1,645	5,099
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(1,031)	(495)	(1,526)
Cash profit	2,423	1,150	3,573
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	435	463	898
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	29	(7)	22
Net loans and advances	259,329	67,779	327,108
Customer deposits	135,135	52,505	187,640
Risk weighted assets ²	93,279	64,102	157,381
20			
September 2015 Full Year			
Net interest income	4,788	2,910	7,698
Other operating income	774	440	1,214
Operating income	5,562	3,350	8,912
Operating expenses	(2,153)	(1,040)	(3,193)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,409	2,310	5,719
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(397)	(455)	(852)
Profit before income tax	3,012	1,855	4,867
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(894)	(560)	(1,454)
Cash profit	2,118	1,295	3,413
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	354	407	761
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	43	48	91
Net loans and advances	243,741	71,339	315,080
Customer deposits	126,446	50,847	177,293
Risk weighted assets ²	63,349	66,550	129,899
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Full Year		_	
Net interest income	14%	-6%	7%
Other operating income	2%	-4%	0%
Operating income	13%	-6%	6%
Operating expenses	9%	1%	6%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	15%	-9%	5%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	17%	0%	8%
Profit before income tax	15%	-11%	5%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	15%	-12%	5%
Çash profit	14%	-11%	5%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	23%	14%	18%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-33%	large	-76%
Net loans and advances	6%	-5%	4%
Customer deposits	7%	3%	6%
Risk weighted assets ²	47%	-4%	21%

^{1.} The September 2016 full year includes the contribution from Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio to the date of divestment.

Risk weighted assets at 30 September 2016 includes APRA's revised average mortgage risk weight targets.

Australia

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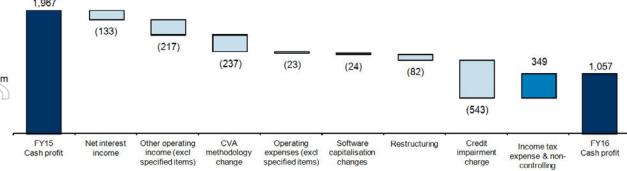
AUD M

September 2016 Half Year	Retail	C&CB ¹	Australia Tota
Net interest income	2,771	1,353	4,124
Other operating income	390	208	598
Operating income	3,161	1,561	4,722
Operating expenses	(1,173)	(535)	(1,708
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,988	1,026	3,014
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(241)	(217)	(458
Profit before income tax	1,747	809	2,556
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(519)	(243)	(762
Cash profit	1,228	566	1,794
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	235	234	469
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	6	(17)	(11
Net loans and advances	259,329	67,779	327,108
Customer deposits	135,135	52,505	187,640
Risk weighted assets ²	93,279	64,102	157,381
20			
March 2016 Half Year			
Net interest income	2,703	1,373	4,076
Other operating income	397	213	610
Operating income	3,100	1,586	4,686
Operating expenses	(1,170)	(511)	(1,681
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,930	1,075	3,005
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(223)	(239)	(462
Profit before income tax	1,707	836	2,543
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(512)	(252)	(764
Cash profit	1,195	584	1,779
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	200	229	429
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	23	10	33
Net loans and advances	255,516	65,920	321,436
Customer deposits	131,515	52,687	184,202
Risk weighted assets ²	66,001	64,622	130,623
September 2016 Half Year vs March 2016 Half Year			
Net interest income	3%	-1%	1%
Other operating income	-2%	-2%	-2%
Operating income	2%	-2%	1%
Operating expenses	0%	5%	2%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3%	-5%	0%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	8%	-9%	-1%
Profit before income tax	2%	-3%	1%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	1%	-4%	0%
Cash profit	3%	-3%	1%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	18%	2%	9%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-74%	large	large
Net loans and advances	1%	3%	2%
Customer deposits	3%	0%	2%
Risk weighted assets ²	41%	-1%	20%

The March 2016 half includes the contribution from Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio to the date of divestment.

Risk weighted assets at 30 September 2016 includes APRA's revised average mortgage risk weight targets.

Cash profit - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



Strategic Priorities 2016 Progress Highlights Create a simpler, better capitalised and better balanced bank: 14% FTE reduction in 2016, 16% reduction in senior management, as a Simplify and streamline the organisation's structure by delayering and result of organisational simplification moving decision-making closer to the customer.

Reduce CRWAs and lift returns by focusing on priority customers and high returning products. Align product offering to the needs of our target customers

Shift from being "everything in every country" to having a targeted focus

in each country. Align in-country service levels and product capabilities

- Focus our efforts on attractive areas: • Focus coverage and capital on customers in priority sectors which are linked to regional flows and home markets where we can carve out a
- Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers:
- Enhance customer and staff experience in order to compete in the digital age.
- Consolidate and harmonise our technology platforms.

- The focus of the geographic footprint has been sharpened, with differentiated roles for each country to support our priority customers and sectors.
- \$28 billion reduction in CRWAs during 2016.
- Progress made to exit economically unprofitable clients through a combination of asset sales and run-off.
- More efficient coverage model developed to service our priority clients and tailored to each country's role.
- Alignment of Cash Management, Trade and Markets platforms is underway to make it easier and faster for customers to do business with
- Digital transformation plan in place to simplify products and systems, focus on where we add the most value, and enhance connectivity with clients' systems and their customers and suppliers.

September 2016 v September 2015

winning position.

with each market's unique characteristics.

Cash profit decreased 46%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit decreased 34% driven by a 10% decrease in other operating income, 4% decrease in net interest income and higher credit impairment charges.

Key factors affecting the result were:

Net interest income decreased \$133 million (-4%) driven by decreases in Markets, Loans and Transaction Banking. Markets net interest income fell due to reduced gold financing and lower Balance Sheet earnings in Asia. The Loans reduction was due to a continued focus on improving capital efficiency and the exit of lower returning business. Net interest margin decreased 7 bps driven by growth in lower margin liquidity portfolios in Markets. Excluding Markets, net interest margin increased 13 bps reflecting the impact of exiting lower returning assets and an improved funding mix.

Other operating income decreased \$454 million (-21%). Excluding specified items¹, other operating income decreased 10%. Loans and Transaction Banking decreased due to the exit of low returning business as well as a slowdown in natural resource related projects. The reduction in Markets was primarily driven by Sales income, due to lower demand for interest rate products and gold financing from Asian customers.

- Operating expenses increased \$129 million (+5%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses increased 1% reflecting the part year benefit of the 14% FTE reduction arising from productivity and organisational changes.
- Credit impairment charges increased \$543 million driven by higher individual impairment charges in Loans and Transaction Banking, reflecting a return to historical averages and the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit decreased 33%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit decreased 6% driven by an 8% decrease in net interest income and a 29% increase in credit impairment charges, partially offset by a 15% increase in other operating income and a 6% decrease in operating expenses.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income decreased \$152 million (-8%) driven by a decrease in Markets due to movements in Rates product positions during the period where an offsetting gain is recognised in Markets other operating income; and Loans due to a continued focus on improving capital efficiency and the exit of lower returning business. Net interest margin decreased 4 bps driven by growth in lower margin liquidity portfolios in Markets. Excluding Markets, net interest margin increased 4 bps reflecting the impact of exiting lower returning assets as well as an improved funding mix.
- Other operating income decreased \$99 million (-11%). Excluding specified items¹, other operating income increased 15% driven by Markets due to movements in Rates product positions during the period where an offsetting loss is recognised in Markets net interest income, and Balance Sheet trading as credit spreads tightened.
- Operating expenses decreased \$83 million (-6%) (-6% excluding specified items¹) due to a 10% FTE reduction from productivity and organisational changes.
- Credit impairment charges increased \$95 million (+29%) mainly due to an increase in individual impairment charges from the settlement of the Oswal legal dispute, partially offset by reduced charges in Transaction Banking.
 - Specified items relevant to Institutional are the derivative CVA methodology change, software capitalisation changes and restructuring

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	1,650	1,802	-8%	3,452	3,585	-4%	
Other operating income	812	911	-11%	1,723	2,177	-21%	
Operating income	2,462	2,713	-9%	5,175	5,762	-10%	
Operating expenses	(1,426)	(1,509)	-6%	(2,935)	(2,806)	5%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,036	1,204	-14%	2,240	2,956	-24%	
Credit impairment charge	(418)	(323)	29%	(741)	(198)	large	
Profit before income tax	618	881	-30%	1,499	2,758	-46%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(193)	(249)	-22%	(442)	(791)	-44%	
Cash profit	425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%	
Consisting of:							
Transaction Banking	212	175	21%	387	574	-33%	
Loans & Specialised Finance	120	264	-55%	384	802	-52%	
Markets	187	193	-3%	380	618	-39%	
Central Functions	(94)	-	n/a	(94)	(27)	large	
Cash profit	425	632	-33%	1,057	1,967	-46%	
Balance Sheet							
Net loans and advances	125,940	125,610	0%	125,940	142,196	-11%	
Other external assets	281,475	275,658	2%	281,475	261,308	8%	
External assets	407,415	401,268	2%	407,415	403,504	1%	
Customer deposits	171,122	176,126	-3%	171,122	183,040	-7%	
Other deposits and borrowings	56,341	48,991	15%	56,341	41,855	35%	
Deposits and other borrowings	227,463	225,117	1%	227,463	224,895	1%	
Other external liabilities	121,058	121,768	-1%	121,058	109,584	10%	
External liabilities	348,521	346,885	0%	348,521	334,479	4%	
Risk weighted assets	168,254	181,889	-7%	168,254	197,880	-15%	
Average gross loans and advances	128,480	138,972	-8%	133,725	144,862	-8%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	232,109	233,729	-1%	232,919	229,563	1%	
Ratios							
Return on assets	0.21%	0.31%		0.26%	0.51%		
Net interest margin	1.11%	1.15%		1.13%	1.20%		
Net interest margin (excluding Markets)	2.20%	2.16%		2.19%	2.06%		
Operating expenses to operating income	57.9%	55.6%		56.7%	48.7%		
Operating expenses to average assets	0.69%	0.74%		0.72%	0.73%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	435	339	28%	774	206	large	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.68%	0.49%		0.58%	0.14%		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(17)	(16)	6%	(33)	(8)	large	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	(0.03%)	(0.02%)		(0.02%)	(0.01%)	=	
Gross impaired assets	1,403	1,281	10%	1,403	960	46%	
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	1.10%	1.01%		1.10%	0.67%		
1-1	3,640	4,044	-10%	3,640	4,218	-14%	

Institutional by Geography

		Half Year			Full Year			
Australia	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income	887	987	-10%	1,874	1,987	-6%		
Other operating income	280	308	-9%	588	779	-25%		
Operating income	1,167	1,295	-10%	2,462	2,766	-11%		
Operating expenses	(649)	(663)	-2%	(1,312)	(1,192)	10%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	518	632	-18%	1,150	1,574	-27%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(181)	(112)	62%	(293)	(17)	large		
Profit before income tax	337	520	-35%	857	1,557	-45%		
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(101)	(157)	-36%	(258)	(466)	-45%		
Cash profit	236	363	-35%	599	1,091	-45%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	206	124	66%	330	40	large		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(25)	(12)	large	(37)	(23)	61%		
Net loans and advances	65,938	63,867	3%	65,938	64,784	2%		
Customer deposits	65,361	66,634	-2%	65,361	65,875	-1%		
Risk weighted assets	80,629	87,904	-8%	80,629	89,433	-10%		
Acia Basifia Fivenes and America								
Asia Pacific, Europe, and America Net interest income	575	657	-12%	1,232	1,313	-6%		
Other operating income	487	543	-10%	1,030	1,064	-3%		
Operating income	1,062	1,200	-12%	2,262	2,377	-5%		
Operating expenses	(697)	(757)	-8%	(1,454)	(1,439)	1%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	365	443	-18%	808	938	-14%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(223)	(207)	8%	(430)	(164)	large		
Profit before income tax	142	236	-40%	378	774	-51%		
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(53)	(57)	-7%	(110)	(207)	-47%		
Cash profit	89	179	-50%	268	567	-53%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	208	212	-2%	420	152	large		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	15	(5)	large	10	12	-17%		
Net loans and advances Customer deposits	52,991 91,448	55,226 96,168	-4% -5%	52,991	70,489	-25% -13%		
Risk weighted assets	74,829	82,295	-5% -9%	91,448 74,829	104,907 96,063	-22%		
hisk weighted assets	14,029	02,293	-9 /6	14,029	90,003	-22 /0		
New Zealand								
Net interest income	188	158	19%	346	285	21%		
Other operating income	45	60	-25%	105	334	-69%		
Operating income	233	218	7%	451	619	-27%		
Operating expenses	(80)	(89)	-10%	(169)	(175)	-3%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	153	129	19%	282	444	-36%		
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(14)	(4)	large	(18)	(17)	6%		
Profit before income tax	139	125	11%	264	427	-38%		
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(39)	(35)	11%	(74)	(118)	-37%		
Cash profit	100	90	11%	190	309	-39%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	21	3	large	24	14	71%		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(7)	1	large	(6)	3	large		
Net loans and advances	7,011	6,499	8%	7,011	6,923	1%		
Customer deposits	14,313	13,324	7%	14,313	12,258	17%		
Risk weighted assets	12,796	11,690	9%	12,796	12,384	3%		

DIVISIONAL RESULTS

Institutional Mark Whelan

Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year				Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Transaction Banking	75	103	-27%	178	60	large
Loans & Specialised Finance	342	223	53%	565	97	large
Markets	15	11	36%	26	47	-45%
Central Functions	3	2	50%	5	2	large
individual credit impairment charge	435	339	28%	774	206	large

Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Transaction Banking	(7)	4	large	(3)	(35)	-91%	
Loans & Specialised Finance	(7)	(21)	-67%	(28)	23	large	
Markets	(3)	1	large	(2)	1	large	
Central Functions	-	-	n/a	-	3	-100%	
Collective credit impairment charge	(17)	(16)	6%	(33)	(8)	large	
Total credit impairment charge	418	323	29%	741	198	large	

Net loans and advances		As at	Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Transaction Banking	13,810	15,231	24,000	-9%	-42%
Loans & Specialised Finance	83,537	88,653	94,491	-6%	-12%
Markets	28,380	21,489	23,368	32%	21%
Central Functions	213	237	337	-10%	-37%
Net loans and advances	125,940	125,610	142,196	0%	-11%

Customer deposits		As at	Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Transaction Banking	91,019	90,230	94,188	1%	-3%
Loans & Specialised Finance	884	975	784	-9%	13%
Markets	78,871	84,541	87,622	-7%	-10%
Central Functions	348	380	446	-8%	-22%
Customer deposits	171,122	176,126	183,040	-3%	-7%

AUD M

September 2016 Full Year	Transaction Banking	Loans & Specialised Finance	Markets	Central Functions	Institutional Total
Net interest income	881	1,498	1,035	38	3,452
Other operating income	766	157	765	35	1,723
Operating income	1,647	1,655	1,800	73	5,175
Operating expenses	(905)	(583)	(1,287)	(160)	(2,935)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	742	1,072	513	(87)	2,240
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(175)	(537)	(24)	(5)	(741)
Profit before income tax	567	535	489	(92)	1,499
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(180)	(151)	(109)	(2)	(442)
Cash profit	387	384	380	(94)	1,057
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	178	565	26	5	774
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(3)	(28)	(2)	_	(33)
Net loans and advances	13,810	83,537	28,380	213	125,940
Customer deposits	91,019	884	78,871	348	171,122
Risk weighted assets					168,254
risk weighted assets	24,919	89,619	52,285	1,431	100,234
September 2015 Full Year					
Net interest income	905	1,549	1,107	24	3,585
Other operating income	820	246	1,062	49	2,177
Operating income	1,725	1,795	2,169	73	5,762
Operating expenses	(907)	(587)	(1,279)	(33)	(2,806)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	818	1,208	890	40	2,956
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(25)	(120)	(48)	(5)	(198)
Profit before income tax	793	1,088	842	35	2,758
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(219)	(286)	(224)	(62)	(791)
Cash profit	574	802	618	(27)	1,967
				` '	· ·
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	60	97	47	2	206
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(35)	23	1	3	(8)
Net loans and advances	24,000	94,491	23,368	337	142,196
Customer deposits	94,188	784	87,622	446	183,040
Risk weighted assets	34,140	102,630	59,725	1,385	197,880
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Full Year Net interest income	-3%	-3%	-7%	58%	-4%
Other operating income	-7%	-36%	-28%	-29%	-21%
Operating income Operating income	-5%	-8%	-17%	0%	-10%
Operating expenses	-5%	-0%	1%		5%
				large	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	-9%	-11%	-42% -50%	large	-24%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	large	large		0%	large
Profit before income tax	-28%	-51%	-42%	large	-46%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests Cash profit	-18%	-47%	-51%	-97%	-44%
<u></u>	-33%	-52%	-39%	large	-46%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	large	large	-45%	large	large
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-91%	large	large	-100%	large
Net loans and advances	-42%	-12%	21%	-37%	-11%
Customer deposits	-3%	13%	-10%	-22%	-7%
Risk weighted assets	-27%	-13%	-12%	3%	-15%

AUD M

September 2016 Half Year	Transaction Banking	Loans & Specialised Finance	Markets	Central Functions	Institutional Total
Net interest income	436	720	473	21	1,650
Other operating income	378	61	365	8	812
Operating income	814	781	838	29	2,462
Operating expenses	(438)	(273)	(596)	(119)	(1,426)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	376	508	242	(90)	1,036
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(68)	(335)	(12)	(3)	(418)
Profit before income tax	308	173	230	(93)	618
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(96)	(53)	(43)	(1)	(193)
Cash profit	212	120	187	(94)	425
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	75	342	15	3	435
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	(7)	(7)	(3)	-	(17)
Net loans and advances	13,810	83,537	28,380	213	125,940
Customer deposits	91,019	884	78,871	348	171,122
Risk weighted assets	24,919	89,619	52,285	1,431	168,254
		,	,	.,	100,201
March 2016 Half Year					
Net interest income	445	778	562	17	1,802
Other operating income	388	96	400	27	911
Operating income	833	874	962	44	2,713
Operating expenses	(467)	(310)	(691)	(41)	(1,509)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	366	564	271	3	1,204
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(107)	(202)	(12)	(2)	(323)
Profit before income tax	259	362	259	1	881
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(84)	(98)	(66)	(1)	(249)
Cash profit	175	264	193	-	632
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	103	223	11	2	339
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	4	(21)	1	_	(16)
Net loans and advances	15,231	88,653	21,489	237	125,610
Customer deposits	90,230	975	84,541	380	176,126
Risk weighted assets	27,794	98,010	54,571	1,514	181,889
Trisk Weighted assets	21,104	30,010	34,371	1,514	101,003
Sontember 2016 Half Vear ve March 2016 Half Vear					
September 2016 Half Year vs March 2016 Half Year Net interest income	-2%	-7%	-16%	24%	-8%
Other operating income	-3%	-36%	-9%	-70%	-11%
Operating income	-2%	-11%	-13%	-34%	-9%
Operating expenses	-6%	-12%	-14%	large	-6%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3%	-10%	-11%	large	-14%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	-36%	66%	0%	50%	29%
Profit before income tax	19%	-52%	-11%	large	-30%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	14%	-46%	-35%	0%	-22%
Cash profit	21%	-55%	-3%	n/a	-33%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	-27%			50%	28%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-27% large	53% -67%	36% large	50% n/a	28% 6%
Net loans and advances	-9%	-6%	32%	-10%	0%
Customer deposits	1%	-9%	-7%	-8%	-3%
Risk weighted assets	-10%	-9%	-4%	-5%	-7%

Analysis of Markets operating income

		Half Year			Full Year			
	Composition of Markets operating income by business activity	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
	Sales ¹	544	516	5%	1,060	1,168	-9%	
	Trading ²	296	303	-2%	599	603	-1%	
\geq	Balance Sheet ³	235	143	64%	378	398	-5%	
	Markets operating income pre-credit valuation adjustment	1,075	962	12%	2,037	2,169	-6%	
	Derivative CVA methodology change ⁴	(237)	-	n/a	(237)	-	n/a	
	Markets operating income	838	962	-13%	1,800	2,169	-17%	

Sales represents direct client flow business on core products such as fixed income, foreign exchange, commodities and capital markets.

Trading primarily represents management of the Group's strategic positions and those taken as part of direct client sales flow

Balance Sheet represents hedging of interest rate risk on the Group's loan and deposit books and the management of the Group's liquidity portfolio.

Refer to page 17 for further details.

5	\		Half Year		Full Year			
	Composition of Markets operating income by geography	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
$\overline{\ }$	Australia	446	368	21%	814	842	-3%	
2	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	505	521	-3%	1,026	1,000	3%	
	New Zealand	124	73	70%	197	327	-40%	
	Markets operating income pre-credit valuation adjustment	1,075	962	12%	2,037	2,169	-6%	
	Derivative CVA methodology change	(237)	-	n/a	(237)	-	n/a	
	Markets operating income	838	962	-13%	1,800	2,169	-17%	

September 2016 v September 2015

Excluding the specified item¹, Markets operating income decreased \$132 million (-6%).

Key factors affecting the result were:

Sales income decreased \$108 million (-9%) driven by lower Rates and Foreign Exchange income due to higher demand in 2015 for hedging products compared with 2016 as well as decreased Commodities income due to higher demand in 2015 for gold financing from Asian customers.

Trading income decreased \$4 million (-1%) primarily as a result of higher funding valuation adjustments partly offset by higher Credit trading income.

Balance Sheet income decreased \$20 million (-5%) primarily as a result of higher funding valuation adjustments partly offset by the benefit of narrowing credit spreads in the September 2016 half.

September 2016 v March 2016

Excluding the specified item¹, Markets operating income increased \$113 million (+12%).

