

RESULTS PRESENTATION

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND **BANKING GROUP LIMITED** 26 OCTOBER 2017

ANZ staff volunteers helping out on Daffodil Day to raise vital funds for Cancer Council Australia. Volunteers used ANZ BladePay™ devices powered by the Shout app to facilitate cashless purchases and donations.



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2017 FULL YEAR RESULTS

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED



HEADLINE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

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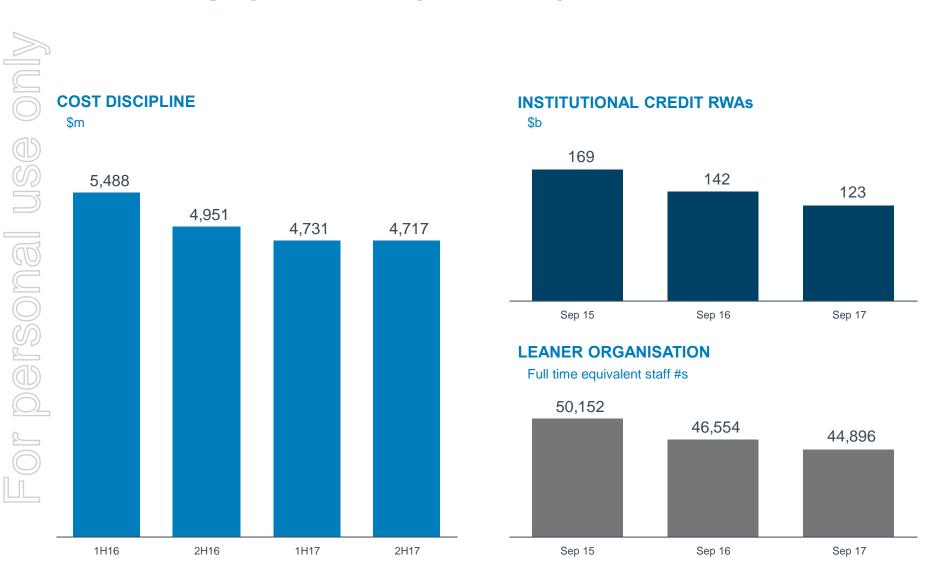
	FY17 (\$m)	Change (FY17 vs FY16)
Statutory Profit	6,406	12%
Cash Profit	6,938	18%
Operating Income	20,489	-1%
Operating Expenses	9,448	-9%
Profit Before Provisions	11,041	9%
Provisions	1,199	-39%
Cash EPS (cents)	237	17%
Dividend per share (cents)	160	Stable
Cash ROE (%)	11.9	159 bp
CET1 (%)	10.6	96 bp
CET1 Internationally Comparable Basel 3 (%)	15.8	126 bp

ASSUMPTIONS UNDERLYING NEW STRATEGY

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

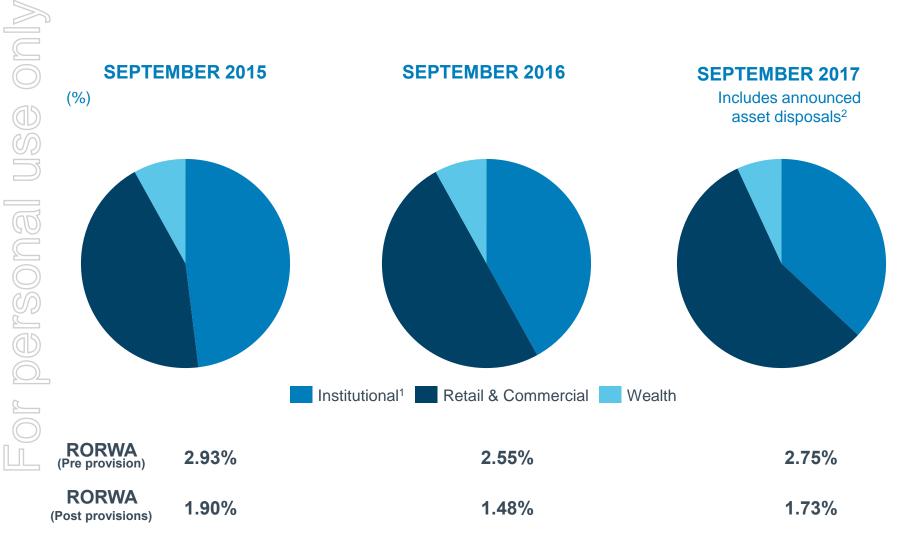
- 1. Constrained sector growth (High household debt, subdued business investment)
- 2. Changing customer preferences (More digital, more third party advice)
- 3. Industry transformation (Open data, new technologies)
- 4. Growing regulation (Capital, liquidity, compliance)
- **5.** Intensifying competition (Incumbents, new technology entrants)
- 6. Changing community expectations (Greater accountability and regulation)

DRIVERS OF PERFORMANCE



A BETTER BALANCED BANK

CAPITAL ALLOCATION



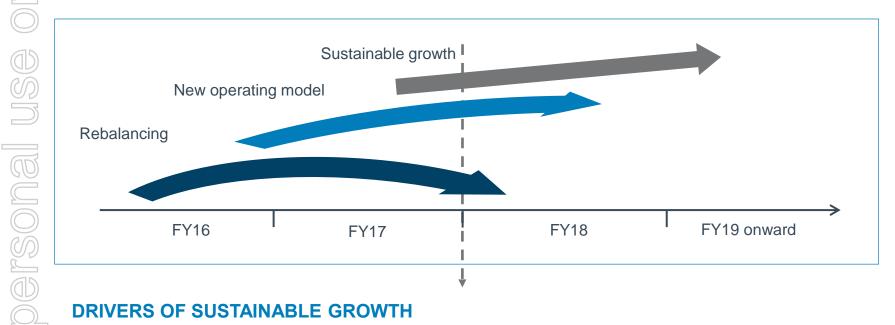
NOTE: Allocation based on Regulatory Capital.

^{1.} Institutional shown under 2015 IIB Structure, including Global Institutional and Asia Retail & Pacific

^{2.} Pro-Forma adjusted for all announced Asset disposals (Remaining Retail Asia and Wealth, SRCB, MCC, UDC Finance and OnePath Pension & Investment and aligned dealer groups (OP P&I/ADG))

BETTER PLACED TO WIN

GETTING FIT FOR PURPOSE



DRIVERS OF SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

1. Focus

 A few things done extremely well

2. Speed

- Listen to customers, test, develop, launch
- Learn & repeat

3. Digital

- Balances digital capability
- Human design & service

4. Culture

- Stronger sense of core purpose, ethics & fairness
- Investing in people for a rapidly changing world

WHERE WE CAN WIN

STRATEGIC FOCUS

- By being the best bank for people who want to buy and own a home, or start, run and grow a small business in Australia and New Zealand
- Being the best bank for customers who move goods and capital around Asia Pacific

- ~250,000 net new retail customers
- Bought and leveraging RealAs property ready
- For the first time >1m home loan accounts in Aus.
- Held #1 Market share in NZ Home Loans
- Strengthened #3 Market Share Aus. Home Loans
- Introduced First Home Buyer coaches in Aus
- Small Business deposits up 9% in Australia
- Commercial deposits up 6% in NZ
- #1 Institutional lead bank in Aus & NZ¹
- #4 Institutional Bank in Asia²



^{1.} Peter Lee Associates 2017 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking surveys, Australia and New Zealand (issued in June and August 2017 respectively)

Greenwich Associates 2016 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study (issued in March 2017): ANZ ranked =No.4

HOW WE WILL WIN

COST PLUS CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

CONVENIENT, ENGAGING CUSTOMER SOLUTIONS

Expanded digital channels

- Digital Branches
- Smart ATMs
- Digital sales

Leading the payment revolution

(the only major bank supporting all mobile wallets)

- Android PayTM
- Apple PayTM

For personal use

- Apple Watch Pay
- FitBitTM Pay
- Samsung Pay

Making business easy

- ANZ Be Business Ready (Honcho)
- ANZ Be Trade Ready
- Employment Hero
- BladePayTM







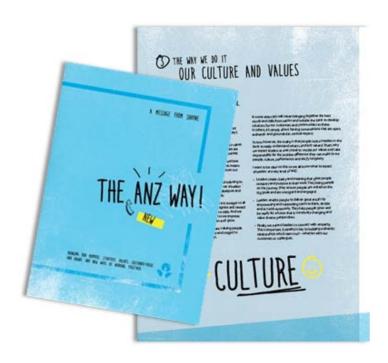


HOW WE WILL WIN

CULTURE

or personal

- Clarified ANZ Purpose, Values, Expectations
- Long term focus on engaging our people
- Rebalancing performance scorecards
- Changing what we expect from leaders
- Protecting social licence
- Engaging with community and regulators



CAPITAL

COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL GENERATION						
CET1 bps	FY12 – FY16 avg.	FY17	Change FY17 vs FY12 – FY16 avg.			
Cash Profit ¹	195	169	(26)			
RWA impact	(31)	54	85			
Capital deductions ²	(24)	6	30			
Net capital generation	140	229	89			

^{1.} Cash profit for FY17 excludes 'large/notable items'.

^{2.} Represents movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software, EL v EP shortfall and other intangibles.

FOUR PRIORITIES

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1. Creating a simpler, better balanced bank

2. Focusing on areas where we can win

3. Building a superior everyday experience to compete in the digital age

4. Driving a purpose and values led transformation

OUR FOCUS

1. Capital efficiency

use only

- 2. Absolute cost discipline
- 3. Customer experience & innovation
- 4. Transitioning to New Ways of Working (NWoW)
- 5. Consolidating improvements in Asia business
- 6. Engaging with community
- 7. Final reshaping of non core assets

KEY INDICATORS

		FY15	FY16	FY17
DSM	Return on equity (%)	14.0	10.3	11.9
	Cash earnings per share (cents)	260	203	237
	Economic profit (% growth year on year)	-13	-56	+38
BUOSJEC	CET1 ratio (%)	9.6	9.6	10.6
	NTA / Avg share (\$)	16.9	17.1	17.7
	Operating Expenses (% growth year on year)	+6.8	+11.1	-9.5
	Profit Before Provisions / Avg Share	\$4.03	\$3.49	\$3.77
	Full Time Equivalent staff	50,152	46,554	44,896
	Loss Rate (%)	0.22	0.34	0.21
	Total Shareholder Return (% growth year on year)	-7.5	+9.2	+13.1



MICHELLE JABLKO
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED

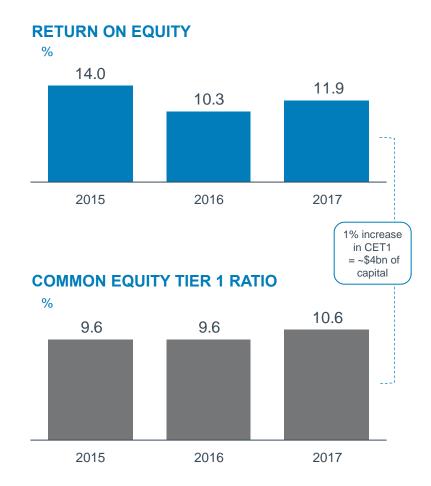


OVERVIEW

- Benefited from portfolio rebalancing
- Maintained strong cost discipline
- Improved credit quality
- Strengthened capital
- Continued exit of non core businesses

CASH EARNINGS PER SHARE

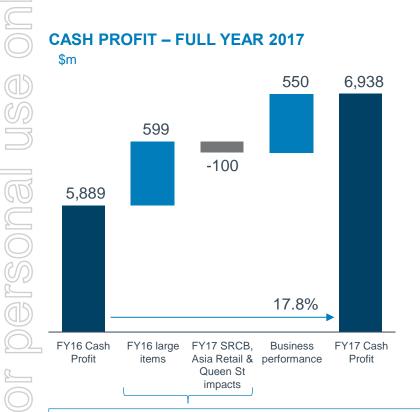
260.3 202.6 237.1 2015 2016 2017



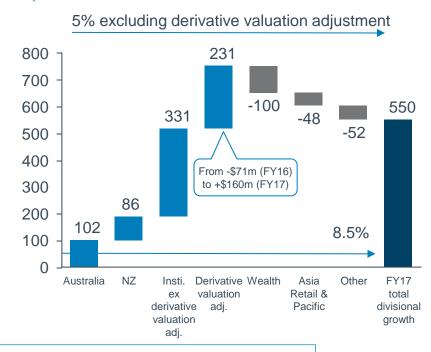
AGENDA

- **FULL YEAR 2017 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**
- 2. KEY DRIVERS OF THE BUSINESS
- **BALANCE SHEET STRENGTH**
- **BASELINE FOR 2018**

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE DRIVERS



BUSINESS PERFORMANCE – FULL YEAR 2017



FY16 LARGE ITEMS & FY17 DIVESTMENTS AND GAIN ON SALE

FY16 large items

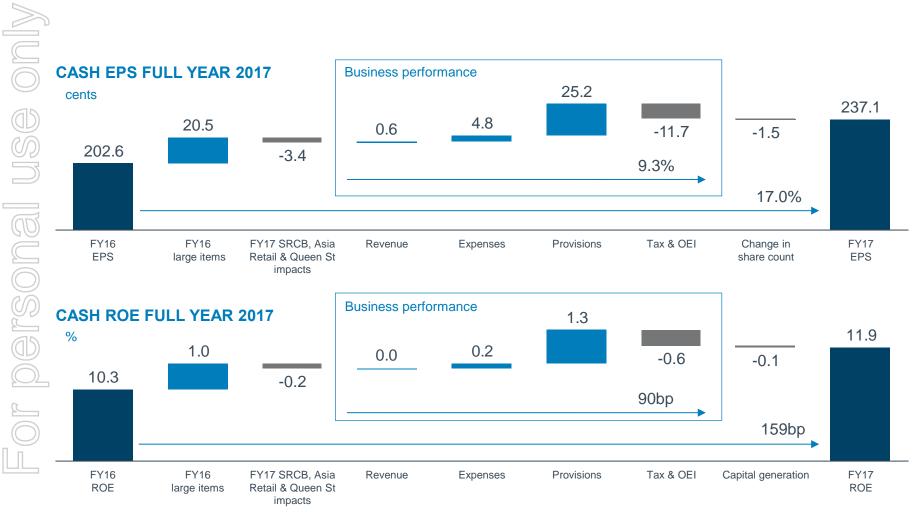
- Equity accounted earnings SRCB & BOT
- Software capialisation changes
- · Asian minority valuation adjustments
- (AMMB & BOT)

- Restructuring charge
- Esanda Dealer Finance divestment
- Derivative CVA methodology change

FY17 SRCB, Asia Retail & Queen St impacts

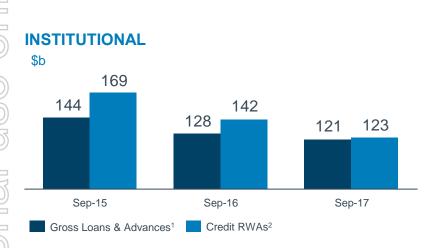
- Equity accounted earnings SRCB (1QFY17)
- Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth (Loss on sale)
- · Gain of sale of 100 Queen St

RETURN ON EQUITY



This drove an Economic Profit increase of 38%

PORTFOLIO REBALANCING

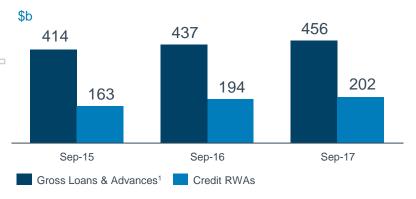


FY17 INSTITUTIONAL LENDING MOVEMENT

Gross loans and advances

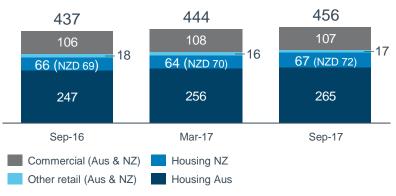
	11	H17	2H17		FY17
\$b change	Aus/NZ	International	Aus/NZ	International	TOTAL
Total	-0.5	-4.8	-1.6	0.2	-6.7
Trade	-0.3	-1.3	0.1	0.7	-0.7
Loans	-0.1	-3.7	-1.7	-1.2	-6.7
Other ³	-0.1	0.1	0	0.7	0.7

AUS & NZ RETAIL & COMMERCIAL



RETAIL & COMMERCIAL LENDING

Gross loans and advances



Including acceptances

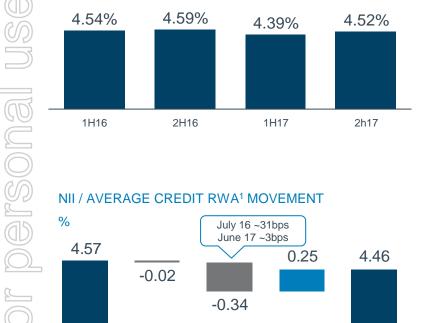
Not FX adjusted

Largely Markets

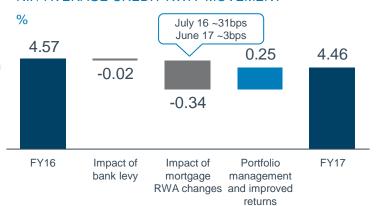
RISK ADJUSTED MARGINS & RETURNS

TOTAL GROUP

NET INTEREST INCOME (NII) / AVERAGE CREDIT RWA1



NII / AVERAGE CREDIT RWA1 MOVEMENT



DIVISIONS²

NII / AVERAGE CREDIT RWA1 (%)



PROFIT BEFORE PROVISIONS / AVERAGE TOTAL RWA (%)



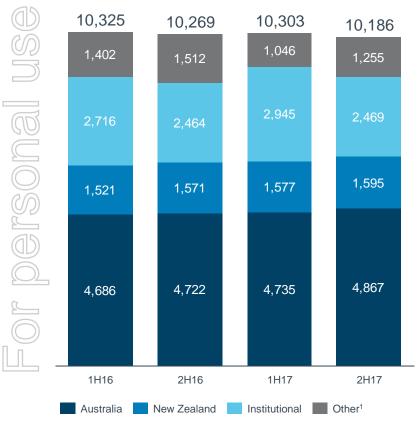
Excluding Global Markets

Australia Division FY16 includes impacts from regulatory changes to Australian housing risk weights introduced 1 July 2016. Australia Division FY17 includes impacts from further increases to Australia housing risk weights following APRA having completed its review of ANZ's mortgage capital model and approved the new model for Australian residential mortgages effective from June 2017

INCOME DRIVERS

\$m

TOTAL INCOME

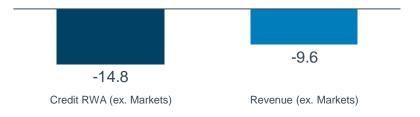


TOTAL INCOME GROWTH

	Half Yea (vs pri	Full Year growth	
%	1H17	2H17	FY17
Group	0.3	-1.1	-0.5
Australia	0.3	2.8	2.1
New Zealand (NZD)	-0.1	2.4	1.8
Institutional	19.5	-16.2	4.5
Wealth	-10.8	-0.4	-13.5

INSTITUTIONAL (EX. MARKETS)

% (FY17 vs FY16)

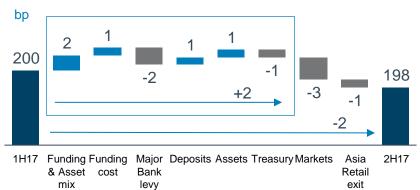


Other includes Wealth Australia, Asia Retail & Pacific, TSO & Group Centre

INCOME DRIVERS

GROUP NET INTEREST MARGIN

GROUP NET INTEREST MARGIN

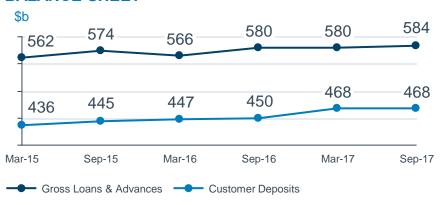


NIM 2H17 TIMING IMPACTS

	3 rd Quarter	4 th Quarter
Home loan repricing	*	*
Home Loan switching		*
Asia Retail exits	*	*
	(China, Singapore)	(& Hong Kong)
Bank Levy		*

BALANCE SHEET

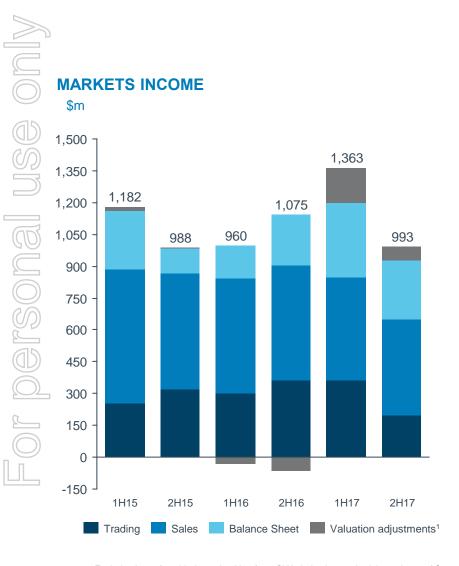
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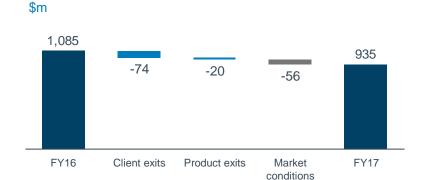
RATE MOVEMENTS