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Sales income increased \$28 million (+5%) driven by greater debt capital markets activity, partially offset by decreased Foreign Exchange income from lower demand for structured products.
- Trading income decreased \$7 million (-2%) primarily as a result of funding valuation adjustments partly offset by higher Rates income.
- Balance Sheet income increased \$92 million (+64%) reflecting growth in the liquidity portfolio and tightening credit spreads.

The specified item relevant to Markets operating income is the derivative CVA methodology change.

DIVISIONAL RESULTS

Institutional

Mark \	Whelan								
Marke	et risk								
Tradeo	d market risk								
	are aggregate Value at Risk (VaR) al trading centres. All figures are in	•	nfidence leve	el covering bo	th physical and	d derivatives tr	ading position	ns for the Bar	nk's
99% cc	onfidence level (1 day holding perio	d)							
			High for	I ow for	Ava for		High for	I ow for	Δva fo
		As at	High for year	Low for year	Avg for year	As at	High for year	Low for year	-
		Sep 16	year Sep 16	year Sep 16	year Sep 16	Sep 15	year Sep 15	year Sep 15	year Sep 15
Value a	at Risk at 99% confidence		year	year	year		year	year	year Sep 15
)]	at Risk at 99% confidence Foreign exchange	Sep 16	year Sep 16	year Sep 16	year Sep 16	Sep 15	year Sep 15	year Sep 15	year Sep 15 \$M
		Sep 16 \$M	year Sep 16 \$M	year Sep 16 \$M	year Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	year Sep 15 \$M	year Sep 15 \$M	year Sep 15
	Foreign exchange	Sep 16 \$M 4.0	year Sep 16 \$M	year Sep 16 \$M	year Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M 5.0	year Sep 15 \$M 18.2	year Sep 15 \$M 2.8	year Sep 15 \$M
	Foreign exchange Interest rate	Sep 16 \$M 4.0 4.7	year Sep 16 \$M 11.4 20.1	year Sep 16 \$M 2.2 4.1	year Sep 16 \$M 5.2 9.1	Sep 15 \$M 5.0 10.1	year Sep 15 \$M 18.2 20.2	year Sep 15 \$M 2.8 4.8	year Sep 15 \$M 7.9 9.3
15)	Foreign exchange Interest rate Credit	Sep 16 \$M 4.0 4.7 3.3	year Sep 16 \$M 11.4 20.1 4.6	year Sep 16 \$M 2.2 4.1 2.2	year Sep 16 \$M 5.2 9.1 3.2	Sep 15 \$M 5.0 10.1 3.5	year Sep 15 \$M 18.2 20.2 5.4	year Sep 15 \$M 2.8 4.8 2.9	year Sep 15 \$M 7.9 9.3 3.8
15	Foreign exchange Interest rate Credit Commodities	Sep 16 \$M 4.0 4.7 3.3 2.5	year Sep 16 \$M 11.4 20.1 4.6 2.8	year Sep 16 \$M 2.2 4.1 2.2 1.1	year Sep 16 \$M 5.2 9.1 3.2 1.7	Sep 15 \$M 5.0 10.1 3.5 1.6	year Sep 15 \$M 18.2 20.2 5.4 3.6	year Sep 15 \$M 2.8 4.8 2.9 1.3	9.3 3.8 2.4

Non-traded interest rate risk

Non-traded interest rate risk is managed by Markets and relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on future net interest income for the Group. Interest rate risk is reported using various techniques including VaR and scenario analysis to a 1% rate shock.

As at year year	99% confidence level (1 day holding period								
SM \$M \$M<		As at	High for year	Low for year	Avg for year	As at	High for year	Low for year	Avg fo yea
Australia 38.4 40.6 28.0 33.7 25.4 38.5 21. New Zealand 11.4 11.4 8.8 10.0 9.7 11.4 8. Asia Pacific, Europe & America 14.7 17.3 14.4 15.8 14.4 14.4 7. Diversification benefit (24.0) n/a n/a (22.9) (16.8) n/a n								Sep 15 \$M	Sep 15
New Zealand 11.4 11.4 8.8 10.0 9.7 11.4 8. Asia Pacific, Europe & America 14.7 17.3 14.4 15.8 14.4 14.4 7. Diversification benefit (24.0) n/a n/a (22.9) (16.8) n/a	Value at Risk at 99% confidence								
Asia Pacific, Europe & America 14.7 17.3 14.4 15.8 14.4 14.4 7. Diversification benefit (24.0) n/a n/a (22.9) (16.8) n/a n/a	Australia	38.4	40.6	28.0	33.7	25.4	38.5	21.2	27.2
Diversification benefit (24.0) n/a n/a (22.9) (16.8) n/a n/a	New Zealand	11.4	11.4	8.8	10.0	9.7	11.4	8.9	10.2
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	14.7	17.3	14.4	15.8	14.4	14.4	7.9	10.4
Total VaR 40.5 44.7 31.3 36.6 32.7 37.4 28.	Diversification benefit	(24.0)	n/a	n/a	(22.9)	(16.8)	n/a	n/a	(14.8
15)	Total VaR	40.5	44.7	31.3	36.6	32.7	37.4	28.6	33.0
Impact of 1% rate shock on the next 12 months' net interest income margin				31.3	36.6	32.7	37.4		3
As								As at	San 45
	As at a said and							-	Sep 15
Sep 16	·								0.61%
As at period end 0.37%	Maximum exposure							0.48%	1.36%
As at period end 0.37%								0.000/	0.450/

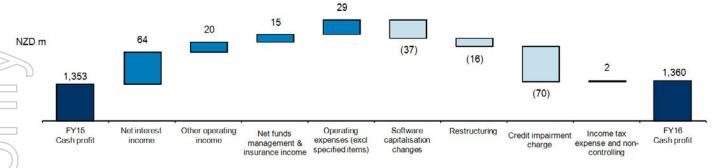
	As	at
	Sep 16	Sep 15
As at period end	0.37%	0.61%
Maximum exposure	0.48%	1.36%
Minimum exposure	0.00%	0.45%
Average exposure (in absolute terms)	0.21%	0.93%

New Zealand

David Hisco

New Zealand's result and commentary are reported in NZD. AUD results are shown on page 75.

Cash profit - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



Strategic Priorities

Focus our efforts on attractive areas:

- Continue to grow our customer satisfaction and brand consideration.
- Provide the best home buying experience.
- Make starting, running and growing a small business easier.
- Continue to leverage our leading position in migrant banking.

Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers:

- Building a digital bank with a human touch:
 - o Customer led digital solutions.
 - Attract, develop and retain the best staff.

2016 Progress Highlights

- Surpassed 2 million Retail customers for the first time in July with strong net customer growth in 2016 (17% higher than in 2015).
- Grew our pipeline of future home and business owners with strong consideration growth in migrants¹ (+9 percentage points) and young adult segments¹ (+8 percentage points).
- Continued to invest in service training, helped drive a 9 percentage point uplift in Net Promoter Score¹.
- Customers now able to view balances and transfer funds into any of ANZ's KiwiSaver schemes though goMoneyTM.
- Now delivering digital improvements around every six weeks in goMoneyTM.
- First bank in NZ to launch Apple PayTM following the success of goMoneyTM
 Wallet (first bank in NZ to launch an Android operating system payment
 solution).
- Modernised our payment processing to enable faster payment and receipt of money for customers.
- Achieved an 83% Employee Engagement score, our highest score to date.

September 2016 v September 2015

Cash profit increased 1%. Excluding specified items², cash profit increased 3% primarily driven by lending volume growth and disciplined cost management, partially offset by higher credit impairment charges.

Key factors affecting the result were:

Net interest income increased by NZD 64 million (+2%) driven by 8% growth in average gross loans and advances, with growth across both the housing and non-housing portfolios. This was partially offset by a decrease in net interest margin of 12 bps, driven by competition for lending assets, unfavourable lending mix with customers continuing to favour lower margin fixed rate products, and the impact of capital notes issued in March 2015 and June 2016.

Other operating income increased by NZD 20 million (+6%) driven by the gain on sale of a fixed asset, volume driven growth in fee income, and rebates and dividends received, partially offset by loss on sale of the medical insurance business (nil impact after

Net funds management and insurance income increased by NZD 15 million (+4%) driven by 24% growth in KiwiSaver funds under management.

- Operating expenses increased by NZD 24 million (+2%). Excluding specified items², operating expenses decreased 2% with disciplined cost management and productivity gains more than offsetting inflationary impacts.
- Credit impairment charges increased by NZD 70 million. The individual impairment charges increased NZD 54 million due to higher new provisions in the Agri and Commercial portfolios and lower write-backs. The collective impairment charges increased NZD 16 million driven by a deteriorating Agri risk profile.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit decreased 4%. Excluding specified items², cash profit decreased 2% driven by higher credit impairment charges.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income increased by NZD 16 million (+1%), driven by 3% growth in average gross loans and advances, with growth across both the housing and non-housing portfolios. This was partially offset by a decrease in net interest margin of 5 bps, driven by unfavourable lending and deposit mix, with customers favouring lower margin products, and the impact of capital notes issued in June 2016
- Other operating income increased by NZD 1 million (+1%) mainly due to volume driven growth in fee income.
- Net funds management and insurance income increased by NZD 9 million (+5%) driven by 11% growth in KiwiSaver funds under management.
- Operating expenses increased by NZD 27 million (+4%). Excluding specified items², operating expenses remained flat with disciplined cost management and productivity gains offsetting inflationary and investment impacts.
- Credit impairment charges increased NZD 37 million (+80%). The
 individual impairment charges increased NZD 18 million due to
 higher new provisions in the Agri portfolio and lower write-backs.
 The collective impairment charges increased NZD 19 million driven
 by the Commercial portfolio.
- Camorra Retail Market Monitor (RMM) rolling 6 month score as at September 2016. Young adults are the population between the age 20-34.
- Specified items relevant to New Zealand division are software capitalisation changes and restructuring.

New Zealand

David Hisco

Table reflects NZD for New Zealand AUD results shown on page 75

AUD results shown on page 75	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Movt	Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt	
Net interest income	1,324	1,308	1%	2,632	2,568	2%	
Other operating income	165	164	1%	329	309	6%	
Net funds management and insurance income	183	174	5%	357	342	4%	
Operating income	1,672	1,646	2%	3,318	3,219	3%	
Operating expenses	(671)	(644)	4%	(1,315)	(1,291)	2%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,001	1,002	0%	2,003	1,928	4%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(83)	(46)	80%	(129)	(59)	large	
Profit before income tax	918	956	-4%	1,874	1,869	0%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(253)	(261)	-3%	(514)	(516)	0%	
Cash profit	665	695	-4%	1,360	1,353	1%	
Consisting of:							
Retail	477	464	3%	941	872	8%	
Commercial	192	221	-13%	413	478	-14%	
Central Functions	(4)	10	large	6	3	100%	
Cash profit	665	695	-4%	1,360	1,353	1%	
Balance Sheet							
Net loans and advances	113,145	110,028	3%	113,145	106,747	6%	
Other external assets	4,398	3,906	13%	4,398	3,858	14%	
External assets	117,543	113,934	3%	117,543	110,605	6%	
Customer deposits	76,361	75,379	1%	76,361	71,395	7%	
Other deposits and borrowings	5,358	5,440	-2%	5,358	4,940	8%	
Deposits and other borrowings	81,719	80,819	1%	81,719	76,335	7%	
Other external liabilities	21,397	18,984	13%	21,397	21,132	1%	
External liabilities	103,116	99,803	3%	103,116	97,467	6%	
Risk weighted assets	62,215	61,161	2%	62,215	60,008	4%	
Average gross loans and advances	112,321	108,798	3%	110,559	102,278	8%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	82,674	79,274	4%	80,974	73,424	10%	
In-force premiums ¹	190	186	2%	190	210	-10%	
Funds under management	26,485	24,835	7%	26,485	22,740	16%	
Average funds under management	25,751	23,808	8%	24,775	21,669	14%	
Ratios							
Return on assets	1.15%	1.24%		1.19%	1.28%		
Net interest margin	2.35%	2.40%		2.38%	2.50%		
Operating expenses to operating income	40.1%	39.1%		39.6%	40.1%		
Operating expenses to average assets	1.16%	1.15%		1.15%	1.22%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	65	47	38%	112	58	93%	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.12%	0.09%		0.10%	0.06%		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	18	(1)	large	17	1	large	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.03%	(0.00%)	200/	0.02%	0.00%	20/	
Gross impaired assets Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	363 0.32%	302 0.27%	20%	363 0.32%	372 0.35%	-2%	
Life insurance expenses to Life in-force premiums	31.9%	33.2%		32.2%	31.5%		
Retail Insurance lapse rates	15.7%	15.2%		15.3%	15.5%		
Funds Management expenses to average FUM ²	0.44%	0.27%		0.36%	0.29%		
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	5,240	5,321	-2%	5,240	5,359	-2%	
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	5,240	0,021	- /0	0,240	3,000	2 /0	

^{1.} In-force premiums reflect the disposal of the New Zealand medical business in the March 2016 half and September 2016 full year.

Funds Management expense and FUM only relates to the Pensions & Investments business.

New Zealand

David Hisco

Individual credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year Full Year				
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Movt	Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt
Retail	26	26	0%	52	54	-4%
Home Loans	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	6	large
Other	28	28	0%	56	48	17%
Commercial	39	21	86%	60	4	large
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	65	47	38%	112	58	93%

Individual credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
Retail	NZD M 26	NZD M 26	Movt 0%	NZD M 52	NZD M 54	Mov -4%
Home Loans	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	6	large
Other	28	28	0%	56	48	17%
Commercial	39	21	86%	60	4	large
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	65	47	38%	112	58	93%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Movt	Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt
Retail	1	2	-50%	3	4	-25%
Home Loans	1	(2)	large	(1)	(4)	-75%
Other		4	-100%	4	8	-50%
Commercial	17	(3)	large	14	(3)	large
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	18	(1)	large	17	1	large
Total credit impairment charge/(release)	83	46	80%	129	59	large
Net loans and advances	_		As at		Moveme	ent
		Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Retail		72,730	69,891	67,413	4%	8%
Home Loans		68,706	65,855	63,380	4%	8%
Other		4,024	4,036	4,033	0%	0%
Commercial		40,415	40,137	39,334	1%	3%
Net loans and advances		113,145	110,028	106,747	3%	6%
Customer deposits			As at		Moveme	
Retail		Sep 16 NZD M 63,110	Mar 16 NZD M 62,233	Sep 15 NZD M 59,113	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 1%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 7%
Commercial		13,251	13,146	12,282	1%	8%
Customer deposits		76,361	75,379	71,395	1%	7%
		70,001	10,010	. 1,000	170	176
Net funds management and insurance income		Half Yea	r		Full Year	
	Sep NZD			Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt
Insurance			34 2%		177	-4%
Insurance income		92	91 1%	183	196	-7%
Insurance volume related expenses		(6)	(7) -14%	(13)	(19)	-32%
Funds Management		97 9	90 8%	187	165	13%
	1	09 10)1 8%	210	186	13%
Funds management income					(0.1)	10%
))		12) (1	11) 9%	(23)	(21)	10 70

Net loans and advances		As at	Movement		
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Retail	72,730	69,891	67,413	4%	8%
Home Loans	68,706	65,855	63,380	4%	8%
Other	4,024	4,036	4,033	0%	0%
Commercial	40,415	40,137	39,334	1%	3%
Net loans and advances	113,145	110,028	106,747	3%	6%

Customer deposits		As at	Movement		
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Retail	63,110	62,233	59,113	1%	7%
Commercial	13,251	13,146	12,282	1%	8%
Customer deposits	76,361	75,379	71,395	1%	7%

_		Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Movt	Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt	
Insurance	86	84	2%	170	177	-4%	
Insurance income	92	91	1%	183	196	-7%	
Insurance volume related expenses	(6)	(7)	-14%	(13)	(19)	-32%	
Funds Management	97	90	8%	187	165	13%	
Funds management income	109	101	8%	210	186	13%	
Funds management volume related expenses	(12)	(11)	9%	(23)	(21)	10%	
Total net funds management and insurance income	183	174	5%	357	342	4%	

New Zealand

David Hisco

NZD M

September 2016 Full Year	Retail	Commercial	Central Functions	New Zealar To
Net interest income	1,729	889	14	2,63
Other operating income	306	15	8	32
Net funds management and insurance income	356	1	-	35
Operating income	2,391	905	22	3,31
Operating expenses	(1,045)	(256)	(14)	(1,31
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,346	649	8	2,00
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(55)	(74)	-	(12
Profit before income tax	1,291	575	8	1,87
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(350)	(162)	(2)	(5′
Cash profit	941	413	6	1,3
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	52	60	_	1
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	3	14	_	
Net loans and advances	72,730	40,415		113,1
Customer deposits	63,110	13,251		76,30
Risk weighted assets	29,580	31,950	685	62,2°
)	29,000	01,900	000	02,2
September 2015 Full Year		224	22	0.5
Net interest income	1,644	904	20	2,5
Other operating income	296	16	(3)	3
Net funds management and insurance income	341	1	-	3
Operating income	2,281	921	17	3,2
Operating expenses	(1,023)	(256)	(12)	(1,2
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,258	665	5	1,9
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(58)	(1)	-	(
Profit before income tax	1,200	664	5	1,80
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(328)	(186)	(2)	(5
Cash profit	872	478	3	1,3
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	54	4	-	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	4	(3)	-	
Net loans and advances	67,413	39,334	-	106,7
Customer deposits	59,113	12,282	-	71,3
Risk weighted assets	30,013	29,224	771	60,0
5				
September 2016 Full Year vs September 2015 Full Year				
Net interest income	5%	-2%	-30%	
Other operating income	3%	-6%	large	
Net-funds management and insurance income	4%	0%	n/a	
Operating income	5%	-2%	29%	
Operating expenses	2%	0%	17%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	7%	-2%	60%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	-5%	large	n/a	la
Profit before income tax	8%	-13%	60%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	7%	-13%	0%	
Cash profit	8%	-14%	100%	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	-4%	large	n/a	9
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-25%	large	n/a	la
Net loans and advances	8%	3%	n/a	
Customer deposits	7%	8%	n/a	
Risk weighted assets	-1%	9%	-11%	

New Zealand

David Hisco

NZD M

September 2016 Half Year	Retail	Commercial	Central Functions	New Zealand Total
Net interest income	873	444	7	1,324
Other operating income	163	8	(6)	165
Net funds management and insurance income	183	-	-	183
Operating income	1,219	452	1	1,672
Operating expenses	(536)	(128)	(7)	(671)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	683	324	(6)	1,001
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(27)	(56)		(83)
Profit before income tax	656	268	(6)	918
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(179)	(76)	2	(253)
Çash profit	477	192	(4)	665
Andiridual avadit immart sharra/(release)	26	20		G.E.
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	26	39	-	65
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	1	17		18
Net loans and advances	72,730	40,415	-	113,145
Customer deposits	63,110	13,251	-	76,361
Risk weighted assets	29,580	31,950	685	62,215
(/))				
March 2016 Half Year				
Net interest income	856	445	7	1,308
Other operating income	143	7	14	164
Net funds management and insurance income	173	1	-	174
Operating income	1,172	453	21	1,646
Operating expenses	(509)	(128)	(7)	(644)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	663	325	14	1,002
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(28)	(18)	-	(46)
Profit before income tax	635	307	14	956
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(171)	(86)	(4)	(261)
Cash profit	464	221	10	695
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	26	21		47
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	2	(3)		(1)
Net loans and advances	69,891	40,137		110,028
Customer deposits	62,233	13,146		75,379
Risk weighted assets	30,144	30,452	565	61,161
non-worghted decode	50,111	00,102	000	01,101
1 2				
September 2016 Half Year vs March 2016 Half Year Net interest income	2%	0%	0%	1%
Other operating income	14%	14%		1%
Net funds management and insurance income	6%	-100%	large n/a	5%
	4%	0%	-95%	2%
Operating expanses	5%		0%	4%
Operating expenses		0%		0%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3%	0%	large	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	-4%	large	n/a	80%
Profit before income tax	3%	-13%	large	-4%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	5%	-12%	large	-3%
Cash profit	3%	-13%	large	-4%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	0%	86%	n/a	38%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	-50%	large	n/a	large
Net loans and advances	4%	1%	n/a	3%
Customer deposits	1%	1%	n/a	1%
Risk weighted assets	-2%	5%	21%	2%

New Zealand

David Hisco

Table reflects AUD for New Zealand NZD results shown on page 71

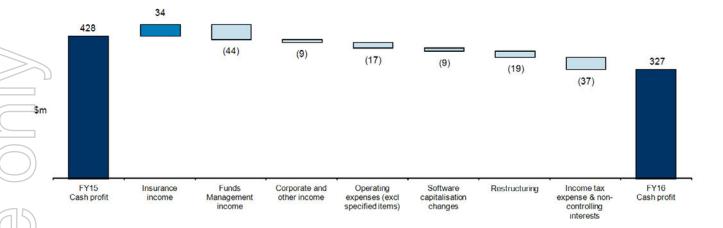
		Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	1,244	1,207	3%	2,451	2,381	3%	
Other operating income	155	151	3%	306	287	7%	
Net funds management and insurance income	172	161	7%	333	317	5%	
Operating income	1,571	1,519	3%	3,090	2,985	4%	
Operating expenses	(630)	(595)	6%	(1,225)	(1,197)	2%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	941	924	2%	1,865	1,788	4%	
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(78)	(42)	86%	(120)	(55)	large	
Profit before income tax	863	882	-2%	1,745	1,733	1%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(237)	(241)	-2%	(478)	(479)	0%	
Cash profit	626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%	
Consisting of:							
Retail	449	428	5%	877	808	9%	
Commercial	181	204	-11%	385	443	-13%	
Central Functions	(4)	9	large	5	3	67%	
Cash profit	626	641	-2%	1,267	1,254	1%	
Balance Sheet							
Net loans and advances	107,893	99,185	9%	107,893	97,020	11%	
Other external assets	4,195	3,521	19%	4,195	3,507	20%	
External assets	112,088	102,706	9%	112,088	100,527	12%	
Customer deposits	72,818	67,951	7%	72,818	64,890	12%	
Other deposits and borrowings	5,109	4,903	4%	5,109	4,490	14%	
Deposits and other borrowings	77,927	72,854	7%	77,927	69,380	12%	
Other external liabilities	20,403	17,114	19%	20,403	19,206	6%	
External liabilities	98,330	89,968	9%	98,330	88,586	11%	
Risk weighted assets	59,327	55,134	8%	59,327	54,540	9%	
Average gross loans and advances	105,517	100,427	5%	102,972	94,832	9%	
Average deposits and other borrowings	77,659	73,175	6%	75,417	68,079	11%	
In-force premiums ¹	181	167	8%	181	191	-5%	
Funds under management	25,256	22,388	13%	25,256	20,668	22%	
Average funds under management	24,189	21,976	10%	23,075	20,092	15%	
Ratios							
Return on assets	1.15%	1.24%		1.19%	1.28%		
Net interest margin	2.35%	2.40%		2.38%	2.50%		
Operating expenses to operating income	40.1%	39.2%		39.6%	40.1%		
Operating expenses to average assets	1.16%	1.15%		1.15%	1.22%		
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	61	43	42%	104	54	93%	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.12%	0.09%		0.10%	0.06%		
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	17	(1)	large	16	1	large	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.03%	(0.00%)		0.02%	0.00%		
Gross impaired assets	346	273	27%	346	338	2%	
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	0.32%	0.27%		0.32%	0.35%		
Life insurance expenses to Life in-force premiums	31.9%	33.2%		32.2%	31.5%		
Retail Insurance lapse rates	15.7%	15.2%		15.3%	15.5%		
Funds Management expenses to average FUM ²	0.44%	0.27%		0.36%	0.29%		
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	5,240	5,321	-2%	5,240	5,359	-2%	

In-force premiums reflect the disposal of the New Zealand medical business in the March 2016 half and September 2016 full year.

Funds Management expense and FUM only relates to the Pensions & Investments business.

Alexis George

Cash profit - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



\$m		,		(17)	(9)	(19)	(37)	321
	FY15 Insurance sh profit income	Funds Management income	Corporate and other income	Operating expenses (e specified iter		Restructuring	Income tax expense & non- controlling interests	FY16 Cash profit
Strategic F	Priorities			20	16 Progress Highli	ights		
	impler, better capitalised our plan to transition supe olutions.			dustry	Entered into an out services, enabling A aligned and open m Rationalised index t Under Managemen	ANZ to launch G narket advisers. fund manageme	Grow Wrap to the	market, targeted at
Seamles our bank business Refresh	efforts on attractive are s integration of insurance, customers' journeys (e.g.). ANZ's Life insurance prop n the market to drive valu	, super and investigation, buying a home	or owning a	into •	Continued to expan capability, enabling one place. Launched direct life customers to view, place. \$1.6 billion in Life Ir share in individual i of 6%.	e insurance on the manage and but the insurance in-force	ring Wealth and because Grow by ANZ ^T y all of their insure premiums, with	anking together in Mapp, which allows ance needs in one a No. 3 market
Provide a	perior everyday experier advisers tools and access planning and improve cus	to high quality p	latforms to facili	tate	Launched Grow for improve productivity insurance advice. Ranked No. 1 out oproductivity in annu	y and automate	production of cor	nsistent, scalable

September 2016 v September 2015

Cash profit decreased 24%. Excluding the specified items¹ and the \$56 million one-off tax consolidation benefit in September 2015, cash profit decreased 7%. Overall, the embedded value increased by 12% pretransfers.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Insurance operating income increased \$34 million (+6%), reflecting favourable retail and group lapse experience, partially offset by adverse claims experience. This experience relates to actual experience differing from plan.
 - Funds Management operating income decreased \$44 million (-9%), driven by the business's strategy to rationalise legacy platforms which adversely impacted margins.
- Operating expenses increased by \$45 million (+6%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses increased by 2%, due to wage inflation and higher spend on regulatory, compliance and remediation projects, partially offset by productivity initiatives that resulted in a 10% decrease in FTE during the year.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit decreased 5%. Excluding the specified items¹, cash profit decreased by 6%.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Insurance operating income decreased \$11 million (-4%) reflecting higher claims costs and lower relative favourable lapse experience. This experience relates to actual experience differing from plan.
- Funds Management operating income decreased by \$14 million (-6%), driven by the business's strategy to rationalise legacy platforms which impacted margins.
- Operating expenses decreased by \$20 million (-5%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses decreased 5% due to productivity initiatives that resulted in a 4% decrease in FTE in the half, partially offset by additional regulatory, compliance and remediation costs.
- Specified items relevant to Wealth Australia are software capitalisation changes and restructuring
- Source: Plan for Life, Individual & Group Risk Premium Inflows, year ended 30 June 2016.
- Source: NMG, Q2, 2016 Bank Channel Risk Distribution Monitor- OnePath.

Alexis George

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	4	6	-33%	10	8	25%
Other operating income	46	42	10%	88	87	1%
Net funds management and insurance income	559	597	-6%	1,156	1,178	-2%
Operating income	609	645	-6%	1,254	1,273	-1%
Operating expenses	(388)	(408)	-5%	(796)	(751)	6%
Profit before income tax	221	237	-7%	458	522	-12%
income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(62)	(69)	-10%	(131)	(94)	39%
Cash profit	159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%
Consisting of:						
Business Units						
Insurance	128	127	1%	255	243	5%
Funds Management	49	40	23%	89	130	-32%
Corporate and Other ¹	(18)	1	large	(17)	55	large
Total Wealth Australia	159	168	-5%	327	428	-24%
Income from invested capital ²	47	63	-25%	110	107	3%
Key metrics						
h-force premiums						
Life Insurance	1,603	1,569	2%	1,603	1,516	6%
General Insurance ³	226	335	-33%	226	510	-56%
Average in-force premiums						
Life Insurance	1,587	1,543	3%	1,560	1,440	8%
General Insurance ³	280	422	-34%	367	505	-27%
Funds under management	48,251	46,630	3%	48,251	46,801	3%
Average funds under management	48,060	47,182	2%	47,621	48,048	-1%
Risk weighted assets	415	512	-19%	415	526	-21%
Ratios						
Operating expenses to operating income	63.7%	63.3%		63.5%	59.0%	
Life insurance expenses to Life in-force premiums	11.1%	12.3%		11.6%	11.2%	
Retail Insurance lapse rates	15.0%	13.0%		14.0%	13.3%	
Funds Management expenses to average FUM ⁴	0.48%	0.58%		0.53%	0.51%	
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	1,379	1,436	-4%	1,379	1,532	-10%
Aligned adviser numbers ⁵	1,545	1,618	-5%	1,545	1,688	-8%

Alexis George

Major business units

,	Half Year			Full Year			
Insurance	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	11	12	-8%	23	22	5%	
Insurance income	408	420	-3%	828	813	2%	
Insurance volume related expenses	(134)	(136)	-1%	(270)	(288)	-6%	
Operating income	285	296	-4%	581	547	6%	
Operating expenses	(104)	(115)	-10%	(219)	(201)	9%	
Profit before income tax	181	181	0%	362	346	5%	
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(53)	(54)	-2%	(107)	(103)	4%	
Cash profit	128	127	1%	255	243	5%	

	Half Year			Full Year				
Funds Management	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Net interest income	14	16	-13%	30	31	-3%		
Other operating income	36	36	0%	72	72	0%		
Funds management income	340	352	-3%	692	765	-10%		
Funds management volume related expenses	(169)	(169)	0%	(338)	(368)	-8%		
Operating income	221	235	-6%	456	500	-9%		
Operating expenses	(150)	(178)	-16%	(328)	(319)	3%		
Profit before income tax	71	57	25%	128	181	-29%		
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(22)	(17)	29%	(39)	(51)	-24%		
Cash profit	49	40	23%	89	130	-32%		

income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(22)	(17)	2970	(39)	(31)	-24 70
Cash profit	49	40	23%	89	130	-32%
Insurance metrics						
		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15	
Insurance operating margin	\$M	\$M	Movt	\$M	\$M	Movt
Life Insurance Planned profit margin						
Group & Individual	79	72	10%	151	141	7%
Experience profit/(loss) ¹	(10)	4	large	(6)	5	large
General Insurance operating profit margin	59	51	16%	110	97	13%
Total	128	127	1%	255	243	5%
			As at		Mover	nent
Insurance annual in-force premiums		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Group		445	439	423	1%	5%
Individual		1,158	1,130	1,093	2%	6%
General Insurance ¹		226	335	510	-33%	-56%
Total		1,829	1,904	2,026	-4%	-10%
Insurance in-force book movement			Sep 15 \$M	New business \$M	Lapses \$M	Sep 16 \$M
Group			423	эм 54	(32)	φινι 445
Individual			1 003	176	(111)	1 158

	As at			Movement		
Insurance annual in-force premiums	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Group	445	439	423	1%	5%	
Individual	1,158	1,130	1,093	2%	6%	
General Insurance ¹	226	335	510	-33%	-56%	
Total	1,829	1,904	2,026	-4%	-10%	

Insurance in-force book movement	Sep 15 \$M	New business \$M	Lapses \$M	Sep 16 \$M
Group	423	54	(32)	445
Individual	1,093	176	(111)	1,158
General Insurance ¹	510	85	(369)	226
Total	2,026	315	(512)	1,829

Lapses for General Insurance include the impact of ceasing the underwriting of new home, content, travel and motor insurance in September 2015.

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Funds Management metrics

	As at			Movement	
Funds under management	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Australian equities	15,248	14,496	14,793	5%	3%
International equities	11,044	10,618	11,250	4%	-2%
Cash and fixed interest	18,582	18,356	17,897	1%	4%
Property and infrastructure	3,377	3,160	2,861	7%	18%
Total	48,251	46,630	46,801	3%	3%

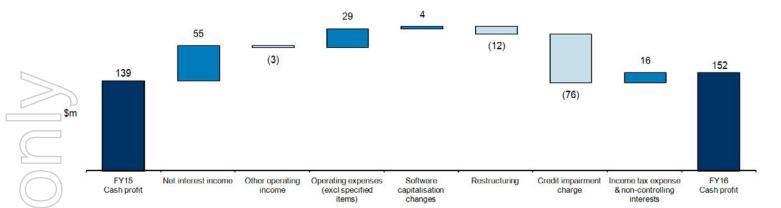
Cash and fixed interest	18,582	18,356	17,897	1%	4%
Property and infrastructure	3,377	3,160	2,861	7%	18%
Total	48,251	46,630	46,801	3%	3%
Funds Management cash flows by product	Sep 15 \$M	In- flows	Out- flows	Other ¹	Sep 16 \$M
Open solutions					
OneAnswer Frontier	8,677	1,598	(1,084)	767	9,958
ANZ Smart Choice	4,254	2,378	(1,010)	5,568	11,190
Wrap (Voyage and Grow)	1,708	542	(210)	120	2,160
Closed solutions					
Retail	20,223	857	(2,837)	785	19,028
Employer	11,939	224	(1,450)	(4,798)	5,915
Total	46,801	5,599	(6,591)	2,442	48,251

	Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges and distributions. It also includes the transition of funds under management from Empaproximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory changes in the industry.	oloyer to ANZ Smart Choice of
	mbedded value and value of new business (insurance and investments only) mbedded value as at September 2015 ¹	\$M 4,012
M	Value of new business ²	131
	Expected return ³	317
	Experience deviations and assumption changes ⁴	8
E	mbedded value before economic assumption changes and net transfer	4,468
	Economic assumptions change ⁵	37
	Net transfer ⁶	31
E	mbedded value as at September 2016	4,536
	Embedded value represents the present value of future profits and releases of capital arising from the business in-force at the valuation date, and adjuusing best estimate assumptions with franking credits included at 70% of face value. Projected cash flows have been discounted using capital asset promotions. Value of new business represents the present value of future profits less the cost of capital arising from new business written over the period. Expected return represents the expected increase in value over the period. Experience deviations and assumption changes arise from deviations and changes to best estimate assumptions underlying the prior period embedded primarily driven by favourable lapse experience and continued growth in in-force business from Retail insurance. Interest rate movements have led to a positive value impact. Net transfer represents the net capital movements over the period including capital injections, transfer of cash dividends and value of franking credits injection from the parent entity, partially offset by \$273 million of cash dividends and \$96 million of franking credits transferred to the parent entity.	icing model risk discount rates of the count rates of the country and the country and the country are the country and the country are the country and the country are the coun

Asia Retail & Pacific

David Hisco

Cash Profit - September 2016 Full Year v September 2015 Full Year



L	Strategic Priorities	2016 Progress Highlights
	Create a simpler, better capitalised and better balanced bank:	On 31 October 2016, the Group announced it had entered into an agreement to sell its Retail and Wealth businesses in Singapore, China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Indonesia to DBS Bank Limited. At this stage, our Retail and Wealth businesses in Vietnam, the Philippines and Japan remain under review.
=		The division continues to work on improving profitability through simplification and disciplined cost management.

September 2016 v September 2015

Cash profit increased 9%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit increased 13%.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income increased \$55 million (+9%) driven by 7% growth in average gross loans and advances due to increases in non-housing portfolios. Net interest margin increased 12 bps driven by changes in product mix.
- Other operating income decreased \$3 million (-1%) with lower investment and insurance income in Asia Retail.

Operating expenses decreased \$21 million (-3%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses decreased 3% due to disciplined cost management and benefits from restructuring that resulted in a 17% decrease in FTE over the year.

Credit impairment charges increased \$76 million (+78%) due to increased Asia Retail individual impairment charges and a provision release of \$53 million in 2015 which was not repeated.

September 2016 v March 2016

Cash profit increased 67%. Excluding specified items¹, cash profit increased 52%.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income decreased \$4 million (-1%) driven by 4% decrease in average gross loans and advances due to reduction in housing portfolios. This was partially offset by an increase in net interest margin of 15 bps driven by changes in product mix.
- Other operating income decreased \$9 million (-4%), with lower credit card and personal loan fee income in Asia and lower trade and FX income in the Pacific.
- Operating expenses decreased \$51 million (-12%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses decreased 10% due to disciplined cost management and benefits from restructuring that resulted in a 13% decrease in FTE during the half.
- Credit impairment charges decreased \$8 million (-9%) driven by lower collective impairment charges in Asia Retail.

Specified items relevant to Asia Retail & Pacific are software capitalisation changes and restructuring.

Asia Retail & Pacific

David Hisco

		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	347	351	-1%	698	643	9%
Other operating income	234	243	-4%	477	480	-1%
Operating income	581	594	-2%	1,175	1,123	5%
Operating expenses	(381)	(432)	-12%	(813)	(834)	-3%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	200	162	23%	362	289	25%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(83)	(91)	-9%	(174)	(98)	78%
Profit before income tax	117	71	65%	188	191	-2%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(22)	(14)	57%	(36)	(52)	-31%
Cash profit/(loss)	95	57	67%	152	139	9%
Polance Charat						
Balance Sheet Net loans and advances	13,379	13,885	-4%	13,379	14,556	-8%
Customer deposits	22,814	23,534	-3%	22,814	24,355	-6%
Risk weighted assets	13,306	13,115	1%	13,306	13,345	0%
Now Weighted assets	10,000	10,110	170	10,000	10,040	070
Ratios						
Return on assets	0.83%	0.47%		0.65%	0.62%	
Net interest margin	3.16%	3.01%		3.09%	2.97%	
Operating expenses to operating income	65.6%	72.7%		69.2%	74.3%	
Operating expenses to average assets	3.32%	3.59%		3.46%	3.72%	
Individual credit impairment charge/(release)	82	81	1%	163	86	90%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	1.17%	1.11%		1.14%	0.64%	
Collective credit impairment charge/(release)	1	10	-90%	11	12	-8%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) as a % of average GLA	0.01%	0.14%		0.08%	0.09%	
Gross impaired assets	254	236	8%	254	227	12%
Gross impaired assets as a % of GLA	1.87%	1.67%		1.87%	1.54%	
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	2,925	3,368	-13%	2,925	3,518	-17%

Technology, Services & Operations and Group Centre

		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Operating income (minority investments in Asia)	262	73	large	335	615	-46%
Operating income (other)	54	86	-37%	140	(133)	large
Operating income	316	159	99%	475	482	-1%
Operating expenses	(410)	(854)	-52%	(1,264)	(597)	large
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	(94)	(695)	-86%	(789)	(115)	large
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(1)	-	n/a	(1)	(2)	-50%
Profit before income tax	(95)	(695)	-86%	(790)	(117)	large
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	103	200	-49%	303	132	large
Cash profit/(loss)	8	(495)	large	(487)	15	large
Risk weighted assets	9,023	6,264	44%	9,023	4,739	90%
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	24,506	25,529	-4%	24,506	26,364	-7%

Strategic Priorities

Create a simpler, better capitalised and better balanced bank:

 Deliver 'Enterprise Transformation' priorities – across payments, wholesale lending, consumer finance, home loans, contact centre, consumer digital, wholesale digital, Markets and data.

2016 Progress Highlights

- Delivered the new digital banking platform (MCP) as a major foundational component of our Digital strategy.
- First major Australian bank to launch Apple PayTM and Android PayTM.
- New ANZ website with redesigned Home Loan pages optimised for any device, improving customer experience.
- Over 1.3 million customers using goMoneyTM apps.
- 65% of new savings account customers are now verified digitally rather than having to be verified in branch.
 Enhanced GrowTM with Wealth products and Apple Touch Id and Watch
- Enhanced Grow[™] with Wealth products and Apple Touch Id and Watch support.
- Upgraded NZ core system to support intra-day payments.

Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers:

- Excellent operational and service execution through industrialised operations, digitised processes, supported by project and change delivery excellence.
- Provision of secure and resilient systems for all of our customers and staff.
- Increased adoption of Agile change delivery methodologies to improve quality and time to market:
- o Asia Internet Banking 10 countries in 16 weeks;
- o Apple Watch Idea to production in 10 weeks;
- o anz.com automated test coverage at 90%;
- o Bankers Desktop 190 cases in 4 hours (from 30 days).
- MIT Digital Executive Education roll-out to 100+ senior executives.
- Reduced the major incident rate for our systems by 24% year-on-year, driven by greater focus on addressing the root causes of incidents.

September 2016 v September 2015

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Operating income from minority investments in Asia decreased
 \$280 million (-46%) primarily due to the impairment of the investment in Ambank of \$260 million and lower equity accounted earnings from minority investments in Asia, driven primarily by the cessation of equity accounting for BoT.
 - Operating income (other) increased \$273 million primarily due to lower realised revenue hedge losses and a \$66 million gain from the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.
- Operating expenses increased by \$667 million. Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses decreased \$4 million (-1%) due to productivity initiatives that resulted in a 7% decrease in FTE during the year, partially offset by an increase in professional fees, depreciation and amortisation as well as licences and outsourced services costs.
- The decrease in FTE is primarily due to productivity initiatives in TSO and Finance, partially offset by the build out of the Compliance function.

September 2016 v March 2016

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Operating income from minority investments in Asia increased \$189 million primarily due to the impairment of the investment in Ambank of \$260 million in the first half of 2016, partially offset by lower equity accounted earnings from minority investments in Asia, driven primarily by the cessation of equity accounting for BoT.
- Operating income (other) decreased \$32 million (-37%) primarily driven by the \$66 million gain from the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment in the first half of 2016, partially offset by higher income generated from increased capital held in Group Centre.
- Operating expenses decreased \$444 million (-52%). Excluding specified items¹, operating expenses increased \$99 million (+42%) due to an increase in professional fees, depreciation and amortisation as well as licences and outsourced services costs, partially offset by productivity initiatives that resulted in a 4% decrease in FTE during the half.
- The decrease in FTE is primarily due to productivity initiatives in TSO and Finance, partially offset by the build out of the Compliance function.
- Specified items relevant to TSO and Group Centre are software capitalisation changes, Asian minority investment adjustment, restructuring and the Esanda Dealer Finance divestment.

CONTENTS

Profit Reconciliation

Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Explanation of adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Other reclassifications between statutory profit and cash profit

Reconciliation of statutory profit to cash profit

Non-IFRS information

The Group provides additional measures of performance in the Consolidated Financial Report & Dividend Announcement which are prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. The guidance provided in ASIC's RG230 has been followed when presenting this information.

Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Cash profit represents ANZ's preferred measure of the result of the ongoing business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and Divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit (refer to Definitions for further details). The adjustments made in arriving at cash profit are included in statutory profit which is subject to audit within the context of the Group statutory audit opinion. Cash profit is not audited by the external auditor, however, the external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis across each period presented.

	ŀ	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit						
Treasury shares adjustment	73	(29)	large	44	(16)	large
Revaluation of policy liabilities	(40)	(14)	large	(54)	(73)	-26%
Economic hedges	(26)	128	large	102	(179)	large
Revenue hedges	131	(39)	large	92	(3)	large
Structured credit intermediation trades	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	(6)	-33%
total adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	136	44	large	180	(277)	large
Cash Profit	3,107	2,782	12%	5,889	7,216	-18%

Explanation of adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit

Treasury shares adjustment

ANZ shares held by the Group in Wealth Australia are deemed to be Treasury shares for accounting purposes. Dividends and realised and unrealised gains and losses from these shares are reversed as these are not permitted to be recognised as income for statutory reporting purposes. In deriving cash profit, these earnings are included to ensure there is no asymmetrical impact on the Group's profits because the Treasury shares are held to support policy liabilities which are revalued through the Income Statement. Accordingly, the full year gain of \$44 million after tax (\$46 million pre-tax) reversed for statutory accounting purposes has been added back to cash profit.