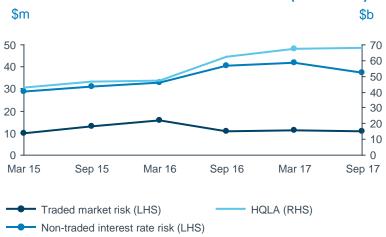
MARKETS INCOME



MARKETS SALES INCOME



MARKETS AVERAGE VALUE AT RISK (99% VAR)





^{1.} Excludes Large/notable items in 2H16 for mCVA derivative methodology change (-\$237m)

EXPENSE DRIVERS

FULL YEAR 2017 EXPENSES¹



FTE (TOTAL #)

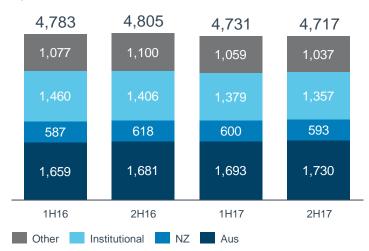


FTE REDUCTION

YOY change	FY16	FY17
TOTAL	-7%	-4%
Senior Mgt	-16%	-6%

DIVISIONAL EXPENSE CONTRIBUTION¹

\$m



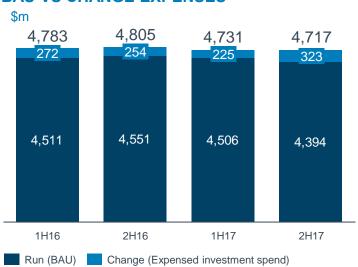
DIVISIONAL EXPENSE GROWTH

% change (HoH)	2H16	1H17	2H17
Aus	1.3	0.7	2.2
NZ (NZD)	3.3	-3.2	0
Institutional	-3.7	-1.9	-1.6

EXPENSE & INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

BAU VS CHANGE EXPENSES¹

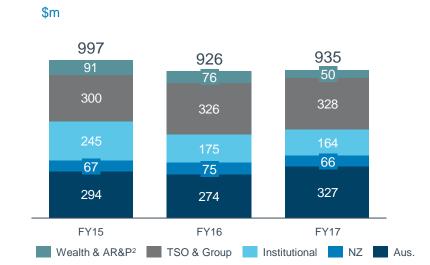
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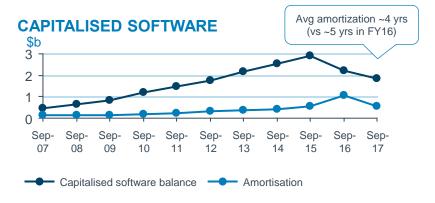


BAU VS CHANGE EXPENSE GROWTH¹

% change (HoH)	2H16	1H17	2H17
TOTAL	0.5	-1.5	-0.3
BAU	0.9	-1.0	-2.5
Change	-6.6	-11.4	43.6

TOTAL INVESTMENT SPEND





Excluding FY16 large items

AR&P = Asia Retail & Pacific

PROVISIONS

TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE





EXPECTED LOSS

Individual provision expected loss as % of Gross Lending Assets

%	Sep 16	Sep 17
Australia	0.33	0.33
New Zealand	0.26	0.22
Institutional	0.35	0.30
Subtotal	0.33	0.31
Asia Retail	1.51	2.67
Total	0.35	0.32

LONG TERM IP LOSS RATES





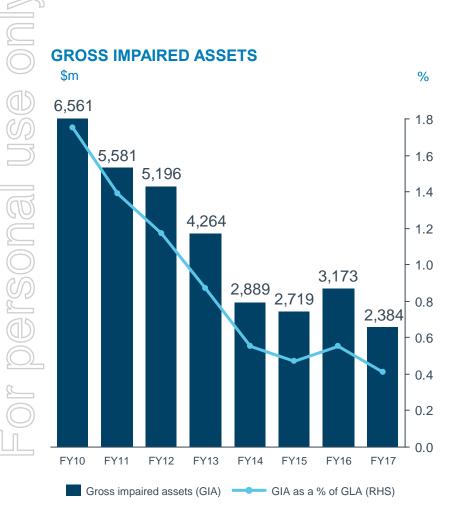
COLLECTIVE PROVISION CHARGE

\$m

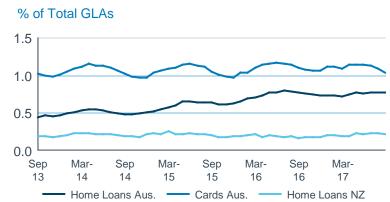
	1H16	2H16	1H17	2H17	FY17
Lending Growth	56	-59	-30	-18	-48
Change in Risk/Portfolio mix ¹	-30	50	-78	-91	-169
Eco Cycle	0	0	41	34	75
TOTAL	26	-9	-67	-75	-142

Net impact of new \$75m retail trade overlay, less release of \$41m Qld flood and Asia Retail & Pacific overlays

CREDIT QUALITY



CONSUMER 90+ DAY ARREARS

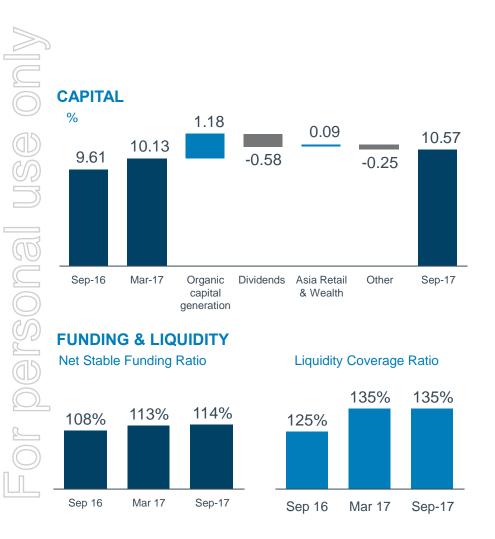


HOME LOANS 90+ DPD BY STATE¹

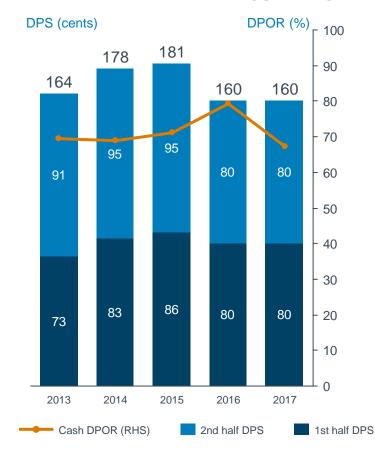


1.

CAPITAL, LIQUIDITY & DIVIDENDS



DIVIDEND AND DIVIDEND PAYOUT RATIO



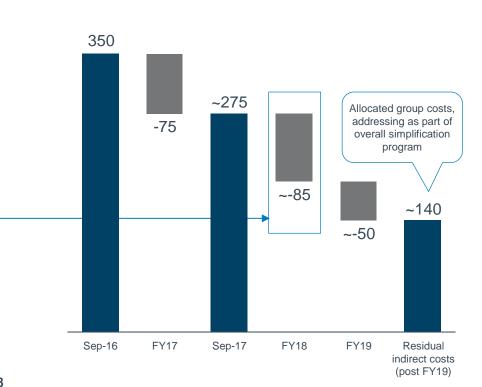
ASIA RETAIL & WEALTH DIVESTMENT

FINANCIAL IMPACTS

ASIA RETAIL CONTRIBUTION TO EARNINGS \$m\$

	FY16 Earnings ¹	FY17 earnings²	FY18 anticipated earnings impact (partial year ownership)
Revenue	850	673	down ~85%
Expenses	650	492	
- Direct	300	217	down ~85%
- indirect	350	275	down \$80-90m
Provisions	160	124	down ~70%
Cash Profit	50	46	
CET1 benefit		9bp	6+ bp

ASIA RETAIL INDIRECT COST REDUCTION PROFILE \$m (anticipated)



Countries settled in 2H17

• China, Singapore, Hong Kong

Countries to settle 1H18

• Indonesia, Taiwan, Vietnam

^{1.} Approximates. Difference to 31/10/16 announcement due to inclusion of Vietnam, timing and rounding

^{2.} Excludes loss on sale impact of \$270m (post tax)

ANNOUNCED DIVESTMENTS

2018 IMPACTS

INDICATIVE CHANGE IN CONTRIBUTION FROM DIVESTMENTS (FY18 vs FY17)1

\$m	Asia Retail	SRCB	мсс	UDC	FY18 Total (lower earnings)
Revenue	~-570	-58	-39	~-80	~-750
Expenses – Direct	~-185			~-25	~-210
Expenses – Indirect	~-85				~-85
Provisions	~-85			~-5	~-90
Cash Profit (pre gain / loss on sale)	~-175	-58	-39	~-40	~-310
Gain / (Loss) on sale	~60	Nominal	~245	~100	~255³
CET1 impact	~6+ bp	~40bp	~9bp	~10bp	~65+ bp
Basis for lower earnings	3 divestments in 2H17, 3 in 1H18: Revenue -~85%, Direct exp~85% Indirect exp~30% Provisions -~70%	Cessation of equity accounting earnings	Cessation of equity accounting earnings	~9 months earnings impact	

All divestments are indicative and subject to regulatory approvals

OnePath P&I

Completion 1H19

Loss on sale 120²

CET1 impact 15bp

Indicative only based on anticipated timing and FY17 earnings as a basis for FY18. FY17 not necessarily representative of future earnings

^{2.} Estimated loss on sale at completion – some separation costs to be incurred in FY18

Includes MCC (+245), UDC (+100), Asia Retail (+60) and ~150m P&I costs



INVESTOR DISCUSSION PACK

26 October 2017

FY17 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
BANKING GROUP LIMITED



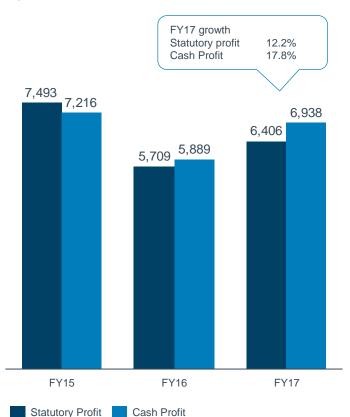
GROUP PERFORMANCE

STATUTORY & CASH PROFIT RECONCILIATION

STATUTORY & CASH PROFIT

\$m

or personal use



STATUTORY TO CASH ADJUSTMENTS¹

Cash profit represents ANZ's preferred measure of the result of the ongoing business activities of the Group, enabling readers to assess Group and Divisional performance against prior periods and against peer institutions. To calculate cash profit, the Group excludes non-core items from statutory profit.

	\$m	FY16	FY17
Statutory Profit		5,709	6,406
<u>Adjustments</u>			
Treasury share adjustment		44	58
Revaluation of policy liabilities		(54)	34
Economic hedges		102	209
Revenue Hedges		92	(99)
Structured credit intermediation trades		(4)	(3)
Revaluation of SRCB to held for sale		0	333
Total adjustments		180	532
Cash Profit		5,889	6,938

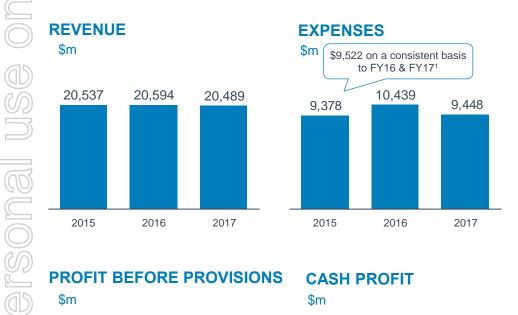
Reclassification of SRCB to held for sale

On 3 January 2017, the Group announced that it had agreed to sell its 20% stake in Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank (SRCB). The sale is subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals. In the March 2017 half, the Group recognised a \$219 million impairment to the investment, \$11 million of foreign exchange losses and \$86 million of tax expenses, following the reclassification of the investment to held for sale. The loss will be largely offset by the release of foreign currency translation and available for sale reserves of \$289 million on sale completion. In light of the timing difference (and that these amounts largely offset), the impact is excluded from cash profit result, however the net impact will be included within cash profit for full year reporting.

^{1.} Definitions of the adjustments between statutory profit and cash profit are detailed in the 2017 Full Year Results (Consolidated Financial Report & Dividend Announcement) within the Profit Reconciliation section.

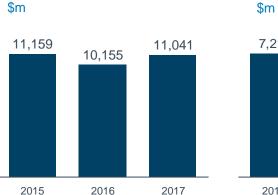
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

CASH PROFIT & LARGE/NOTABLE ITEMS

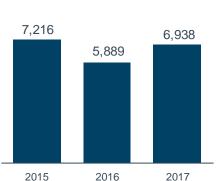


	FY17		2H17 (vs 1H17		
Growth (Cash basis)	\$m	% change	\$m	% change	
Income	20,489	-0.5	10,186	-1.1	
Expenses	9,448	-9.5	4,717	-0.3	
PBP	11,041	8.8	5,469	-1.8	
Provisions	1,199	-38.7	479	-33.3	
Cash Profit	6,938	18.1	3,527	3.4	

PROFIT BEFORE PROVISIONS



CASH PROFIT



LARGE/NOTABLE ITEMS IN CASH PROFIT 2

Post tax impact (\$m)	FY16	FY17	1H17	2H17
Derivative valuation adj.	(71)	160	113	47
Equity accounted earnings	345	58	58	-
Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth	-	(270)	(284)	14
Gain on sale – 100 Queen St	-	112	112	-
Software Capitalisation changes	(389)	-	-	-
Asian minority valuation adj.	(231)	-	-	-
Restructuring	(201)	-	-	-
Esanda Dealer Finance divest.	45	-	-	-
Derivative CVA methodology change	(168)	-	-	-
TOTAL	(670)	60	(1)	61

^{1.} Consistent basis excludes Esanda Dealer Finance from 2015 expense base and applies capitalised software expenses based on revised policy announced in 2016 (higher expensed

^{2.} Profit and loss impacts of large/notable items is shown on the following 3 Large/Notable Items slides

LARGE/NOTABLE ITEMS IN CASH PROFIT

			Cash profit impact			
	Profit & Loss item	ANZ Division	FY16	FY17	1H17	2H17
CASH PROFIT			5,889	6,938	3,411	3,527
CASH PROFIT COMPOSITION:						
- Cash profit excluding large/notable items			6,559	6,878	3,412	3,466
Large/notable items			(670)	60	(1)	61
Large/Notable items:						
Derivative valuation adjustments	Other operating income	Institutional	(71)	160	113	47
Equity accounted earnings (SRCB & BOT) SRCB (FY16 & FY17) & BOT (FY16) equity accounted earnings prior to reclassification of these Asian minority investments to available for sale	Other operating income	TSO & Group Centre	345	58	58	-
Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth businesses As a result of the sale relating to Asia Retail & Wealth businesses, the Group recognised charges to impair software, goodwill and fixed assets as well as provide for redundancies.	Other operating income	Asia Retail & Pacific	-	(270)	(284)	14
Gain on sale – 100 Queen St, Melbourne Gain on sale of the Group's 100 Queen Street office tower and former head office in Melbourne	Other operating income	TSO & Group Centre	-	112	112	-
Software Capitalisation changes Accelerated amortisation charge associated with changes to the Group's software capitalisation policy	Expenses	TSO & Group Centre	(389)	-	-	-
Asian minority valuation adjustment Recognised impairment on AMMB; recognised gain on BoT on cessation of equity accounting	Other operating income	TSO & Group Centre	(231)	-	-	-
Restructuring Restructuring expense associated with accelerating the process of reshaping the Group's workforce to build a simpler, more agile bank	Expenses	Australia New Zealand Institutional Asia Retail & Pacific TSO & Group Centre	(201)	-	-	-
Esanda Dealer Finance divestment Esanda Dealer Finance earnings prior to transfer of assets to acquirer.	Net interest income, Other operating income, Provisions	Australia	45	-	-	-
Derivative CVA methodology change Impact of revised methodology for determining the derivative credit valuation adjustment (associated with the derivative portfolio) to make greater use of market information and enhanced modelling, and to align with leading market practice.	Other operating income	Institutional	(168)	-	-	-

LARGE/NOTABLE ITEMS DETAIL

PROFIT & LOSS: FULL YEAR 2016 & 2017

	September 2017 Full Year				September 2016 Full Year								
		Large/	notable iter	ns in cash p	orofit			La	rge/notabl	e items in	cash prof	fit	
-	Cash profit \$M	Derivative valuation adj.	Equity accounted earnings SRCB \$M	Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth businesses \$M	Gain on Sale 100 Queen St \$M	Cash profit \$M	Derivative valuation adj. \$M	Equity accounted earnings SRCB & BOT \$M	Software capital- isation changes \$M	Asian minority valuation adj. \$M	Restruct- uring \$M ¹	Esanda Dealer Finance divestment \$M	Derivative CVA method. change \$M
Net interest income	14,872	-	-	-	-	15,095	-	-	-	-	-	31	-
Other operating income	5,617	229	58	(310)	114	5,499	(102)	345	-	(231)	-	78	(237)
Operating income	20,489	229	58	(310)	114	20,594	(102)	345	-	(231)	-	109	(237)
Operating expenses	(9,448)	-	-	-	-	(10,439)	-	-	(556)	-	(278)	(17)	-
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	11,041	229	58	(310)	114	10,155	(102)	345	(556)	(231)	(278)	92	(237)
Credit impairment charge	(1,199)	-	-	-	-	(1,956)	-	-	-	-	-	(23)	-
Profit before income tax	9,842	229	58	(310)	114	8,199	(102)	345	(556)	(231)	(278)	69	(237)
Income tax expense	(2,889)	(69)	-	40	(2)	(2,299)	31	-	167	-	77	(24)	69
Non-controlling interests	(15)	-	-	-	-	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash profit	6,938	160	58	(270)	112	5,889	(71)	345	(389)	(231)	(201)	45	(168)

^{1.} Restructuring charges by division: Australia \$49m, Institutional \$90m, New Zealand \$18m, Wealth Australia \$20m, Asia Retail & Pacific \$12m, TSO & Group Centre \$89m

^{2.} Further information is set out on page 14-16 of the 2017 Full Year Consolidated Financial Report

LARGE/NOTABLE ITEMS DETAIL

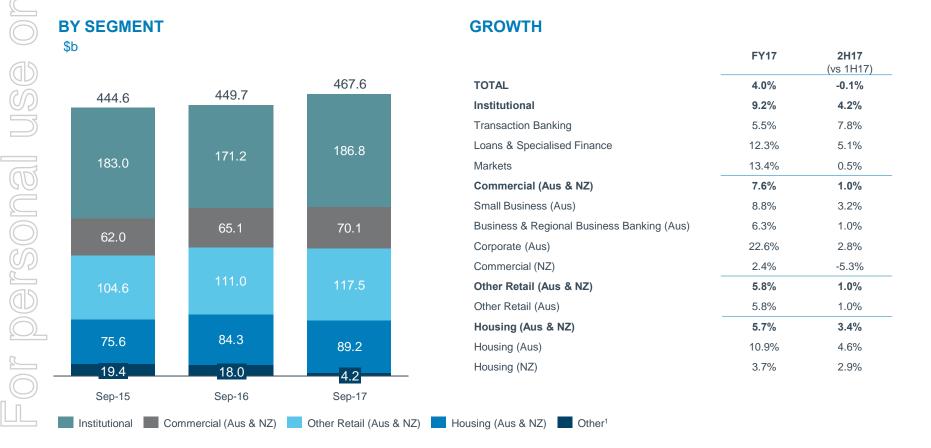
PROFIT & LOSS: HALF YEAR 2017

	Sep.	2017 Hal	f Year	March 2017 Half Year					
		Large/notable items in cash profit			Large/notable items in cash profit				
-	Cash profit \$M	Derivative valuation adj. \$M	Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth businesses \$M	Cash profit \$M	Derivative valuation adj. \$M	earnings	Sale of Asia Retail & Wealth businesses \$M	Gain on sale 100 Queen St \$M	
Net interest income	7,456	-	-	7,416	-		-	-	
Other operating income	2,730	67	14	2,887	162	58	(324)	114	
Operating income	10,186	67	14	10,303	162	58	(324)	114	
Operating expenses	(4,717)	-	-	(4,731)	-	-	-	-	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	5,469	67	14	5,572	162	58	(324)	114	
Credit impairment charge	(479)	-	-	(720)	-	-	-	-	
Profit before income tax	4,990	67	14	4,852	162	58	(324)	114	
Income tax expense	(1,456)	(20)	-	(1,433)	(49)	-	40	(2)	
Non-controlling interests	(7)	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	-	
Cash profit	3,527	47	14	3,411	113	58	(284)	112	

^{1.} Further information is set out on page 14-16 of the 2017 Full Year Consolidated Financial Report

FY17 BALANCE SHEET

CUSTOMER DEPOSITS



FY17 BALANCE SHEET

NET LOANS & ADVANCES



NET INTEREST MARGIN

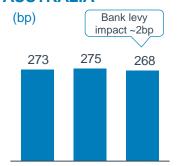
GROUP & DIVISIONAL MARGIN PERFORMANCE

GROUP FULL YEAR (bp)

210 207



AUSTRALIA

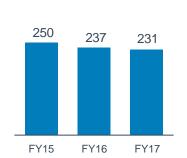


FY16

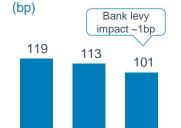
FY17

NEW ZEALAND

(bp)



INSTITUTIONAL



FY16

FY17

GROUP HALF YEAR

(bp)



AUSTRALIA

FY15

(bp)

Bank levy impact ~4bp

275 274 269 268

1H16 2H16 1H17 2H17

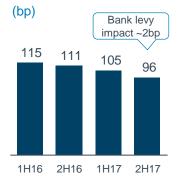
NEW ZEALAND

(bp)



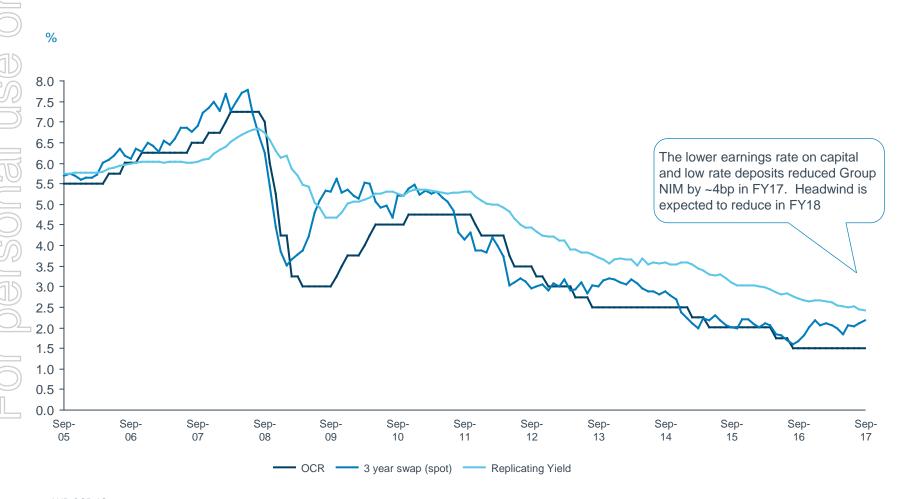
INSTITUTIONAL

FY15



IMPACTS OF DECLINING RATES

LOWER RETURNS ON CAPITAL AND LOW RATE DEPOSITS

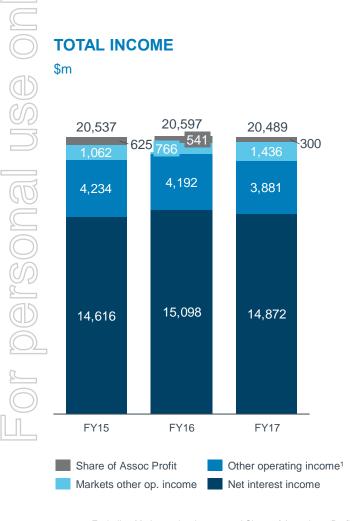


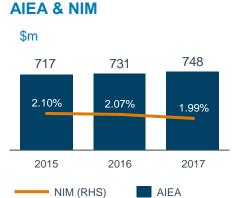
^{1.} AUD OCR / Swap rates

^{2.} AUD average capital portfolio yield displayed. The Group's overall portfolio includes multiple portfolios & currencies.