Revaluation of policy liabilities

When calculating policy liabilities, the projected future cash flows on insurance contracts are discounted to reflect the present value of the obligation, with the impact of changes in the market discount rate each period being reflected in the income statement. ANZ includes the impact on the remeasurement of the insurance contract attributable to changes in market discount rates as an adjustment to statutory profit to remove the volatility attributable to changes in market interest rates which reverts to zero over the life of the insurance contract.

Economic hedging and revenue hedges

The Group enters into economic hedges to manage its interest rate and foreign exchange risk. The application of "AASB 139: Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement" results in fair value gains and losses being recognised within the income statement. ANZ removes the mark-tomarket adjustments from cash profit since the profit or loss resulting from the hedge transactions will reverse over time to match with the profit or loss from the economically hedged item as part of cash profit. This includes gains and losses arising from approved classes of derivatives not designated in accounting hedge relationships but which are considered to be economic hedges, including hedges of larger foreign exchange denominated revenue and expense streams, primarily NZD and USD (and USD correlated), as well as ineffectiveness from designated accounting hedges.

Economic hedging comprises:

- Economic hedges of select structured finance and specialised leasing transactions that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The main drivers of these fair value adjustments are movements in the Australian and New Zealand term structure of interest rates.
- Ineffectiveness from designated accounting hedge relationships.

New Zealand dollar fluctuations	ar and New Zealand dollar debt. As these swaps do not qualify for hedg me statement. The main drivers of these fair values are currency basis s against other major funding currencies.	e accounting,		n the fair
_	ictured finance and specialised leasing transactions that do not qualify fe e movements in the Australian and New Zealand term structure of intere	_	ounting. The m	nain drivers
	d accounting hedge relationships.			
, , , , ,	es in economic hedging related to funding related swaps, most notably in the hening in AUD against a number of major currencies, most notably the l			were
	ptember 2016 half were principally attributable to weakening of AUD aget from gains resulting from the recycling of prior period losses on USD p		•	
(\mathcal{O})	Half Ye	ar	Full Ye	ar
The street of the line of the street of the	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 16	Sep 15
Adjustments to the income statement Timing differences where IFRS results in as	symmetry between the hedge and hedged items	\$M	\$M	\$M
Economic hedging	(1)	181	180	(256)
Revenue hedges	148	(55)	93	(4)
Increase/(decrease) to cash profit before	tax 147	126	273	(260)
Increase/(decrease) to cash profit after to	ax 105	89	194	(182)
	-		As at	
		Can 46	May 16	Can 4E
Cumulative increase/(decrease) to cash	profit pre-tax	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Timing differences where IFRS results in as	profit pre-tax symmetry between the hedge and hedged items	\$М	\$M	\$M
Timing differences where IFRS results in as Economic hedging ¹	•	*\$M	\$M 443	\$M
Timing differences where IFRS results in as Economic hedging ¹ Revenue hedges	•	\$M 442 125	\$M 443 (23)	\$ M 294 32
Timing differences where IFRS results in as Economic hedging ¹	•	*\$M	\$M 443	\$M
Timing differences where IFRS results in as Economic hedging ¹ Revenue hedges	•	\$M 442 125 567	\$M 443 (23) 420	294 32 326

		As at	
Cumulative increase/(decrease) to cash profit pre-tax	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Timing differences where IFRS results in asymmetry between the hedge and hedged items			
Economic hedging ¹	442	443	294
Revenue hedges	125	(23)	32
Total	567	420	326

Structured credit intermediation trades

ANZ entered into a series of structured credit intermediation trades with US financial guarantors from 2004 to 2007. The underlying structures involved credit default swaps (CDSs) over synthetic collateralised debt obligations (CDOs), portfolios of external collateralised loan obligations (CLOs) or specific bonds/floating rate notes (FRNs). ANZ sold protection using CDSs over these structures and then to mitigate risk, purchased protection via CDSs over the same structures from eight US financial guarantors.

Being derivatives, both the sold protection and purchased protection are measured at fair value and marked-to-model. Prior to the commencement of the global financial crisis, movements in valuations of these positions were not significant and largely offset each other. Following the onset of the global financial crisis, the purchased protection has provided only a partial offset against movements in valuation of the sold protection because:

one of the counterparties to the purchased protection defaulted and many of the remaining counterparties were downgraded; and
 the derivative credit valuation adjustment applied to the counterparties to the purchased protection is impacted by changes relating to their credit worthiness.

ANZ is monitoring this portfolio with a view to reducing the exposures via termination and restructuring of both the purchased and sold protection if and when ANZ deems it cost effective relative to the perceived risk associated with a specific trade or counterparty. As at 30 September 2016, ANZ's remaining exposure is against two financial guarantors. The bought and sold notional protection are offsetting, with the notional amount on the outstanding bought CDSs acquired to offset the outstanding sold CDSs at 30 September 2016 both amounting to \$0.7 billion (Mar 16: \$0.7 billion; Sep 15: \$0.7 billion). The profit and loss impact of credit risk on the bought CDSs is driven by market movements in credit spreads and AUD/USD and NZD/USD rates.

The (gain)/loss on structured credit intermediation trades is included as an adjustment to cash profit as it relates to a legacy business where, unless terminated early, the fair value movements are expected to reverse to zero in future periods.

	H	Half Year		F	ull Year	
Increase/(decrease) to cash profit	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Profit before income tax	(3)	(3)	0%	(6)	(8)	-25%
Income tax expense	1	1	0%	2	2	0%
Profit after income tax	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	(6)	-33%

Income tax expense	1	1	0%	2	2	0%
Profit after income tax	(2)	(2)	0%	(4	4) (6)	-33%
			As at		Moven	nent
Financial impacts of credit intermediation trades Mark-to-market exposure to financial guarantors (excluding CVA)		Sep 16 \$M 67	Mar 16 \$M 63	Sep 15 \$M 69	Sep 16 v. Mar 16 6%	Sep 16 v. Sep 15 -3%
Cumulative costs relating to financial guarantors ¹						
CVA for outstanding transactions	_	11	14	17	-21%	-35%
Realised close out and hedge costs	_	372	372	372	0%	0%
Cumulative life to date charges		383	386	389	-1%	-2%

The cumulative costs in managing the positions include realised losses relating to restructuring of trades in order to reduce risks and realised losses on termination of sold protection trades. It also includes foreign exchange hedging losses.

Other reclassifications between statutory profit and cash profit

Credit risk on impaired derivatives (nil profit after tax impact)

The charge to income for derivative credit valuation adjustments of \$27 million on defaulted and impaired derivative exposures has been reclassified to cash credit impairment charges in the September 2016 full year (Mar 16 half: \$14 million charge; Sep 15 full year: \$26 million charge). The reclassification has been made to reflect the manner in which the defaulted and impaired derivatives are managed.

Policyholders tax gross up (nil profit after tax impact)

For statutory reporting purposes, policyholders income tax and other related taxes paid on behalf of policyholders are included in both net funds management and insurance income and the Group's income tax expense. The gross up of \$217 million for the September 2016 full year (Mar 16 half: \$32 million gross up; Sep 15 full year: \$186 million gross up) has been excluded from the cash results as it does not reflect the underlying performance of the business which is assessed on a net of policyholders tax basis.

	Statutory			٧	Adjustments to statutory profit	utory profit				Cash
	profit						Structured			profit
		Treasury shares adjustment	Policyholders tax gross up	Revaluation of policy liabilities	Economic hedging	Revenue hedges	credit intermediation trades	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profit	
	W\$	\$	W\$	\$	\$	\$W	\$W	\$	\$	\$
September 2016 Full Year										
Net interest income	15,095	1	1	1	•	ı		ı	1	15,095
Net fee and commission income	2,528	1	1	,	1	1	1	ı	•	2,528
Net foreign exchange earnings	939	•	1	•	(9)	93		1	87	1,026
Profit on trading instruments	(101)	•	•	1	30	ı	(9)	27	51	(20)
Net funds management and insurance income	1,764	46	(217)	(75)	ı	ı	ı	ı	(246)	1,518
Other	304	•	•	•	156	1	•	•	156	460
Other operating income	5,434	46	(217)	(75)	180	93	(9)	27	48	5,482
Operating income	20,529	46	(217)	(75)	180	93	(9)	27	48	20,577
Operating expenses	(10,422)	•	1	•		1		1	•	(10,422)
Profit before credit impairment and tax	10,107	46	(217)	(75)	180	93	(9)	27	48	10,155
Credit impairment charge	(1,929)	-	-	1	1	Ī	1	(27)	(27)	(1,956)
Profit before income tax	8,178	46	(217)	(75)	180	93	(9)	•	21	8,199
Income tax expense	(2,458)	(2)	217	21	(78)	(1)	2	•	159	(2,299)
Non-controlling interests	(11)	1	1	1	1	1	•	•	,	(11)
Profit	5,709	44	•	(54)	102	92	(4)	•	180	5,889
September 2015 Full Year										
Net interest income	14,616	•		1		1		1	•	14,616
Net fee and commission income	2,631	•	1	1	1	1	1	1	,	2,631
Net foreign exchange earnings	1,005	•	1	•	က	(4)	1	1	(1)	1,004
Profit on trading instruments	(120)	•	•	•	(6)	1	(8)	26	o	(111)
Net funds management and insurance income	1,815	(21)	(186)	(104)	1	1	1	1	(311)	1,504
Other	1,143	-	-	1	(250)	1	1	1	(250)	893
Other operating income	6,474	(21)	(186)	(104)	(256)	(4)	(8)	26	(223)	5,921
Operating income	21,090	(21)	(186)	(104)	(256)	(4)	(8)	26	(223)	20,537
Operating expenses	(9,378)	-	-	1	1	Ī	1	1	•	(9,378)
Profit before credit impairment and tax	11,712	(21)	(186)	(104)	(256)	(4)	(8)	26	(223)	11,159
Credit impairment charge	(1,179)	-	-	1	1	Ī	1	(26)	(26)	(1,205)
Profit before income tax	10,533	(21)	(186)	(104)	(256)	(4)	(8)	1	(579)	9,954
Income tax expense	(3,026)	2	186	31	77	_	2	ı	302	(2,724)
Non-controlling interests	(14)	-	-	-	1	1	1	1		(14)
Profit	7,493	(16)	1	(73)	(179)	(3)	(9)	1	(277)	7,216

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	Statutory				Adjustments to statutory profit	tutory profit				Cash
	profit	Treasury shares adjustment	Policyholders tax gross up	Revaluation of policy liabilities	Economic hedging	Revenue hedges	Structured credit intermediation trades	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profit	profit
	\$W	\$M	**************************************	\$ W	\$	₩\$	₩\$	\$W	W\$	\$ W
September 2016 Half Year										
Net interest income	7,527	1				1			'	7,527
Net fee and commission income	1,260		•	•	1	1	1	1	•	1,260
Net foreign exchange earnings	337	•	1	1	(1)	148	1	ı	147	484
Profit on trading instruments	(15)	1	1	ı	(20)	•	(3)	13	(10)	(25)
Net funds management and insurance income	206	80	(185)	(55)	ı	•	1	ı	(160)	747
Other	248	•	1	1	20	•	•	ı	20	268
Other operating income	2,737	80	(185)	(55)	(1)	148	(3)	13	(3)	2,734
Operating income	10,264	80	(185)	(55)	(1)	148	(3)	13	(3)	10,261
Operating expenses	(4,943)	•	1	1	ı	•	1	ı	,	(4,943)
Profit before credit impairment and tax	5,321	80	(185)	(52)	(1)	148	(3)	13	(3)	5,318
Credit impairment charge	(1,025)	1	1	1	1	1	1	(13)	(13)	(1,038)
Profit before income tax	4,296	80	(185)	(22)	(1)	148	(3)		(16)	4,280
Income tax expense	(1,318)	(7)	185	15	(25)	(17)	-	•	152	(1,166)
Non-controlling interests	(7)	1	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	'	(7)
Profit	2,971	73		(40)	(26)	131	(2)		136	3,107
March 2016 Half Year										
Net interest income	7,568	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	•	7,568
Net fee and commission income	1,268	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	1,268
Net foreign exchange earnings	602	•	•	•	(5)	(22)	•	•	(09)	542
Profit on trading instruments	(86)	1	1	1	90	1	(3)	41	61	(25)
Net funds management and insurance income	857	(34)	(32)	(20)	1	•	•	•	(98)	771
Other	99	-	•	•	136	-	•	•	136	192
Other operating income	2,697	(34)	(32)	(20)	181	(22)	(3)	14	51	2,748
Operating income	10,265	(34)	(32)	(20)	181	(22)	(3)	14	51	10,316
Operating expenses	(5,479)	-	1	1	1	-	•	1	•	(5,479)
Profit before credit impairment and tax	4,786	(34)	(32)	(20)	181	(22)	(3)	14	51	4,837
Credit impairment charge	(904)	-	•	•	1	-	•	(14)	(14)	(918)
Profit before income tax	3,882	(34)	(32)	(20)	181	(22)	(3)	•	37	3,919
Income tax expense	(1,140)	2	32	9	(53)	16	-	•	7	(1,133)
Non-controlling interests	(4)	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	(4)
Profit	2,738	(29)	•	(14)	128	(38)	(2)	•	44	2,782

CONTENTS	PAGE
Condensed Consolidated Income Statement	90
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	91
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	92
Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	93
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	94
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	95

	_	Half Year			Full Year			
	Note	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Interest income		14,861	15,090	-2%	29,951	30,526	-2%	
Interest expense Net interest income	2	(7,334)	(7,522) 7,568	-2% -1%	(14,856) 15,095	(15,910) 14,616	-7% 3%	
Other operating income	2	7,527 1,590	1,539	3%	3,129	4,034	-22%	
Net funds management and insurance income	2	907	857	6%	1,764	1,815	-3%	
Share of associates' profit	2,13	240	301	-20%	541	625	-13%	
Operating income	2,10	10,264	10,265	0%	20,529	21,090	-3%	
Operating expenses	3	(4,943)	(5,479)	-10%	(10,422)	(9,378)	11%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax		5,321	4,786	11%	10,107	11,712	-14%	
Credit impairment charge	9	(1,025)	(904)	13%	(1,929)	(1,179)	64%	
Profit before income tax		4,296	3,882	11%	8,178	10,533	-22%	
Income tax expense	4	(1,318)	(1,140)	16%	(2,458)	(3,026)	-19%	
Profit for the period		2,978	2,742	9%	5,720	7,507	-24%	
Comprising:		,	,		-, -	,		
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		7	4	75%	11	14	-21%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	
Earnings per ordinary share (cents)								
Basic	6	102.6	94.8	8%	197.4	271.5	-27%	
Diluted	6	98.3	89.7	10%	189.3	257.2	-26%	
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	5	80	80	0%	160	181	-12%	

		Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt		
Profit for the period	5,720	7,507	-24%		
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans ¹	(72)	(6)	large		
Fair value gain/(loss) attributable to changes in own credit risk of financial liabilities designated at fair					
value	(10)	52	large		
ncome tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	11	4	large		
Fair value gain/(loss) attributable to changes in own credit risk of financial liabilities designated at fair	3	(15)	large		
value		,	Ü		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Foreign currency translation reserve					
Exchange differences taken to equity ²	(456)	1,736	large		
Exchange differences transferred to income statement	(126)	(4)	large		
Available-for-sale revaluation reserve	(123)	(.)	9		
Valuation gain/(loss) taken to equity	42	(40)	large		
Transferred to income statement	(48)	(71)	-32%		
Cash flow hedge reserve	,	,			
Valuation gain/(loss) taken to equity	64	160	-60%		
Transferred to income statement	17	(15)	large		
Income tax on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Available-for-sale assets revaluation reserve	7	36	-81%		
Cash flow hedge reserve	(21)	(45)	-53%		
Share of associates' other comprehensive income ³	4	59	-93%		
Other comprehensive income net of tax	(585)	1,851	large		
Total comprehensive income for the period	5,135	9,358	-45%		
Comprising total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Non-controlling interests	4	30	-87%		
Shareholders of the Company	5,131	9,328	-45%		

Includes a foreign exchange loss for GBP denominated defined benefit plans of \$15 million (Sep 15 full year: nil).

The notes appearing on pages 95 to 108 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Includes foreign currency translation differences attributable to non-controlling interests of \$7 million loss (Sep 15 full year: \$16 million gain).

^{3.} Share of associates' other comprehensive income includes the following items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: an Available-for-sale revaluation reserve gain of \$10 million (Sep 15 full year: \$53 million gain) and a Foreign currency translation reserve of nil (Sep 15 full year: \$8 million gain), as well as items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss comprised of the remeasurement gain or loss on defined benefit plans of \$6 million loss (Sep 15 full year: \$2 million loss).

		As at			Movem	Movement		
Assets	Note	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15		
Cash	Note	48,675	49,144	53,903	-1%	-10%		
Settlement balances owed to ANZ		21,951	26,048	18,596	-16%	18%		
Collateral paid		12,723	12,783	9,967	0%	28%		
Trading securities		47,188	50,073	49,000	-6%	-4%		
Derivative financial instruments		87,496	88,747	85,625	-1%	2%		
Available-for-sale assets		63,113	50,377	43,667	25%	45%		
Net loans and advances	8	575,852	561,768	562,173	3%	2%		
Regulatory deposits		2,296	2,135	1,773	8%	29%		
Investment in associates		4,272	4,213	5,440	1%	-21%		
Current tax assets		126	289	90	-56%	40%		
Deferred tax assets		623	578	402	8%	55%		
Goodwill and other intangible assets		7,672	7,585	8,312	1%	-8%		
Investments backing policy liabilities		35,656	34,541	34,820	3%	2%		
Premises and equipment		2,205	2,188	2,221	1%	-1%		
Other assets		5,021	4,809	5,846	4%	-14%		
Esanda dealer finance assets held for sale	8	-	-	8,065	n/a	-100%		
Total assets		914,869	895,278	889,900	2%	3%		
Liabilities								
Settlement balances owed by ANZ		10,625	13,626	11,250	-22%	-6%		
Collateral received		6,386	6,615	7,829	-3%	-18%		
Deposits and other borrowings	10	588,195	578,071	570,794	2%	3%		
Derivative financial instruments		88,725	91,706	81,270	-3%	9%		
Current tax liabilities		188	129	267	46%	-30%		
Deferred tax liabilities		227	286	249	-21%	-9%		
Policy liabilities		36,145	35,159	35,401	3%	2%		
External unit holder liabilities (life insurance funds)		3,333	3,265	3,291	2%	1%		
Provisions		1,209	1,202	1,074	1%	13%		
Payables and other liabilities		8,865	9,251	10,366	-4%	-14%		
Debt issuances		91,080	81,947	93,747	11%	-3%		
Subordinated debt		21,964	17,557	17,009	25%	29%		
Total liabilities		856,942	838,814	832,547	2%	3%		
Net assets		57,927	56,464	57,353	3%	1%		
Shareholders' equity								
Ordinary share capital		28,765	28,625	28,367	0%	1%		
Reserves		1,078	377	1,571	large	-31%		
Retained earnings		27,975	27,361	27,309	2%	2%		
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	11	57,818	56,363	57,247	3%	1%		
Non-controlling interests		109	101	106	8%	3%		
Total shareholders' equity	11	57,927	56,464	57,353	3%	1%		

The notes appearing on pages 95 to 108 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

	Full	Year
	Inflows	Inflows
	(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Note	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Cash flows from operating activities	ψίνι	ψίνι
Interest received	29,992	30,667
Interest paid	(15,038)	(15,458)
Dividends received	120	231
Other operating income received	1,770	18,237
Other operating expenses paid	(8,725)	(8,592)
Income taxes paid Net cash flows from funds management and insurance business	(2,840)	(3,082)
Premiums, other income and life investment deposits received	6,795	7,681
Investment income and policy deposits received	135	286
Claims and policy liability payments	(5,604)	(5,955)
Commission expense paid	(545)	(648)
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	6,060	23,367
Changes in operating assets and liabilities arising from cash flow movements		
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets		
Collateral paid	(3,183)	(3,585)
Trading securities	332	2,870
Net loans and advances	(14,797)	(32,280)
Net cash flows from investments backing policy liabilities		
Purchase of insurance assets	(16,614)	(7,065)
Proceeds from sale/maturity of insurance assets	17,461	7,239
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities	00.400	00.050
Deposits and other borrowings	23,128	30,050
Settlement balances owed by ANZ Collateral received	(589) (1,027)	781 1,073
Payables and other liabilities	(1,027)	(974)
Change in operating assets and liabilities arising from cash flow movements	4,781	(1,891)
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,841	21,476
Cash flows from investing activities	.,.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Available-for-sale assets		
Purchases	(44,182)	(24,236)
Proceeds from sale or maturity	23,745	15,705
Controlled entities and associates		,
Proceeds on sale of businesses	-	4
Premises and equipment		
Purchases	(337)	(321)
Proceeds from sale	17	-
Esanda Dealer Finance divestment	6,682	- (000)
Other assets	(335)	(928)
Net cash (used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	(14,410)	(9,776)
Debt issuances		
Issue proceeds	29,204	16,637
Redemptions	(27,959)	(15,966)
Subordinated debt		
Issue proceeds	6,177	2,683
Redemptions	(900)	-
Dividends paid	(4,564)	(3,763)
Share capital issues	-	3,207
Preference shares bought back Not each (used in) / provided by financing activities	4.050	(755)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,958 (1,611)	2,043
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	69,278	48,229
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,447)	7,306
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 7	66,220	69,278
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The notes appearing on pages 95 to 108 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

	Ordinary share capital \$M	Preference shares \$M	Reserves ¹ \$M	Retained earnings \$M	Shareholders' equity attributable to Equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interests \$M	Total Shareholders' equity \$M
As at 1 October 2014	24,031	871	(239)	24,544	49,207	77	49,284
Profit or loss	_	_		7,493	7,493	14	7,507
Other comprehensive income for the per	iod -	-	1,802	33	1,835	16	1,851
Total comprehensive income for the peri	od -	-	1,802	7,526	9,328	30	9,358
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					,		ŕ
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(4,907)	(4,907)	(1)	(4,908)
Dividend income on treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	-	-	-	22	22	-	22
Dividend reinvestment plan	1,122	-	-	-	1,122	-	1,122
Preference share bought back	-	(871)	-	-	(871)	-	(871)
Other equity movements:							
Share based payments/(exercises)	-	-	16	-	16	-	16
Share Placement and Purchase Plan	3,206	-	-	-	3,206	-	3,206
Group share option scheme	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
Treasury shares Wealth Australia adjustr	ment 5	-	-	-	5	-	5
Group employee share acquisition schen	ne 1	-	-	-	1	-	1
Transfer of options/rights lapsed	-	-	(8)	8	-	-	-
Foreign exchange gains on preference s brought back	hares -	-	-	116	116	-	116
As at 30 September 2015	28,367	-	1,571	27,309	57,247	106	57,353
Profit or loss	-	-	-	5,709	5,709	11	5,720
Other comprehensive income for the per	iod -	_	(504)	(74)	(578)	(7)	(585)
Total comprehensive income for the peri	od -	-	(504)	5,635	5,131	4	5,135
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(5,001)	(5,001)	(1)	(5,002)
Dividend income on treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	-	-	-	24	24	-	24
Dividend reinvestment plan	413	-	-	-	413	-	413
Preference share bought back	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other equity movements:							
Share based payments/(exercises)	-	-	19	-	19	-	19
Share Placement and Purchase Plan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Group share option scheme	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treasury shares Wealth Australia adjustr	ment (153)	_	-	_	(153)	-	(153)
Group employee share acquisition schen	, ,	_	-	-	138	-	138
Transfer of options/rights lapsed	-	-	(8)	8	-	-	-
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Further information on reserves is disclosed on page 106.

The notes appearing on pages 95 to 108 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. Basis of preparation

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements of Australian Accounting Standards ("AASs");
- should be read in conjunction with ANZ's Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 and any public announcements made
 by the Parent Entity and its controlled entities (the Group) for the year ended 30 September 2016 in accordance with the continuous disclosure
 obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules;
- do not include all notes of the type normally included in ANZ's Annual Financial Statements;
- are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated; and
- were approved by the Board of Directors on 2 November 2016.

Accounting policies

Except as outlined below, these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and using methods of computation consistent with those applied in the 2016 ANZ Annual Financial Statements.

Software

In the year, the Group made a number of changes to the way in which it applies its accounting policy relating to the capitalisation of internally generated software assets by increasing the threshold for capitalisation of software development spend, reflecting the increasingly shorter useful life of smaller items of software, and direct expensing of more project related costs. The impact of the change was an accelerated amortisation charge of \$556 million relating to previously capitalised software balances (of this, \$183 million would otherwise have been amortised during the September 2016 full year) and higher operating expenses during the period of \$370 million relating to development costs that would otherwise have been capitalised. These costs would otherwise have been amortised to the Income Statement in future periods of up to 5 years.

Derivative CVA methodology change

In determining the fair value of a derivative, the Group recognises a derivative credit valuation adjustment (CVA) to reflect the probability that a counterparty may default at some point over the life of the transaction. It is calculated by applying a probability of default (PD) on the potential estimated future positive exposure of the counterparty after taking into account the impact of collateral arrangements. At 30 September 2016, the Group revised its methodology for estimating CVA to align with industry best practice. The revised methodology makes greater use of market information for determining the PD and enhanced exposure modelling. At 30 September 2016 the effect of the changes in fair value as a result of the revisions to the methodology was to increase the CVA applicable to derivative positions by \$237 million with a corresponding charge recognised in other operating income. It is impracticable to estimate the effect of the changes in fair value estimate on future periods.

ii) Basis of measurement

The financial information has been prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value:

derivative financial instruments as well as, in the case of fair value hedging, the fair value adjustment on the underlying hedged exposure;

available-for-sale financial assets;

financial instruments held for trading; and

assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss.

In accordance with AASB 1038 Life Insurance Contracts, life insurance liabilities are measured using the Margin on Services model.

In accordance with AASB 119 Employee Benefits, defined benefit obligations are measured using the Projected Unit Credit method.

iii) Use of estimates, assumptions and judgments

The preparation of these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements requires the use of management judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and the application of accounting policies. Discussion of the critical accounting estimates and judgements, which include complex or subjective decisions or assessments are covered in Note 2 of the 2016 Annual Financial Statements. Such estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

At 31 March 2016 and 30 September 2016, the impairment assessment of non-lending assets identified that two of the Group's associate investments (AMMB Holdings Berhad (Ambank) and PT Bank Pan Indonesia (PT Panin)) had indicators of impairment; specifically their market value (based on share price) was below their carrying value. The Group performed value in use (VIU) calculations to assess if the carrying value of the investments were impaired.

At 31 March 2016, the VIU calculations continue to support the carrying value of the investment in PT Panin, however the VIU did not support the carrying value of the Group's investment in Ambank. As a consequence, the Group recorded an impairment charge of \$260 million in the March half. The associate investment in Ambank forms part of the TSO and Group Centre operating segment. At 30 September 2016, the VIU calculations continue to support the carrying values of both investments and no impairment was recognised in the September half.

The VIU calculation is sensitive to a number of key assumptions, including discount rate, long term growth rates, future profitability and capital levels. The key assumptions used in the value in use calculations are outlined below:

	As at 30 Se	p 16
	Ambank	PT Panin
Pre-tax discount rate	10.1%	12.8%
Terminal growth rate	5.0%	6.0%
Expected NPAT growth (compound annual growth rate – 5 years)	4.0%	8.5%
Core equity tier 1 rate	10% to 12.1%	11.3%

iv) Rounding of amounts

The amounts contained in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded to the nearest million dollars, except where otherwise indicated, as permitted by Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations Instrument 2016/191.

v) Comparatives

Certain amounts in the comparative information have been reclassified to conform to current period financial statement presentation.

2. Income

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Interest income	14,861	15,090	-2%	29,951	30,526	-2%	
Interest expense	(7,334)	(7,522)	-2%	(14,856)	(15,910)	-7%	
Net interest income	7,527	7,568	-1%	15,095	14,616	3%	
i) Fee and commission income							
Lending fees ¹	388	391	-1%	779	833	-6%	
Non-lending fees and commissions ^{2,3}	1,460	1,451	1%	2,911	2,885	1%	
Total fee and commission income ^{2,3}	1,848	1,842	0%	3,690	3,718	-1%	
Fee and commission expense ^{2,4}	(588)	(574)	2%	(1,162)	(1,087)	7%	
Net fee and commission income ^{2,3}	1,260	1,268	-1%	2,528	2,631	-4%	
ii) Net funds management and insurance income							
Funds management income ³	486	446	9%	932	942	-1%	
Investment income	1,880	470	large	2,350	1,848	27%	
Insurance premium income ³	782	780	0%	1,562	1,633	-4%	
Commission (expense)	(265)	(192)	38%	(457)	(452)	1%	
Claims ³	(376)	(358)	5%	(734)	(743)	-1%	
Changes in policy liabilities ⁵	(1,520)	(323)	large	(1,843)	(1,434)	29%	
Elimination of treasury share (gain)/loss	(80)	34	large	(46)	21	large	
Total net funds management and insurance income ³	907	857	6%	1,764	1,815	-3%	
iii) Share of associates' profit	240	301	-20%	541	625	-13%	
iv) Other income							
Net foreign exchange earnings ³	574	602	-5%	1,176	1,005	17%	
Net (loss) from trading securities and derivatives ³	(16)	(85)	-81%	(101)	(125)	-19%	
Credit risk on credit intermediation trades	3	3	0%	6	8	-25%	
Movement on other financial instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss ⁶	(59)	(155)	-62%	(214)	241	large	
Brokerage income	25	25	0%	50	58	-14%	
Impairment of Ambank	-	(260)	-100%	(260)	-	n/a	
Gain on cessation of equity accounting of investment in Bank of Tianjin (BoT)	-	29	-100%	29	-	n/a	
Gain on Esanda Dealer Finance divestment	-	66	-100%	66	-	n/a	
Derivative CVA methodology change ⁷	(237)	-	n/a	(237)	-	n/a	
Other ^{2,3}	40	46	-13%	86	216	-60%	
Total other income ^{2,3}	330	271	22%	601	1,403	-57%	
Total other operating income ^{2,3,8} Total income ^{2,3}	2,737	2,697	1%	5,434	6,474	-16%	
	17,598	17,787	-1%	35,385	37,000	-4%	

Lending fees exclude fees treated as part of the effective yield calculation in interest income.

Certain card related fees integral to the generation of income have been reclassified within operating income and operating expenses to better reflect the nature of the items. Comparatives have been restated.

Income from certain insurance and other wealth related products have been reclassified within operating income to better reflect the nature of the items. Comparatives have been restated

Includes interchange fees paid.

Includes policyholders tax gross up, which represents contribution tax (recovered at 15% on the super contributions made by members) debited to the policyholder's account once a year in July when the statement is issued to the members at the end of the 30 June financial year.

Includes fair value movements (excluding realised and accrued interest) on derivatives not designated as accounting hedges entered into to manage interest rate and foreign exchange risk on funding instruments, ineffective portions of cash flow hedges, and fair value movements in financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss. Represents a \$237 million charge due to the derivative CVA methodology change applied to the Group's derivatives portfolio.

Total other operating income includes external dividend income of \$27.3 million (Mar 16 half: nil; Sep 15 full year: \$0.8 million).

3. Operating expenses

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Personnel							
Salaries and related costs ¹	2,412	2,467	-2%	4,879	4,749	3%	
Superannuation costs - defined benefit plans	4	-	n/a	4	7	-43%	
Superannuation costs - defined contribution plans	164	169	-3%	333	324	3%	
Equity-settled share-based payments	90	92	-2%	182	216	-16%	
Other	70	73	-4%	143	183	-22%	
Total personnel expenses	2,740	2,801	-2%	5,541	5,479	1%	
Premises							
Depreciation of buildings and integrals	97	97	0%	194	192	1%	
Rent	240	245	-2%	485	479	1%	
Utilities and other outgoings	86	84	2%	170	180	-6%	
Other	47	32	47%	79	71	11%	
Total premises expenses	470	458	3%	928	922	1%	
Technology							
Data communications	53	68	-22%	121	115	5%	
Depreciation and amortisation ¹	328	870	-62%	1,198	675	77%	
Licences and outsourced services	322	275	17%	597	447	34%	
Rentals and repairs	79	89	-11%	168	158	6%	
Software impairment	25	2		27	17	59%	
Other	19	20	large -5%	39	50	-22%	
Total technology expenses	826	1,324	-38%	2,150	1,462	47%	
Restructuring	140	138	1%	278	31	large	
Other							
Advertising and public relations ²	129	132	-2%	261	325	-20%	
Audit and other fees	12	10	20%	22	21	5%	
Non-lending losses, frauds and forgeries	50	62	-19%	112	66	70%	
Professional fees	227	186	22%	413	324	27%	
Travel and entertainment expenses	72	86	-16%	158	205	-23%	
Amortisation and impairment of other intangible assets	40	43	-7%	83	88	-6%	
Freight, stationery, postage and telephone	142	135	5%	277	263	5%	
Other ^{1, 2}	95	104	-9%	199	192	4%	
Total other expenses	767	758	1%	1,525	1,484	3%	
	4,943	5,479	-10%	10,422	9,378	11%	
Total operating expenses	4,943	5,479	-10%	10,422	স, ১/১	11%	

The \$743 million charge associated with the software capitalisation changes (March 2016 half: \$629 million) included in the September 2016 full year comprises \$213 million of personnel expenses (March 2016 half: \$98 million), \$492 million of technology expenses (March 2016 half: \$513 million), and \$38 million of other expenses (March 2016 half: \$18 million). Refer to page 34 for further details.

Certain cards related fees that are integral to the generation of income have been reclassified from operating expenses to other operating income to better reflect the nature of the items. Comparatives have been restated and \$19 million of card related fees have been reclassified from other operating income to operating expenses.

4. Income tax expense

Reconciliation of the prima facie income tax expense on pre-tax profit with the income tax expense charged in the Income Statement

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Profit before income tax	4,296	3,882	11%	8,178	10,533	-22%	
Prima facie income tax expense at 30%	1,288	1,165	11%	2,453	3,160	-22%	
Tax effect of permanent differences:							
Overseas tax rate differential	(20)	(25)	-20%	(45)	(95)	-53%	
Share of associates' profit	(72)	(90)	-20%	(162)	(187)	-13%	
Offshore Banking Units	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%	
Wealth Australia - policyholders income and contributions tax	129	23	large	152	130	17%	
Wealth Australia - tax consolidation benefit	-	-	n/a	-	(56)	-100%	
Wrtite down of investment in Ambank	-	78	-100%	78	-	n/a	
Gain on cessation of equity accounting for BoT	-	(9)	-100%	(9)	-	n/a	
Tax provisions no longer required	(43)	(28)	54%	(71)	(17)	large	
Interest on Convertible Instruments	35	35	0%	70	72	-3%	
Other	14	1	large	15	20	-25%	
)	1,331	1,150	16%	2,481	3,026	-18%	
Income tax over provided in previous years	(13)	(10)	30%	(23)	-	n/a	
Total income tax expense charged in the income statement	1,318	1,140	16%	2,458	3,026	-19%	
- Australia	953	799	19%	1,752	2,144	-18%	
Overseas	365	341	7%	706	882	-20%	
	1,318	1,140	16%	2,458	3,026	-19%	
Effective Tax Rate - Group	30.7%	29.4%		30.1%	28.7%		

5. Dividends

	Half Year			Full Year			
Dividend per ordinary share (cents) Interim (fully franked)	Sep 16	Mar 16 80	Movt n/a	Sep 16 80	Sep 15 86	Movt -7%	
Final (fully franked)	80	-	n/a	80	95	-16%	
Total	80	80	0%	160	181	-12%	
Ordinary share dividend (\$M) ¹ Interim dividend Final dividend Bonus option plan adjustment	2,334 - (44)	- 2,758 (47)	n/a n/a -6%	2,334 2,758 (91)	2,379 2,619 (92)	-2% 5% -1%	
Total ²	2,290	2,711	-16%	5,001	4,906	2%	
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (%) ³	78.8%	85.2%		81.9%	68.6%		

Dividends paid to ordinary equity holders of the Company. Excludes dividends paid by subsidiaries of the Group to non-controlling equity holders for the September 2016 half of nil (Mar 16 half: \$1.4 million; Sep 15 full year: \$1 million).

Ordinary Shares

The Directors propose that a final dividend of 80 cents be paid on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share on 16 December 2016. The proposed 2016 final dividend will be fully franked for Australian tax purposes, and New Zealand imputation credits of NZ 9 cents per ordinary share will also be attached.

ANZ has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the proposed 2016 final dividend. For the 2016 final dividend, ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The "Acquisition Price" to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated by reference to the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average sale price of all fully paid ANZ ordinary shares sold in the ordinary course of trading on the ASX during the ten trading days commencing on 18 November 2016, and then rounded to the nearest whole cent. Shares provided under the DRP and BOP will rank equally in all respects with existing fully paid ANZ ordinary shares. Election notices from shareholders wanting to commence, cease or vary their participation in the DRP or BOP for the 2016 final dividend must be received by ANZ's Share Registrar by 5.00pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 16 November 2016.

Subject to receiving effective contrary instructions from the shareholder, dividends payable to shareholders with a registered address in the United Ringdom (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) or New Zealand will be converted to Pounds Sterling or New Zealand Dollars respectively at an exchange rate calculated on 18 November 2016.

Preference Shares

The Euro Trust Securities were bought back by ANZ for cash at face value and cancelled on 15 December 2014. During the period from 1 October 2014 to 15 December 2014, \$1 million of preference share dividends were paid to security holders (€1.88 per preference share).

Dividends payable are not accrued and are recorded when paid.

Dividend payout ratio is calculated using proposed 2016 final dividend of \$2,342 million (not shown in the above table). The proposed 2016 final dividend of \$2,342 million is based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2016 half and September 2015 full year are calculated using actual dividends paid of \$2,334 million and \$5,137 million respectively. Dividend payout ratio is calculated by adjusting profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the amount of preference share dividends paid.

Earnings per share

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep 16	Sep 15	Movt	
Number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue (M) ¹	2,927.5	2,917.6	0%	2,927.5	2,902.7	1%	
Basic Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (\$M)	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	
Less Preference share dividends (\$M)	2,371	2,700	n/a	5,705	1,400	-100%	
Profit less preference share dividends (\$M)	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,492	-24%	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (M) ²	2,894.7	2,889.3	0%	2,891.7	2,759.0	5%	
Basic earnings per share (cents) ³	102.6	94.8	8%	197.4	271.5	-27%	
Sasic earnings per snare (cents)	102.0	34.0	0 70	191.4	211.5	-21 /0	
)]							
Diluted Profit less preference share dividends (\$M)	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,492	-24%	
Interest on ANZ Convertible Preference Shares (\$M) ⁴	62	62	0%	124	128	-3%	
Interest on ANZ Capital Notes (\$M) ⁵	76	73	4%	149	134	11%	
Interest on ANZ NZ Capital Notes (\$M) ⁶	12	12	0%	24	12	100%	
Therest on ANZ NZ Capital Notes (\$101)	12	12	0 70	24	12	100 /6	
Profit less preference share dividends and interest on ANZ Convertible Preference Shares, ANZ Capital Notes and ANZ NZ Capital Notes (\$M)	3,121	2,885	8%	6,006	7,766	-23%	
Weighted average number of shares on issue (M) ²	2,894.7	2,889.3	0%	2,891.7	2,759.0	5%	
Weighted average number of convertible options (M)	6.7	6.9	-3%	6.8	6.2	10%	
Weighted average number of ANZ Convertible Preference Shares (M) ⁴	120.3	142.5	-16%	120.6	123.4	-2%	
Weighted average number of convertible ANZ Capital Notes (M) ⁵	136.6	159.3	-14%	135.9	122.7	11%	
Weighted average number of convertible ANZ NZ Capital Notes (M) ⁶	17.4	19.4	-10%	17.4	8.5	large	
Adjusted weighted average number of shares - diluted (M)	3,175.7	3,217.4	-1%	3,172.4	3,019.8	5%	
	98.3						

There are four "tranches" of ANZ Capital Notes. The first are ANZ Capital Notes 1 (CN1) issued on 7 August 2013 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares on 1 September 2023 at the rities are four trainings of ANZ capital Notes. The first are ANZ capital Notes 1 (CN1) issued on 7 August 2013 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares on 1 September 2023 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions). The second are ANZ Capital Notes 2 (CN2) issued on 31 March 2014 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares son 24 March 2024 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions). The third are ANZ Capital Notes 3 (CN3) issued on 5 March 2015 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares on 24 March 2025 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions). The fourth are ANZ Capital Notes 4 (CN4) issued on 27 September 2016 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares on 20 March 2026 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions).

ANZ Bank New Zealand Limited issued ANZ NZ Capital Notes on 31 March 2015 which convert to ANZ ordinary shares on 25 May 2022 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions)

Note to the Cash Flow Statement

7.

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period as shown in the Cash Flow Statement are reflected in the related items in the Balance Sheet as follows:

	AS at	
	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Cash	48,675	53,903
Settlement balances owed to ANZ	17,545	15,375
Total cash and cash equivalents	66,220	69,278

8. Net loans and advances

	As at			Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Australia	0.040	0.475	0.004	40/	40/	
Overdrafts	6,248	6,175	6,284	1%	-1%	
Credit card outstandings	8,864	8,872	8,950	0%	-1%	
Commercial bills outstanding	9,868	10,439	10,420	-5%	-5%	
Term loans - housing	246,351	242,426	230,879	2%	7%	
Term loans - non-housing ¹	123,006	118,456	124,051	4%	-1%	
Lease receivables	1,158	1,255	1,346	-8%	-14%	
Hire purchase	829	957	1,111	-13%	-25%	
Other Total Australia	396,405	255 388,835	114 383,155	-68% 2%	-29% 3%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	,	,	·			
Overdrafts	825	1,175	1,616	-30%	-49%	
Credit card outstandings	1,396	1,446	1,445	-3%	-3%	
Commercial bills outstanding	2,724	2,692	3,781	1%	-28%	
Term loans - housing	6,866	7,226	7,846	-5%	-12%	
Term loans - non-housing	54,567	56,429	69,669	-3%	-22%	
Lease receivables	232	254	341	-9%	-32%	
Other	448	341	137	31%	large	
Total Asia Pacific, Europe & America	67,058	69,563	84,835	-4%	-21%	
New Zealand						
Overdrafts	1,080	1,017	1,055	6%	2%	
Credit card outstandings	1,586	1,517	1,535	5%	3%	
Term loans - housing	69,927	63,649	61,743	10%	13%	
Term loans - non-housing	41,625	39,003	38,973	7%	7%	
Lease receivables	215	206	214	4%	0%	
Hire purchase	1,048	901	860	16%	22%	
Total New Zealand	115,481	106,293	104,380	9%	11%	
Sub-total	578,944	564,691	572,370	3%	1%	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Unearned income	(544)	(596)	(739)	-9%	-26%	
Capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees ²	1,064	1,013	1,253	5%	-15%	
Customer liability for acceptances	571	760	1,371	-25%	-58%	
Gross loans and advances (including assets classified as held for sale)	580,035	565,868	574,255	3%	1%	
Provision for credit impairment (refer Note 9)	(4,183)	(4,100)	(4,017)	2%	4%	
Net loans and advances (including assets classified as held for sale)	575,852	561,768	570,238	3%	1%	
Esanda Dealer Finance assets held for sale ¹	-	-	(8,065)	n/a	-100%	
Net loans and advances	575,852	561,768	562,173	3%	2%	
1 _						

Term loans – non-housing as at 31 March 2016 included \$766 million of Esanda Dealer Finance bailment facilities which migrated to Macquarie Group Limited during the September 2016 half. These assets formed part of the \$8,065 million classified as held for sale as at 30 September 2015.

Capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees are amortised over the expected life of the loan.

9. Provision for credit impairment

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Individual provision							
Balance at start of period	1,238	1,061	17%	1,061	1,176	-10%	
New and increased provisions	1,308	1,137	15%	2,445	1,757	39%	
Write-backs	(151)	(160)	-6%	(311)	(434)	-28%	
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations and transfers	17	(26)	large	(9)	40	large	
Discount unwind	(39)	(26)	50%	(65)	(54)	20%	
Bad debts written-off	(1,066)	(656)	63%	(1,722)	(1,424)	21%	
Esanda Dealer Finance divestment	-	(92)	-100%	(92)	-	n/a	
Total individual provision	1,307	1,238	6%	1,307	1,061	23%	
Collective provision Balance at start of period	2,862	2,956	-3%	2,956	2,757	7%	
Charge/(release) to income statement	(9)	26	large	17	95	-82%	
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations and transfers	28	(47)	large	(19)	104	large	
Esanda Dealer Finance divestment	(5)	(73)	-93%	(78)	-	n/a	
Total collective provision ¹	2,876	2,862	0%	2,876	2,956	-3%	
Total provision for credit impairment	4,183	4,100	2%	4,183	4,017	4%	

	1	Half Year				Full Year			
Provision movement analysis	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Mov			
New and increased individual provisions	1,308	1,137	15%	2,445	1,757	39%			
Write-backs	(151)	(160)	-6%	(311)	(434)	-28%			
	1,157	977	18%	2,134	1,323	61%			
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	(123)	(99)	24%	(222)	(239)	-7%			
Individual credit impairment charge	1,034	878	18%	1,912	1,084	76%			
Collective credit impairment charge	(9)	26	large	17	95	-82%			
Credit impairment charge	1,025	904	13%	1,929	1,179	64%			

10. Deposits and other borrowings

		As at			Movement		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15		
Australia							
Certificates of deposit	52,295	56,513	57,390	-7%	-9%		
Term deposits	69,740	68,427	66,394	2%	5%		
On demand and short term deposits	169,773	169,268	164,009	0%	4%		
Deposits not bearing interest	8,729	8,116	7,782	8%	12%		
Deposits from banks	34,368	24,532	19,692	40%	75%		
Commercial paper	13,842	15,106	15,511	-8%	-11%		
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	151	653	177	-77%	-15%		
Total Australia	348,898	342,615	330,955	2%	5%		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America							
Certificates of deposit	7,001	6,888	5,379	2%	30%		
Term deposits	84,583	90,112	96,487	-6%	-12%		
On demand and short term deposits	24,968	25,010	27,663	0%	-10%		
Deposits not bearing interest	4,745	4,586	5,126	3%	-7%		
Deposits from banks	22,837	19,340	19,249	18%	19%		
Commercial paper	393	1,045	2,965	-62%	-87%		
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	330	495	601	-33%	-45%		
Total Asia Pacific, Europe & America	144,857	147,476	157,470	-2%	-8%		
New Zealand							
Certificates of deposit	2,133	1,675	677	27%	large		
Term deposits	37,824	33,871	31,795	12%	19%		
On demand and short term deposits	40,360	39,276	37,662	3%	7%		
Deposits not bearing interest	7,418	6,552	6,103	13%	22%		
Deposits from banks	73	127	43	-43%	70%		
Commercial paper	5,114	4,913	4,511	4%	13%		
Borrowing corporation debt	1,518	1,566	1,578	-3%	-4%		
Total New Zealand	94,440	87,980	82,369	7%	15%		
Total deposits and other borrowings	588,195	578,071	570,794	2%	3%		
——————————————————————————————————————	333,000						
35)							

11. Shareholders' equity

Issued and quoted securities	Half `	Year	Full Year			
Ordinary share capital	Sep 16 No.	Mar 16 No.	Sep 16 No.	Sep 15 No.		
Closing balance	2,927,476,660	2,917,560,098	2,927,476,660	2,902,714,361		
Issued during the period 1.2	9,916,562	14,845,737	24,762,299	146,086,590		
Preference share capital						
Bought back during the period ³	-	-	-	500,000		

	The Company issued 9.7 million shares under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bc million shares for the 2015 interim dividend) and 0.2 million shares to satisfy obligation half: 5.1 million shares; September 2015 full year: nil).						
2	The Company issued 80.8 million ordinary shares under the Institutional Share Placen full year.	nent and 27.3 millior	n ordinary shares	under the Retai	l Share Purchase	Plan in the Sept	tember 2015
3	All 500,000 Euro Trust Securities on issue were bought back by ANZ for cash at face were bought by ANZ for cash at face were by ANZ for cash at face were by ANZ for cash at face were bought by ANZ for cash at face were b	value (€1,000 per se	ecurity) and cance	elled on 15 Dece	mber 2014.		
			Half Year			Full Year	
		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
s	hare capital		·			·	
U B	alance at start of period	28,625	28,367	1%	28,367	24,902	14%
000	rdinary share capital movements						
(U/J)	Dividend reinvestment plan	198	215	-8%	413	1,122	-63%
	Share placement and Share purchase plan	-	-	n/a	-	3,206	-100%
	Group employee share acquisition scheme ¹	82	56	46%	138	1	large
	Treasury shares in Wealth Australia ²	(140)	(13)	large	(153)	5	large
	Group share option scheme	-	-	n/a	-	2	-100%
Р	reference share capital movements						
(T)	Preference shares bought back ³	-	-	n/a	-	(871)	-100%
$(())_{\overline{f}}$	otal share capital	28,765	28,625	0%	28,765	28,367	1%
	shares in the Company to back policy liabilities. These shares are classified as Treasu All 500,000 Euro Trust Securities on issue were bought back by ANZ for cash at face to	•	ecurity) and cance	elled on 15 Dece	ember 2014.		

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16	Mar 16		Sep 16	Sep 15		
Reserves	\$M	\$M	Movt	\$M	\$M	Movt	
Foreign currency translation reserve	(0)	4.440		4 440	(005)	lavas	
Balance at start of period	(9)	1,119	large	1,119	(605)	large	
Transfer to the income statement	-	(126)	-100%	(126)	(4)	large	
Currency translation adjustments net of hedges	553	(1,002)	large	(449)	1,728	large	
Total foreign currency translation reserve	544	(9)	large	544	1,119	-51%	
Share option reserve ¹							
Balance at start of period	69	68	1%	68	60	13%	
Share based payments/(exercises)	10	9	11%	19	16	19%	
Transfer of options/rights lapsed to retained earnings	10	(8)	-100%	(8)	(8)	0%	
Total share option reserve	79	69	14%	79	68	16%	
Total Shale Option reserve	13		14 /0	19		10 /6	
Available-for-sale revaluation reserve ²							
Balance at start of period	101	138	-27%	138	160	-14%	
Gain/(loss) recognised	52	(9)	large	43	27	59%	
Transferred to income statement	(4)	(28)	-86%	(32)	(49)	-35%	
Total available-for-sale revaluation reserve	149	101	48%	149	138	8%	
Total available for Sale revaluation reserve	143	101	4070	140	100		
Cash flow hedge reserve ³							
Balance at start of period	239	269	-11%	269	169	59%	
Gain/(loss) recognised	88	(40)	large	48	111	-57%	
Transferred to income statement	2	10	-80%	12	(11)	large	
Total hedging reserve	329	239	38%	329	269	22%	
Total Houghing 1000/10	020			020			
Transactions with non-controlling interests reserve							
Balance at start of period	(23)	(23)	0%	(23)	(23)	0%	
Transfer to the income statement	-	-	n/a		-	n/a	
Total transactions with non-controlling interests reserve	(23)	(23)	0%	(23)	(23)	0%	
Total reserves	1,078	377	large	1,078	1,571	-31%	
The share option reserve arises on the grant of share options/deferred share rights/perfor Amounts are transferred from the share option reserve to other equity accounts when the Forfeited options and rights due to termination prior to vesting are credited to the income The available-for-sale revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of available-for-sale five which relates to that financial asset is recognised in the income statement. The cash flow hedge reserve represents hedging gains and losses recognised on the efferecognised in the income statement when the hedged transaction impacts profit or loss.	e options and right statement. inancial assets. V	nts are exercised a	and to retained e	earnings when lap	sed or forfeited a	fter vesting. ne reserve	
<u>as</u>		Half Year			Full Year		
Retained earnings	Sep 16	Mar 16	Mauri	Sep 16	Sep 15	Masa	
Balance at start of period	\$M 27,361	\$M 27,309	Movt 0%	\$M 27,309	\$M 24,544	Movt 11%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	
Transfer of options/rights lapsed from share option reserve		8	-100%	8	8	0%	
Total available for appropriation	30,332	30,055	1%	33,026	32,045	3%	
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	(64)	(3)	large	(67)	(4)	large	
Fair value gain/(loss) attributable to changes in							
cwn credit risk of financial liabilities designated at fair value	(15)	8	large	(7)	37	large	
Ordinary share dividend paid	(2,290)	(2,711)	-16%	(5,001)	(4,906)	2%	
Dividend income on Treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	12	12	0%	24	22	9%	

5	Half Year			Full Year			
Retained earnings	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Balance at start of period	27,361	27,309	0%	27,309	24,544	11%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,971	2,738	9%	5,709	7,493	-24%	
Transfer of options/rights lapsed from share option reserve	-	8	-100%	8	8	0%	
Total available for appropriation	30,332	30,055	1%	33,026	32,045	3%	
Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	(64)	(3)	large	(67)	(4)	large	
Fair value gain/(loss) attributable to changes in own credit risk of financial liabilities designated at fair value	(15)	8	large	(7)	37	large	
Ordinary share dividend paid	(2,290)	(2,711)	-16%	(5,001)	(4,906)	2%	
Dividend income on Treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	12	12	0%	24	22	9%	
Preference share dividend paid	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%	
Foreign exchange gains on preference shares bought back ¹	-	-	n/a	-	116	-100%	
Retained earnings at end of period	27,975	27,361	2%	27,975	27,309	2%	
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	57,818	56,363	3%	57,818	57,247	1%	
Non-controlling interests	109	101	8%	109	106	3%	
Total shareholders' equity	57,927	56,464	3%	57,927	57,353	1%	

The Euro Trust Securities were bought back by ANZ for cash at face value and cancelled on 15 December 2014. The foreign exchange gain between the issue date and 15 December 2014 was recognised directly in retained earnings.

12. Changes in composition of the Group

There were no acquisitions or disposals of material controlled entities for the year ended 30 September 2016 or for the year ended 30 September 2015.

13. Investments in Associates

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Share of associates' profit	240	301	-20%	541	625	-13%	

Contributions to profit ¹		Contribut Group post-		Ownership interest held by Group				
Associates	Half Yea	ar	Full	Year		As at		
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 %	Mar 16 %	Sep 15 %	
P.T. Bank Pan Indonesia	47	17	64	78	39	39	39	
AMMB Holdings Berhad	51	43	94	138	24	24	24	
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank	122	137	259	218	20	20	20	
Bank of Tianjin (up to 30 March 2016) ²	-	86	86	155	12	12	14	
Other associates ¹	20	18	38	36	n/a	n/a	n/a	
Share of associates' profit	240	301	541	625				

Contributions to profit reflect the IFRS equivalent results adjusted to align with the Group's financial year end which may differ from the published results of these entities. Excludes gains or losses on disposal or valuation adjustments.

On 30 March 2016, the Bank of Tianjin (BoT) completed a capital raising and initial public offering (IPO) on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. As a result, the Group's equity interest reduced from 14% to 12% and the Group ceased equity accounting the investment due to losing the ability to appoint directors to the Board of BoT at this date. From 31 March 2016, the investment is classified as an available-for-sale asset on the balance sheet.

14. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There are outstanding court proceedings, claims and possible claims for and against the Group. Where relevant, expert legal advice has been obtained and, in the light of such advice, provisions and/or disclosures as deemed appropriate have been made. In some instances we have not disclosed the estimated financial impact of the individual items either because it is not practicable to do so or because such disclosure may prejudice the interests of the Group.

Note 41 of the 2016 ANZ Annual Financial Statements (when released) will contain a description of contingent liabilities and contingent assets as at 30 September 2016.

A summary of some of those contingent liabilities is set out below.

- Bank fees litigation

Litigation funder IMF Bentham Limited commenced a class action against ANZ in 2010, followed by a second similar class action in March 2013. The applicants contended that certain exception fees (honour, dishonour and non-payment fees on transaction accounts and late payment and overlimit fees on credit cards) were unenforceable penalties (at law and in equity) and that various of the fees were also unenforceable under statutory provisions governing unconscionable conduct, unfair contract terms and unjust transactions. In August 2014, IMF Bentham Limited commenced a separate class action against ANZ challenging late payment fees charged to ANZ customers in respect of commercial credit cards and other ANZ products (at this stage not specified). This action is expressed to apply to all relevant customers, rather than being limited to those who have signed up with IMF Bentham Limited.

In the second class action, all the applicants' claims have failed. The claims in relation to all fees were dismissed by the Full Federal Court. That decision was appealed to the High Court only in relation to credit card late payment fees (the other claims were not appealed). On 27 July 2016 the High Court dismissed the appeal and upheld the judgment in favour of ANZ in respect of credit card late payment fees.

The applicants are presently considering the implications of the High Court's decision for the remaining class actions, which have been on hold pending the outcome of the second class action. ANZ believes that the remaining class actions are likely to be discontinued or dismissed.

- Proceedings in relation to Bank Bill Swap Rate (BBSW)

On 4 March 2016, ASIC commenced court proceedings against ANZ. ASIC is seeking declarations and civil penalties for alleged market manipulation, unconscionable conduct, misleading or deceptive conduct, and alleged breaches by ANZ of certain statutory obligations as a financial services licensee. ASIC has subsequently initiated similar proceedings against two other Australian banks. ASIC's case against ANZ concerns transactions in the Australian interbank BBSW market in the period from March 2010 to May 2012. ANZ is defending the proceedings. The potential civil penalty or other financial impact is uncertain.

In August 2016, a class action complaint was brought in the United States District Court against two international broking houses and 17 banks, including ANZ. The class action is brought by two US-based investment funds and an individual derivatives trader. The action is expressed to apply to persons and entities that engaged in US-based transactions in financial instruments that were priced, benchmarked, and/or settled based on BBSW, from 1 January 2003 onwards. The claimants seek damages or compensation in amounts not specified, and

allege that the defendant banks, including ANZ, violated US anti-trust laws, anti-racketeering laws, the Commodity Exchange Act, and unjust enrichment principles. ANZ is defending the proceedings. The action is at an early stage.

- Regulator investigations into foreign exchange trading

Since 2014, each of ASIC and the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (ACCC) have been investigating foreign exchange trading conduct of various banks including ANZ. ASIC's and the ACCC's investigations are ongoing and the range of potential outcomes include civil penalties and other actions under the relevant legislation.

Other regulatory reviews

In recent years there have been significant increases in the nature and scale of regulatory investigations and reviews, enforcement actions (whether by court action or otherwise) and the quantum of fines issued by regulators, particularly against financial institutions both in Australia and globally. The nature of these investigations and reviews can be wide ranging and, for example, currently include a range of matters including responsible lending practices, wealth advice and product suitability, conduct in financial markets and capital market transactions. During the year, ANZ has received various notices and requests for information from its regulators as part of both industry-wide and ANZ-specific reviews. The outcomes and total costs associated with such reviews remain uncertain.

Security recovery actions

Various claims have been made or are anticipated, arising from security recovery actions taken to resolve impaired assets over recent years. ANZ will defend these claims.

15. Subsequent events since balance date

On 31 October 2016, the Group announced it had entered into an agreement to sell its Retail and Wealth businesses in Singapore, China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Indonesia to DBS Bank Limited for a premium of approximately \$110 million over the book value of net assets, which principally comprised approximately \$11 billion of gross lending assets and \$17 billion of deposits as at 30 September 2016. The final purchase price will be based on the net assets at completion.

The transaction is subject to regulatory approval in each country, with completion occurring on a rolling country by country basis from mid financial year 2017 with all countries expected to be completed with 18 months.

The Group anticipates the transaction will generate a net loss of approximately \$265 million (post-tax) including write-downs of software, goodwill and fixed assets, as well as separation and transaction costs.

The assets associated with the Retail Asia and Wealth businesses were assessed for impairment as at 30 September 2016 on the basis of the businesses being a continuing operation and no impairment was identified. Additionally, the assets did not meet the conditions for 'held for sale' classification under AASB 5 – Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

Other than this matter, no other material events have occurred between the end of the reporting period (30 September 2016) and the date of this preliminary final report.

CONTENTS

Supplementary Information

Capital management

Average balance sheet and related interest

Funds management and insurance income analysis (Group)

Select geographical disclosures

Full time equivalent staff

Exchange rates

Definitions

Capital management

			As at		Move	ment
Qualifying Capital Tier 1		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Shareholders' equity and non-controlling interests		57,927	56,464	57,353	3%	1%
Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity	Table 1	(481)	(584)	(387)	-18%	24%
Gross Common Equity Tier 1 capital		57,446	55,880	56,966	3%	1%
Deductions	Table 2	(18,179)	(17,778)	(18,440)	2%	-1%
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		39,267	38,102	38,526	3%	2%
Additional Tier 1 capital	Table 3	9,018	6,960	6,958	30%	30%
Tier 1 capital		48,285	45,062	45,484	7%	6%
Tier 2 capital	Table 4	10,328	8,076	7,951	28%	30%
Total qualifying capital		58,613	53,138	53,435	10%	10%
Capital adequacy ratios Common Equity Tier 1		9.6%	9.8%	9.6%		
		11.8%	11.6%	11.3%		
Tier 2		2.5%	2.1%	2.0%		
Total		14.3%	13.7%	13.3%		
J		111270		, -		
Risk weighted assets	Table 5	408,582	388,335	401,937	5%	2%

Capital management, cont'd

		As at		Movem	ient
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Table 1: Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity					
Treasury shares attributable to ANZ Wealth Australia policyholders	395	254	242	56%	63%
Accumulated retained profits and reserves of insurance and funds management entities	(875)	(931)	(791)	-6%	11%
Deferred fee revenue including fees deferred as part of loan yields	238	290	380	-18%	-37%
Available-for-sale reserve attributable to deconsolidated subsidiaries	(110)	(98)	(113)	12%	-3%
Other	(129)	(99)	(105)	30%	23%
Total	(481)	(584)	(387)	-18%	24%
Table 2: Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 capital					
Unamortised goodwill & other intangibles (excluding ANZ Wealth Australia and New Zealand)	(3,913)	(3,767)	(4,109)	4%	-5%
Intangible component of investments in ANZ Wealth Australia and New Zealand	(2,103)	(2,091)	(2,093)	1%	0%
Capitalised software	(2,139)	(2,190)	(2,832)	-2%	-24%
Capitalised expenses including loan and lease origination fees	(1,148)	(1,078)	(1,320)	6%	-13%
Applicable deferred net tax assets	(899)	(793)	(694)	13%	30%
Expected losses in excess of eligible provisions Table 8	(700)	(600)	(479)	17%	46%
Investment in other insurance and funds management subsidiaries	, ,	, ,	, ,	0%	0%
hvestment in ANZ Wealth Australia and New Zealand	(297)	(297) (1,749)	(297)	0%	30%
	(1,752)	(, ,	(1,349)		
Investment in banking associates and minority interests	(4,674)	(4,708)	(4,734)	-1%	-1%
Other deductions Total	(554)	(505)	(533)	10% 2%	-1%
Table 3: Additional Tier 1 capital Convertible Preference Shares					
ANZ CPS2	1,068	1,969	1,969	-46%	-46%
71142 01 02			1 226		
ANZ CPS3	1,340	1,338	1,336	0%	0%
	1,340 1,115	1,338 1,113	1,112	0% 0%	0% 0%
ANZ CPS3			,		
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1	1,115	1,113	1,112	0%	0%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2	1,115 1,602	1,113 1,600	1,112 1,598	0% 0%	0% 0%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3	1,115 1,602 962	1,113 1,600	1,112 1,598	0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4	1,115 1,602 962 1,604	1,113 1,600 961	1,112 1,598 959	0% 0% 0% n/a	0% 0% 0% n/a
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473	1,113 1,600 961 - 446	1,112 1,598 959	0% 0% 0% n/a 6%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329	1,113 1,600 961 - 446	1,112 1,598 959 - 449	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a	0% 0% 0% n/a 5%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475)	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467)	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465)	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions Total	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475)	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467)	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465)	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions Total Table 4: Tier 2 capital	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475) 9,018	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467) 6,960	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465) 6,958	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions Total Table 4: Tier 2 capital General reserve for impairment of financial assets	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475) 9,018	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467) 6,960	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465) 6,958	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2% 30%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2% 30%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions Total Table 4: Tier 2 capital General reserve for impairment of financial assets Perpetual subordinated notes	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475) 9,018	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467) 6,960	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465) 6,958	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2% 30%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2% 30%
ANZ CPS3 ANZ Capital Notes 1 ANZ Capital Notes 2 ANZ Capital Notes 3 ANZ Capital Notes 4 ANZ Bank NZ Capital Notes ANZ Capital Securities Regulatory adjustments and deductions Total Table 4: Tier 2 capital General reserve for impairment of financial assets Perpetual subordinated notes Subordinated debt	1,115 1,602 962 1,604 473 1,329 (475) 9,018	1,113 1,600 961 - 446 - (467) 6,960	1,112 1,598 959 - 449 - (465) 6,958	0% 0% 0% n/a 6% n/a 2% 30%	0% 0% 0% n/a 5% n/a 2% 30%