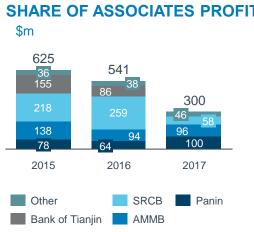
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME

BY CATEGORY

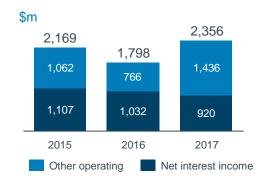








TOTAL MARKETS INCOME



OTHER NON INTEREST INCOME



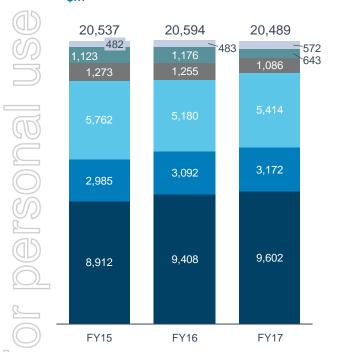
Excluding Markets other income and Share of Associates Profit

TOTAL OPERATING INCOME

BY DIVISION

TOTAL INCOME - CASH

\$m

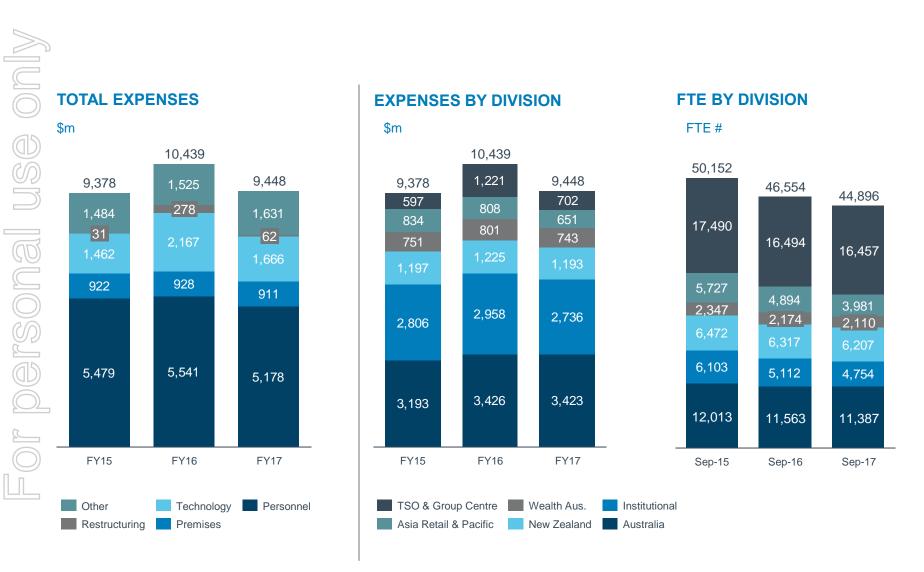


INCOME GROWTH

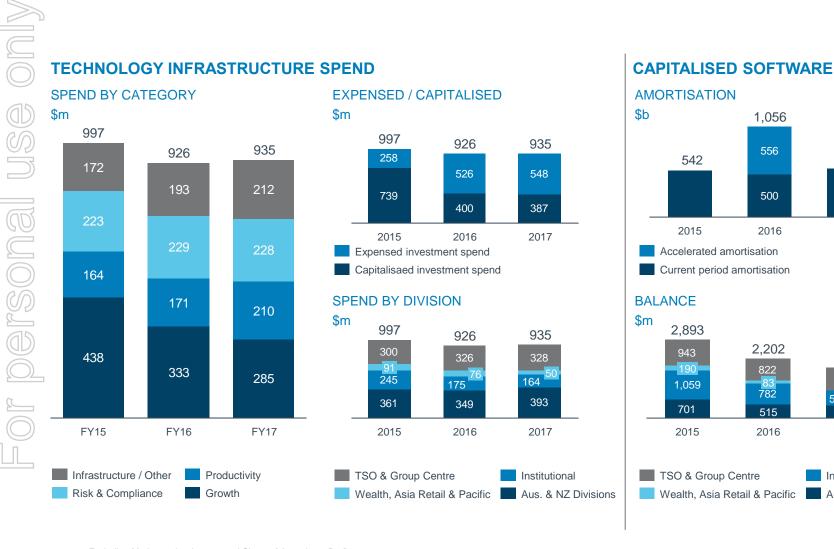
	FY17	2H17 (vs 1H17)
TOTAL		
Institutional	5%	-16%
Transaction Banking	-4%	-1%
Loans & Specialised Finance	-15%	-13%
Markets	31%	-27%
NEW ZEALAND	2%	2%
Retail	3%	3%
Commercial	1%	2%
AUSTRALIA	2%	3%
Retail	4%	4%
Commercial	-1%	0%
Asia Retail & Pacific	-45%	135%
Wealth	-13%	0%
TSO & Group Centre	18%	-15%

TSO & Group Centre Asia Retail & Pacific Wealth Australia Institutional New Zealand Australia

TOTAL EXPENSES



TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE SPEND & CAPITALISED SOFTWARE



Excluding Markets other income and Share of Associates Profit

567

2017

1,860

465

2017

Institutional

Aus. & NZ Divisions

559



AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED











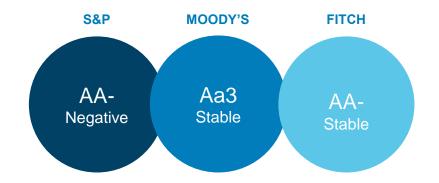
CORPORATE PROFILE

- ANZ is a top 5 listed corporate in Australia and number one bank in New Zealand
 - Market capitalisation of AU\$86.9b¹
 - Total Assets of AU\$897.3 billion¹
- We operate in 34 markets across
 - o Australia
 - o New Zealand
 - o Asia
 - o Pacific
 - o Europe
 - o America
 - o Middle East
- Our ~45,000 staff serve retail, commercial and institutional customers through
 - consumer and corporate offerings in our core markets, and
 - o Regional trade and capital flows across the region
- We have over 550,000 shareholders and paid ~\$5b in dividends in 2017

PURPOSE AND VISION

- Shape a world where people and communities thrive
- Build the best connected and most respected bank in the region

CREDIT RATING



STRATEGIC PROGRESS- EXAMPLES

Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank

Reduce operating costs and risks by removing complexity and exiting low return and non-core businesses

- Reduction of Institutional CRWA by \$46 billion over two years, \$18b year on year
- \$8 billion increase in Retail and Commercial CRWA (FY17 vs FY16)
- 53% of Group Capital is now allocated to the Retail and Commercial businesses in Australia and NZ
- The Group CET1 ratio was 10.6% at 30 September 2017
- Completion of announced asset disposals will deliver an estimated additional 80 bps of capital by the end of FY18.
- Group costs have reduced 9% in absolute terms (FY17 vs FY16) for the first time since 1999

Focus are efforts on areas where we can carve out a winning position

Make buying and owning a home or starting, running and growing a small business in Australia and New

Zealand easy. Be the best bank in the world for customers driven by the movement of goods and capital in our region

•

- Introduction of First Home Buyer coaches to assist customers navigate the home buying process
- Increased number of retail customers in Australia from 5.3m to 5.6m
- In New Zealand we hold a leading position in overall brand consideration (51%)
- Small business lending in Australia was steady year on year with deposits up 9%. In New Zealand lending increased 5% with deposits up 7%
- Institutional Payments and Cash Management business is now 21% of Institutional income, up from 19% in FY15
- Our Institutional business in Aus & NZ ranks No.1 for overall market and lead penetration and the quality of our service¹ and a top 4 Corporate Bank in Asia for a fifth successive year²



^{1.} Peter Lee Associates 2017 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking surveys, Australia and New Zealand (issued in June and August 2017 respectively)

Greenwich Associates 2016 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study (issued in March 2017): ANZ ranked =No.4

STRATEGIC PROGRESS - EXAMPLES

Build a superior everyday experience for our people and customers in order to compete in the digital age

Build more convenient, engaging banking solutions to simplify the lives of customers and our people

- The only bank to offer payment options across Apple Pay, Android Pay, Samsung Pay and FitBit Pay backed by the ability to make high value transactions easier with the introduction of voice biometrics
- Expanded accessibility features for ANZ Visa Debit cards including features to assist customers with visual impairment and reading difficulties
- Acquired online property site RealAs to bolster our digital offering in Australia's property market
- Added to our small business product offering through our employment hero partnership while adding to our payments capability with BladePay and FastPay Next Generation

Drive a purpose and values led transformation of the Bank

Create a stronger sense of core purpose, ethics and fairness, investing in leaders who can help sense and navigate a rapidly changing environment

- Established CEO-led Responsible Business Committee and revised Charter of ES&G Board Committee
- Contributed \$131m in community investment supported by 113k community volunteering hours by employees.
- Introduced 'The ANZ Way', focusing on ANZ's purpose, strategy, refreshed values and Code of Conduct
- Introduced a new 'balanced scorecard' incentive plan in our branches and retail banking contact centres in Australia
- Implemented key priorities of our revised Human Rights Standards, including strengthened customer due diligence and employee training



^{1.} Peter Lee Associates 2017 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking surveys, Australia and New Zealand (issued in June and August 2017 respectively)

Greenwich Associates 2016 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study (issued in March 2017): ANZ ranked =No.4

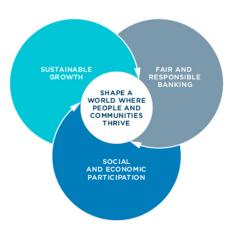
CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY



CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK

Our Corporate Sustainability Framework supports ANZ's business strategy and is aligned with the bank's Purpose.

The Framework has three key areas of focus: Sustainable Growth, Social and Economic Participation and Fair and Responsible Banking.



Our 2017 Corporate Sustainability Review, discussing progress against the bank's FY17 sustainability targets, will be available on anz.com/cs on 12 December 2017.

OUR MATERIAL ISSUES

Through our annual materiality assessment we engage with a range of internal and external stakeholders to build a clear picture of the ESG risks and opportunities that have the most potential to impact our ability to create value. Stakeholder feedback informs our sustainability approach, reporting and public targets.

In 2017, the top rated issues remained similar to those in 2016:

Fairness and ethical conduct: stakeholders want us to 'work harder to get it right' and supported cultural change being driven from the highest level within ANZ.

Fraud and data security: stakeholders consider we have a key role in educating customers and the wider community about cyber security and must ensure our policies and processes prevent fraud and protect customer data.

Responsible lending to business: stakeholders consider the social and environmental impacts of our business lending decisions are core to risk management.

Customer experience: stakeholders highlighted fairness, transparency and simplicity of products as central to building customer and community trust.

Digital innovation: stakeholders consider keeping pace with digital innovation and customer expectations is core to ANZ's ability to compete successfully now and in the long term.

CORPORATE SUSTAINABILITY

FY17 PERFORMANCE ON TARGETS

FAIR & RESPONSIBLE BANKING

Implemented key priorities of our revised Human Rights Standards, including strengthened customer due diligence and employee training

Cyber security education delivered to >60,000 customers

Implemented and embedded a third party risk screening tool covering ESG risk for suppliers

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC PARTICIPATION

or personal use only

Almost 500,000 people reached through our financial inclusion programs¹

250 people employed from under-represented groups²

184,576 customers have registered for goMoney $^{\text{TM}}$ in the Pacific 3

41.5% women in management positions⁴

SUSTAINABLE GROWTH

Funded and facilitated \$6.9 billion in low carbon and sustainable solutions, such as green buildings, low emissions transport, green bonds, renewable energy, efficient irrigation and low emissions gas power generation, since 2015

Reduced carbon emissions from premises energy by 20% against 2013 baseline

The information provided covers the period 1 October 2016 – 30 September 2017 and has not been externally assured. Our full year Corporate Sustainability Review, to be released 12 December 2017, will be assured by KPMG and include our performance against all FY17 targets 1. This is the estimated number of people who have benefitted from ANZ's MoneyMinded and SaverPlus programs since 2003. 2. Includes Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, people with a disability and refugees 3. Cumulative total since launch in 2013. 4. Employee headcount is used for the basis of this disclosure. Includes all employees regardless of leave status excluding contractors (which are included in FTE).



ANZ GROUP - FULL YEAR 2017 CASH PROFIT

Australia Division Cash profit: \$3,695m

Providing products, services and solutions to Retail and Commercial customers through our Retail and Corporate & Commercial Banking businesses

or personal use only

Retail:

consumer and private banking customers

Commercial:

privately owned small, medium and large enterprises and agricultural business

New Zealand
Division

Cash profit:

\$1,369m

Providing products, services and solutions to Retail and Commercial customers through our Retail and Commercial businesses

Retail:

consumer, wealth, private banking and small business customers

Commercial:

privately owned medium and large enterprises and agricultural business

Institutional Division

Cash profit: \$1,836m

Provides products, services and solutions to global Institutional and business customers across geographies

Products:

Cash, Loans & Specialised Finance, Trade and Markets

Geographies:

located in Australia, New Zealand, Asia, Europe, America, PNG and the Middle East

2017	Australia Division	New Zealand Division	Institutional Division Other	
Cash	\$3,695m	\$1,369m	\$1,836m	\$6,938m
Profit				

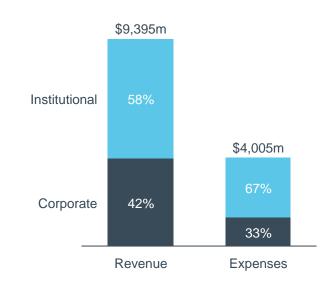
All figures provided on a Cash Basis for Full Year 2017

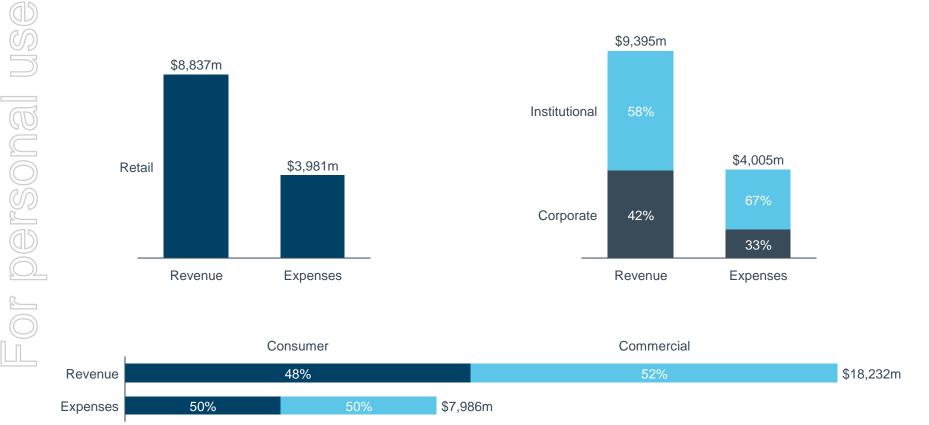
ANZ GROUP - SEPTEMBER 2017 Revenue & Expenses

CONSUMER (AUS & NZ)

COMMERCIAL (AUS, NZ & International)







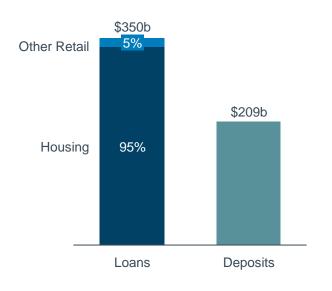
^{1.} All figures provided on a Cash Basis for Full Year 2017

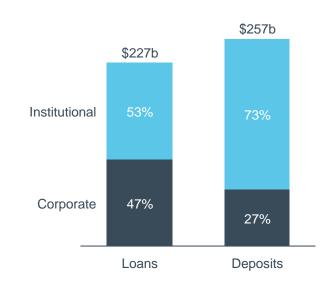
^{2.} Other Includes: Wealth Australia, Asia Retail & Pacific, Technology, Services & Operations and Group Centre

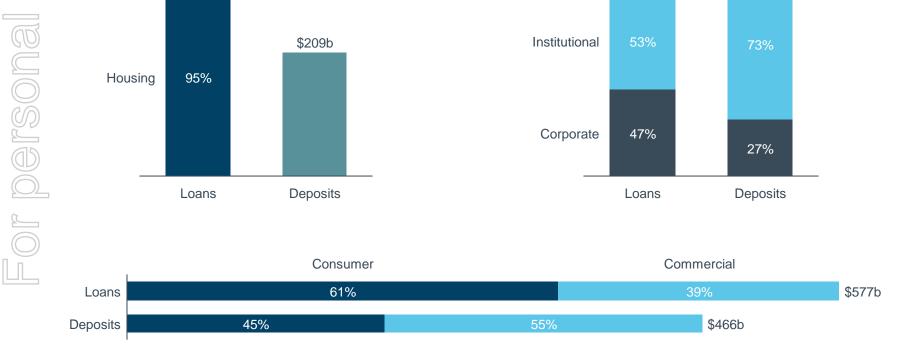
ANZ GROUP - SEPTEMBER 2017 BALANCE SHEET

CONSUMER (AUS & NZ)

COMMERCIAL (AUS, NZ & International)







^{1.} All figures provided on a Cash Basis for Full Year 2017

^{2.} Other Includes: Wealth Australia, Asia Retail & Pacific, Technology, Services & Operations and Group Centre

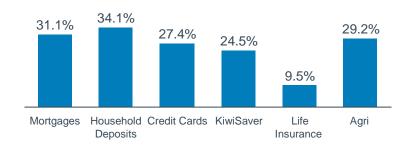
CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

MARKET POSITION

MARKET SHARE - AUSTRALIA¹

18.7% 16.9% 15.7% 14.5% 13.5% 12.8% Home Household **Business** Business Credit Cards Personal Loans **Deposits** Lending Loans Deposits

MARKET SHARE - NEW ZEALAND²



INSTITUTIONAL DIVISION

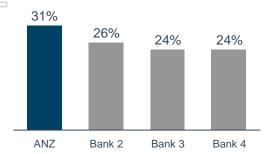
AUSTRALIA

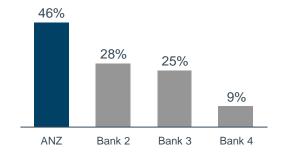
#1 Lead Bank Penetration3

NEW ZEALAND

#1 Lead Bank Penetration3

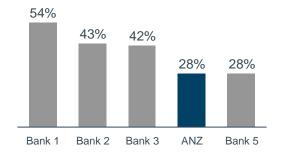
Clear leadership positions for key performance indicators including overall market penetration, lead penetration and quality of service (Relationship Strength)