Capital management, cont'd

		As at			Movement		
		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Table 5: Risk weighted assets							
On balance sheet		259,356	235,875	245,542	10%	6%	
Commitments		58,167	62,223	61,965	-7%	-6%	
Contingents		13,295	14,489	15,929	-8%	-17%	
Derivatives		21,215	21,721	26,315	-2%	-19%	
Total credit risk	Table 6	352,033	334,308	349,751	5%	1%	
Market risk - Traded		6,188	6,059	6,868	2%	-10%	
Market risk - IRRBB		11,700	10,280	7,433	14%	57%	
Operational risk		38,661	37,688	37,885	3%	2%	
Total risk weighted assets		408,582	388,335	401,937	5%	2%	

Contingents	13,295	14,489	15,929	-8%	-17%
Derivatives	21,215	21,721	26,315	-2%	-19%
Total credit risk Table 6	352,033	334,308	349,751	5%	1%
Market risk - Traded	6,188	6,059	6,868	2%	-10%
Market risk - IRRBB	11,700	10,280	7,433	14%	57%
Operational risk	38,661	37,688	37,885	3%	2%
Total risk weighted assets	408,582	388,335	401,937	5%	2%
		As at		Movem	nent
\Box 5	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Table 6: Credit risk weighted assets by Basel asset class	φινι	Ψιτι	ΨΙΨΙ	v. mai 10	v. ocp 10
Subject to Advanced IRB approach					
Corporate	130,799	139,643	150,165	-6%	-13%
Sovereign	6,634	6,185	6,664	7%	0%
Bank	14,884	15,061	17,445	-1%	-15%
Residential mortgage	84,275	57,218	54,996	47%	53%
Qualifying revolving retail (credit cards)	7,334	7,744	7,546	-5%	-3%
Other retail	31,360	30,681	32,990	2%	-5%
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Advanced IRB approach	275,286	256,532	269,806	7%	2%
50					
Credit risk specialised lending exposures subject to slotting criteria	36,100	35,066	32,240	3%	12%
Subject to Standardised approach					
Corporate	20,459	22,149	25,341	-8%	-19%
Residential mortgage	2,493	2,616	2,882	-5%	-13%
Other retail (includes credit cards)	3,277	3,550	3,625	-8%	-10%
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Standardised approach	26,229	28,315	31,848	-7%	-18%
Credit Valuation Adjustment and Qualifying Central Counterparties	9,371	9,147	11,046	2%	-15%
Credit risk weighted assets relating to securitisation exposures	1,203	1,194	1,156	1%	4%
Stout list weighted about relating to bourhouser expectator	3,844	4,054	3,655	-5%	5%
Other assets	0,0				1%

Capital management, cont'd

Table 7: Total provision for credit impairment and expected loss by division	Collective P	rovision and l Provision	ndividual	Basel	Expected Loss ¹	
	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M
Australia	1,794	1,751	1,834	2,654	2,608	2,643
Institutional	1,680	1,681	1,479	1,404	1,410	1,299
New Zealand	491	451	479	802	717	722
Asia Retail & Pacific	214	214	222	7	5	1
TSO and Group Centre	4	3	3	1	-	-
Total provision for credit impairment and expected loss	4,183	4,100	4,017	4,868	4,740	4,665

New Zealand	49	1 451	479	802	717	7 722
Asia Retail & Pacific	21	4 214	222	7		5 1
TSO and Group Centre		4 3	3	1		
Total provision for credit impairment and expected loss	4,18	3 4,100	4,017	4,868	4,740	4,665
Only applicable to Advanced Internal Ratings based portfolios.						
			As at		Movem	ont
		0 40				-
Table 8: APRA Expected loss in excess of eligible provisions		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
APRA Basel 3 expected loss: non-defaulted	-	2,959	2,894	2,850	2%	4%
Less: Qualifying collective provision	_					
Collective provision	_	(2,876)	(2,862)	(2,956)	0%	-3%
Non-qualifying collective provision	_	350	313	333	12%	5%
Standardised collective provision		267	255	252	5%	6%
Non-defaulted excess included in deduction	-	700	600	479	17%	46%
	_	4.000	4.040	4.045	00/	F0/
APRA Basel 3 expected loss: defaulted	_	1,909	1,846	1,815	3%	5%
Less: Qualifying individual provision	_	(4 207)	(4.020)	(1.061)	6%	23%
Individual provision Additional individual provision for partial write offs	_	(1,307) (509)	(1,238) (528)	(1,061) (633)	-4%	-20%
Standardised individual provision	_	195	171	107	14%	82%
Collective provision on advanced defaulted	_	(304)	(265)	(286)	15%	6%
Concente provision on advanced deladited	_	(16)	(14)	(58)	14%	-72%
Shortfall in expected loss not included in deduction	_	16	14	58	14%	-72%
Defaulted excess included in deduction	_	-	-	-	n/a	n/a
	-					
Gross deduction		700	600	479	17%	46%

Average balance sheet and related interest¹

		Full	Year Sep 16		Full	Year Sep 15	
		Avg bal	Int	Rate	Avg bal	Int	Rate
		\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
	Loans and advances ²						
	Overdrafts and credit cards	20,324	2,146	10.6%	21,554	2,132	9.9%
	Commercial bills outstanding	12,781	238	1.9%	13,974	272	1.9%
	Term loans - housing	314,067	14,424	4.6%	285,998	13,957	4.9%
	Term loans - non-housing	217,777	9,466	4.3%	221,635	10,351	4.7%
	Lease financing	8,230	542	6.6%	9,406	708	7.5%
	Other loans and advances	2,267	26	1.1%	4,201	95	2.3%
	Individual provision for credit impairment	(1,113)	-	0.0%	(1,135)	-	0.0%
	Total	574,333	26,842	4.7%	555,633	27,515	5.0%
	Other interest earning assets						
	Cash	48,565	503	1.0%	45,992	485	1.1%
	Settlement Balances owed to ANZ	17,962	46	0.3%	15,917	67	0.4%
	Collateral Paid	12,389	74	0.6%	8,292	60	0.7%
75	Trading and available-for-sale assets	99,676	2,316	2.3%	89,989	2,353	2.6%
	Regulatory Deposits	1,226	16	1.3%	1,178	8	0.7%
10	Other assets	9	154	n/a	11	38	n/a
	Total	179,827	3,109	1.7%	161,379	3,011	1.9%
0 5	Total interest earning assets ³	754,160	29,951	4.0%	717,012	30,526	4.3%
	Non-interest earning assets						
	Derivatives	84,908			68,352		
	Premises and equipment	2,211			2,181		
	Insurance assets	34,910			35,239		
	Other assets	34,583			31,125		
	Collective provision for credit impairment	(2,863)			(2,873)		
66	Total	153,749			134,024		
	Total average assets	907,909			851,036		
2	Interest bearing deposits and						
	other borrowings						
	Certificates of deposit	62,717	1,505	2.4%	62,683	1,690	2.7%
	Term deposits	198,440	3,837	1.9%	194,835	4,210	2.2%
ar	On demand and short term deposits	228,998	4,163	1.8%	207,433	4,574	2.2%
W ₁	Deposits from banks	51,038	639	1.3%	53,624	683	1.3%
	Commercial paper	22,918	571	2.5%	21,229	515	2.4%
	Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	996	8	0.8%	870	12	1.4%
(1)	Borrowing corporations' debt	1,574	64	4.0%	1,505	70	4.7%
ar	Total	566,681	10,787	1.9%	542,179	11,754	2.2%
	Other interest bearing liabilities						
	Settlement Balances owed by ANZ	4,888	32	0.7%	3,391	35	1.0%
	Collateral Received	6,449	39	0.6%	5,460	29	0.5%
	Debt issuances & subordinated debt	103,596	3,773	3.6%	95,704	3,748	3.9%
2	Other liabilities	5,195	225	4.3%	8,199	344	4.2%
	Total	120,128	4,069	3.4%	112,754	4,156	3.7%
	Total interest bearing liabilities ³	686,809	14,856	2.2%	654,933	15,910	2.4%
	Non-interest bearing liabilities						
ПП	Deposits	19,772			17,600		
	Derivatives	88,888			71,398		
	Insurance Liabilities	35,559			35,816		
	External unit holder liabilities (life insurance funds)	3,278			3,337		
	Other liabilities	16,462			16,217		
	Total	163,959			144,368		
	Total average liabilities	850,768			799,301		
	i otal average liabilities	850,768			799,301		

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

² Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

Average balance sheet and related interest¹ (cont'd)

	Full	Year Sep 16		Full	Year Sep 15	
	Avg bal	Int	Rate	Avg bal	Int	Rate
Loans and advances ²	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	9
Australia	389,928	18,786	4.8%	366,823	18,737	5.1%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	74,244	2,437	3.3%	86,530	2,554	3.0%
New Zealand	110,161	5,619	5.1%	102,280	6,224	6.1%
Total	574,333	26,842	4.7%	555,633	27,515	5.0%
Trading and available-for-sale assets						
Australia	57,448	1,371	2.4%	51,719	1,445	2.8%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	28,041	462	1.6%	25,765	423	1.69
New Zealand	14,187	483	3.4%	12,505	485	3.99
Total	99,676	2,316	2.3%	89,989	2,353	2.69
Total internal coming cond.3						
Total interest earning assets ³ Australia	472,771	20,569	4.4%	439,228	20,565	4.7%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	152,508	3,085	2.0%	158,843	3,096	1.99
	•	6,297	4.9%			5.89
New Zealand Total	128,881 754,160	29,951	4.9%	717,012	6,865 30,526	4.39
Otal	734,100	29,931	4.0 /0	717,012	30,320	4.57
Total average assets						
Australia	576,893			538,153		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	179,431			180,258		
New Zealand	151,585			132,625		
Total average assets	907,909	<u> </u>		851,036		
% of total average assets attributable to overseas activities Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings	36.5%			36.8%		
Australia	333,039	7,350	2.2%	315,861	7,939	2.59
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	148,751	1,077	0.7%	149,186	995	0.7%
New Zealand	84,891	2,360	2.8%	77,132	2,820	3.79
Total	566,681	10,787	1.9%	542,179	11,754	2.29
Total interest bearing liabilities ³						
Australia	411,105	10,224	2.5%	392,289	10,817	2.8%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	170,146	1,439	0.8%	165,867	1,232	0.79
New Zealand	105,558	3,193	3.0%	96,777	3,861	4.0%
Total	686,809	14,856	2.2%	654,933	15,910	2.49
Total average liabilities						
Australia	525,213			502,529		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	193,029			183,457		
New Zealand	132,526			113,315		
Total	850,768			799,301		
% of total average liabilities attributable to overseas activities	38.3%			37.1%		
Total average shareholder's equity						
Ordinary share capital, reserves, retained earnings and non-controlling	57,141			51,553		
interests	37,141					
Preference share capital	F7 1 4 4			182 51 735		
Total	57,141			51,735		
Total average liabilities and shareholder's equity	907,909			851,036		

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

^{3.} Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

	Average balance sheet and related interest ¹ (cont'd)	Half	Year Sep 16		Half	Year Mar 16	
		Avg bal	Int	Rate	Avg bal	Int	Rate
	Loans and advances ²	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
	Overdrafts and credit cards	20,109	1,084	10.8%	20,539	1,062	10.3%
	Commercial bills outstanding	12,325	126	2.0%	13,237	112	1.7%
	Term loans - housing	319,327	7,221	4.5%	308,808	7,203	4.7%
	Term loans - non-housing	213,827	4,576	4.3%	221,728	4,890	4.1%
			263	6.5%		279	6.7%
	Lease financing Other loans and advances	8,096 2,292	203	0.0%	8,365 2,239	26	2.3%
			-	0.0%	•	20	0.0%
	Individual provision for credit impairment	(1,238)	42 270		(988)	42 572	
	Total Other interest earning assets	574,738	13,270	4.6%	573,928	13,572	4.7%
	Cash	46,076	256	1.1%	51,054	247	1.0%
	Settlement Balances owed to ANZ	17,403	12	0.1%	18,521	34	0.4%
	Collateral Paid	14,042	48	0.1%		26	0.5%
					10,737		
	Trading and available-for-sale assets	100,467	1,182	2.4%	98,884	1,134	2.3%
	Regulatory Deposits	1,192	9	1.5%	1,259	7	1.1%
	Other assets	10	84	n/a	8	70	n/a
20	Total	179,190	1,591	1.8%	180,463	1,518	1.7%
W 2	Total interest earning assets ³	753,928	14,861	3.9%	754,391	15,090	4.0%
	Non-interest earning assets						
	Derivatives	90,011			79,804		
	Premises and equipment	2,200			2,222		
	Insurance assets	34,974			34,846		
	Other assets	36,770			32,399		
	Collective provision for credit impairment	(2,813)			(2,914)		
(ζU)	Total	161,142			146,357		
7	Total average assets	915,070			900,748		
	Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings						
		64 740	704	2 20/	62 722	704	2.50/
	Certificates of deposit	61,712 199,583	724	2.3%	63,722	781	2.5% 2.0%
	Term deposits		1,895	1.9%	197,297	1,942	
1	On demand and short term deposits	230,969	1,970	1.7%	227,027	2,193	1.9%
((//)	Deposits from banks	50,770	312	1.2%	51,307	327	1.3%
~	Commercial paper	20,053	283	2.8%	25,783	288	2.2%
	Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	800	4	1.0%	1,191	4	0.7%
75	Borrowing corporations' debt	1,573	31	3.9%	1,576	33	4.2%
	Total	565,460	5,219	1.8%	567,903	5,568	2.0%
	Other interest bearing liabilities						
	Settlement Balances owed by ANZ	5,298	17	0.6%	4,478	15	0.7%
	Collateral Received	7,093	25	0.7%	5,806	14	0.5%
	Debt issuances & subordinated debt	105,685	1,954	3.7%	101,507	1,819	3.6%
7	Other liabilities	5,282	119	4.5%	5,109	106	4.1%
		123,358	2,115	3.4%	116,900	1,954	3.3%
	Total interest bearing liabilities ³	688,818	7,334	2.1%	684,803	7,522	2.2%
	Non-interest bearing liabilities						
П —	Deposits	20,212			19,332		
	Derivatives	92,110			85,666		
	Insurance Liabilities	35,662			35,456		
	External unit holder liabilities (life insurance funds)	3,265			3,291		
	Other liabilities	18,189			14,735		
	Total	169,438			158,480		
	Total average liabilities	858,256			843,283		

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

^{3.} Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

Average balance sheet and related interest¹ (cont'd)

	Half	Year Sep 16		Half	Year Mar 16	
	Avg bal	Int	Rate	Avg bal	Int	Rate
Loans and advances ²	\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
Australia	392,821	9,357	4.8%	387,035	9,429	4.9%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	69,355	1,141	3.3%	79,132	1,296	3.3%
New Zealand	112,562	2,772	4.9%	107,761	2,847	5.3%
Total	574,738	13,270	4.6%	573,928	13,572	4.7%
	<u> </u>	,		0.0,020	.0,0.2	/
Trading and available-for-sale assets						
Australia	58,696	710	2.4%	56,200	661	2.4%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	26,882	229	1.7%	29,199	233	1.6%
New Zealand	14,889	243	3.3%	13,485	240	3.6%
Total	100,467	1,182	2.4%	98,884	1,134	2.3%
Total interest earning assets ³						
Australia	479,508	10,277	4.3%	466,032	10,292	4.4%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	142,512	1,473	2.1%	162,505	1,612	2.0%
New Zealand	131,908	3,111	4.7%	125,854	3,186	5.1%
Total	753,928	14,861	3.9%	754,391	15,090	4.0%
Total average assets						
Australia	584,543			569,243		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	169,939			188,923		
New Zealand	160,588			142,582		
Total average assets	915,070	 		900,748		
Interest bearing deposits and other borrowings						
Australia	332,337	3,561	2.1%	333,740	3,789	2.3%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	145,807	530	0.7%	151,696	547	0.7%
New Zealand	87,316	1,128	2.6%	82,467	1,232	3.0%
Total	565,460	5,219	1.8%	567,903	5,568	2.0%
Total interest bearing liabilities ³						
Australia	412,396	5,086	2.5%	409,816	5,138	2.5%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	168,031	725	0.9%	172,261	714	0.8%
New Zealand	108,391	1,523	2.8%	102,726	1,670	3.3%
Total	688,818	7,334	2.1%	684,803	7,522	2.2%
Total average lightilities						
Total average liabilities Australia	523,928			526,500		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	192,679			193,380		
New Zealand	141,649			123,403		
Total	858,256			843,283		
% of total average liabilities attributable to overseas activities	39.0%			37.6%		
Total average shareholder's equity						
Ordinary share capital, reserves, retained earnings and non-controlling interests	56,814			57,465		
Total	56,814			57,465		
Total average liabilities and shareholder's equity	915,070			900,748		
1. Averages used are predominantly delly everages				•		

Averages used are predominantly daily averages.

Loans and advances as at 30 September 2015 include Esanda Dealer Finance assets divested to Macquarie Group Limited in the March 2016 half.

Intra-group interest earning assets and interest income and Intra-group interest earning liabilities and interest expense have been eliminated.

Average balance sheet and related interest (cont'd)

	Half Year		Full Year	
	Sep 16 %	Mar 16 %	Sep 16 %	Sep 15 %
Gross earnings rate ¹				
Australia	4.52	4.51	4.51	4.78
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1.86	1.91	1.89	1.83
New Zealand	4.72	5.06	4.89	5.77
Group	3.94	4.00	3.97	4.25

Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1.86	1.91	1.89	1.83	
New Zealand	4.72	5.06	4.89	5.77	
Group	3.94	4.00	3.97	4.25	
Net interest spread and net interest margin may be analysed as follows:					
	Half	Year	Full Year		
	Sep 16	Mar 16 %	Sep 16	Sep 15	
Australia ¹	70	70	70	70	
Net interest spread	2.05	1.99	2.02	2.02	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.23	0.28	0.25	0.28	
Net interest margin - Australia	2.28	2.27	2.27	2.30	
(O/2)					
Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹					
Net interest spread	1.00	1.08	1.04	1.08	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	
Net interest margin - Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1.03	1.11	1.07	1.11	
New Zealand ¹					
Net interest spread	1.85	1.81	1.83	1.82	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.34	0.38	0.36	0.43	
Net interest margin - New Zealand	2.19	2.19	2.19	2.25	
Group					
Net interest spread	1.82	1.80	1.81	1.82	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.18	0.21	0.19	0.22	
Net interest margin	2.00	2.01	2.00	2.04	
Net interest margin (excluding Markets)	2.53	2.52	2.53	2.51	
Geographic gross earnings rate, net interest spread and net interest margin are calculated gross of intra gr	roup items (Intra-g	roup interest earning	assets and associate	d interest income	
and intra-group interest bearing liabilities and associated interest expense).					
Γ					
П					

Geographic gross earnings rate, net interest spread and net interest margin are calculated gross of intra group items (Intra-group interest earning assets and associated interest income

Funds management and insurance income analysis (Group)

The tables below supplements the Wealth Australia disclosures provided on pages 76 to 79 to present the Group's overall funds management and insurance businesses by incorporating the relevant Australia division, New Zealand division and Asia Retail & Pacific division funds management and insurance businesses.

ilisulative pusitiesses.			Half Year			Full Year	
	Reference Page	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Net funds management and insurance income - statutory basis	90	907	857	6%	1,764	1,815	-3%
Adjustments between cash and statutory profit (pre-tax)							
Treasury shares adjustment	87 - 88	80	(34)	large	46	(21)	large
Policyholders tax gross up	87 - 88	(185)	(32)	large	(217)	(186)	17%
Revaluation of policy liabilities	87 - 88	(55)	(20)	large	(75)	(104)	-28%
Net funds management and insurance income - cash basis	84	747	771	-3%	1,518	1,504	1%
Wealth Australia - Funds management and insurance income		559	597	-6%	1,156	1,178	-2%
Australia - Funds management and insurance income		22	25	-12%	47	49	-4%
New Zealand - Funds management and insurance income		172	161	7%	333	317	5%
Asia Retail & Pacific - Funds management and insurance income		59	60	-2%	119	115	3%
Inter-divisional eliminations		(65)	(72)	-10%	(137)	(155)	-12%
Net funds management and insurance income - cash basis	30	747	771	-3%	1,518	1,504	1%
			Half Year			Full Year	
Insurance operating margin Life Insurance Planned profit margin		Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt
Group & Individual		79	72	10%	151	141	7%
Experience profit/(loss) ¹		(10)	4	large	(6)	5	large
General Insurance operating profit margin		59	51	16%	110	97	13%
Wealth Australia		128	127	1%	255	243	5%
Life Insurance Planned profit margin							
Individual		20	20	0%	40	47	-15%
Experience profit/(loss) ¹		9	4	large	13	6	large
New Zealand		29	24	21%	53	53	0%
Total		157	151	4%	308	296	4%
1. Experience profit/(loss) variations are gains or losses arising from actua	l experience differi	ng from plan, pre	dominantly drive	en by lapses, cla	aims and expenses	3.	
(0.5)		_		As at		Movem	ent
Insurance annual in-force premiums			Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15
Group			445	439	423	1%	5%
Individual ²			1,339	1,297	1,284	3%	4%
General Insurance ³			226	335	510	-33%	-56%
Total			2,010	2,071	2,217	-3%	-9%
				0 45	New		0 10
Insurance in-force book movement				Sep 15 k	ousiness \$M ¹	Lapses \$M	Sep 16 \$M
Group				423	54	(32)	445

	Half Year			Full Year			
Insurance operating margin Life Insurance Planned profit margin	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Movt	Sep 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Movt	
Group & Individual	79	72	10%	151	141	7%	
Experience profit/(loss) ¹	(10)	4	large	(6)	5	large	
General Insurance operating profit margin	59	51	16%	110	97	13%	
Wealth Australia	128	127	1%	255	243	5%	
Life Insurance Planned profit margin							
Individual	20	20	0%	40	47	-15%	
Experience profit/(loss) ¹	9	4	large	13	6	large	
New Zealand	29	24	21%	53	53	0%	
Total	157	151	4%	308	296	4%	

Experience profit/(loss) variations are gains or losses arising from actual experience differing from plan, predominantly driven by lapses, claims and expenses.

	As at			Movement		
Insurance annual in-force premiums	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Group	445	439	423	1%	5%	
individual ²	1,339	1,297	1,284	3%	4%	
General Insurance ³	226	335	510	-33%	-56%	
Total	2,010	2,071	2,217	-3%	-9%	

Insurance in-force book movement	Sep 15 \$M	New business \$M ¹	Lapses \$M	Sep 16 \$M
Group	423	54	(32)	445
Individual ²	1,284	205	(150)	1,339
General Insurance ³	510	85	(369)	226
Total	2,217	344	(551)	2,010

New business includes the impact of foreign currency gains/ (losses) on translation.

Lapses for Individual include the impact of the disposal of the New Zealand medical business in the March 2016 half.

Lapses for General Insurance and Wealth Australia include the impact of ceasing the underwriting new home, content, travel and motor insurance in September 15.

Funds management and insurance income analysis (Group) (cont'd)

		As at			Movement	
Funds under management	Sep 16 \$M	Mar 16 \$M	Sep 15 \$M	Sep 16 v. Mar 16	Sep 16 v. Sep 15	
Funds under management - average	74,347	71,313	71,198	4%	4%	
Funds under management - end of period	75,918	71,216	69,542	7%	9%	
Composed of:						
Australian equities	16,963	15,988	16,093	6%	5%	
International equities	18,422	16,784	17,210	10%	7%	
Cash and fixed interest	35,800	33,979	32,206	5%	11%	
Property and infrastructure	4,733	4,465	4,033	6%	17%	
Total	75,918	71,216	69,542	7%	9%	

Composed of:					
Australian equities	16,963	15,988	16,093	6%	5%
International equities	18,422	16,784	17,210	10%	7%
Cash and fixed interest	35,800	33,979	32,206	5%	11%
Property and infrastructure	4,733	4,465	4,033	6%	17%
Total	75,918	71,216	69,542	7%	9%
	Sep 15	In-	Out-	Other ¹	Sep 16
Funds Management cash flows by product	\$M	flows	flows		\$M
Wealth Australia Division					
Open Solutions					
OneAnswer Frontier	8,677	1,598	(1,084)	767	9,958
ANZ Smart Choice	4,254	2,378	(1,010)	5,568	11,190
Wrap (Voyage and Grow)	1,708	542	(210)	120	2,160
Closed Solutions					
Retail	20,223	857	(2,837)	785	19,028
Employer	11,939	224	(1,450)	(4,798)	5,915
Australia Division					
Private Bank	2,073	634	(346)	50	2,411
New Zealand Division					
KiwiSaver	6,825	1,589	(526)	976	8,864
Retail	2,210	3,034	(2,806)	303	2,741
Private Bank	5,471	1,160	(734)	785	6,682
Bonus Bonds	2,979	1,180	(906)	144	3,397
	3,183	849	(934)	474	3,572
Other New Zealand					
Other New Zealand Total	69,542	14,045	(12,843)	5,174	75,918
1. Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreig from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ns. It also includ	es the transition of	of funds under n	nanagement Tota
Total 1. Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreign	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ns. It also includ	es the transition of	of funds under n	nanagement
Total 1. Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreig from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change Embedded value and value of new business (insurance and investments only)	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ns. It also includ ealth Australi \$1	a New Ze	of funds under n	nanagement Tota \$N
1. Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreign from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change the superscript of the superscr	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ns. It also includ ealth Australi \$1 4,012	a New Ze	of funds under n ealand \$M 554	Tota \$N 4,566
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Total 1. Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreign from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion from Employer Super to ANZ	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ealth Australi 4,012 133	a New Ze	ealand \$M 554 28	Tota \$N 4,566 159 367
Total Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreign from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory change from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory changes Embedded value and value of new business (insurance and investments only) Embedded value as at September 2015 Value of new business Expected return Experience deviations and assumption changes **Experience**	69,542 in currency translations in the industry.	ealth Australi \$4,012 137	a New Ze	ealand \$M 554 28 50 9	Tota \$N 4,566 159 367
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Other includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, distributions and the impact of foreign currency translations. It also includes the transition of funds under management from Employer Super to ANZ Smart Choice of approximately \$5 billion, as a result of regulatory changes in the industry.

11	mbedded value and value of new business (insurance and investments only) mbedded value as at September 2015 ¹	Wealth Australia \$M 4,012	New Zealand \$M 554	Total \$M 4,566
	Value of new business ²	131	28	159
))	Expected return ³	317	50	367
	Experience deviations and assumption changes ⁴	8	9	17
Er	mbedded value before economic assumption changes and net transfer	4,468	641	5,109
	Economic assumptions change ⁵	37	66	103
_	Net transfer ⁶	31	(91)	(60)
Ei	mbedded value as at September 2016	4,536	616	5,152

Embedded value represents the present value of future profits and releases of capital arising from the business in-force at the valuation date, and adjusted net assets. It is determined using best estimate assumptions with franking credits included at 70% of face value. Projected cash flows have been discounted using capital asset pricing model risk discount rates of 7.0%-8.5%. ANZ Lenders Mortgage Insurance business is not included in the valuation.

Value of new business represents the present value of future profits less the cost of capital arising from new business written over the period.

Expected return represents the expected increase in value over the period.

Experience deviations and assumption changes arise from deviations and changes to best estimate assumptions underlying the prior period embedded value. Positive experience was primarily driven by favourable lapse experience and continued growth in in-force business from Retail insurance.

Interest rate movements have led to a positive value impact.

Net transfer represents the net capital movements over the period including capital injections, transfer of cash dividends and value of franking credits. For Wealth Australia there was a \$400 million capital injection from the parent entity, partially offset by \$273 million of cash dividends and \$96 million of franking credits transferred to the parent entity. For New Zealand there were \$91 million of cash dividends.

Select geographical disclosures

Asia	Pacific,	Europe	&	America	geography	
ALID	B/I					

ASIA PACITIC, Europe & America geography AUD M				
	Asia	Europe & America	Pacific	APEA Tota
September 2016 Full Year				
Statutory profit	297	183	161	641
Cash profit	299	206	161	666
Net loans and advances	54,303	8,441	3,636	66,380
Customer deposits	60,634	48,138	5,491	114,263
Risk weighted assets	59,130	21,698	7,725	88,553
September 2015 Full Year	999	4.40	404	1 2 1 2
Statutory profit	909	142	161	1,212
Cash profit	909	165	161	1,235
Net loans and advances	73,236	7,697	4,129	85,062
Customer deposits	73,495	50,129	5,639	129,263
Risk weighted assets	76,295	25,956	7,591	109,842
September 2016 Half Year				
Statutory profit	218	119	67	404
Cash profit	220	120	67	407
Net loans and advances	54,303	8,441	3,636	66,380
Customer deposits	60,634	48,138	5,491	114,263
Risk weighted assets	59,130	21,698	7,725	88,553
March 2016 Half Year				
Statutory profit	79	64	94	237
Cash profit	79	86	94	259
Net loans and advances	57,532	7,882	3,726	69,140
Customer deposits	64,412	49,888	5,404	119,704

Risk weighted assets

Not weighted decete		01,112	21,212		,010	00,010
New Zealand geography (in NZD)						
((//))		Half Year			Full Year	
	Sep 16 NZD M	Mar 16 NZD M	Movt	Sep 16 NZD M	Sep 15 NZD M	Movt
Net interest income	1,536	1,493	3%	3,029	2,880	5%
Other operating income	393	402	-2%	795	1,005	-21%
Operating income	1,929	1,895	2%	3,824	3,885	-2%
Operating expenses	(765)	(815)	-6%	(1,580)	(1,478)	7%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,164	1,080	8%	2,244	2,407	-7%
Credit impairment (charge)/release	(99)	(50)	98%	(149)	(76)	96%
Profit before income tax	1,065	1,030	3%	2,095	2,331	-10%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(287)	(279)	3%	(566)	(644)	-12%
Cash profit	778	751	4%	1,529	1,687	-9%
Adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit	1	12	-92%	13	84	-85%
Statutory profit	779	763	2%	1,542	1,771	-13%
Individual credit impairment charge/(release) - cash	88	50	76%	138	73	89%
Collective credit impairment charge/(release) - cash	11	-	n/a	11	3	large
Net loans and advances	120,651	117,470	3%	120,651	114,376	5%
Customer deposits	91,360	90,148	1%	91,360	84,870	8%
Risk weighted assets	76,005	74,537	2%	76,005	74,008	3%
Total full time equivalent staff (FTE)	7,869	8,063	-2%	7,869	8,104	-3%

64,112

24,212

7,546

95,870

Full time equivalent staff

At 30 September 2016, ANZ employed 46,554 people worldwide (Mar 16: 48,896; Sep 15: 50,152) on a full-time equivalent basis ("FTEs").

	ivision Half Year				Full Year			
		Sep 16	Mar 16	Movt	Sep-16	Sep 15	Movt	
	Australia	8,864	9,198	-4%	8,864	9,161	-3%	
\geq	institutional	3,640	4,044	-10%	3,640	4,218	-14%	
	New Zealand	5,240	5,321	-2%	5,240	5,359	-2%	
	Wealth Australia	1,379	1,436	-4%	1,379	1,532	-10%	
	Asia Retail & Pacific	2,925	3,368	-13%	2,925	3,518	-17%	
	TSO and Group Centre	24,506	25,529	-4%	24,506	26,364	-7%	
	Total	46,554	48,896	-5%	46,554	50,152	-7%	
	Average FTE	47,489	49,777	-5%	48,633	50,953	-5%	

Exchange rates

Major exchange rates used in the translation	on of foreign subsidiaries, bra	nches, investr	nents in asso	ciates and issue	ed debt are as	follows:	
	Ва	alance sheet			Profit & Loss	s Average	
		As at		Half Ye	Half Year		ear
	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 15	Sep 16	Mar 16	Sep 16	Sep 15
Chinese Renminbi	5.0809	4.9471	4.4573	4.9507	4.6622	4.8064	4.8803
Euro	0.6789	0.6760	0.6229	0.6694	0.6558	0.6626	0.6838
Pound Sterling	0.5874	0.5335	0.4625	0.5432	0.4886	0.5159	0.5074
Indian Rupee	50.764	50.741	46.142	50.258	48.101	49.179	49.522
ndonesian Rupiah	9,900	10,164	10,281	9,939	9,835	9,887	10,199
Japanese Yen	76.844	85.951	84.072	78.750	85.328	82.039	93.515
Malaysian Ringgit	3.1576	3.0015	3.1176	3.0295	3.0565	3.0430	2.8761
New Taiwan Dollar	23.895	24.640	23.066	24.100	23.708	23.904	24.543
New Zealand Dollar	1.0487	1.1093	1.1003	1.0640	1.0834	1.0737	1.0785
Papua New Guinean Kina	2.4143	2.3724	2.0123	2.3648	2.1565	2.2606	2.0940
United States Dollar	0.7617	0.7651	0.7013	0.7510	0.7212	0.7361	0.7839

AASB – Australian Accounting Standards Board. The term "AASB" is commonly used when identifying Australian Accounting Standards issued by the AASB.

ADI - Authorised Deposit-taking Institution.

APRA - Australian Prudential Regulation Authority.

APS – ADI Prudential Standard.

BCBS - Basel Committee on Banking Supervision.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise coins, notes, money at call, balances held with central banks, liquid settlement balances (readily convertible to known amounts of cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value) and securities purchased under agreements to resell ("reverse repos") in less than three months.

Cash profit is an additional measure of profit which is prepared on a basis other than in accordance with accounting standards. Cash profit represents ANZ's preferred measure of the result of the ongoing business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and Divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit as noted below. These items are calculated consistently period on period so as not to discriminate between positive and negative adjustments.

Gains and losses are adjusted where they are significant, or have the potential to be significant in any one period, and fall into one of three categories:

- gains or losses included in earnings arising from changes in tax, legal or accounting legislation or other non-core items not associated with the ongoing operations of the Group;
- 2. treasury shares, revaluation of policy liabilities, economic hedging impacts and similar accounting items that represent timing differences that will reverse through earnings in the future; and
- 3. accounting reclassifications between individual line items that do not impact reported results, such as policyholders tax gross up.

Cash profit is not a measure of cash flow or profit determined on a cash accounting basis.

Collective provision is the provision for credit losses that are inherent in the portfolio but not able to be individually identified. A collective provision is only recognised when a loss event has occurred. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss resulting from the failure of ANZ's customers and counterparties to honour or perform fully the terms of a loan or contract.

Credit risk weighted assets represent assets which are weighted for credit risk according to a set formula (APS 112/113).

Derivative credit valuation adjustment (CVA) – Over the life of a derivative instrument, ANZ uses a CVA model to adjust fair value to take into account the impact of counterparty credit quality. The methodology calculates the present value of expected losses over the life of the financial instrument as a function of probability of default, loss given default, expected credit risk exposure and an asset correlation factor. Impaired derivatives are also subject to a CVA.

Customer deposits represent term deposits, other deposits bearing interest, deposits not bearing interest and borrowing corporations' debt excluding securitisation deposits.

Dividend payout ratio is the total ordinary dividend payment divided by profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, adjusted for the amount of preference share dividends paid.

Gross loans and advances (GLA) is made up of loans and advances, acceptances and capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees less unearned income

IFRS - International Financial Reporting Standards

Impaired assets are those financial assets where doubt exists as to whether the full contractual amount will be received in a timely manner, or where concessional terms have been provided because of the financial difficulties of the customer. Financial assets are impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of a loss event that occurred prior to the reporting date, and that loss event has had an impact, which can be reliably estimated, on the expected future cash flows of the individual asset or portfolio of assets.

Impaired loans comprise drawn facilities where the customer's status is defined as impaired.

Individual provision is the amount of expected credit losses on financial instruments assessed for impairment on an individual basis (as opposed to on a collective basis). It takes into account expected cash flows over the lives of those financial instruments.

Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB) relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on ANZ's future net interest income. The risk generally arises from:

- 1. Repricing and yield curve risk the risk to earnings or market value as a result of changes in the overall level of interest rates and/or the relativity of these rates across the yield curve;
- 2. Basis risk the risk to earnings or market value arising from volatility in the interest margin applicable to banking book items; and
- 3. Optionality risk the risk to earnings or market value arising from the existence of stand-alone or embedded options in banking book items.

Internationally comparable ratios are ANZ's interpretation of the regulations documented in the Basel Committee publications; "Basel 3: A global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems" (June 2011) and "International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards" (June 2006). They also include differences identified in APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015)

Net interest margin (NIM) is net interest income as a percentage of average interest earning assets.

Net loans and advances represent gross loans and advances less provisions for credit impairment.

Net tangible assets equal share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company less preference share capital and unamortised intangible assets (including goodwill and software).

Operating expenses include personnel expenses, premises expenses, technology expenses, restructuring expenses, and other operating expenses (excluding credit impairment charges).

DEFINITIONS

PSM | BUOSJED JO =

Operating income includes net interest income, net fee and commission income, net funds management and insurance income, share of associates'

Restructured items comprise facilities in which the original contractual terms have been modified for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer. Restructuring may consist of reduction of interest, principal or other payments legally due, or an extension in maturity materially beyond those typically offered to new facilities with similar risk.

Return on average assets is the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, adjusted for the amount of preference share dividends paid, divided by average total assets.

Return on average ordinary shareholders' equity is the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company, adjusted for the amount of preference share dividends paid, divided by average ordinary shareholders' equity.

Regulatory deposits are mandatory reserve deposits lodged with local central banks in accordance with statutory requirements.

Risk weighted assets (RWA) – Assets (both on and off-balance sheet) are risk weighted according to each asset's inherent potential for default and what the likely losses would be in the case of default. In the case of non asset backed risks (i.e. market and operational risk), RWA is determined by multiplying the capital requirements for those risks by 12.5.

Settlement balances owed to / by ANZ represent financial assets and/or liabilities which are in the course of being settled. These may include trade dated assets and liabilities, nostro / vostro accounts and securities settlement accounts.

Description of divisions

The Group operates on a divisional structure with six divisions: Australia, Institutional, New Zealand, Wealth Australia, Asia Retail & Pacific and Technology Services & Operations ("TSO") and Group Centre. This divisional structure reflects the changes announced by the Group in March 2016 relating to the former Global Wealth division. These changes included repositioning the New Zealand funds management and insurance businesses to the New Zealand division as well as reorganising the Private Bank business along geographic lines under the Australia, New Zealand and Asia Retail & Pacific divisions. The residual Global Wealth business has been renamed Wealth Australia.

In addition, certain structured finance businesses within Markets and Transaction Banking were transferred across to Loans & Specialised Finance during the September 2016 half.

The TSO organisational changes announced in September 2016 will take effect from 1 October 2016.

Australia

The Australia division comprises the Retail and Corporate & Commercial Banking (C&CB) business units.

- Retail provides products and services to consumer and private banking customers in Australia via the branch network, mortgage specialists, the contact centre and a variety of self-service channels (internet banking, phone banking, ATMs, website and digital banking).
- C&CB provides a full range of banking services including traditional relationship banking and sophisticated financial solutions, including asset financing through dedicated managers focusing on privately owned small, medium and large enterprises as well as the agricultural business segment.

Institutional

The Institutional division services global institutional and business customers located in Australia, New Zealand, Asia, Europe, America, Papua New Guinea and the Middle East across three product sets: Transaction Banking, Loans & Specialised Finance and Markets.

- Transaction Banking provides working capital and liquidity solutions including documentary trade, supply chain financing as well as cash management solutions, deposits, payments and clearing.
- Loans & Specialised Finance provides specialised loan structuring and execution, loan syndication, project and export finance, debt structuring and
 acquisition finance, structured asset finance, structured trade finance and corporate advisory.
- Markets provides risk management services on foreign exchange, interest rates, credit, commodities, debt capital markets and wealth solutions in addition to managing the Group's interest rate exposure and liquidity position.

New Zealand

The New Zealand division comprises the Retail and Commercial business units.

Retail provides a full range of banking and wealth management services to consumer, private banking and small business banking customers. We deliver our services via our internet and app-based digital solutions and network of branches, mortgage specialists, relationship managers and contact centres.

 Commercial provides a full range of banking services including traditional relationship banking and sophisticated financial solutions (including asset financing) through dedicated managers focusing on privately owned medium to large enterprises and the agricultural business segment.

Wealth Australia

The Wealth Australia division comprises the Insurance and Funds Management business units, which provide insurance, investment and superannuation solutions intended to make it easier for customers to connect with, protect and grow their wealth.

- Insurance includes life insurance, general insurance and ANZ Lenders Mortgage Insurance.
- Funds Management includes the Pensions and Investments business and ANZ Share Investing.

Asia Retail & Pacific

The Asia Retail & Pacific division comprises the Asia Retail and Pacific business units, connecting customers to specialists for their banking needs.

- Asia Retail provides general banking and wealth management services to affluent and emerging affluent retail customers across nine Asian countries via relationship managers, branches, contact centres and a variety of self-service digital channels (internet and mobile banking, phone and ATMs). Core products offered include deposits, credit cards, loans, investments and insurance.
- Pacific provides products and services to retail customers, small to medium-sized enterprises, institutional customers and Governments located in
 the Pacific Islands. Products and services include retail products provided to consumers, traditional relationship banking and sophisticated financial
 solutions provided to business customers through dedicated managers.

Technology, Services & Operations and Group Centre

TSO and Group Centre provide support to the operating divisions, including technology, operations, shared services, property, risk management, financial management, strategy, marketing, human resources and corporate affairs. The Group Centre includes Group Treasury, Shareholder Functions and minority investments in Asia. The TSO organisational changes announced in September 2016 will take effect from 1 October 2016.

	Page
Details of the reporting period and the previous corresponding period (4E Item 1)	2
Results for Announcement to the Market (4E Item 2)	2
Statement of Comprehensive Income (4E Item 3)	90, 91
Statement of Financial Position (4E Item 4)	92
Statement of Cash Flows (4E Item 5)	93
Statement of Changes in Equity (4E Item 6)	94
Dividends and dividend dates (4E Item 7)	2
Dividend Reinvestment Plan (4E Item 8)	2
Net Tangible Assets per security (4E Item 9)	14
Details of entities over which control has been gained or lost (4E Item 10)	107
Details of associates and joint venture entities (4E Item 11)	
Other significant information (4E Item 12)	108
Accounting standards used by foreign entities (4E Item 13)	Not applicable
Commentary on results (4E Item 14)	25
Statement that accounts are being audited (4E Item 15)	3

	PAGE
Appendix 4E Cross Reference Index	
Appendix 4E Statement	2
Average Balance Sheet and Related Interest	114
Basis of Preparation	95
Capital Management	110
Changes in Composition of the Group	107
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	92
Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	93
Condensed Consolidated Income Statement	90
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	94
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	91
Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	107
Definitions	123
Deposits and Other Borrowings	104
Dividends	100
Divisional Results	53
Earnings Per Share	101
Exchange Rates	122
Full Time Equivalent Staff	122
Funds Management and Insurance Income Analysis (Group)	119
Group Results	25
Income Tax Expense	99
Income	97
Investments In Associates	107
Net Loans and Advances	102
News Release	7
Note to the Cash Flow Statement	101
Operating Expenses	98
Profit Reconciliation	83
Provision for Credit Impairment	103
Select Geographical Disclosures	121
Shareholders' Equity	105
Strategic Review	21
Subsequent Events since Balance Date	108
\$ummary	11

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