ASIATop 4 Corporate Bank⁴

Top 4 Corporate Bank in Asia for a fifth successive year²



^{1.} APRA Monthly Banking Statistics as at August 2017. 2. Sources: Mortgages - RBNZ, share of all banks as of August 2017, Kiwisaver - IRD, FUM market share as of June 2017, Life insurance - (Financial Services Council), share of all providers as of June 2017. 3. Peter Lee Associates 2017 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking surveys, Australia and New Zealand (issued in June and August 2017 respectively); ranked against the Top 4 competitors. 4. Greenwich Associates 2016 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study (issued in March 2017): ANZ ranked =No.4 (2017 results published March 2018)



CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE

STRONG FOUNDATION BUILT TO CAPITALISE ON EMERGING MOBILE PAYMENTS LANDSCAPE

BUILDING KEY CAPABILITIES

KEY ACHIEVEMENTS:

- 661k cards provisioned across eligible devices in digital wallets with particularly strong adoption of Apple Pay
- Ongoing customer engagement and adoption with digital wallets with 31m transactions and \$1b spend since launch
- Continued to strengthen ANZ's leadership position in Mobile Payments through launch of ANZ with Samsung Pay, Fitbit Pay and virtual Apple Pay provisioning through goMoney
- Enabled Australia's domestic payments system, eftpos, to join mobile payments revolution through partnership with Apple Pay
- · Close attention to managing risk and regulatory landscape
- Demonstrated capability to partner and deliver to customer needs – underlying capabilities are scalable

Apple PayTM

Android PayTM



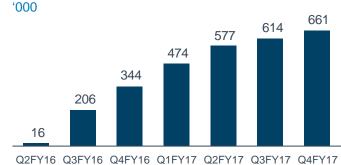




FitBit[™] Pay

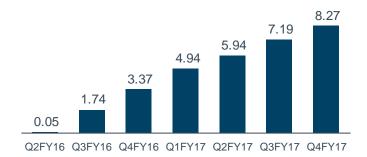
DIGITAL WALLET ADOPTION

Volume of cards provisioned and available per quarter



DIGITAL WALLET USAGE

Volume of transactions per quarter m



SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

10 YEAR PERFORMANCE

DIVIDEND PER SHARE



SHARE PRICE



DIVIDEND CONSIDERATIONS

- Setting a conservative, sustainable DPS
- Confidence in the strong ongoing capital generation (NPAT) in our Retail / Commercial businesses and continued capital efficiency in Institutional
- Credit quality trends
- Expected capital requirements
- The impact of expected asset sales on earnings and on opportunities for capital management initiatives
- Importance of stable payout ratio and franking credits

TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN

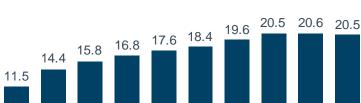


FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

10 YEAR PERFORMANCE - CASH BASIS

REVENUE

\$b



FY08 FY09 FY10 FY11 FY12 FY13 FY14 FY15 FY16 FY17

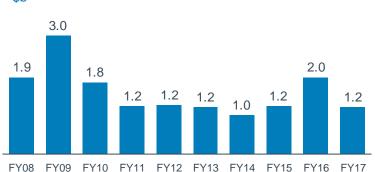
PROVISIONS

FY08

PRO

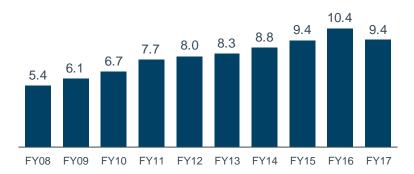
\$b

1.9



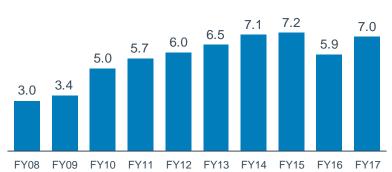
EXPENSES

\$b



CASH PROFIT

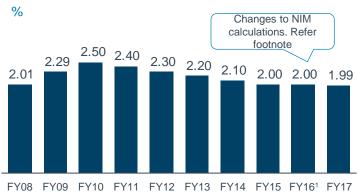
\$b



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - RATIOS

10 YEAR PERFORMANCE – CASH BASIS¹

NET INTEREST MARGIN



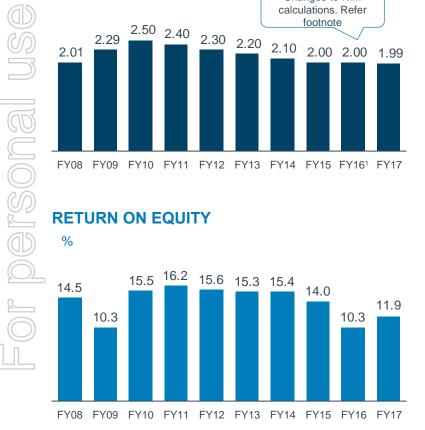
COST TO INCOME

%



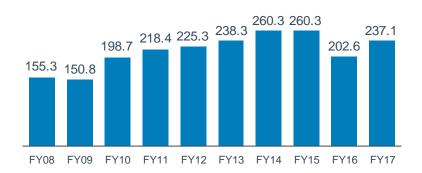
RETURN ON EQUITY





EARNINGS PER SHARE

cents



In the March 2017 half, the group changed its calculation of net interest margin to net home loan deposit offset balances against total interest earning assets. The revised 2016 NIM is 2.07%





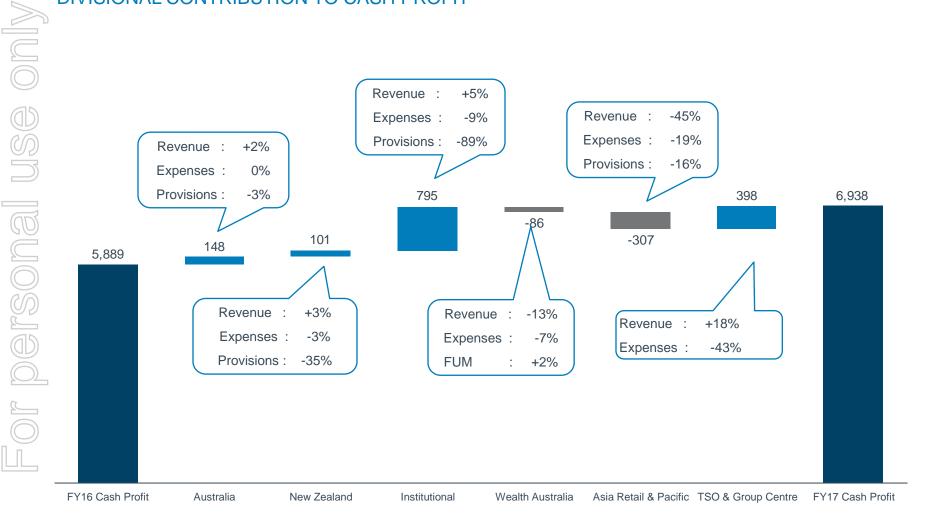
BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

DIVISIONAL CONTRIBUTION TO CASH PROFIT



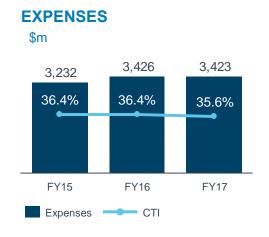
^{1.} Growth rates on a PCP basis (FY17 v FY16)

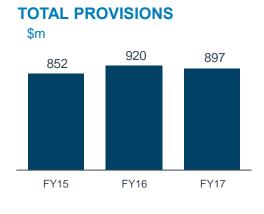
AUSTRALIA

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

REVENUE \$m 9,602 9,408 8,875 837 785 718 FY15 FY16 FY17 Revenue/Avg FTE (\$k)

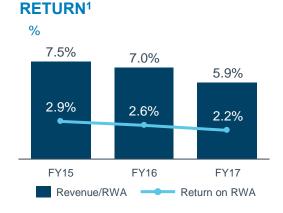












PRIORITIES

	PRIORITIES	ACTIONS	METRICS	FY15	FY16	FY17
STRATEGIC FOCUS		Simplified products	# Products decommissioned	<10	<10	47
	Create a simpler, better capitalised, better balanced and more agile bank	More digital branches	# Digital branches	5	40	81
		More self service	# OTC transactions	37.3m	33.8m	29.1m
		More digital sales	Digital % of retail sales	15%	16%	21%
		More digitally active customers	Digital active customers	2.9m	3.0m	3.3m
			# Retail Customers	5.3m	5.4m	5.6m
	Focus efforts on attractive areas where we can carve	Deepen customer	Retail Customers holding >1 Product	59.0%	59.9%	60.6%
			Commercial Cross Sell (% growth)	4.8%	10.8%	6.7%
	out a winning position		HL (ANZ vs system) ¹	1.2x	1.0x	1.2x
			Household Deposits (ANZ vs system) ¹	0.9x	0.6x	1.1x
	Build a superior	Launch innovative solutions to improve banker &	Android Pay transaction (000's)	-	138	1,871
	experience for our people and customers to compete		Bladepay transactions (000's)	-	n/a	62
	in the digital age	customer experience	Electronic verification uptake (trans / month)	-	4,405	9,828

Innovative solutions in place, improving the banker and customer experience

1.

or personal use only



BladePay



Apple Pay™



ANZ Mobile Pay Samsung Pay



FitBit™ Pay



authorise payments



MOVEMENTS

41 new digital branches, full range of digital banking options

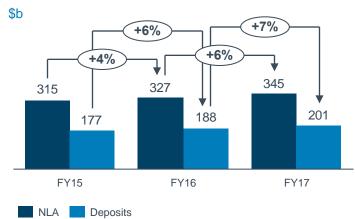
Digital Branches



Improved Frontline Tools for our bankers

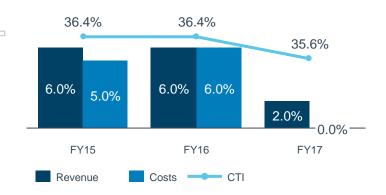
CONSISTENTLY DELIVERING SUSTAINABLE RESULTS

CONSISTENT GROWTH

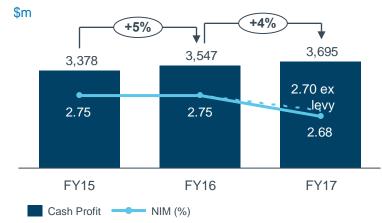


RIGHTSIZING OUR COST BASE

For personal



SUSTAINABLE RETURNS



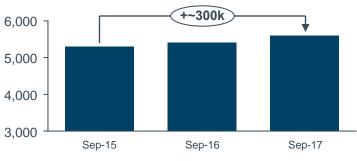
MANAGING OUR RISK



MORE CUSTOMERS, MORE ENGAGEMENT

MORE RETAIL CUSTOMERS

000's



Retail Customers ('000)

MORE BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS



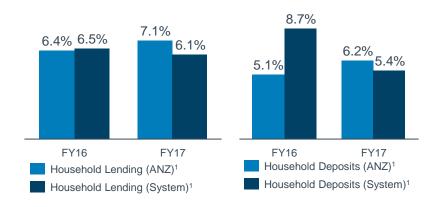
APRA System growth numbers up to Aug-17

MORE PRODUCTS PER CUSTOMER

Retail Products Per Customer (%)

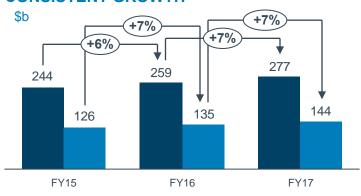


BALANCED GROWTH



RETAIL

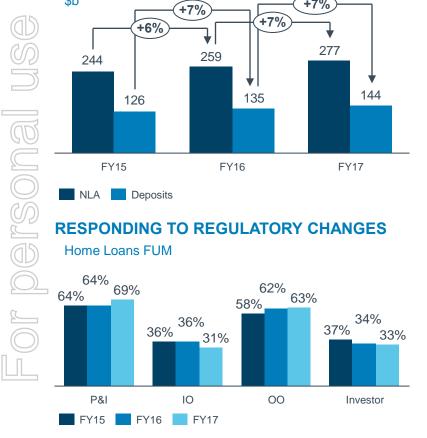
CONSISTENT GROWTH



RESPONDING TO REGULATORY CHANGES

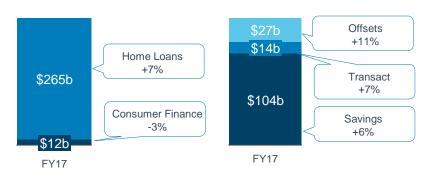
Home Loans FUM

NLA Deposits



FOCUSED GROWTH

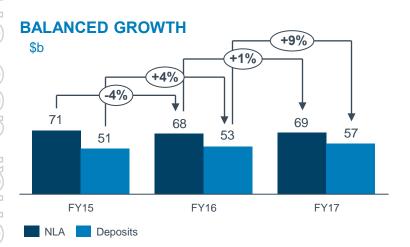
Retail FUM (\$b), PCP growth (%)



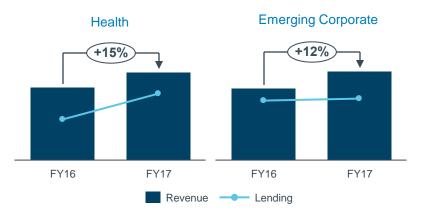
MANAGING RISK



CORPORATE & COMMERCIAL BANKING



GROWNG PRIORITY SEGMENTS¹- Revenue Growth



IMPROVING CRWA PROFILE



MANAGING RISK



- Growth rates reflect Aug-17 pcp
- 2. On 1 November 2015, the Group sold the Esanda Dealer Finance portfolio with the majority of the business transferred by 31 December 2015



DIGITAL

DELIVERING SUPERIOR EXPERIENCE FOR OUR PEOPLE AND CUSTOMERS



Cutting Edge Experiences

Launched Fitbit PayTM, Samsung PayTM and delivered Touch ID, instant card replacement for customers with a digital wallet and voice biometrics for high value payments.



Helping Australians buy a house

- In its first month alone, 40 thousand unique visitors have used RealAs – Australia's most accurate property price prediction service – to better buy their home.
- Launched HOLA, an online home loan service enabling customers to be "Auction Ready" within minutes – generating \$200m in FUM pipeline and now accounts for 25% of call centre home loans volumes.



Helping Australians start and run their business

- Partnered with Employment Hero to help our Small Business customers manage their employee base.
- Launched SBOS, reducing business loan processing times by up to 65% and enabling "Walk out working" - real time account opening for Deposit & Transaction products.



Leading with Data for our clients

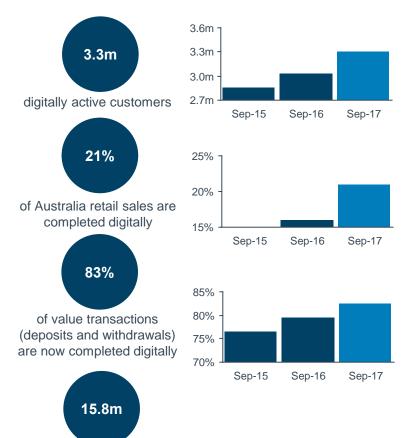
Built a world class Institutional Data Science team enabling better client experience and winning ANZ new client business.



Making banking easier for our customers

- Opened 41 new digital branches with a full range of digital banking options including digital self-service.
- Launched PLCC, personal loans online in just a few steps, with an answer within 60 seconds.

TRANSLATING INTO BUSINESS OUTCOMES



App logons weekly

INSTITUTIONAL

DELIVERING ON OUR STRATEGIC AGENDA



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RWA \$50b (25%) reduction in RWA¹ by focussing on higher

return, on-strategy priority segments

SIMPLIFICATION 22% fewer staff² and 5% reduction in costs² by

simplifying and streamlining the business

NETWORK 36% of Australia and 29% of New Zealand revenue

sourced from our International network³

RISK & RETURN Lowered the risk profile⁴ of the business and improved

returns⁵ of Institutional (15% higher) and the Group

CUSTOMER Maintained our leading market position with customers,

while transforming the business (37% fewer

customers⁶)

FUTURE FOCUSSED

Making targeted investment in priority channels and products to improve customer experience and position

the business for profitable growth

^{1.} Peak RWA was \$199b in January 2015; 2.FTE and expense reduction from FY15 to FY17; 3. From October 2016 to September 2017; 4. Weighted average CCR of the portfolio;

^{5.} Cash profit divided by average risk weighted assets from FY15 to FY17; 6. From peak at September 2015; excludes Papua New Guinea

INSTITUTIONAL

MAINTAINED OUR LEADING MARKET POSITIONS ACROSS OUR KEY GEOGRAPHIES



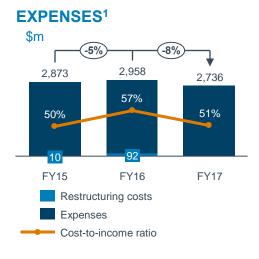
^{1.} Peter Lee Associates 2017 Large Corporate and Institutional Relationship Banking surveys, Australia and New Zealand (issued in June and August 2017 respectively)

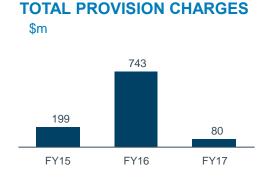
^{2.} Greenwich Associates 2016 Asian Large Corporate Banking Study (issued in March 2017): ANZ ranked =No.4

INSTITUTIONAL

A SIMPLER, BETTER-BALANCED AND HIGHER RETURNING INSTITUTIONAL

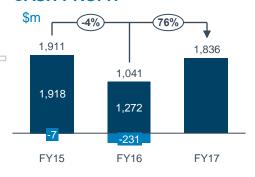
FY15 FY16 FY17 Revenue Derivative CVA methodology change Revenue/Average FTE (\$k)





CASH PROFIT¹

arsonal e



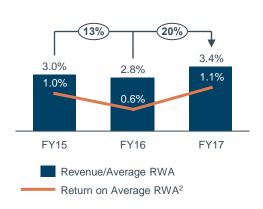
FY15/16 Large/Notable Items

Cash Profit





RETURN¹



^{1.} Excluding FY16 large/notable Items (derivative CVA methodology change and restructuring costs): Institutional revenue was \$3m (0%) lower; expenses were \$130m (5%) lower; cash profit was \$564m (44%) higher; and revenue/average RWA was 44bps (15%) higher in FY17

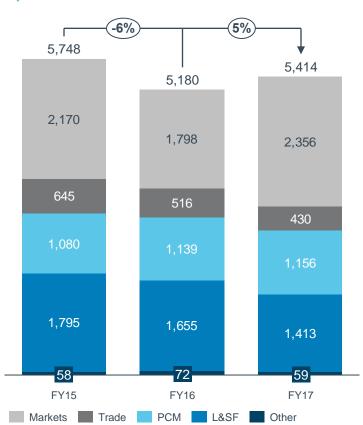


STRONG MARKETS AND PCM RESULT, WITH L&SF AND TRADE REPOSITIONED

REVENUE CONTRIBUTION^{1,2}

\$m

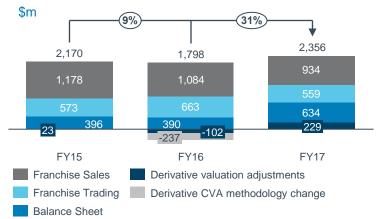
For personal



CREDIT RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS



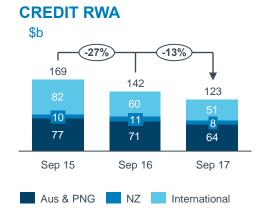
MARKETS REVENUE²

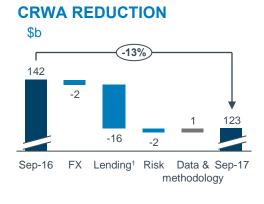


- 1. L&SF = Loans and Specialised Finance; Trade = Trade and Supply Chain; PCM = Payments and Cash Management
- 2. Excluding the \$237m FY16 Derivative CVA methodology change, Institutional revenue was \$3m (0%) lower; and Markets revenue was \$321m (16%) higher, in FY17
- 3. Cash Profit divided by average Risk Weighted Assets

SMALLER, BETTER BALANCED AND HIGHER RETURNING

TOTAL RWA \$b -25% -12% 198 168 29 149 26 26 169 142 123 Sep 15 Sep 16 Sep 17

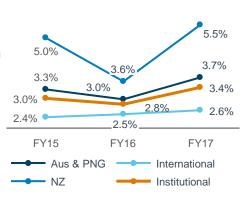




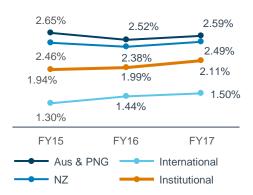
REVENUE ON AVERAGE RWA

Other RWA

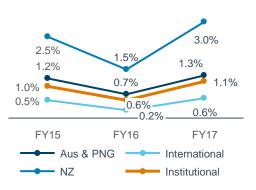
CRWA



RISK ADJUSTED NIM²



RETURN ON AVERAGE RWA³

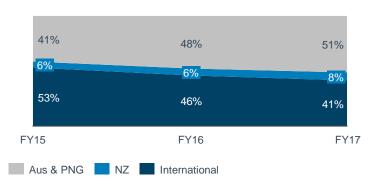


- 1. Lending movement comprises \$10b reduction from active client management, \$3b reduction from shorter tenor across the portfolio and \$3b from reduction in counterparty credit risk on derivatives
- 2. Institutional ex-Markets net interest income divided by average credit risk weighted assets
- 3. Cash profit divided by average risk weighted assets

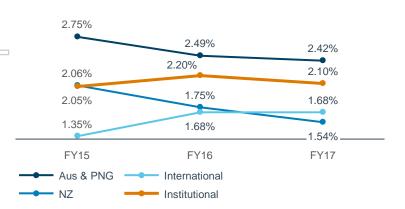


OPTIMISING PORTFOLIO MIX AND MANAGING MARGINS

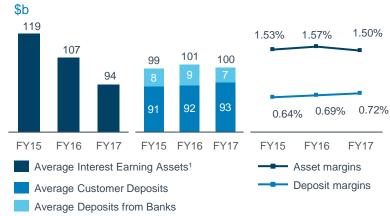
INTEREST EARNING ASSETS¹



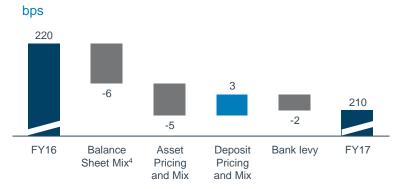
NIM BY REGION³



VOLUMES AND MARGINS²



FY17 NIM³

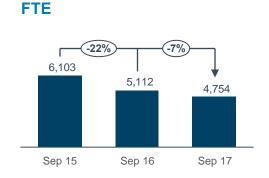


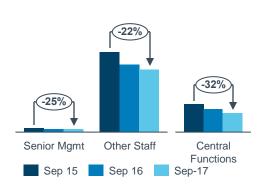
^{1.} Average interest earning assets for L&SF and Trade; 2. Asset margins represents Loan Product, Specialised Finance and Trade. Deposit margins represents Payments and Cash Management; 3. Institutional ex-Markets net interest margin; 4. Balance sheet mix represents the portfolio level change between interest earnings assets and interest earning liabilities. In FY17, Institutional had higher interest earning liabilities than interest earning assets, and this mix change is dilutive to Institutional's net interest margin



DRIVING PRODUCTIVITY BY SIMPLIFYING AND STREAMLINING THE BUSINESS

EXPENSES \$m 2,873 2,958 2,736 57% 50% 51% FY15 FY16 FY17 Restructuring Costs Cost-to-income ratio Expenses





FTE REDUCTIONS²

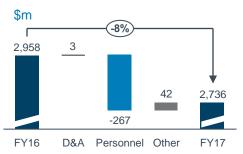
PRODUCTIVITY1

or personal use





EXPENSE DRIVERS¹



STP RATES³



^{1.} Excluding FY16 large/notable Items (derivative CVA methodology change and restructuring costs): Institutional expenses were \$130m (5%) lower; revenue/FTE improved 13%; Opex/Assets was 2 basis points lower; and personnel cost was \$175m lower in FY17; 2. Senior Management and Other Staff include Central Functions. Central Functions comprises enablement and support functions within Institutional; 3. Straight through processed (STP) volumes for Markets (Trade Capture, Confirmation, Settlement), Cash Management (Australia and NZ blended inward and outward payments) and Trade (volumes via the Transactive Trade Portal)



DISCIPLINED PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT AND BENIGN CREDIT ENVIRONMENT

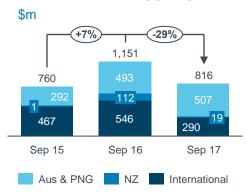
EXPOSURE-AT-DEFAULT¹



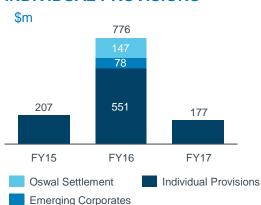
GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS



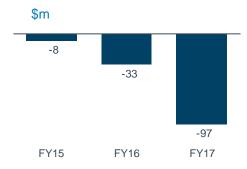
NEW IMPAIRED ASSETS



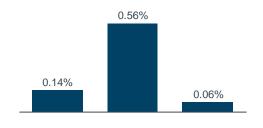
INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS



COLLECTIVE PROVISIONS



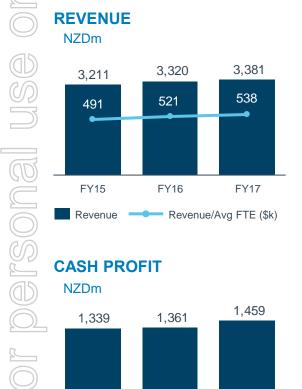
TOTAL LOSS RATE²

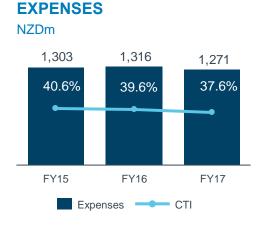


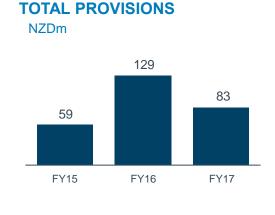
^{1.} Net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Includes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel asset classes

^{2.} Credit Impairment Charges divided by average Gross Lending Assets

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE¹

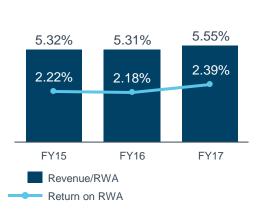












RETURN

NEW ZEALAND DIVISION

PRIORITIES

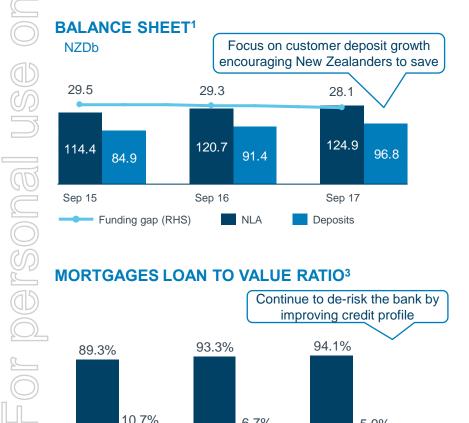
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	PRIORITIES ACTIONS		METRICS	SEP 15	SEP 16	SEP 17
	#1 in service	Grow customer satisfaction and brand consideration	Brand Consideration ¹	45.5%	49.6%	50.9%
			Migrant Banking Brand Consideration ¹	66%	75%	74%
			Retail Net Promoter Score ²	-0.6	8.6	12.3
			KiwiSaver provider ³	24.4%	24.8%	24.5%
	Home ownership and running a small business	Make banking easier for home owners and small business	Home Loans (Market Share)4	31.6%	31.5%	31.1%
(0			Home Loan (FUM) ⁵	\$68b	\$73b	\$77b
FOCUS			Household deposits (Market Share) 4	31.2%	31.7%	34.1%
Ğ			Business Loans (Market Share) 4	30.8%	29.6%	28.4%
Sic	Leading digital bank	Build a digital bank with a human touch	Digitally active customers	1.2m	1.2m	1.3m
STRATEGIC			Value transactions completed digitally	75%	80%	82%
조			Leader in mobile banking ²	29%	32%	37%
တ	Create a simpler better balanced bank	Continue to automate, simplify and industrialise	Funding gap⁵	\$29.5b	\$29.3b	\$28.1b
			NLA ⁵	\$114.4b	\$120.7b	\$124.9b
			Deposits ⁵	\$84.9b	\$91.4b	\$96.8b
			Mortgages LVR <80% ⁶	89.3%	93.3%	94.1%
			FTE	6,472	6,317	6,207
			CTI	40.6%	39.6%	37.6%

Source: McCulley Research Brand Tracking (online survey, first choice or seriously considered); six month rolling average Source: Camorra Retail Market Monitor (RMM); six month rolling score Source: RBNZ, September 2017 FUM market share as of June 2017 Source: RBNZ, September 2017 share of all banks as of August 2017. Changes in RBNZ data reporting from February 2017 onwards has resulted in a step change in data vs prior periods New Zealand Geography (NZD)

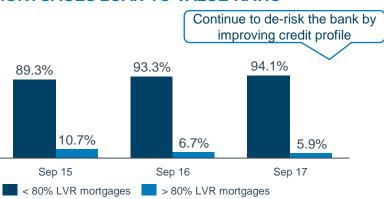
Dynamic basis, as of September 2017

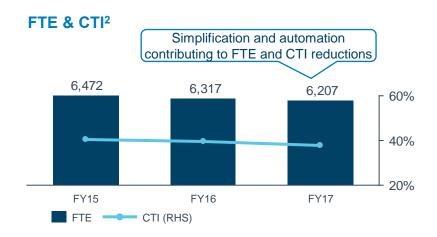
STRATEGIC FOCUS - SIMPLER, BETTER BALANCED BANK





MORTGAGES LOAN TO VALUE RATIO³





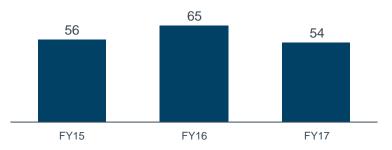
NZ Geography

Dynamic basis, as of September 2017

STRATEGIC FOCUS - # 1 IN SERVICE

NET CUSTOMER GROWTH

New Zealand Division ('000)

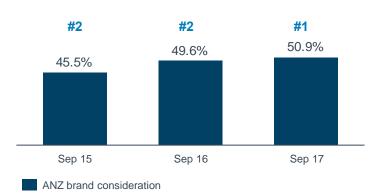


Net Retail acquisition (new less defection)

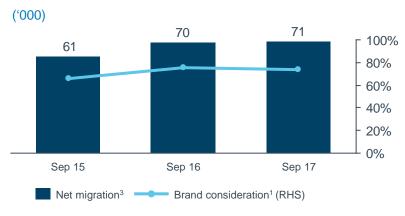
RETAIL NET PROMOTER SCORE²



BRAND CONSIDERATION¹



BRAND CONSIDERATION - MIGRANTS



^{1.} Source: McCulley Research Brand Tracking (online survey, first choice or seriously considered); six month rolling average

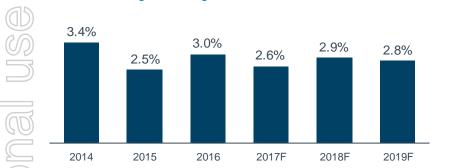
^{2.} Source: Camorra Retail Market Monitor (RMM); six month rolling score

Source: Statistics NZ, 12 months to September

ENVIRONMENT

GDP¹

Annual average % change



HOUSE PRICES³

Annual % change (3 month avg)



Source: ANZ Research

4.

- Source: ANZ, Statistics NZ
- Source: ANZ, REINZ Source: Roy Morgan, ANZ Research

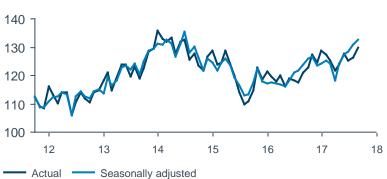
INFLATION²

%



CONSUMER CONFIDENCE⁴

Index



RETAIL

MARKET SHARE

- · Maintained our leading position in core banking products to support our vision of helping more Kiwis succeed
- · Focus on well managed sustainable growth means our deposit growth has exceeded that of lending

31.1%

Mortgages¹

- · Maintained our #1 market share position while continuing to lead the market in responsible lending
- Managed risk by taking a cautious approach in selected segments (overseas income earners and long term interest only loans)



Household deposits¹

 Continued to experience strong household deposit growth in an increasingly competitive marketplace with our emphasis on encouraging New Zealanders to save



Credit cards¹

- Focus on productive business has seen our attention remain on interest bearing balances and share of spend remains strong
- Simplified our product offerings in the market, reducing the number of active consumer products from 11 to 5



KiwiSaver²

#1 KiwiSaver provider with almost 735,000 KiwiSaver members. FY17 FUM growth of \$1.8b, taking total FUM to >\$11b

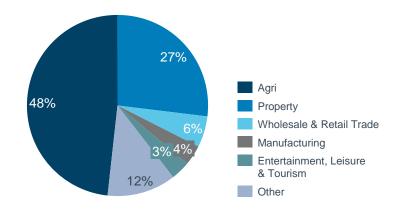


Life insurance³

- · Continued to improve the quality of proprietary distribution, with bank channel lapse rates improving 140bps from last year
- Digital capabilities enhanced through market leading life and general insurance premium calculators
- 1. Source: RBNZ, share of all banks as of August 2017
- Source: RBNZ. FUM market share as of June 2017
- 3. Source: FSC (Financial Services Council), share of all providers as of June 2017

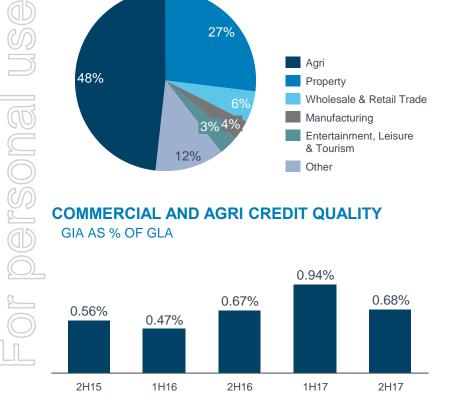
COMMERCIAL

COMMERCIAL AND AGRI PORTFOLIO (GLA)



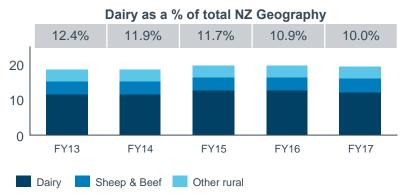
COMMERCIAL AND AGRI CREDIT QUALITY

GIA AS % OF GLA

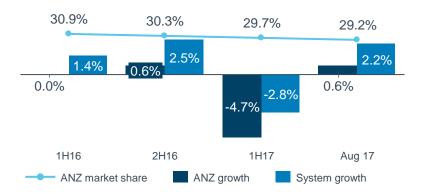


AGRI PORTFOLIO (GLA)¹

NZDb



AGRI MARKET SHARE²



^{1.} NZ Geography (Gross Loans and Advances)

^{2.} Source: RBNZ, changes in RBNZ data reporting from February 2017 onwards has resulted in a step change in data vs prior periods

DIGITAL

DELIVERING SUPERIOR EXPERIENCE FOR OUR PEOPLE AND CUSTOMERS



Apply & Open functionality in goMoney for Everyday Accounts, Savings, Cards, Loans and KiwiSaver



Banker Workbench¹ won a Gold Award for User Experience in 2017 NZ Design Institute Awards



Enabled self-service to report lost or stolen cards and arrange a replacement card via goMoney



An enhanced and intuitive view of the Cards pages on ANZ.co.nz



First Bank in NZ to launch Apple Pay™

TRANSLATING INTO BUSINESS OUTCOMES

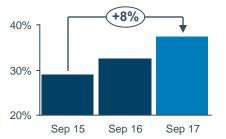












Banker Workbench is a frontline ANZ tool

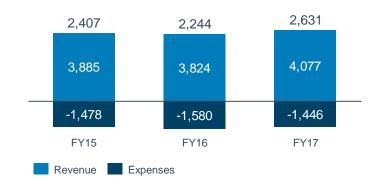
As at point of time, September 2017

NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY

CASH PROFIT								
	FY17	2H17	1H17					
	NZDm	NZDm	NZDm					
Income	4,077	2,029	2,048					
Net interest	3,078	1,544	1,534					
Other income	999	485	514					
Expenses	1,446	728	718					
PBP	2,631	1,301	1,330					
Provisions charge	59	19	40					
Cash profit	1,855	927	928					
CTI	35.5%	35.9%	35.0%					
Customer deposits	96,829	96,829	96,259					
NLA	124,880	124,880	122,954					
RWA ²	72,162	72,162	74,511					



NZDm



BALANCE SHEET

NZDb



^{1.} FY16 includes large/notable items relevant to New Zealand Geography. These are software capitalisation changes, derivative credit valuation adjustment changes and restructuring costs

^{2.} RWA is on an APRA basis

PRIORITIES

Sources: Wealth Analytics: NMG

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	PRIORITIES	ACTIONS	METRICS	FY15	FY16	FY17			
STRATEGIC FOCUS	Integrate into the	Embedded Wealth program	Wealth Solutions held by ANZ customers ¹	956k	993k	998k²			
	bank propositions		Solutions uplift ¹	n/a	3.9%	0.5%²			
	Empower advisers Grow for Advice		 Grow for Advice Insurance offer developed and piloted Client engagement tool, Wealth Report and Projection Modeller launched 						
			Launch of digital underwriting pre-assessment tool for advisers						
	Australia's leading life insurer	One Care repricing Launch Essentials	Retail Life Inforce Premium (\$m)	932	998	1,038			
			Retail Life New Business (\$m)	103	94	88			
	iliadici		Retail Lapse rate	13.3%	14.0%	14.1%			
		Launched Grow Wrap Completed transition program	Voyage & Grow Wrap:						
	Simplify super and investment		Avg FUM (\$m)	1,599	1,954	2,848			
			Inflows (\$m)	430	542	645			
			Smart Choice:						
			Avg FUM (\$m) ³	3,414	9,850	14,430			
			Legacy book transitioned (\$m) ⁴	17%	57%	100%			
	B. day a said		Women in Management ⁵	41.2% ⁶	43.2%	45.5%			
	Develop our people		Employee engagement	73% ⁶	71%	69% ⁷			

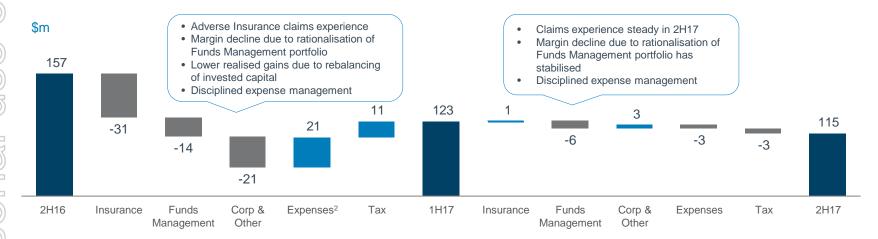
Notes: 1.Sourced from Wealth Analytics. Wealth solutions are matched only to customers with an existing retail relationship and customer number. Match rates vary between products. Excludes \$0 balance superannuation accounts, Oasis, Group Life, Inactive Share Trading accounts and legacy Employer Super customers/accounts; 2. As at 31 August 2017; 3. This includes the transition of Closed Employer Super plans to ANZ Smart Choice (Employer) 4. Percentage is based on ADA member count transitioned. 5. Women in Management is defined as the proportion of female staff in Group 1-4 roles; 6. Talent and Culture figures for FY15 are for Global Wealth and include Private Bank and Wealth outside of Australia; 7. FY17 engagement score based on MyVoice Pulse survey, a significantly smaller sample size than previous years





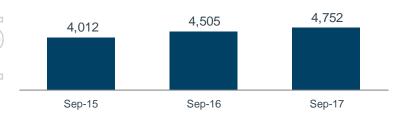
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

PROFIT CONTRIBUTION



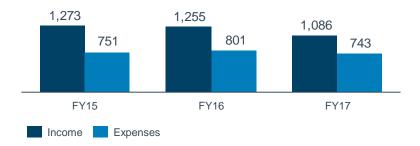
EMBEDDED VALUE¹

\$m



REVENUE & COST TREND

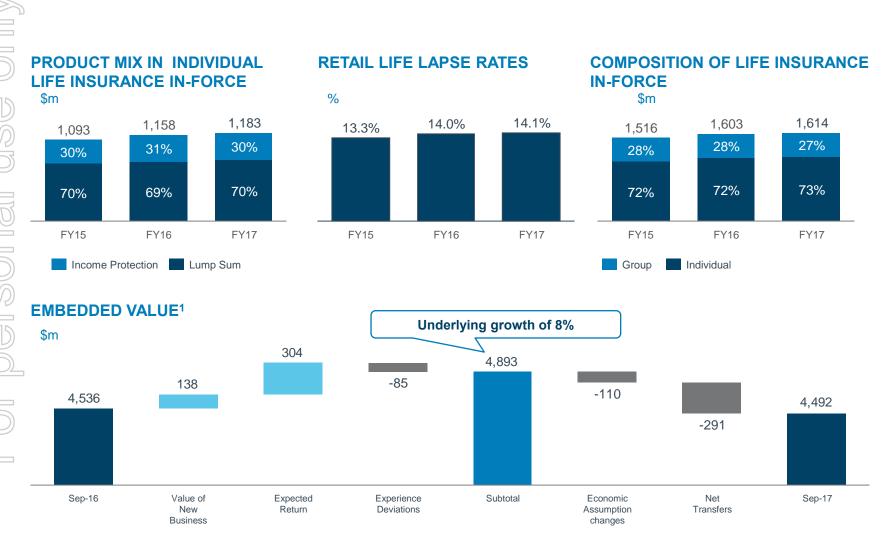
\$m



^{1.} Embedded value includes Insurance and Funds Management businesses only. The product lines used are on the same basis as the Results Announcement in prior periods. This is different to the product lines used in the strategic review. Embedded value is adjusted to allow for the impact of dividends and net transfers.

^{2.} Decrease in expenses includes \$7m in restructuring costs in 2H17. The underlying reduction in expenses was \$14m.

INSURANCE



^{1.} Embedded value includes Insurance and Funds Management businesses only. The product lines used are on the same basis as the Results Announcement in prior periods. This is different to the product lines used in the strategic review.



FUNDS MANAGEMENT

FY15

FUNDS MANAGEMENT AVERAGE FUM

\$b

48

48

49

FY16

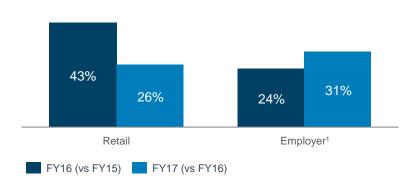
FY17

FUNDS MANAGEMENT FUM BY SOLUTION



SMARTCHOICE ACTIVE MEMBERS

% growth



FY17 FUNDS MANAGEMENT NETFLOWS BY SOLUTION







AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED



REGULATORY CAPITAL

CAPITAL UPDATE

Capital Position

- APRA CET1 ratio of 10.6% achieves APRA's 'unquestionably strong' requirements well ahead of 2020 implementation.
- Internationally Comparable¹ CET 1 ratio of 15.8% above the APRA Unquestionably Strong top quartile² calibration of 15% and Basel top quartile³ CET1 of 14.4%.
- APRA Leverage ratio of 5.4% or 6.2% on an Internationally Comparable basis.

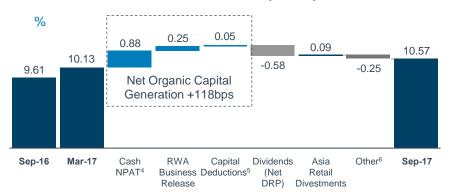
Organic Capital Generation & Dividend

- Relative to historical averages, higher organic capital generation for FY17 (+229bp) and 2H17 (+118bp) was mainly driven by the reduction in Institutional Credit RWA (from lending) of \$16.4bn and \$7.6bn respectively.
- Final dividend of 80 cents fully franked, consistent with transition to revised 60%-65% payout strategy.

Capital Outlook

- ANZ intends to neutralise shares allocated under the FY17 Final
 Dividend Re-investment Plan (DRP) by acquiring an equivalent number of shares on market.
- Announced asset sales would increase the CET1 ratio by ~80 bps (taking Sep-17 pro-forma CET1 ratio to ~ 11.4%).
- As we receive the proceeds from the announced sales of non-core businesses we will have the flexibility to consider additional capital management initiatives.

APRA COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 (CET1)



BASEL III CET1



^{1.} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015). Basel III Internationally Comparable ratios do not include an estimate of the Basel I capital floor. 2.Based on APRA information paper "Strengthening banking system resilience - establishing unquestionably strong capital ratios" released in July 2017 3.Based on Group 1 banks as identified by the BIS (internationally active banks with Tier 1 capital of more than €3 billion). The top quartile of this group was 14.4% as at December 2016. 4. Cash Earnings excludes 'Large/notable' items'. 5. Represents the movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software, EL v EP shortfall and other intangibles. 6. Other mainly due to implementation of ANZ's new Australian mortgages capital model.



REGULATORY CAPITAL GENERATION

COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 GENERATION (bps)	Second half average 2H12 – 2H16	2H17	Full Year average FY12-FY16	FY17
Cash Profit ¹	98	88	195	169
RWA movement	(10)	(10) 25 (31)		54
Capital Deductions ²	(9)	5	(24)	6
Net capital generation	79	118	140	229
Gross dividend	(63)	(59)	(133)	(115)
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	14	1	25	7
Core change in CET1 capital ratio	30	60	32	121
Other non-core and non-recurring items	(13)	(16)	(6)	(25)
Net change in CET1 capital ratio	17	44	26	96

Organic Capital Generation

 Strong net organic capital generation in FY17 and 2H17. Reflects progress on the Group's strategy to reshape its business, including the run-off of low returning assets in Institutional.

Non-Core and non-recurring items

 Non-core and non-recurring items in 2H17 and FY17 largely reflect the impact of increased risk weights following implementation of ANZ's new Australian mortgages capital model -22bps, non cash adjustments and FX impacts, partially offset by benefits from Asia Retail and Wealth sale +9bps (Singapore, Hong Kong and China).

^{1.} Cash profit for 2H17 and FY17 excludes 'large/notable items' (which are included as "as capital deductions" and "other non-core and non-recurring items").

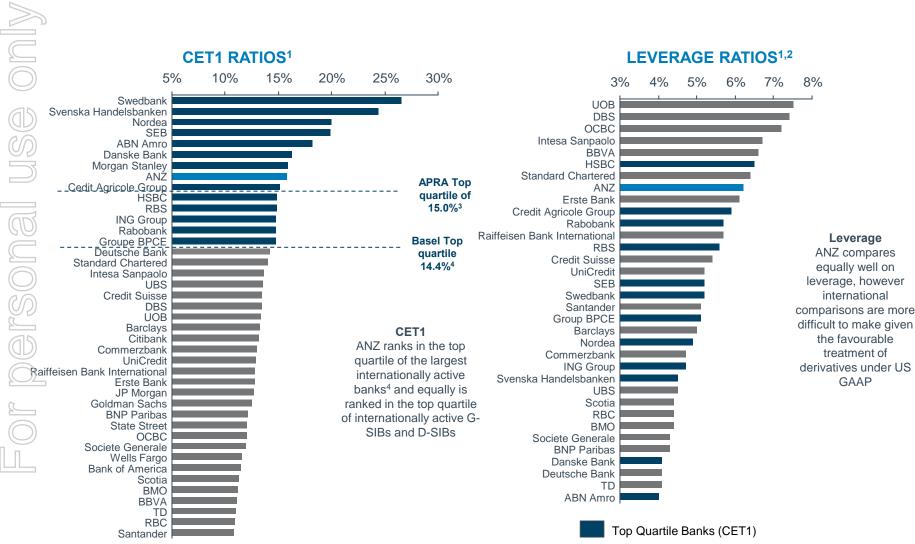
^{2.} Represents movement in retained earnings in deconsolidated entities, capitalised software, EL v EP shortfall and other intangibles.

INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE¹ REGULATORY CAPITAL POSITION

APRA Common Equity Ti	ier 1 (CET1) – 30 September 2017	10.6%			
Corporate undrawn EAD and unsecured LGD Australian ADI unsecured corporate lending LGDs and undrawn CCFs exceed those applied in many jurisdictions		1.4%			
Equity Investments & DTA APRA requires 100% deduction from CET1 vs. Basel framework which allows concessional threshold prior to deduction					
Mortgages APRA requires use of 20% mortgage LGD floor vs. 10% under Basel framework. Additionally, APRA also requires a higher correlation factor vs 15% under Basel framework					
Specialised Lending APRA requires supervisory slotting approach which results in more conservative risk weights than under Basel framework IRRBB RWA APRA includes in Pillar 1 RWA. This is not required under the Basel framework					
				Other Includes impact of deductions from CET1 for capitalised expenses and deferred fee income required by APRA, currency conversion threshold and other retail standardised exposures	
Basel III Internationally C	omparable CET1	15.8%			
Basel III Internationally Comparable Tier 1 Ratio					
Basel III Internationally Comparable Total Capital Ratio					

^{1.} Internationally Comparable methodology aligns with APRA's information paper entitled International Capital Comparison Study (13 July 2015). Basel III Internationally Comparable ratios do not include an estimate of the Basel I capital floor.

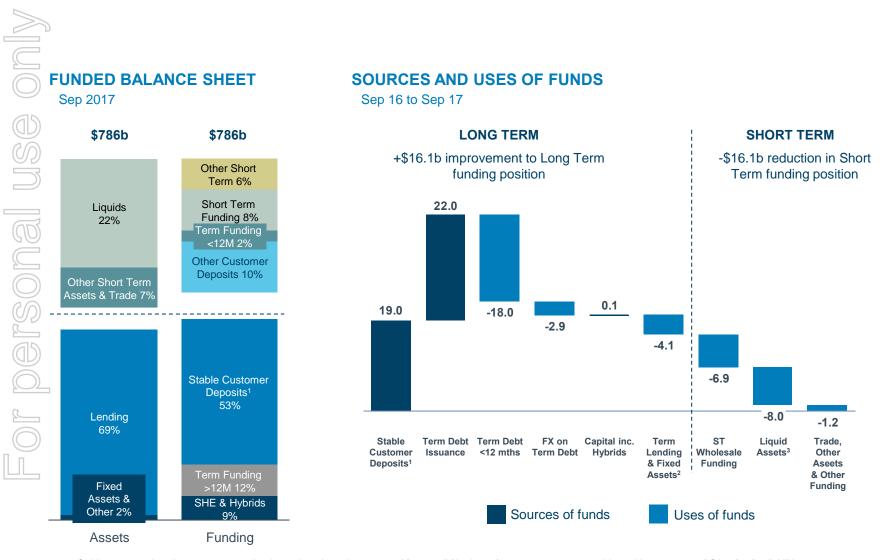
CET1 AND LEVERAGE IN A GLOBAL CONTEXT



^{1.} CET1 and leverage ratios are based on ANZ estimated adjustment for accrued expected future dividends where applicable. ANZ ratios are on an Internationally Comparable basis. All data sourced from company reports and ANZ estimates based on last reported half/full year results assuming Basel III capital reforms fully implemented. 2. Includes adjustments for transitional AT1 where applicable. Exclude US banks as leverage ratio exposures are based on US GAAP accounting and therefore incomparable with other jurisdictions which are based on IFRS. 3. Based on APRA information paper "Strengthening banking system resilience - establishing unquestionably strong capital ratios" release in July 2017. 4. Based on Group 1 banks as identified by the BIS (internationally active banks with Tier 1 capital of more than €3 billion). The top quartile of this group was 14.4% as at December 2016.



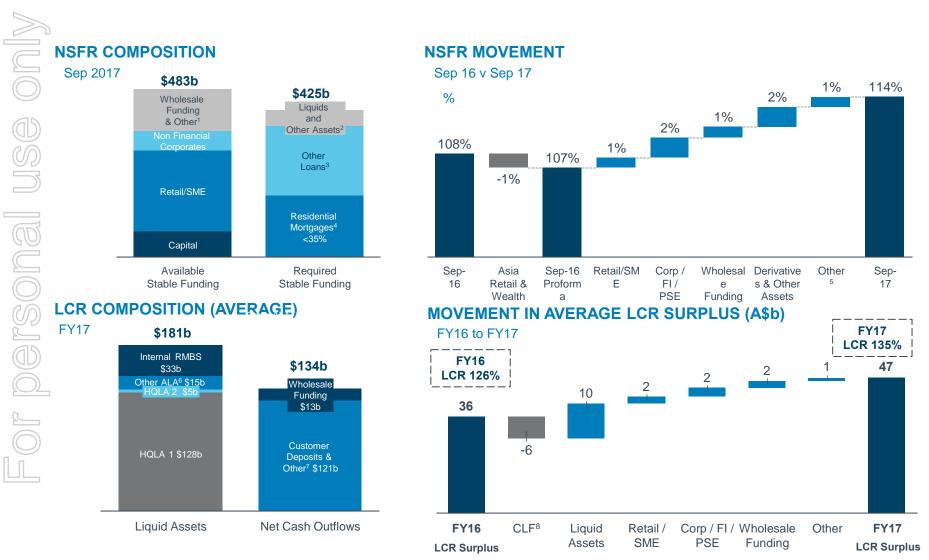
BALANCE SHEET STRUCTURE



- 1. Stable customer deposits represent operational type deposits or those sourced from retail / business / corporate customers and the stable component of Other funding liabilities.
- 2. Excludes trade lending, repo, interbank and bills of acceptances.
- 3. Includes \$5.3b mandatory and \$2.7b discretionary liquids growth.

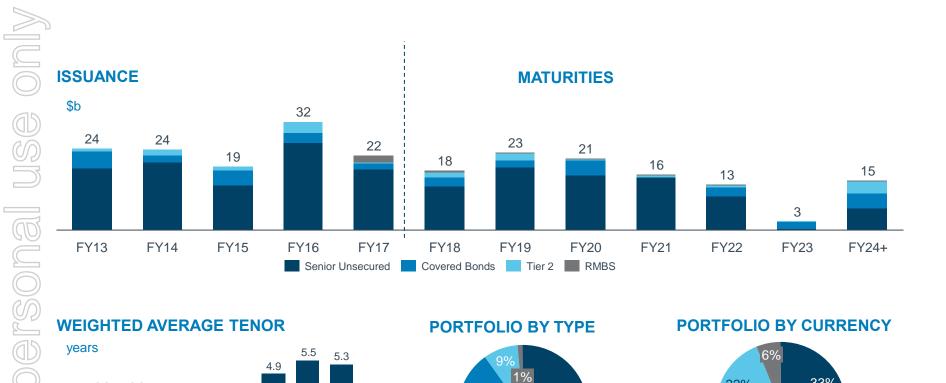


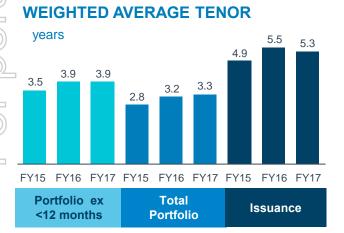
FUNDING & LIQUIDITY METRICS

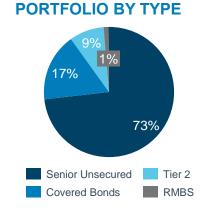


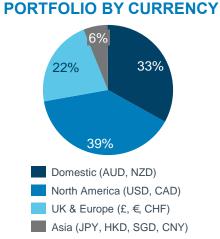
All figures shown on a Level 2 basis. 1. 'Other' includes Sovereign, PSE and FI Deposits. 2. 'Other Assets' include Off Balance Sheet, Derivatives, Fixed Assets and Other Assets. 3. All lending other than Residential Mortgages <35% Risk Weight. 4. Includes NSFR impact of self-securitised assets backing the Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF). 5. Net of other ASF and other RSF. 6. Comprised of assets qualifying as collateral for the Committed Liquidity Facility (CLF), excluding internal RMBS and any assets contained in the RBNZ's Liquidity Policy – Annex: Liquidity Assets – Prudential Supervision Department Document BS13A12. 7. 'Other' includes off-balance sheet and cash inflows. 8. RBA CLF reduced by \$6.5b, from 1 January 2017 (to \$43.8b).

TERM WHOLESALE FUNDING PORTFOLIO¹







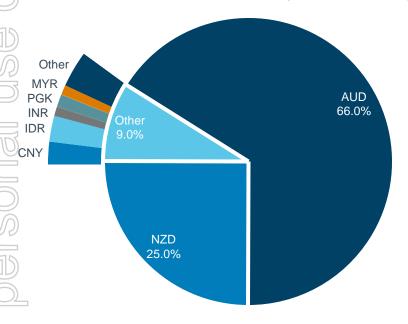


^{1.} All figures based on historical FX and exclude AT1. Includes transactions with a call or maturity date greater than 12 months as at the respective reporting date. Tier 2 maturity profile is based on the next callable date.



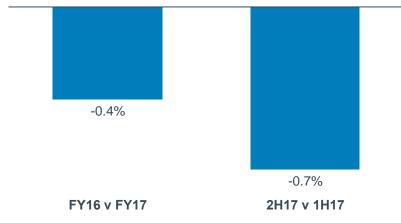
FOREIGN CURRENCY HEDGING

FY17 EARNINGS COMPOSITION (BY CURRENCY)

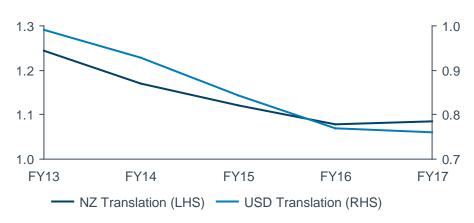


- The key objective of hedging is to manage short term EPS volatility arising from foreign currency earnings
- Hedges currently in place:
 - FY18: ~70% of NZD
 - FY19: ~50% of NZD
 - FY20: ~5% of NZD
- Hedging has reduced the impact of a 5% movement of the AUD on FY18 EPS to circa 1%.

EARNINGS PER SHARE FX IMPACT¹



TRANSLATION RATES (INCLUSIVE OF HEDGES)



^{1.} Underlying basis, inclusive of hedges.



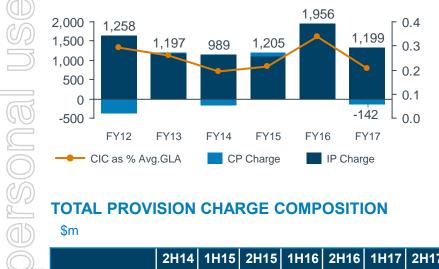
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND **BANKING GROUP LIMITED**



TOTAL & COLLECTIVE PROVISION (CP) CHARGE

TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE

\$m



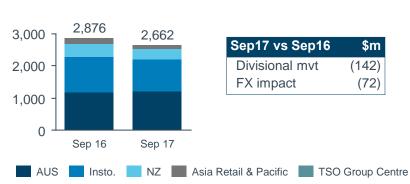
TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE COMPOSITION

\$m

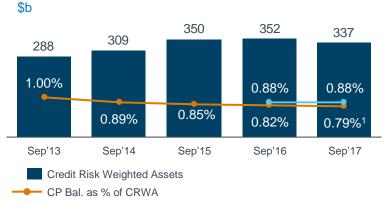
	2H14	1H15	2H15	1H16	2H16	1H17	2H17
CIC	461	510	695	918	1,038	720	479
CP Composition							
Lending Growth	61	54	50	56	-59	-30	-18
Change in Risk/Portfolio Mix	-52	8	62	-30	50	-78	-91
Eco Cycle ²	-90	-7	-72	0	0	41	34

CP BALANCE BY DIVISION

\$m



CRWA & CP AS A % OF CRWA



CIC: Total Credit Impairment charge

2. 2H17 Eco Cycle charge includes a \$75m overlay for retail trade

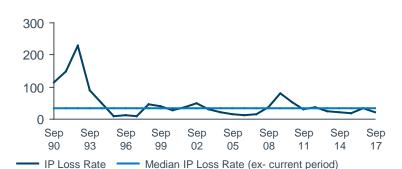
CP Bal. as a % of CRWA (excl. impact of mortgage risk weight changes)

^{1.} FY16 and FY17 CRWA includes the impact of regulatory changes and revised capital models on Australian mortgage CRWA. Excluding these: CP Balance as a % of CRWA increases to 88 bp;

INDIVIDUAL PROVISION (IP) CHARGE

ANZ HISTORICAL LOSS RATES

bps

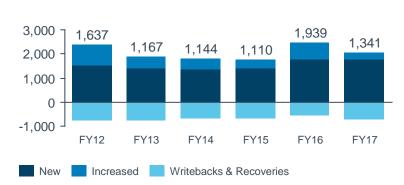


IP CHARGE BY SEGMENT



IP CHARGE COMPOSITION

\$m



IP CHARGE BY REGION



IMPAIRED ASSETS

CONTROL LIST

Index Sep 09 = 100



NEW IMPAIRED ASSETS BY DIVISION



Other includes Retail Asia & Pacific and Australian Wealth

GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS BY DIVISION

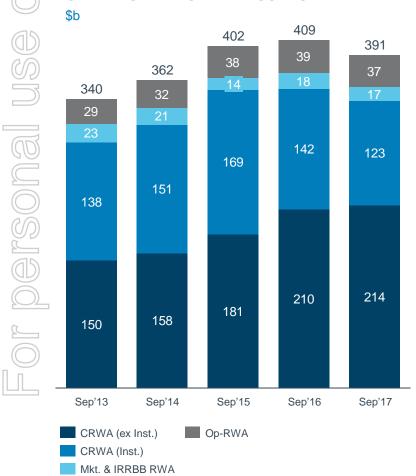


GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS BY EXPOSURE SIZE



RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS

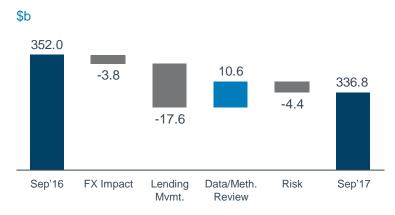
TOTAL RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS



TOTAL RWA MOVEMENT

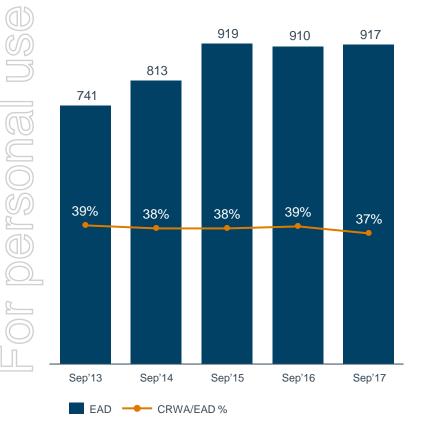


CRWA MOVEMENT



RISK WEIGHTED ASSETS

GROUP EAD¹ & CRWAs \$b



GROUP EAD¹ MOVEMENT

SEP 17 v SEP 16 (\$b)



GROUP EAD¹ & CRWA GROWTH² MOVEMENT

SEP 17 v SEP 16 (\$b)



^{1.} Post CRM EAD, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Includes amounts for 'Securitisation' and 'Other Assets' Basel asset classes

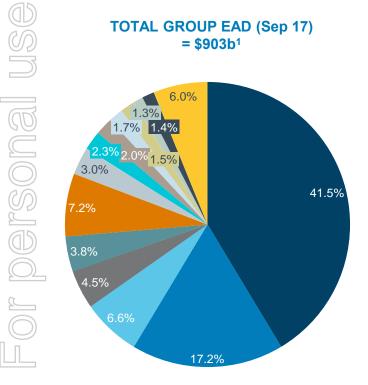




PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

EXPOSURE AT DEFAULT (EAD) AS A % OF GROUP TOTAL

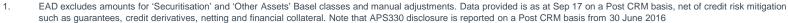
TOTAL GROUP EAD (Sep 17) $= $903b^{1}$



Category	% of Group EAD		% of Portfolio in Non Performing		Portfolio Balance in Non Performing	
	Sep 16	Sep 17	Sep 16	Sep 17	Sep 17	
Consumer Lending	40.6%	41.5%	0.1%	0.1%	\$436m	
Finance, Investment & Insurance	17.4%	17.2%	0.1%	0.0%	\$20m	
Property Services	6.8%	6.6%	0.4%	0.3%	\$150m	
Manufacturing	5.2%	4.5%	1.6%	0.7%	\$289m	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing	3.9%	3.8%	1.5%	1.2%	\$393m	
Government & Official Institutions	6.2%	7.2%	0.0%	0.0%	\$0m	
Wholesale trade	3.1%	3.0%	0.5%	0.5%	\$136m	
Retail Trade	2.4%	2.3%	1.2%	0.8%	\$170m	
Transport & Storage	2.2%	2.0%	0.4%	0.7%	\$16m	
Business Services	1.7%	1.7%	0.9%	1.1%	\$169m	
Resources (Mining)	1.8%	1.5%	2.9%	1.2%	\$170m	
Electricity, Gas & Water Supply	1.3%	1.3%	0.0%	0.1%	\$16m	
Construction	1.4%	1.4%	2.0%	2.3%	\$290m	
Other	6.0%	6.0%	0.4%	0.6%	\$208m	
Total	100.0%	100.0%			\$2,673m	

\$895b

\$903b



Total Group EAD1 \$b

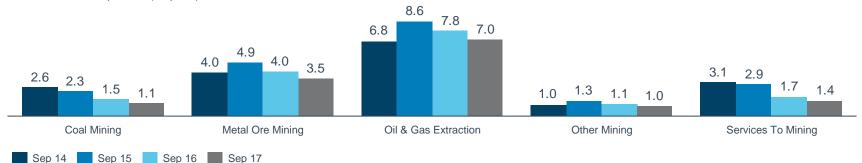


GROUP RESOURCES PORTFOLIO

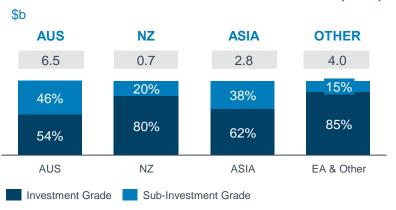
RESOURCES EXPOSURE BY SECTOR

TOTAL EAD (Sep 17): \$14b

As a % of Group EAD (Sep 17): 1.5%



RESOURCES EXPOSURE CREDIT QUALITY (EAD)

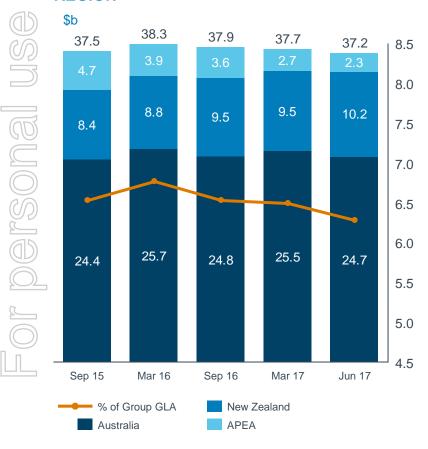


RESOURCES PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

- Portfolio is skewed towards well capitalised and lower cost resource producers. 29% of the book is less than one year duration.
- Investment grade exposures represent 66% of portfolio vs. 65% at Sep'16 and Trade business unit accounts for 16% of the total Resources EAD.
- Mining services customers are subject to heightened oversight given the cautious outlook for the services sector.

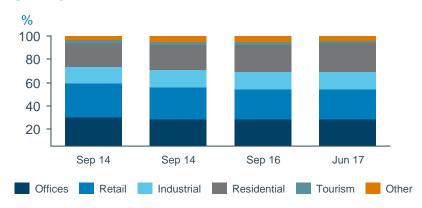
COMMERCIAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OUTSTANDINGS BY REGION¹



1. As per ARF230 disclosure

COMMERCIAL PROPERTY OUSTANDINGS BY SECTOR¹



PROPERTY PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

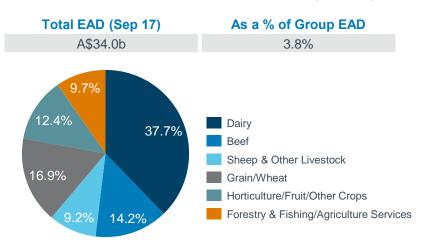
- Australia volumes decreased by 3%, primarily driven by tightening strategies in Residential development and Land exposures. The decrease in Industrial exposure was offset by increase in Office volumes, mainly due to rebalancing of portfolio mix by one of the major REITs.
- New Zealand volumes grew 8% across the portfolio over the 9 months of FY17, driven by investment lending to larger commercial customers across Office, Retail and Industrial.
- APEA volumes for 2Q17 declined 15% qoq due to continued RWA optimisation efforts to reduce lower returns lending, a more competitive landscape and margin compression evidenced in key markets of HK & Singapore.



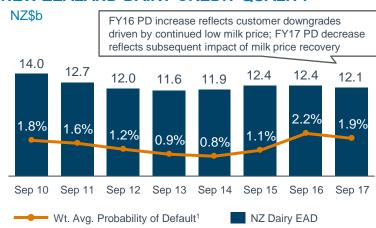
^{2.} APEA = Asia Pacific, Europe & America

GROUP AGRICULTURE PORTFOLIO

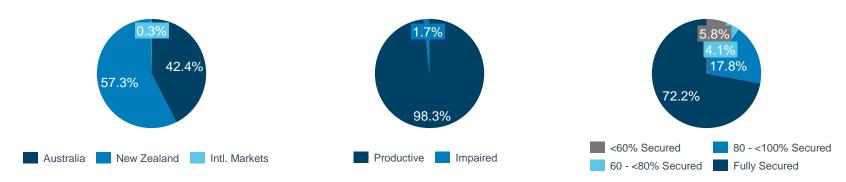
AGRICULTURE EXPOSURE BY SECTOR (% EAD)



NEW ZEALAND DAIRY CREDIT QUALITY



GROUP AGRICULTURE EAD SPLITS²



Wholesale PD model changes account for 55 bps increase in FY16

or personal use

2. Security indicator is based on ANZ extended security valuations

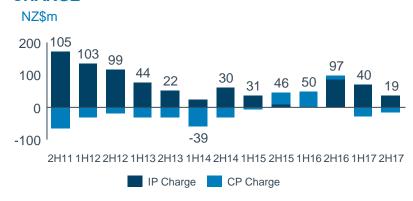


NEW ZEALAND

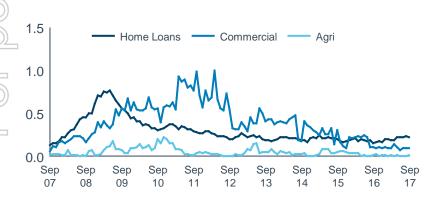
NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY GROSS IMPAIRED ASSETS



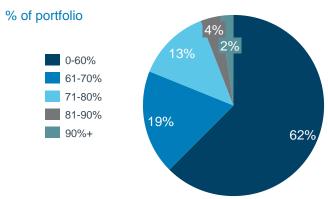
NEW ZEALAND GEOGRAPHY TOTAL PROVISION CHARGE¹



NEW ZEALAND DIVISION 90+DAYS DELINQUENCIES



MORTGAGE DYNAMIC LOAN TO VALUE RATIO²

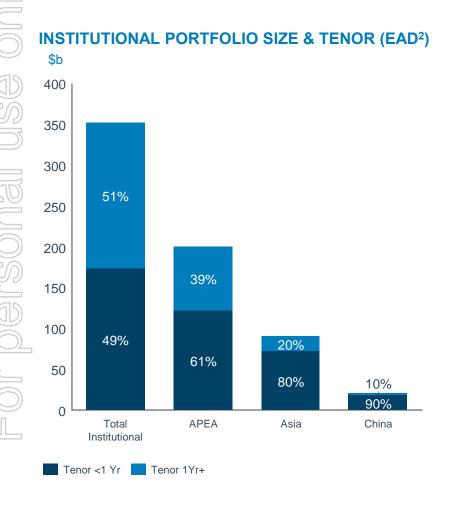


^{1.} Credit valuation adjustments (CVA) for customers with CCR10 are reported differently for cash profit and headline views of earnings. In the headline (statutory) view of provision reported above, changes in CVA are reported in Other Operating Income, but in the cash profit view of earnings the change in CVA is reclassified to IP



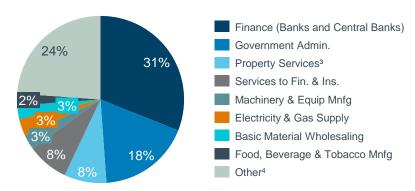
^{2.} Dynamic basis, as of September 2017

ANZ INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹)



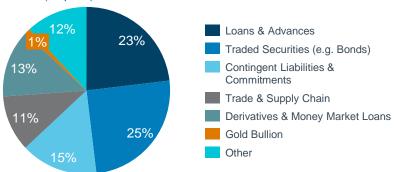
ANZ INSTITUTIONAL INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$353²



ANZ INSTITUTIONAL PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$3532



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation. 2. Data provided is as at Sep17 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class 'Securitisation', 'Other Assets', 'Retail' and manual adjustments. 3. ~88% of the ANZ Institutional "Property Services" portfolio is to entities incorporated in either Australia or New Zealand. 4. Other is comprised of 48 different industries with none comprising more than 2.0% of the Institutional portfolio.

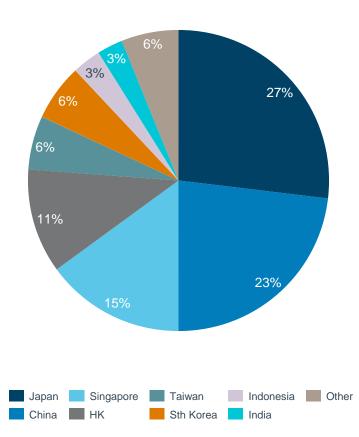


ANZ ASIAN INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹)

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹

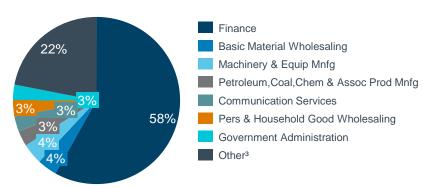
EAD (Sep 17): A\$91b2

For personal



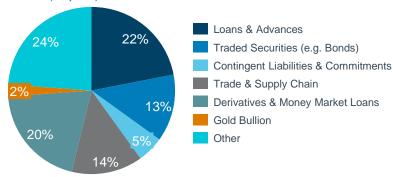
ANZ ASIA INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$91b²



ANZ ASIA PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$91b2



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation. 2. Data provided is as at Sep17 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class 'Securitisation', 'Other Assets', 'Retail' and manual adjustments. 3. "Other" within industry is comprised of 46 different industries with none comprising more than 3.2% of the Asian Institutional portfolio; Other product category is predominantly exposure due from other financial institutions.



ANZ CHINA INSTITUTIONAL PORTFOLIO (COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION1)

COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION¹

EAD (Sep 17): A\$21b2

China EAD

 Total China EAD of A\$21b, with 39% or A\$8.0b booked onshore in China

Tenor

• ~90% of EAD has a tenor less than 1 year

Risk rating

 China exposure has a stronger average credit rating compared to Australia.

Industry

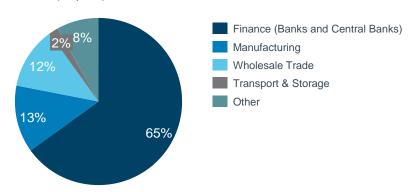
 65% of China exposures to Financial institutions, with ~62% of this to China's central bank and its Top 5 largest banks

Products

- Largest growth in 'Derivatives & Money Market Loans'
 (+A\$2.0b) mostly from increase in Money Market Loans whilst
 reduction in 'Other' (A\$2.9b) due to decline in Nostro accounts
- Within Loans and Advances ~69% have a tenor of less than 1
 year, down from ~74% as at Sep 16

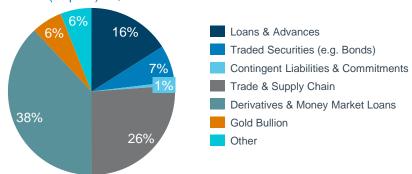
ANZ CHINA INDUSTRY COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$21b²



ANZ CHINA PRODUCT COMPOSITION

EAD (Sep 17): A\$21b2



^{1.} Country is defined by the counterparty's Country of Incorporation

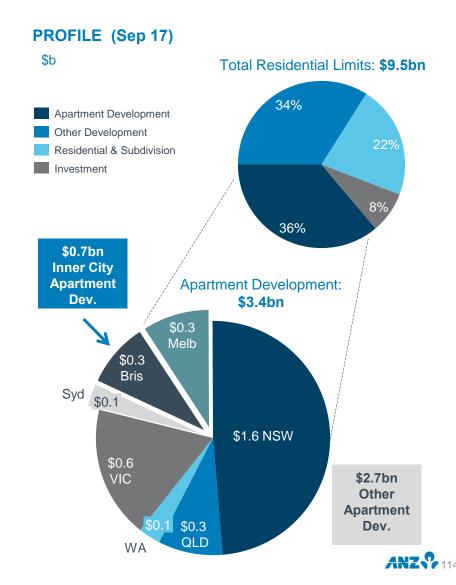
Data provided is as at Sep17 on a Post CRM basis, net of credit risk mitigation such as guarantees, credit derivatives, netting and financial collateral. Position excludes Basel Asset Class 'Securitisation', 'Other Assets', 'Retail' and manual adjustments.

RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT AUSTRALIAN COMMERCIAL PROPERTY EXPOSURE

OVERVIEW

or personal

- Overall Apartment Development limits reduced by \$0.7bn (17%) in the second half of 2017.
- Tightening strategies were introduced to moderate appetite for Inner City Apartment development during 2015, with formal changes made to lending guidelines for residential development since Jan 2016. Strategies include increase in Pre-sales coverage, with lower level of foreign buyers, and reduced LVRs.
- Limits to Inner City Apartment Development remained modest accounting for 20% of total. This was spread mainly across Melbourne, Brisbane and Sydney.
- Average qualifying pre-sales and LVRs were 104% and 57% respectively for Inner City Apartment Developments.
- Outside of Inner City, Apartment Development limits were weighted 59% towards NSW and otherwise diversified across VIC, QLD and WA.
- Ongoing monitoring of development projects with regular internal management reporting, noting our facilities are continuing to be repaid on time to date.
- Industry trends and risks are being closely monitored with tightening strategies implemented where appropriate.
- \$0.7b of inner city CBD apartment developments predominantly in Brisbane and Melbourne.





AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED



PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

	Portfolio ¹		Flow ²
	FY16	FY17	FY17
Number of Home Loan accounts	975k	1,008k	178k³
Total FUM ¹	\$246bn	\$264bn	\$67bn
Average Loan Size	\$252k	\$262k	\$379k
% Owner Occupied ⁴	62%	63%	66%
% Investor ⁴	34%	33%	32%
% Equity Line of Credit	4%	4%	2%
% Paying Variable Rate Loan ⁵	87%	83%	82%
% Paying Fixed Rate Loan ⁵	13%	17%	18%
% Paying Interest Only ⁶	36%	31%	2 7 % ⁷
% Broker originated	49%	51%	56%

	Portf	olio ¹
	FY16	FY17
Average LVR at Origination ^{8,9,10}	71%	69%
Average Dynamic LVR ^{9,10,11}	52%	50%
Market Share ¹²	15.5%	15.7%
% Ahead of Repayments ¹³	73%	71%
Offset Balances ¹⁴	\$24b	\$27b
% First Home Buyer	7%	7%
% Low Doc ¹⁵	5%	4%
Loss Rate ¹⁶	0.01%	0.02%
% of Australia Geography Lending ¹⁷	62%	64%
% of Group Lending ^{17,18}	43%	45%

^{1.} Home Loans (excludes Non Performing Loans, excludes offset balances) 2. YTD (12 months to) unless noted 3. New accounts includes increases to existing accounts and split loans (fixed and variable components of the same loan) 4. The current classification of Investor vs Owner Occupier, as reported to regulators and the market, is based on the classification at origination (as advised by the customer) and the ongoing precision relies on the customers obligation to advise ANZ of any change in circumstances. We have initiated a customer contact program to determine whether there are any inconsistencies in this approach. Outcomes and impacts will be determined in due course 5. Excludes Equity Manager 6. Based on APRA definition ie includes Equity Manager 7. September Half to Date 8. Originated FY16 for FY16, originated FY17 for FY17 9. Unweighted 10. Includes capitalised premiums 11. Valuations updated to Sep'17 where available 12. Source for Australia: APRA to Aug'17 13. % of Owner Occupied and Investment Loans that have any amount ahead of repayments. Includes Offset balances. Excludes Equity Manager. Excludes Non Performing Loans. 14. Balances of Offset accounts connected to existing Instalment Loans 15. Low Doc is comprised of less than or equal to 60% LVR mortgages primarily for self-employed without scheduled PAYG income.

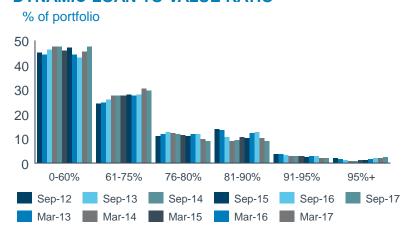
However, it also has ~A\$500m of less than or equal to 80% LVR mortgages, primarily booked pre-2008 16. Write-off net of recoveries 17. Based on Gross Loans and Advances 18. Based on Group Cash Profit basis.

PORTFOLIO TRENDS

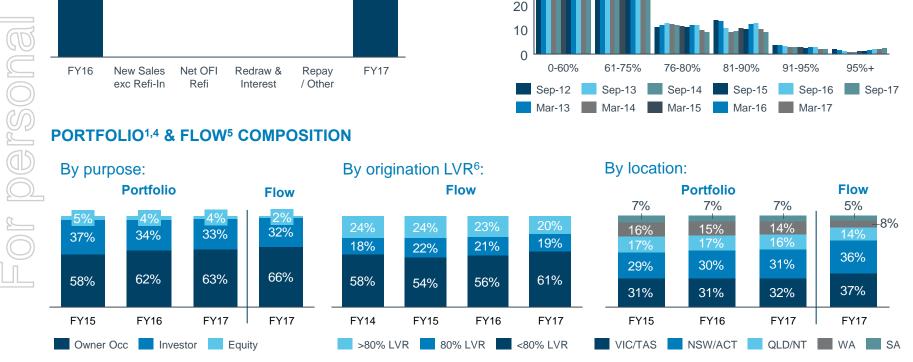
LOAN BALANCE & LENDING FLOWS¹



DYNAMIC LOAN TO VALUE RATIO^{1,2,3}



PORTFOLIO^{1,4} & FLOW⁵ COMPOSITION



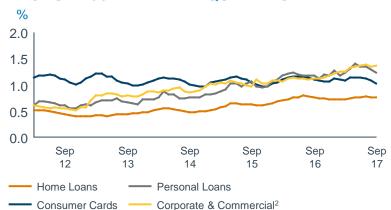
^{1.} Excludes Non Performing Loans. 2. Includes capitalised premiums 3. Valuations updated to Sep'17 where available 4. The current classification of Investor vs Owner Occupier, as reported to regulators and the market, is based on the classification at origination (as advised by the customer) and the ongoing precision relies on the customers obligation to advise ANZ of any change in circumstances. We have initiated a customer contact program to determine whether there are any inconsistencies in this approach. Outcomes and impacts will be determined in due course.



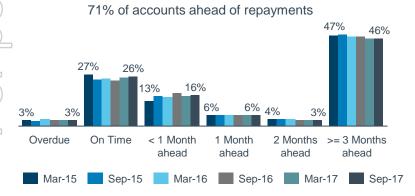
AUSTRALIA DIVISION

PORTFOLIO PERFORMANCE

PRODUCT 90+ DAY DELINQUENCIES¹



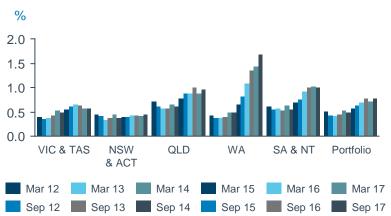
HOME LOANS REPAYMENT PROFILE⁴



HOME LOAN DELINQUENCIES^{1,3}



HOME LOANS 90+ DPD BY STATE¹



^{1.} Excludes Non Performing Loans 2. Comprises Small Business, Commercial Cards and Asset Finance 3. The current classification of Investor vs Owner Occupier, as reported to regulators and the market, is based on the classification at origination (as advised by the customer) and the ongoing precision relies on the customers obligation to advise ANZ of any change in circumstances. We have initiated a customer contact program to determine whether there are any inconsistencies in this approach. Outcomes and impacts will be determined in due course.

4. % of Owner Occupied and Investment Loans that have any amount ahead of repayments. Includes Offset balances. Excludes Equity Manager. Excludes Non Performing Loans.



AREAS OF INTEREST

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

- Greater focus on Acquisition & Collection management strategies have been applied
- Exposure to WA has decreased since Mar-16 driven by the economic environment and credit policy tightening (mining town lending, etc)
- Currently WA makes up 14% of portfolio FUM (and decreasing), however makes up 30% of 90+ (and approximately half of portfolio losses¹)
- Tailored treatment of collection and account management strategies
- · Conservative approach to provisions management

WA OUTSTANDING BALANCE



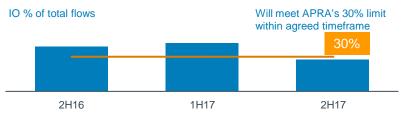
HOME LOANS AND WA 90+ DELINQUENCIES



HOME LOAN INTEREST ONLY (IO)

- Serviceability assessment is based on ability to repay principal & interest repayments calculated over the residual term of loan
- 80% of IO customers have net income >\$100k pa. (vs portfolio 64%)
- IO customers typically further ahead of repayments vs portfolio avg
- Arrears levels are lower for Interest Only vs overall portfolio
- Recent policy and pricing changes have led to a reduction in IO lending resulting in ANZ meeting the APRA 30% threshold lending requirement

INTEREST ONLY FLOW COMPOSITION²



PAYMENTS IN ADVANCE³

Average number of monthly payments ahead of scheduled repayments



^{1.} Losses is based on New Individual Provision Charges 2. Based on APRA definition i.e. includes Equity Manager 3. Excludes Non Performing Loans; Includes offset balances

UNDERWRITING PRACTICES AND POLICY CHANGES¹

Multiple checks during origination process Pre-application² **Income & Expenses Know Your Customer Application Income Verification Income Shading** Serviceability **Expense Models Interest Rate Buffer Repayment Sensitisation** assurance, info **LVR Policy** Collateral / LMI policy Valuations **Valuations Policy Credit History** Credit **Assessment Bureau Checks Documentation Fulfilment** Security

- End-to-end home lending responsibility managed within ANZ
- Effective hardship & collections processes
- Full recourse lending
- ANZ assessment process across all channels

Serviceability

Aug'15	Interest rate floor applied to new and existing mortgage lending introduced at
	7.25%
Apr'16	Introduction of an income adjusted living expense floor (HEM)

Introduction of a 20% haircut for overtime and commission income

Increased income discount factor for residential rental income from 20% to 25%

ANZ Policy changes

	,
Jun'15	LVR cap reduced to 70% in high risk mining towns
Jul'15	LVR cap reduced to 90% for investment loans
Sep'16	Withdrawal of lending to non-residents
	Limited acceptance of foreign income to demonstrate serviceability and tightened controls on verification
Dec'16	Tightening of acceptances for guarantees
Jan'17	Decreased maximum interest only term of owner occupied interest only loans to 5 years
May'17	The maximum interest only period reduced from 10 years to 5 years for investment lending to align to owner occupier lending
	Reduced LVR cap of 80% for Interest Only ³ lending
	Interest only lending no longer available on new Simplicity PLUS loans (owner occupier and investment lending)
Jun'17	Minimum default housing expense (rent/board) applied to all borrowers not living in their own home and seeking RILs ⁴ or EMAs ⁵

Restrict Owner Occupier and Investment Lending (New Security to ANZ) to

all apartments within 4 inner city Perth postcodes

Maximum 80% LVR for all apartments within 7 inner city Brisbane postcodes. Restrict Investment Lending (New Security to ANZ) to Maximum 80% LVR for

Oct'17

^{1. 2015} to 2017 changes to lending standards and underwriting 2. Customers have the ability to assess their capacity to borrow on ANZ tools 3. Excludes investment lending for specific medical practitioners (eligible Medicos) where LVR cap is a maximum of 90% of lending. 4. Residential Investment Loans 5 Equity Manager Accounts

STRESS TESTING THE AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE PORTFOLIO

- ANZ conducts regular stress tests of its loan portfolios to meet risk management objectives and satisfy regulatory requirements.
- Stress tests are highly assumption-driven; results will depend on economic assumptions, on modelling assumptions, and on assumptions about actions taken in response to the economic scenario.
- This illustrative recession scenario assumes significant reductions in consumer spending and business investment, which lead to eight consecutive quarters of negative GDP growth. This results in a significant increase in unemployment and material nationwide falls in property prices.
- Estimated portfolio losses under these stressed conditions are manageable and within the Group's capital base, with cumulative total losses at A\$1.6b over three years (net of LMI recoveries).

Assumptions	Current	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Unemployment rate	5.8%	9.0%	10.5%	11.5%
Cash Rate	1.5%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Real GDP year ended growth	3.1	-3.8%	-2.4%	4.7%
Cumulative reduction in house prices	-	-26.8%	-38.3%	-32.7%
Portfolio size ¹ (A\$b)	290	289	281	273

Outcomes	Base	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Net Losses (A\$m)	-	184	688	739
Net losses (bps)	-	6	24	27

or personal use

LENDERS MORTGAGE INSURANCE

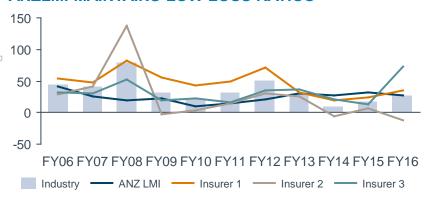
ANZLMI HAS MAINTAINED STABLE LOSS RATIOS

FINANCIAL YEAR 2017 RESULTS

| SONA|

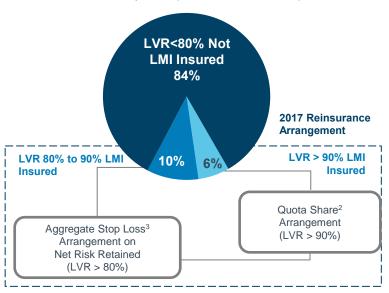
Gross Written Premium (\$m)	\$173.6m
Net Claims Paid (\$m)	\$14.7m
Loss Rate (of Exposure)	2.4 bps

ANZLMI MAINTAINS LOW LOSS RATIOS¹



LMI & REINSURANCE STRUCTURE

Australian Home Loan portfolio LMI and Reinsurance Structure at 30 Sep 2017 (% New Business FUM)



ANZLMI uses a **diversified panel of reinsurers** (10+) comprising a mix of APRA authorised reinsurers and reinsurers with highly rated security

Reinsurance is comprised of a **Quota Share arrangement²** with reinsurers for mortgages 90% LVR and above and in addition an **Aggregate Stop Loss arrangement³** for policies over 80% LVR

^{1.} Negative Loss ratios are the result of reductions in outstanding claims provisions. Source: APRA general insurance statistics (loss ratio net of reinsurance); 2. Quota Share arrangement - reinsurer assumes an agreed reinsured % whereby reinsurer shares all premiums and losses accordingly with ANZLMI; 3. Aggregate Stop Loss arrangement -reinsurer indemnifies ANZLMI for an aggregate (or cumulative) amount of losses in excess of a specified aggregate amount. When the sum of the losses exceeds the pre-agreed amount, the reinsurer will be liable to pay the excess up to a pre-agreed upper limit.

NEW ZEALAND MORTGAGES

PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW 1

	Portfolio		Growth		Portfo	olio	G
	FY16	FY17	FY17		FY16	FY17	
Number of Home Loan accounts	511k	520k	1.7%	Average LVR at Origination ²	60%	59%	-1
Total FUM	NZ\$73b	NZ\$77b	5.0%	Average Dynamic LVR ²	44%	43%	-1
Average Loan Size at Origination ²	NZ\$300k	NZ\$285k	-5.0%		04.50/	04.40/	
Average Loan Size ²	NZ\$143k	NZ\$148k	3.3%	Market Share ³	31.5%	31.1%	-
% of NZ Geography Lending	58%	61%	290bps	% Paying Interest Only ⁴	24%	22%	-1
% of Group Lending	12%	12%	10bps	% Paying Principal & Interest	76%	78%	1
% Owner Occupied	73%	73%	72bps	% First Home Buyer	N/A	N/A	
% Investor	27%	27%	-72bps	% Low Doc ⁵	0.49%	0.44%	
% Paying Variable Rate Loan	24%	21%	-346bps	76 LOW DOC	0.4976	0.4470	
% Paying Fixed Rate Loan	76%	79%	346bps	Mortgage Loss Rates	(0.01%)	(0.01%)	
% Broker Originated	34%	35%	90bps	Group IP Loss Rates	0.34%	0.21%	-

^{1.} New Zealand Geography

Average data as of September 2017

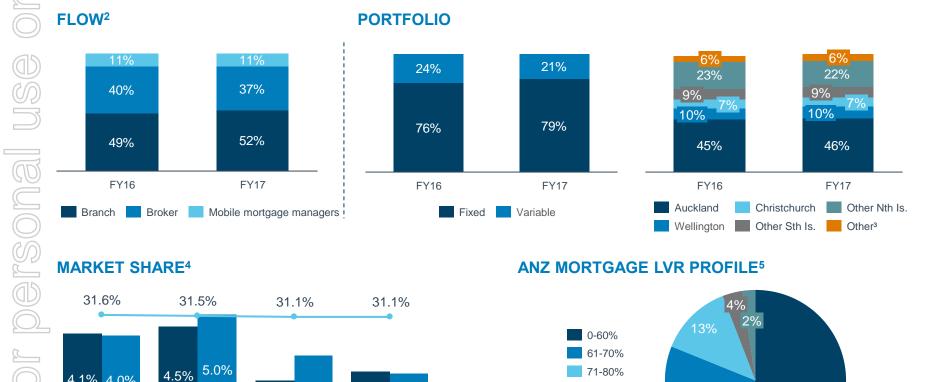
^{3.} Source for New Zealand: RBNZ, as of August 2017. Changes in RBNZ data reporting from February 2017 onwards has resulted in a step change in data vs prior periods

Excludes revolving credit facilities

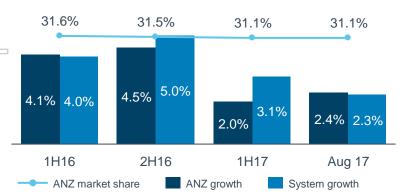
Low Documentation (Low Doc) lending allowed customers who met certain criteria to apply for a mortgage with reduced income confirmation requirements. New Low Doc lending ceased in 2007

NEW ZEALAND

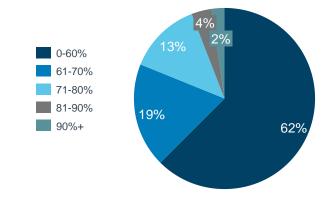
HOME LENDING¹



MARKET SHARE⁴



ANZ MORTGAGE LVR PROFILE⁵



1. New Zealand Geography

5.

- 2. Retail and Small Business Banking mortgage flow. Branch includes Small Business Banking Managers (FY16 restated)
- 3. Other includes loans booked centrally (Business Direct, Contact Centre, Lending Services, Property Finance)
- Source: RBNZ, changes in RBNZ data reporting from February 2017 onwards has resulted in a step change in data vs prior periods 4.
 - Dynamic basis, as of September 2017



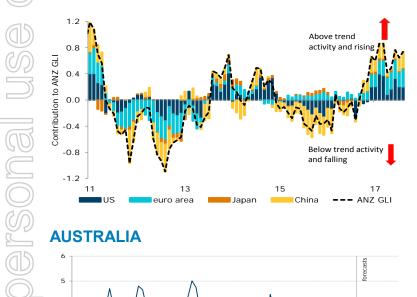


AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

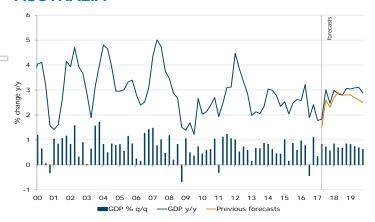


GDP

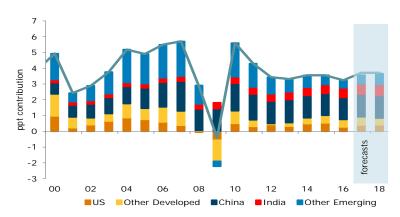
ANZ GLOBAL LEAD INDEX



AUSTRALIA



GLOBAL



AUSTRALIAN STATE GROWTH



BUSINESS & CONSUMER CONDITIONS

BUSINESS CONDITIONS AND CONFIDENCE



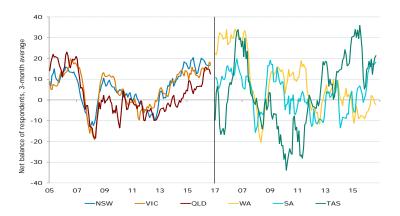
Source: NAB. ANZ Research

CONSUMER CONFIDENCE

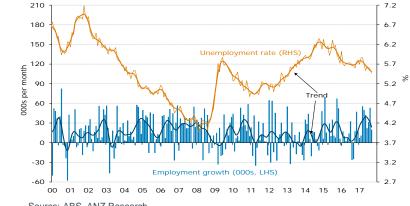


Source: Roy Morgan, ANZ Research

BUSINESS CONDITIONS BY STATE



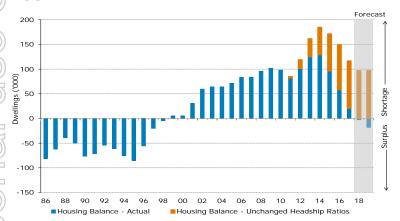
JOBS GROWTH AND UNEMPLOYMENT



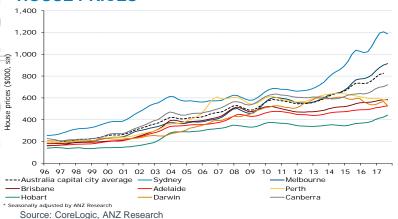
Source: ABS, ANZ Research

HOUSING

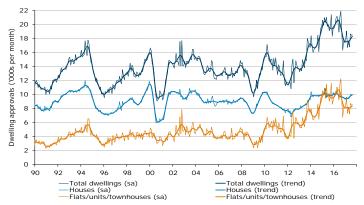
SUPPY DEMAND



HOUSE PRICES

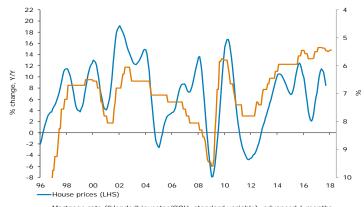


BUILDING APPROVALS



Source: ABS, ANZ Research

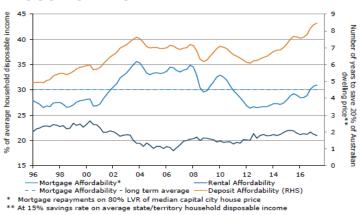
MORTGAGE RATES VS HOUSE PRICING



-Mortgage rate ('blended' investor/OOH, standard variable), advanced 6 months, inverted (RHS)

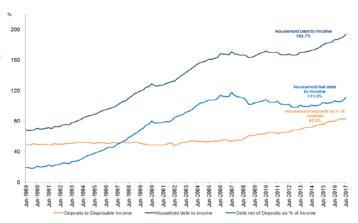
HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY



Source: ABS, CoreLogic RP Data, ANZ Research

HOUSEHOLD DEBT & DEPOSITS¹

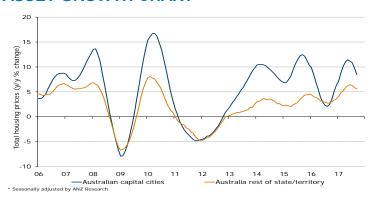


DEBT & DEBT SERVICING



Source: RBA, ANZ Research

ASSET GROWTH CHART

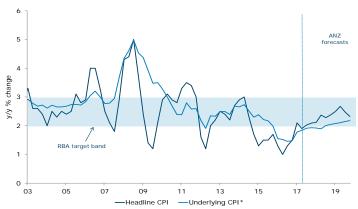


Source: CoreLogic RP Data, ANZ Research

Sources: 1. ABS, RBA. Housing Debt refers to ratio of housing debt to annualised household disposable income. Deposits include transferrable and other deposits.

INFLATION AND INTEREST RATES

INFLATION VS RBA TARGET



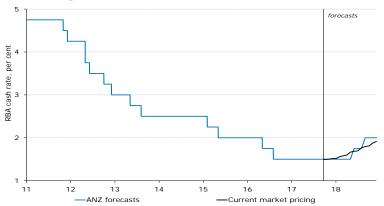
* Average of trimmed mean and weighted median Source: ABS, RBA, ANZ Research

UNIT LABOUR COSTS VS DOMESTIC MAKRET SERVICES INFATION



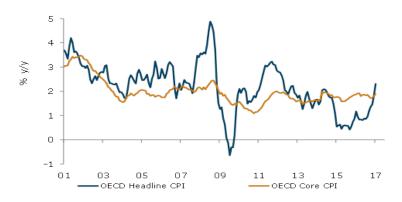
 * Excludes deposit & loan facilities to June quarter 2011, housing services Source: ABS, NAB, ANZ Research

RBA CASH RATE



Source: Bloomberg, RBA, ANZ Research

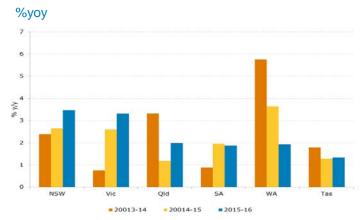
G7 INFLATION



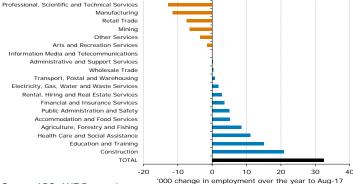
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

GSP / GDP

oersonal use

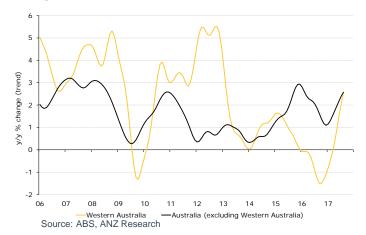


EMPLOYMENT BY SECTOR

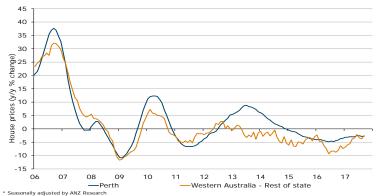


Source: ABS, ANZ Research

EMPLOYMENT



HOUSE PRICES



Source: CoreLogic, ANZ Research

or personal use only

AUSTRALIA FORECAST TABLE

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Australia – annual % growth GDP	3.6	2.1	2.8	2.4	2.5	2.3	2.9
Domestic final demand	4.2	0.7	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.6	2.8
Headline CPI	1.8	2.4	2.5	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.3
Core CPI	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.2	1.5	1.9	2.0
Employment	1.2	0.9	0.7	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.1
Wages	3.6	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.5
Unemployment (ann. avg)	5.2	5.7	6.1	6.1	5.7	5.6	5.3
Current Account (% of GDP)	-4.1	-3.2	-2.9	-4.7	-2.7	-1.8	-2.3
Terms of Trade	-10.1	-3.7	-7.5	-11.6	0.1	13.3	-0.6
Private Sector Credit	3.9	3.4	5.2	6.3	5.9	5.0	5.4
Housing	4.9	4.9	6.5	7.3	7.3	6.6	6.5
Business	3.2	1.5	3.6	5.6	5.8	3.2	4.1
Personal	-0.9	0.4	0.9	0.7	-1.0	-1.3	-0.5
RBA cash rate (% year end)	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.00	1.50	1.50	2.00
3yr bond yield (% year end)	2.67	2.95	2.13	2.02	1.96	1.85	2.05
10 year bond yield (% year end)	3.27	4.24	2.74	2.88	2.77	2.50	2.90
AUD/USD (year-end value)	1.04	0.89	0.82	0.73	0.72	0.73	0.71

GLOBAL & ASIA FORECAST TABLES

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (YEAR-AVERAGE % CHANGE)							
	1998-2007 average	2008-2016 average	2017F	2018F	2019F		
United States	3.1	1.1	2.2	2.3	2.0		
Euro area	2.4	0.0	2.1	1.8	1.9		
United Kingdom	2.9	0.1	1.7	1.4	1.6		
Japan	1.0	0.2	1.4	0.8	1.0		
China	10.0	8.9	6.7	6.3	6.3		
Korea	4.9	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.6		
Taiwan	5.0	3.1	2.2	2.3	2.3		
Indonesia	4.6	5.9	5.2	5.4	5.4		
Thailand	3.9	2.9	3.5	3.5	3.5		
Hong Kong	3.9	2.7	3.2	2.6	2.6		
Malaysia	4.3	4.6	5.3	5.0	5.0		
Singapore	5.6	5.0	2.6	2.6	2.6		
Philippines	4.2	5.2	6.5	6.1	6.1		
Vietnam	6.8	5.8	6.5	6.5	6.5		
East Asia ex. Japan	7.2	7.1	5.9	5.8	5.8		
India ²	7.2	7.1	6.2	7.6	7.6		
Australia	3.6	2.6	2.3	3.0	3.0		
New Zealand ³	3.4	1.7	2.6	2.8	2.8		
World	4.3	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.8		

^{1.} Quarterly GDP are annualised growth rates.

^{2.} Fiscal years e.g. 2017 is year-ending March 2018. New GDP base year is 2011-2012.

^{3.} NZ GDP numbers are production based GDP(P).

Further Information



Our Shareholder information

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Equity Investors

Jill Campbell Group General Manager Investor Relations +61 3 8654 7749

+61 412 047 448

jill.campbell@anz.com

Retail Investors

Michelle Weerakoon Manager Shareholder Services & Events +61 3 8654 7682

+61 3 8654 7682

+61 411 143 090

michelle.weerakoon@anz.com

Cameron Davis
Executive Manager Investor Relations

+61 3 8654 7716

+61 421 613 819

cameron.davis@anz.com

Katherine Hird Senior Manager Investor Relations

+61 3 8655 3261

+61 435 965 899

katherine.hird@anz.com

Debt Investors

Scott Gifford Head of Debt Investor Relations +61 3 8655 5683 +61 434 076 876

scott.gifford@anz.com

